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LITTORA TE HESPERIÆ TIMVERE VTRIVSQ, LYBESQ.
OPPRESSI DEXTRA SVCCVBVERE TVA.



NVQVAM TE LYPARE, CORCYRAVE DILIGET, HARVM
CVM SIS IMMERITOS DEPOPVLATVS AGROS.

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LESBIA PYRATAM MITYLENE PROTVLIT, ATQVE
INGEMVIT SCEPTRIS AFRICA PRESSA TVIS.



DIGNVS ERAS MAVRI CAPERETQVEM REGIA IVBÆ.
TVRPE TAMEN LÆSA HANC OBTINVISSE FIDE.

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VUE DE LA PLACE ET DES CASERNES DE TOP-HANÉ
à l'entrée du Port de Constantinople.

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L. Pleury del. Lemaître Aîné sc. Ch. Lalaisse Sc.

Top Kapouçi. Top Kapouci.

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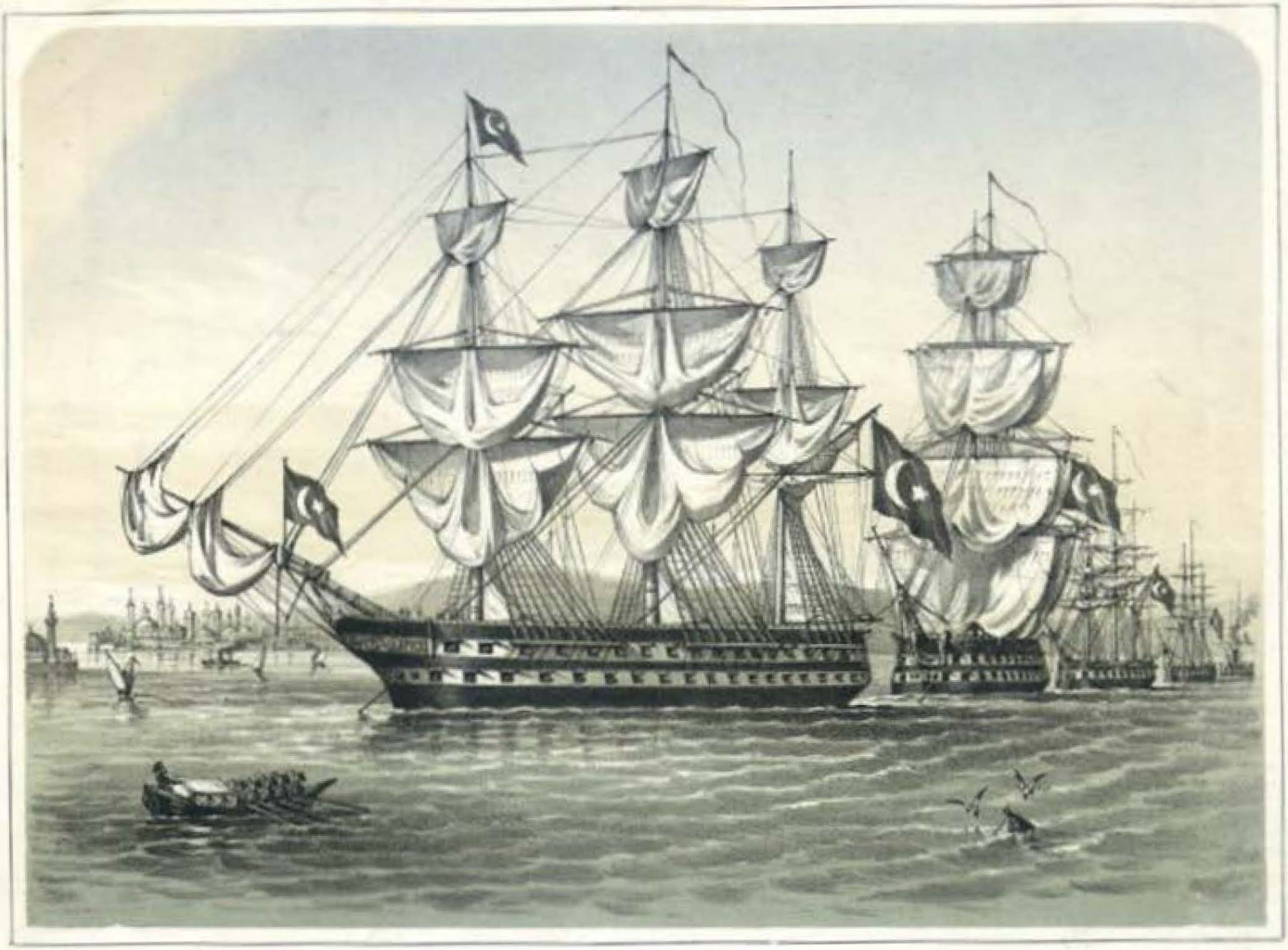
Vue de Constantinople, Ville de la Romanie Capitale de l'Empire des Turcs.

A Paris chez Mondhare rue S. Jacques a l'Hotel Soissons

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THE

TURKISH NAVY QUADRILLES,



ON THE

National & Popular Melodies.

THE SEA FIGHT.
THE ARETHUSA.
THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME.
OVER THE WATER TO CHARLEY.
SEE THE CONQUERING HERO COMES.
WHAT ARE THE WILD WAVES SAYING?
WHY DO YOU WATCH THE LONE LONE DEEP?

ARRANGED BY

STEPHEN CLOVER.

LONDON.

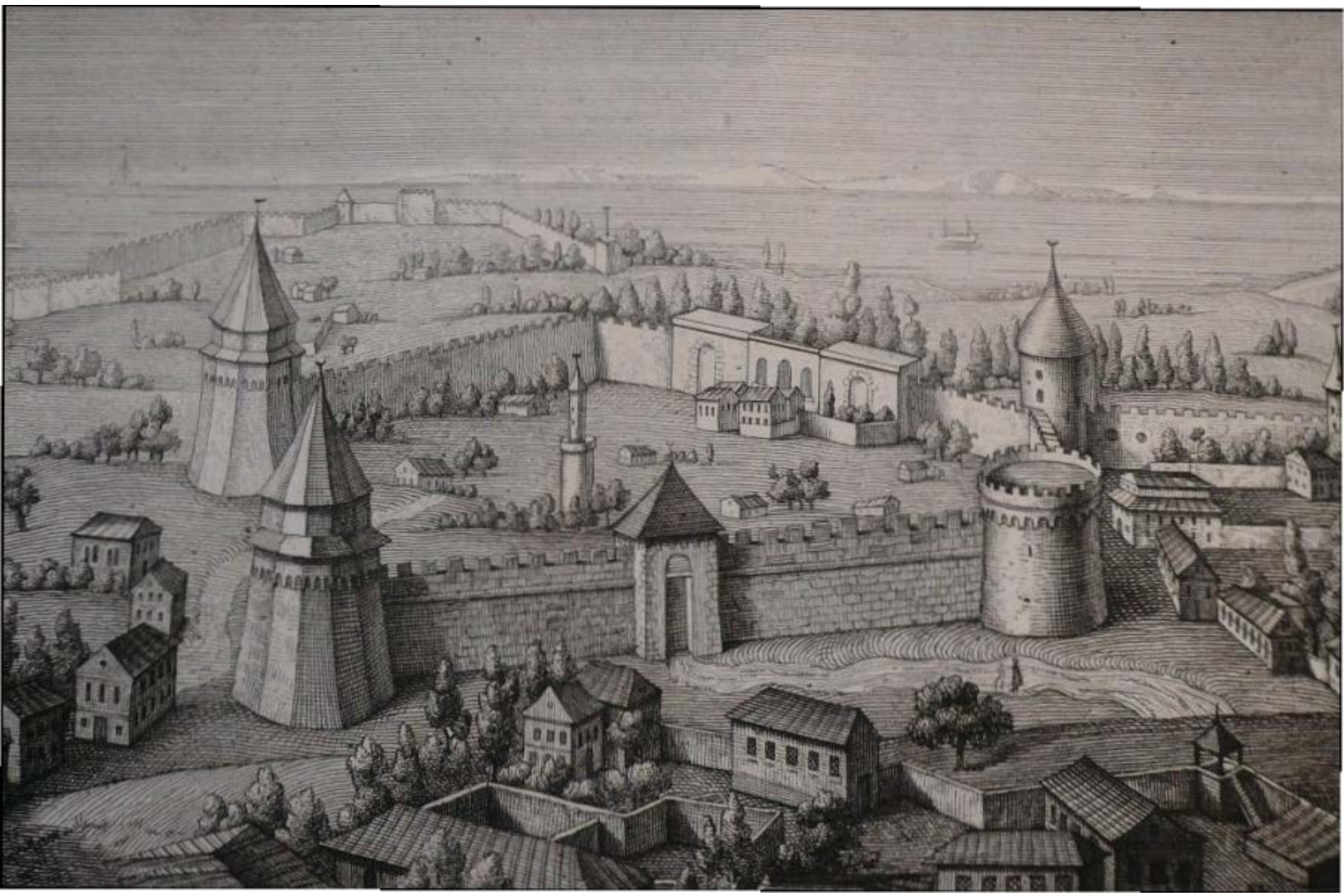
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CONSTANTINOPLE.

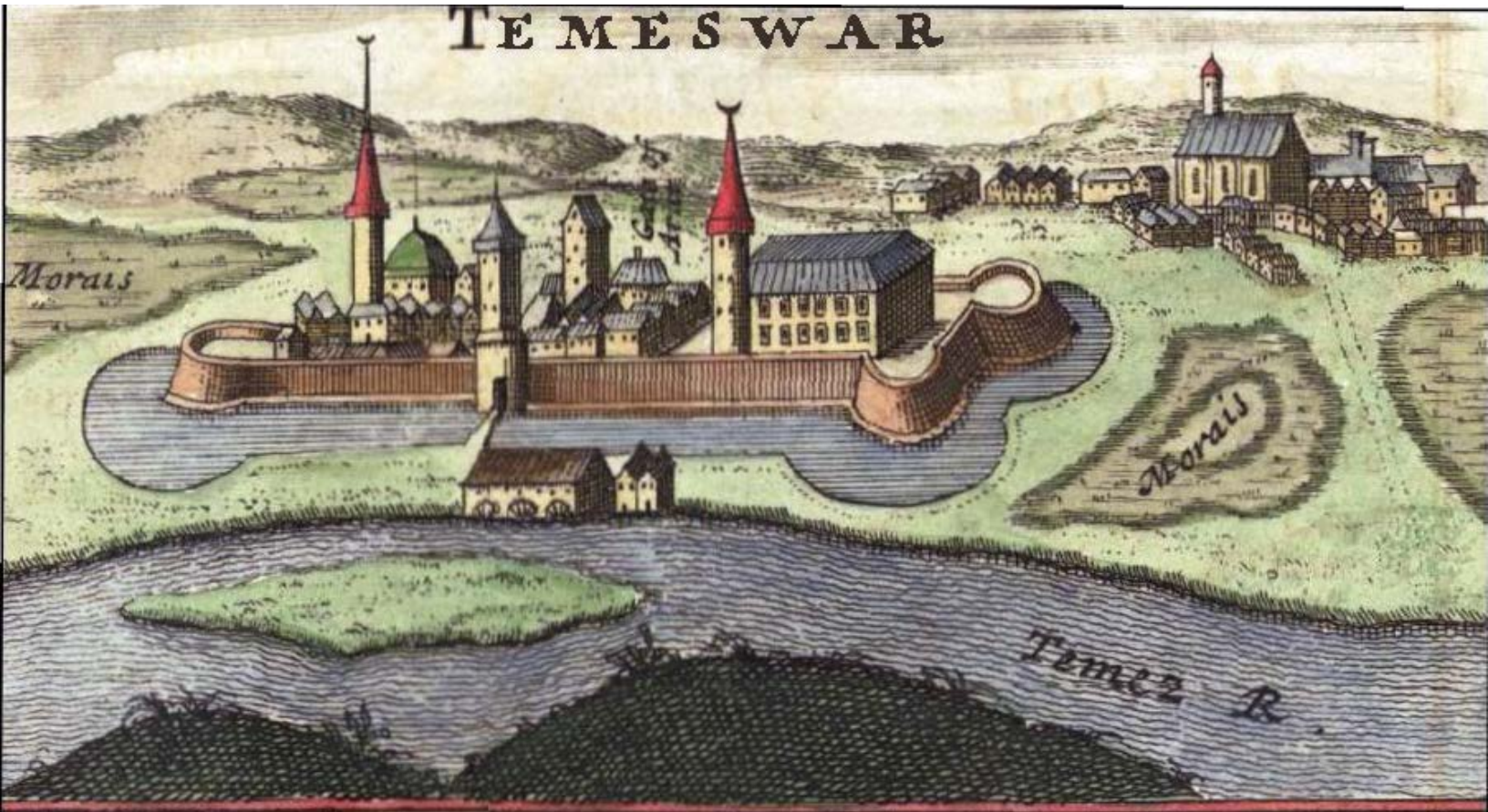


QUADRILLE
PAR
CHARLES D'ALBERT.

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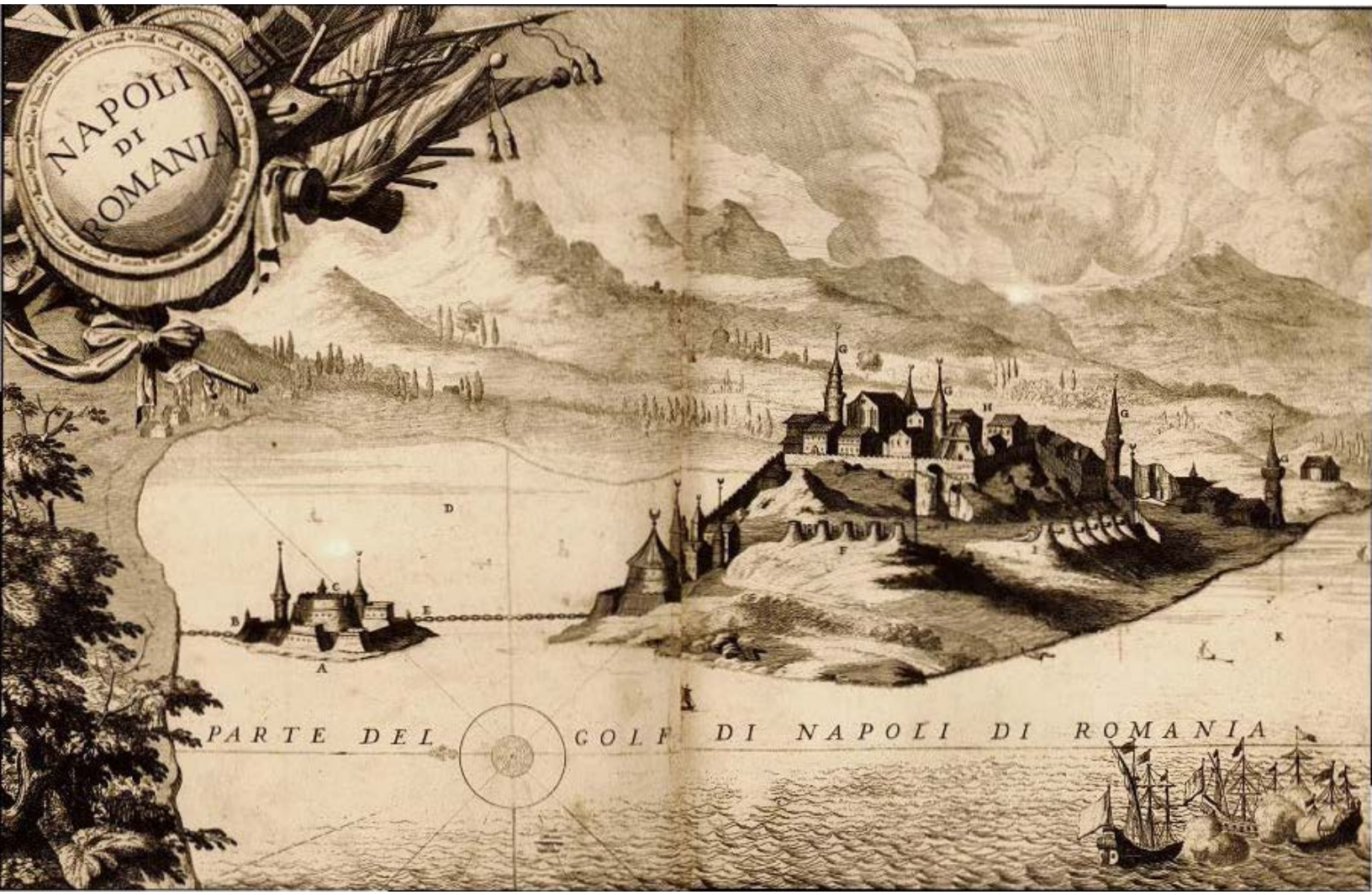
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a. b. c. &c. shew where Considerable Battles have been Fought. a. Zenta, the Turks defeated here by P. Eugene 1697. b. here P. Eugene defeated ye Turks 1716. c. Salankemen, P. Lewis of Baden defeated ye Turks 1691. d. Zarno, the Elec. of Bavaria defeated ye Turks 1688. e. Semedri noted for ye defeat of Sigismund K. of Hungary by ye Turks 1409. f. Viddin, noted for ye defeat of ye Turks by Hunniades 1443. g. Hunniades killed 34000 Turcks. h. the Field of ye Sepulchre, where ye Despot of Servia was defeated and Sul. Amurath Stabbed in 1390. i. Sultan Bajazet defeated Sigismund K. of Hungary 1396. k. Ladislaws K. of Hungary defeated by ye Turks in 1444. The Turks def. by P. Eugene before Belgrade in 1717.

30 35

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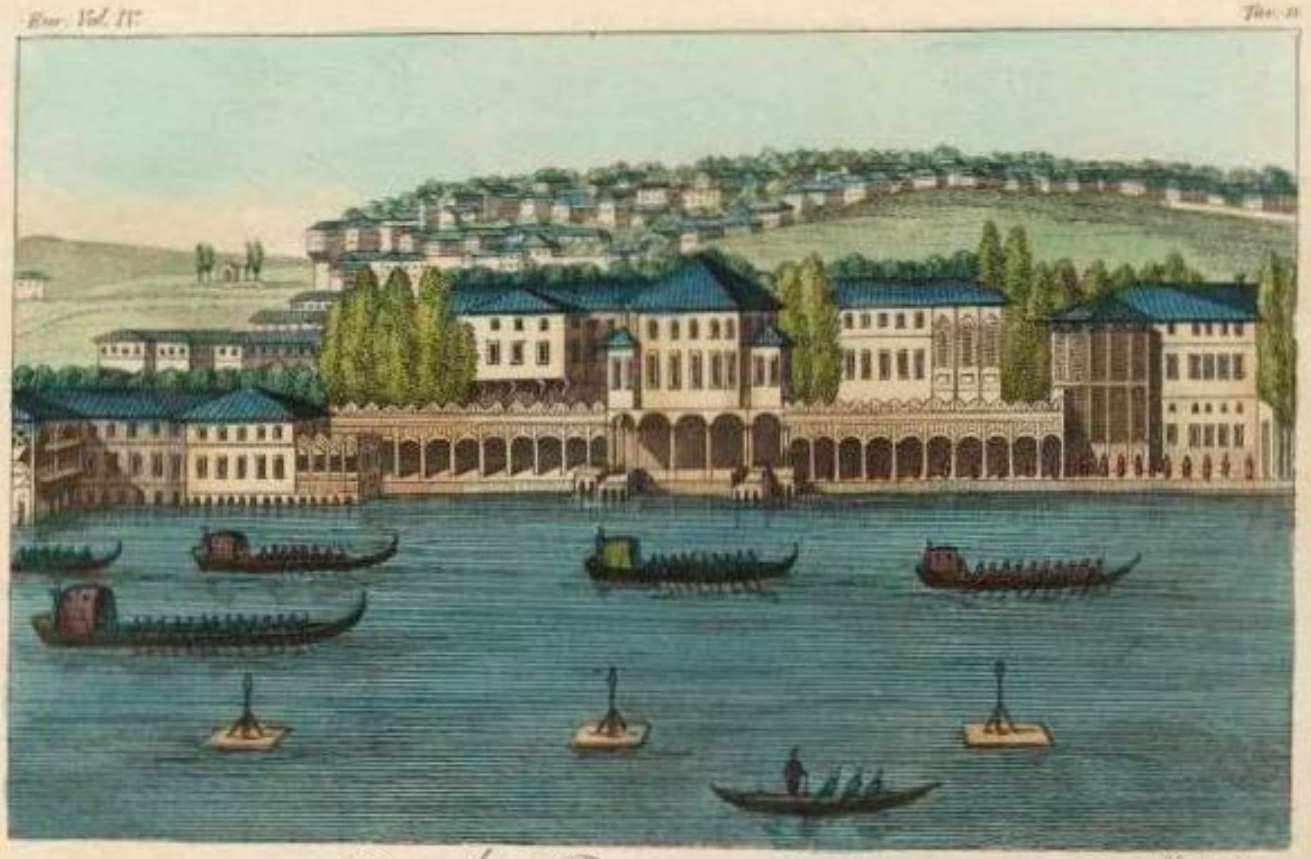
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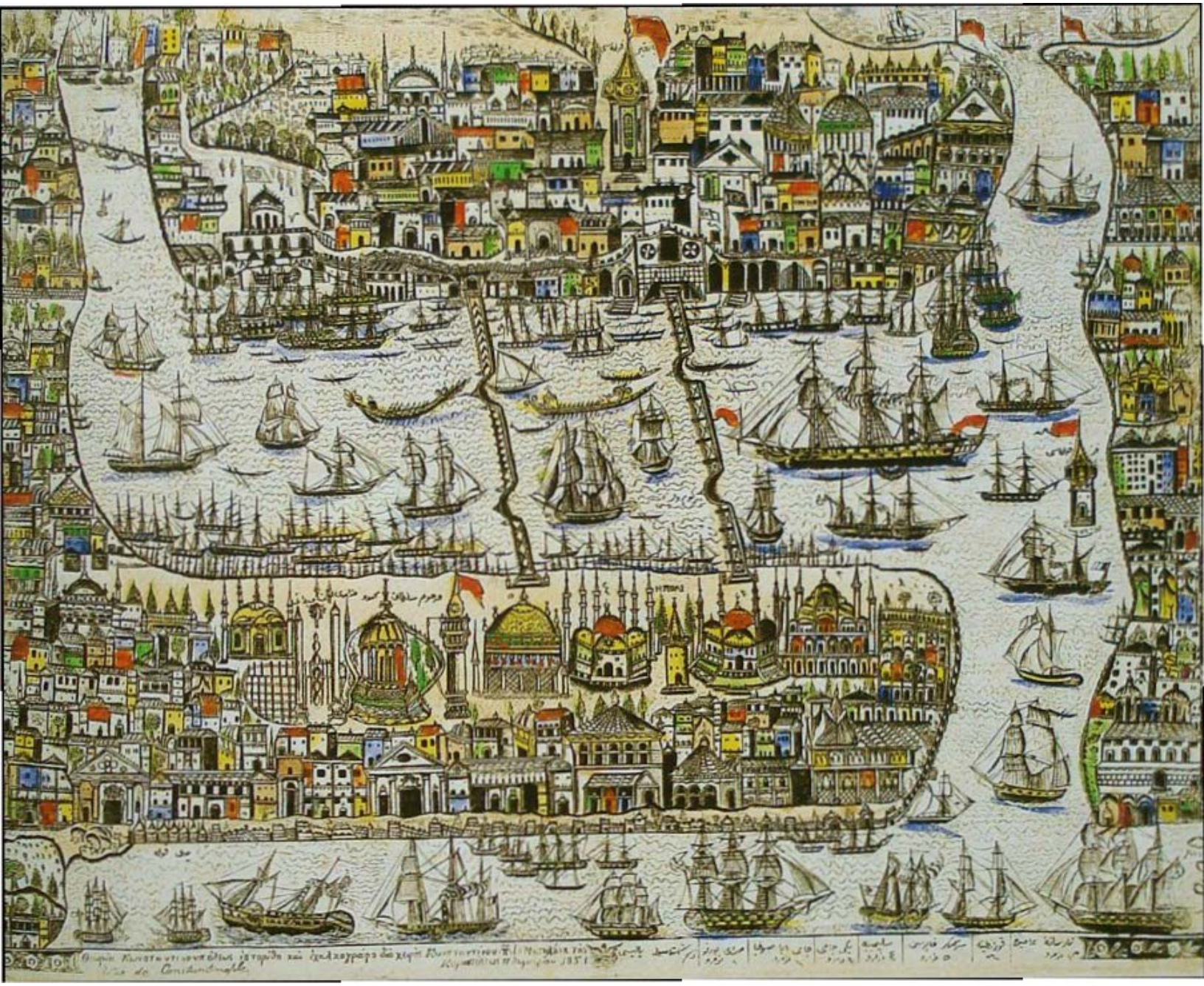
Casa di Villeggiatura del Sultano

Palaces - Turkey

11,077
Sultan's summer palace
About 1800

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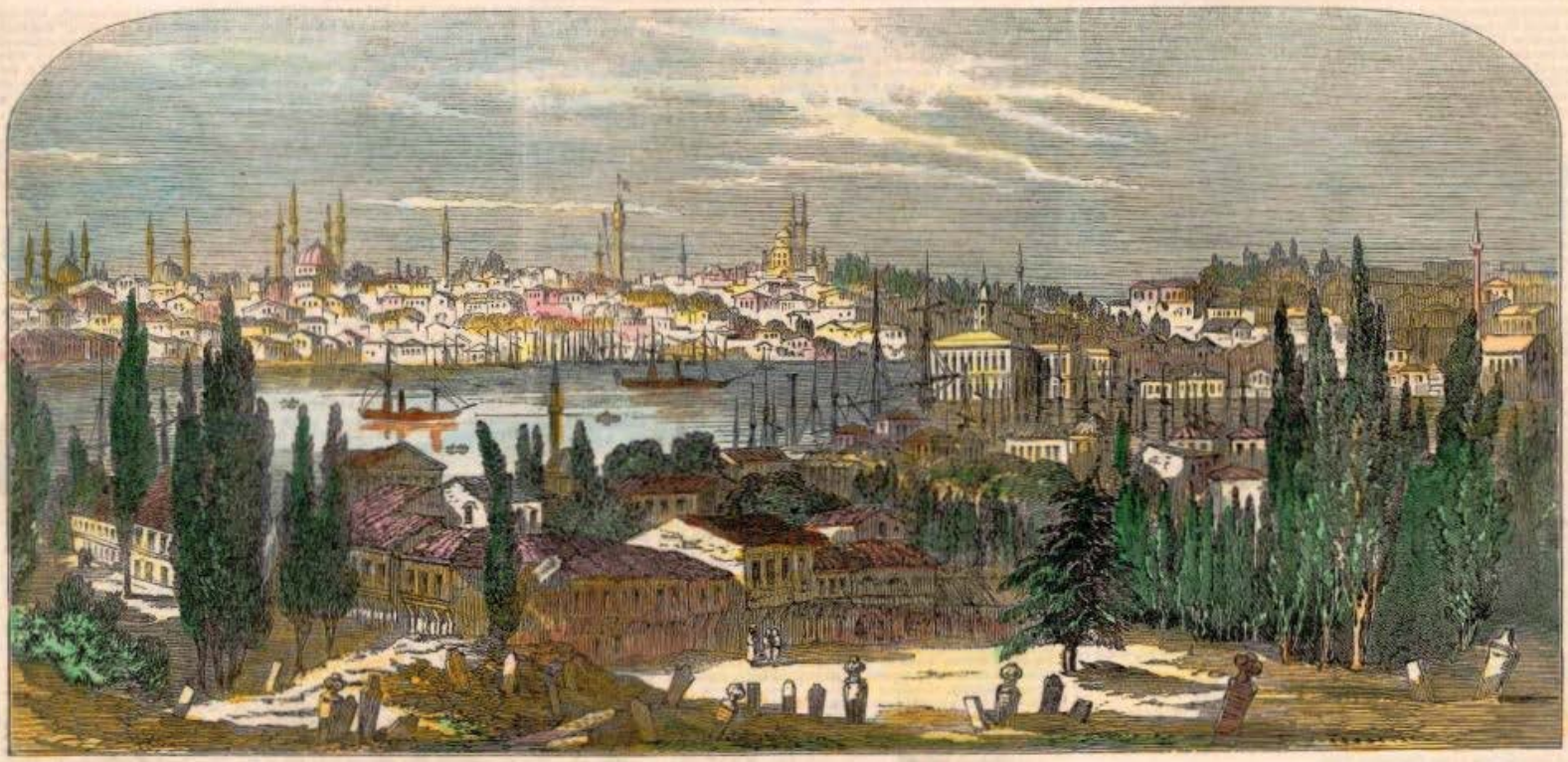


A General Perspective View of CONSTANTINOPLE, the Capital of the Turkish Empire.

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COLUMNS FROM CONSTANTINOPLE.

BY ALBERT SMITH.

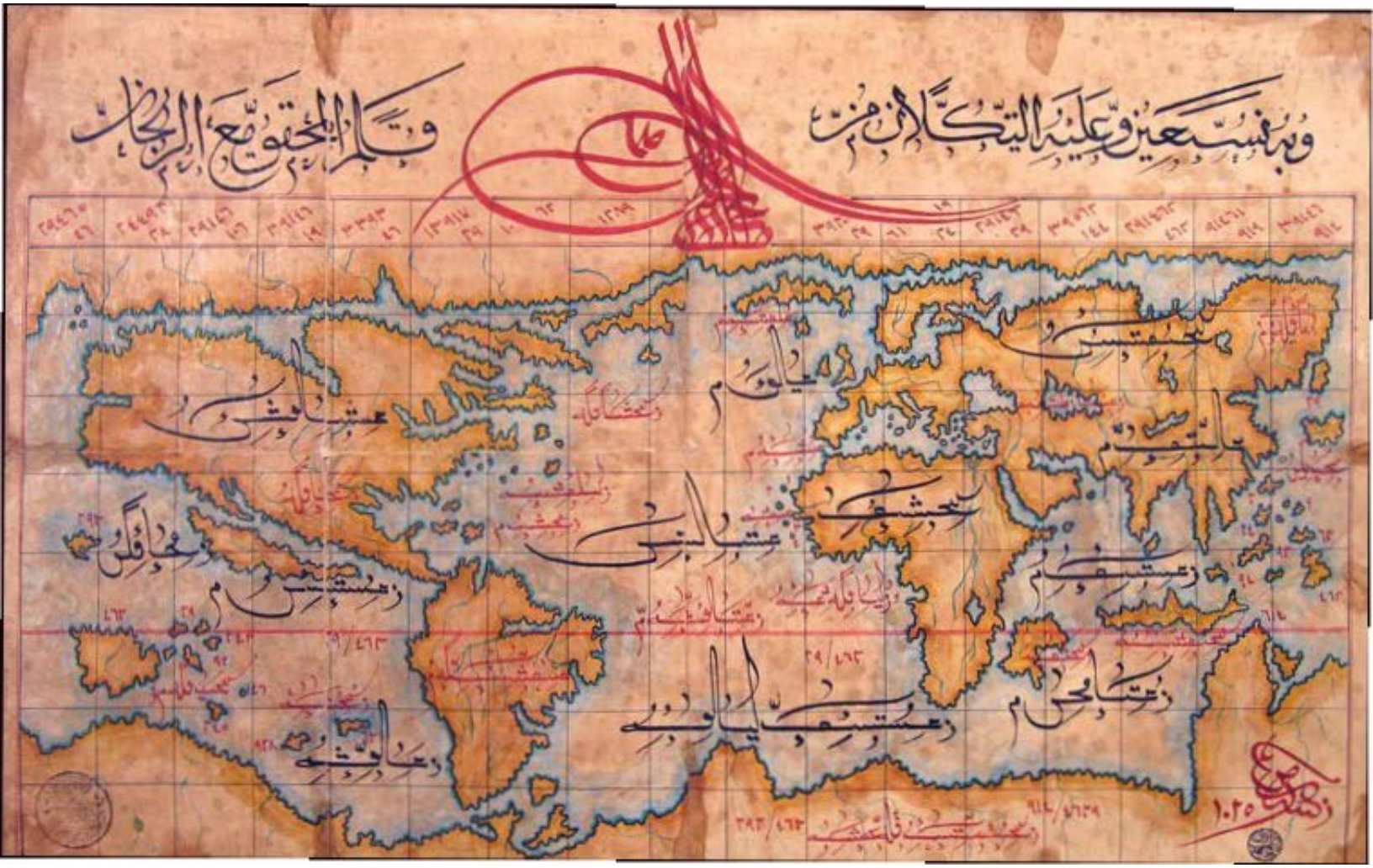


PART OF CONSTANTINOPLE, AND THE GOLDEN HORN.

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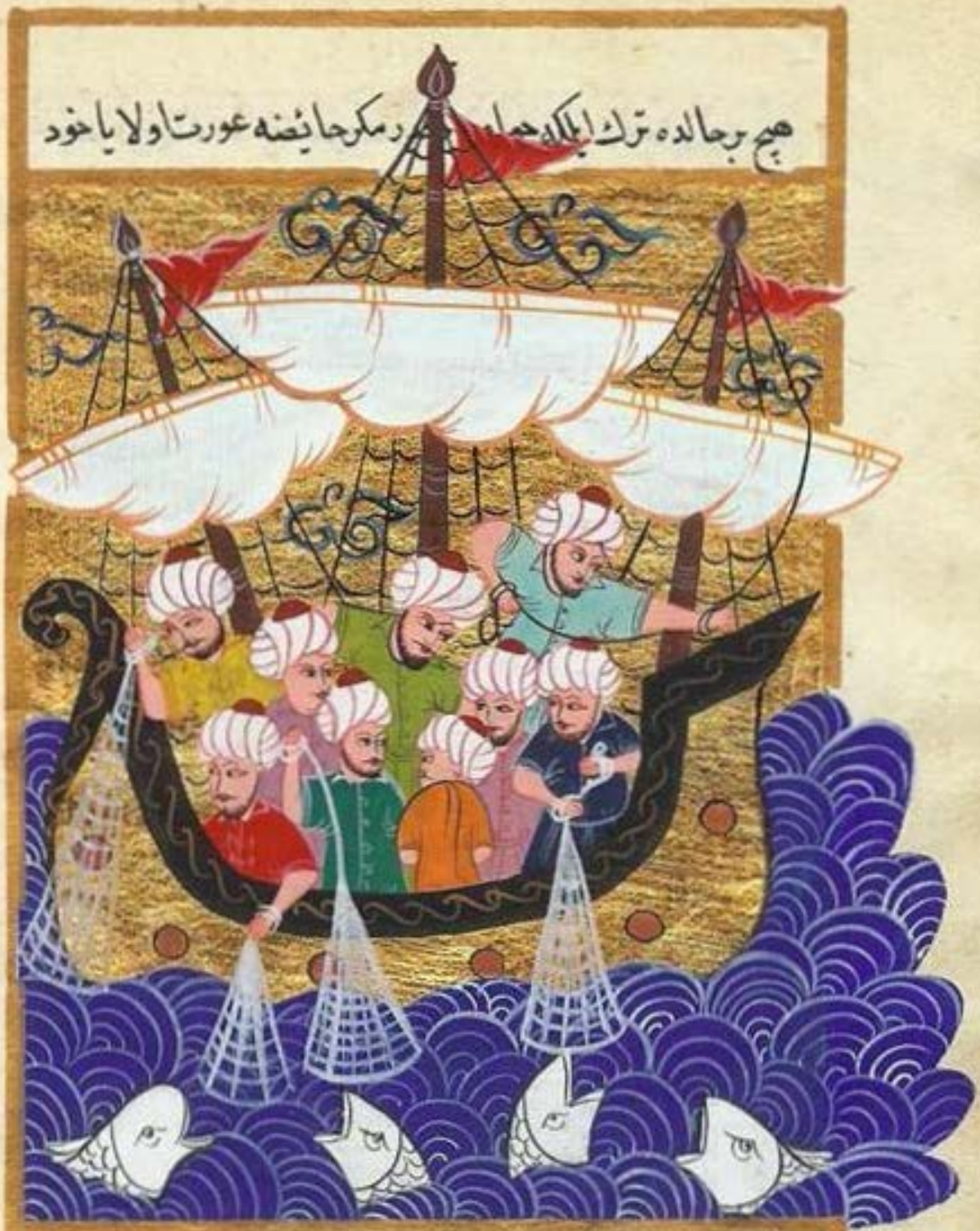
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هیچ برحالده ترک ایلکاه حمله ... مکرحایضه عورت اولایاخود

ستلردن غیری نافله غازلکی ... ولوه برجنازه یی طلبی نافله یه معهوده

کبی قضایه قلمش غازه غیبت ایلمك صحیح اولمزوبرجنازه مطلق نافله غازه رکه

قضایه

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الاعداد المركبة من الفتح كثلثة عشر وجاز اسكانها اى الياء

استثقال المركب بالتركيب كما فى معدكرب وشذ حذفها اى حذف



مات وماتين لان للغاية جمعين احدهما فى صورة جمع المذكر

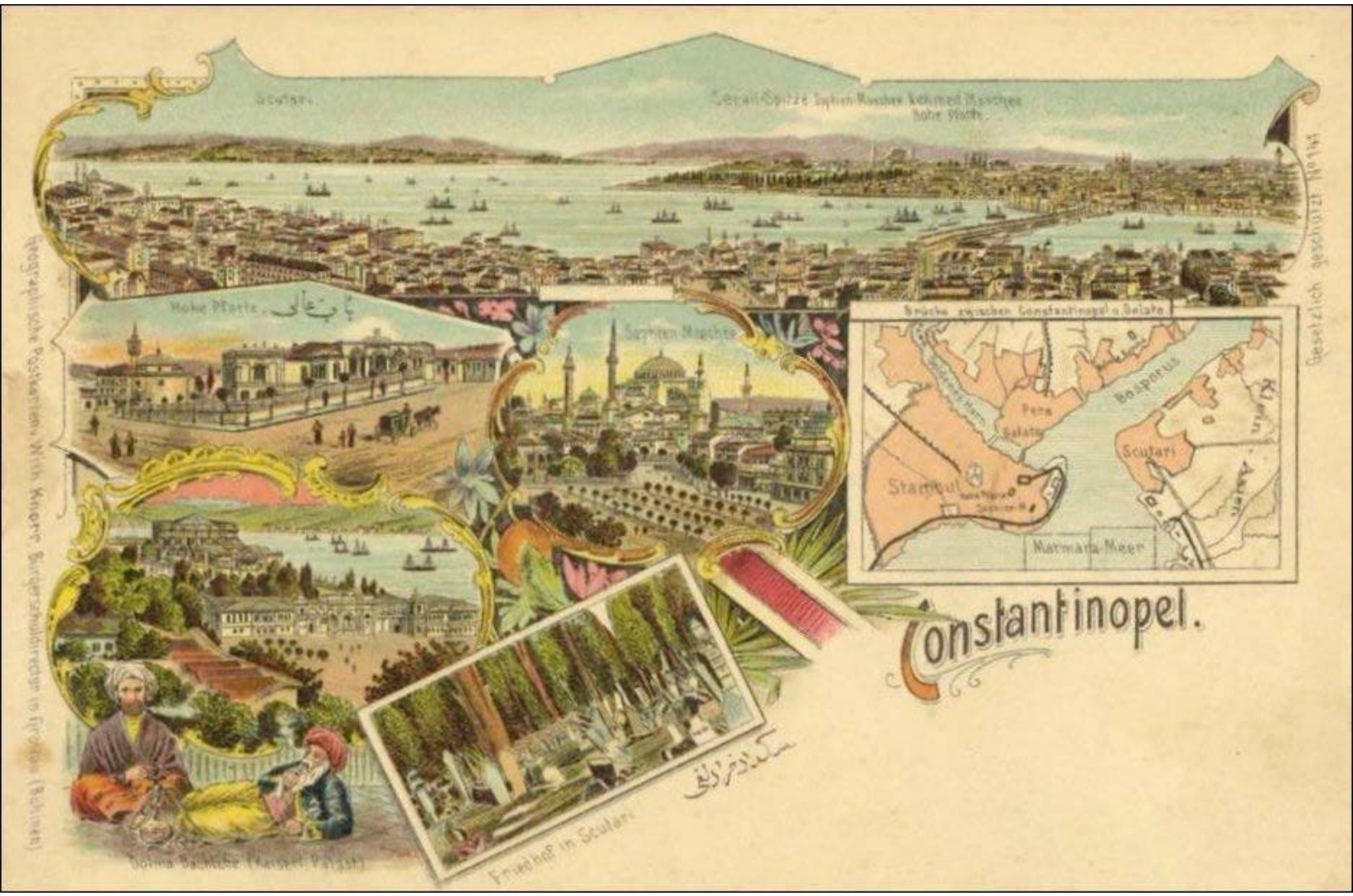
السالم وهو مِلُونَ وثانيهما جمع للؤنث السالم وهو مِأَتْ

ولا يجوز

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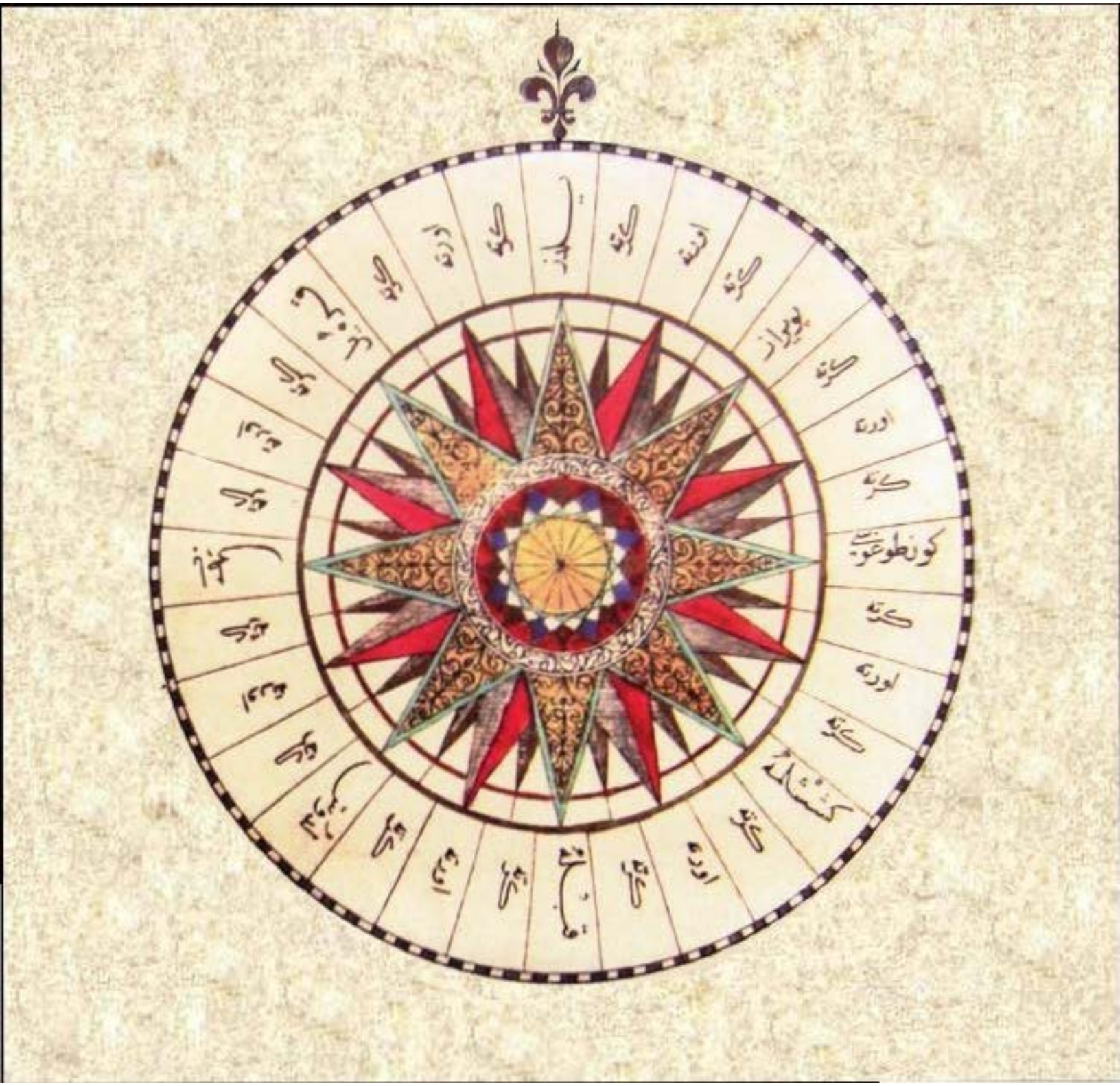
Constantinople

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عن ابي هريرة مرفوعا من بدا جفا ومن تبع الصيد غفل ومن اتى ابواب السلطان
افتتن وما ازداد عبد من السلطان قربا الا ازداد من الله بعدا



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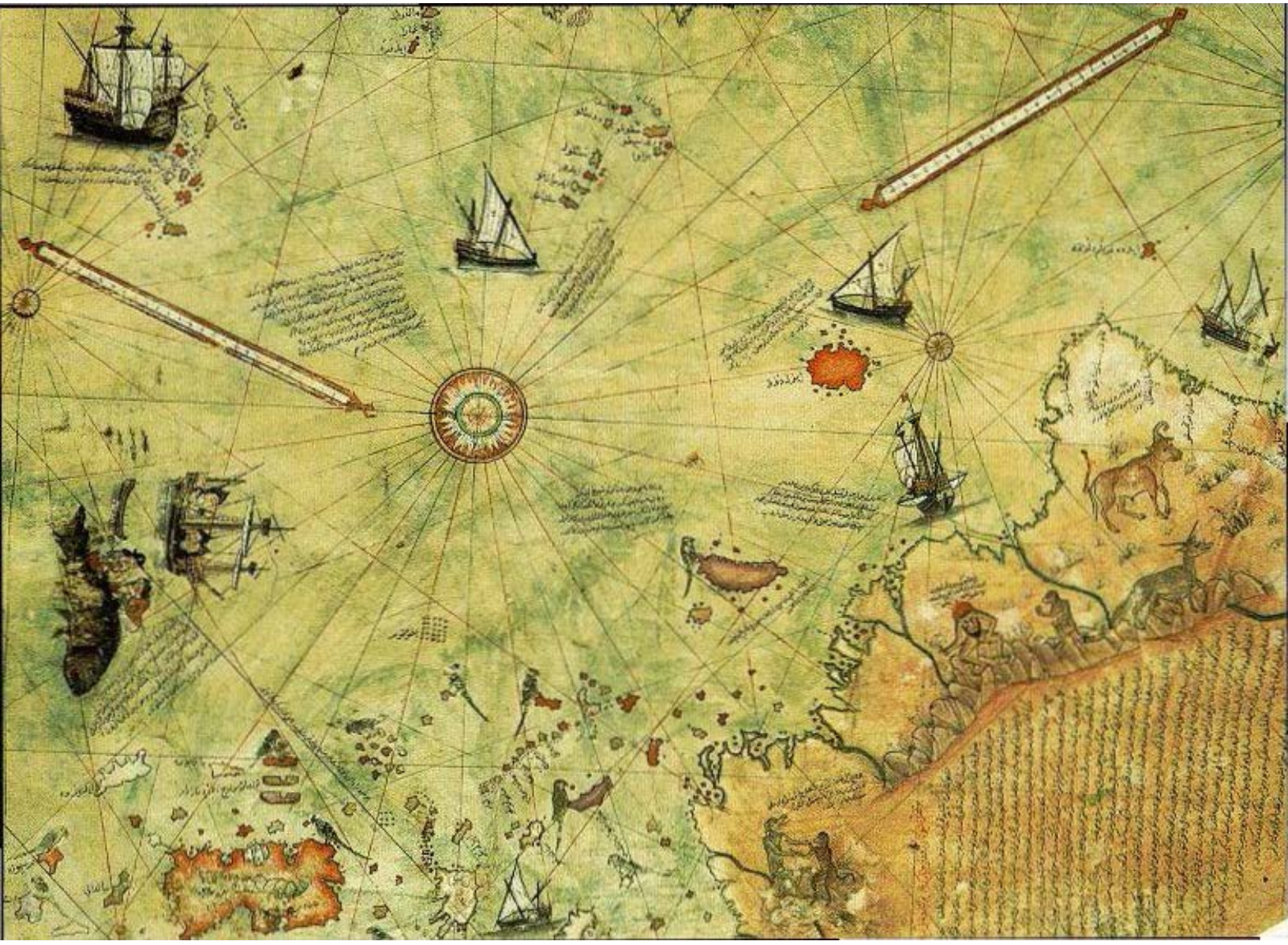


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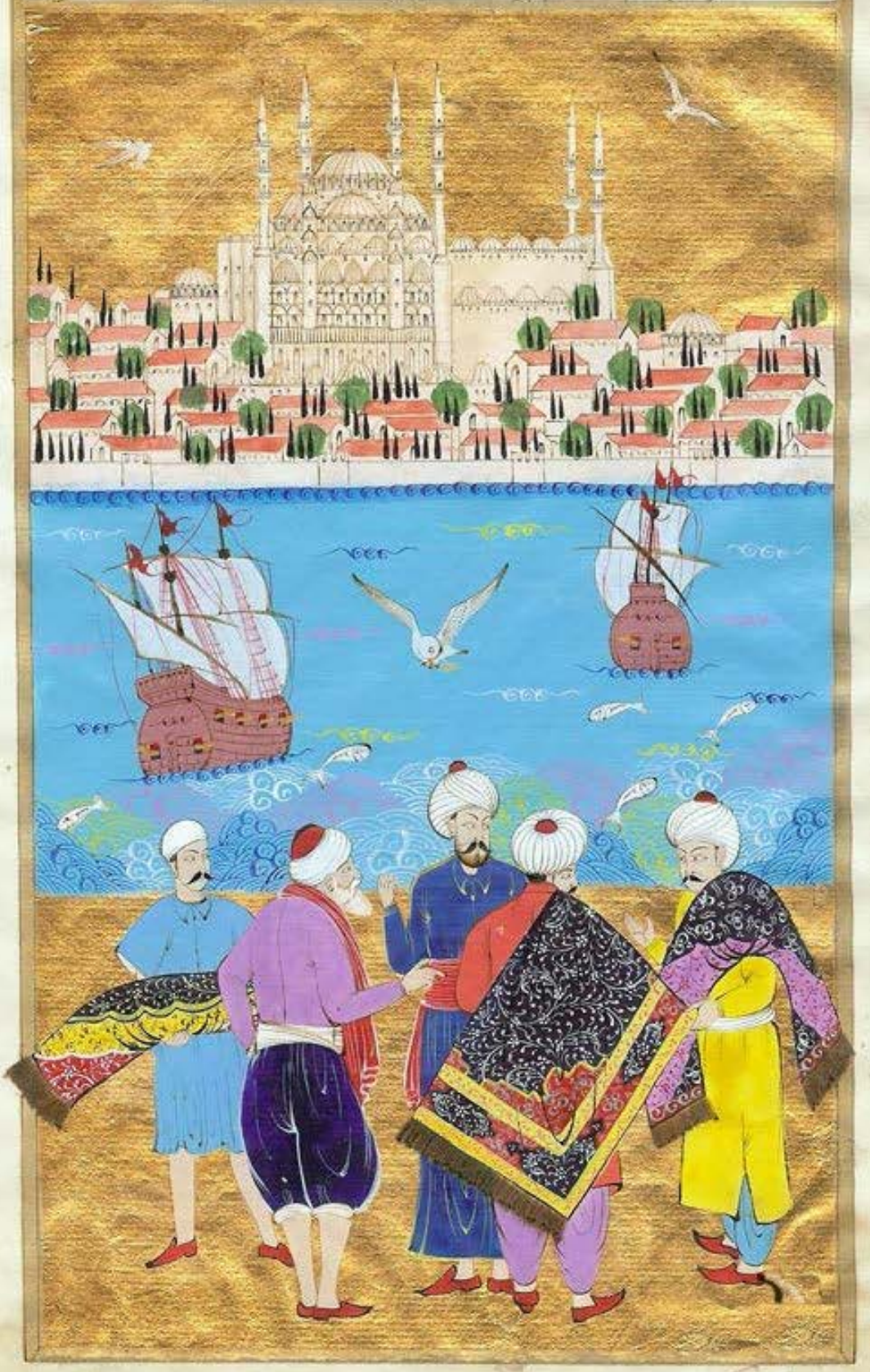


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كهامرية يابه وتقدير الشرع ليس له في من تقدير القاضي فلا يجوز الزيادة عليه ولو صالح عن بائعه بعوض صح مطلقا اي
ان كانت قيمته اكثر من قيمة نصف العبد لان الفضل لا يظهر عند اختلاف الجنس وكل بالتصالح عن دم عمد او على بعض دين
يقبضه في المجلس والموزونات لزم بدله الموكل دون الوكيل لان اسقاط حق من عليه كان الوكيل سفيرا محضا فلا



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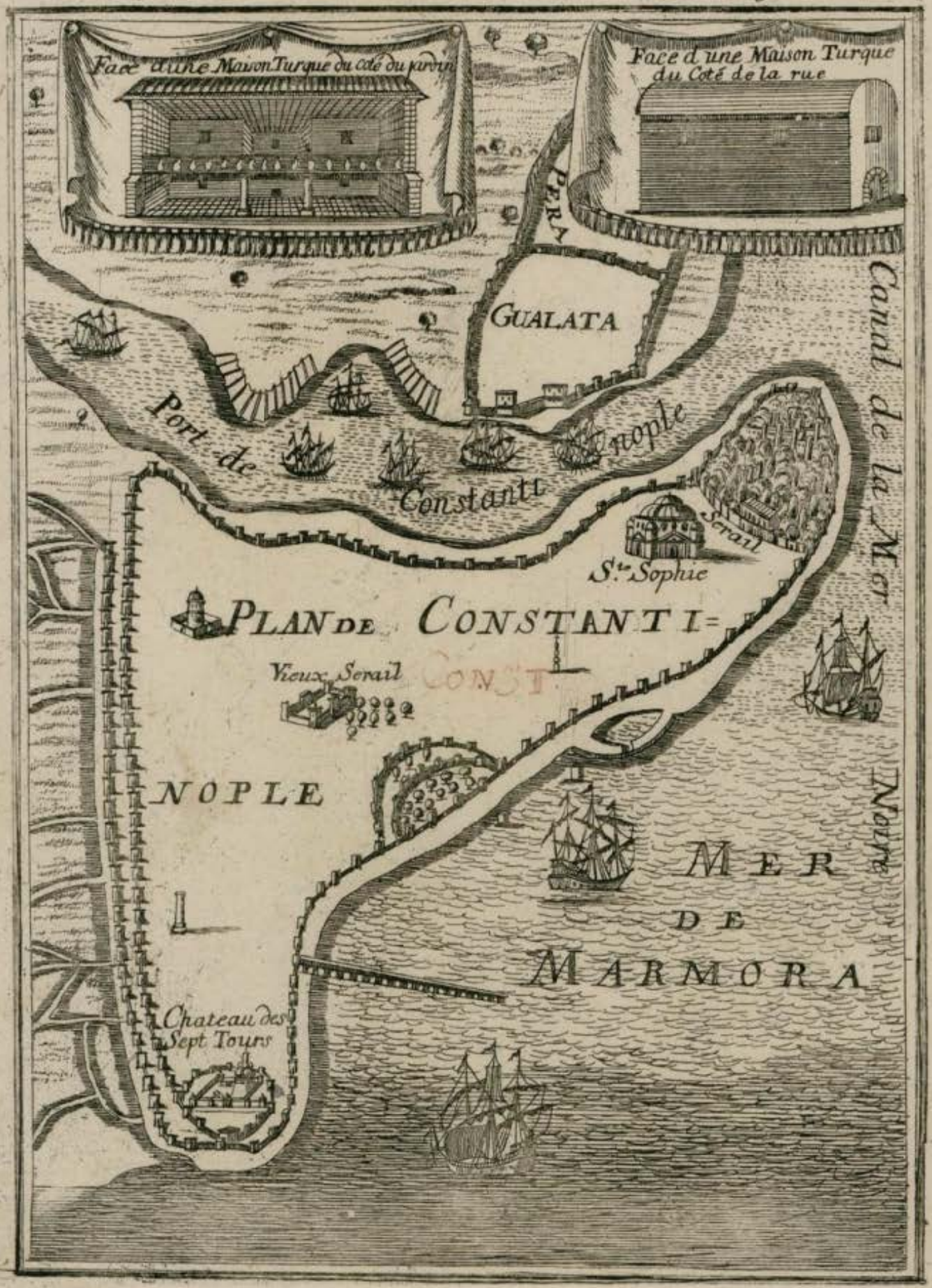


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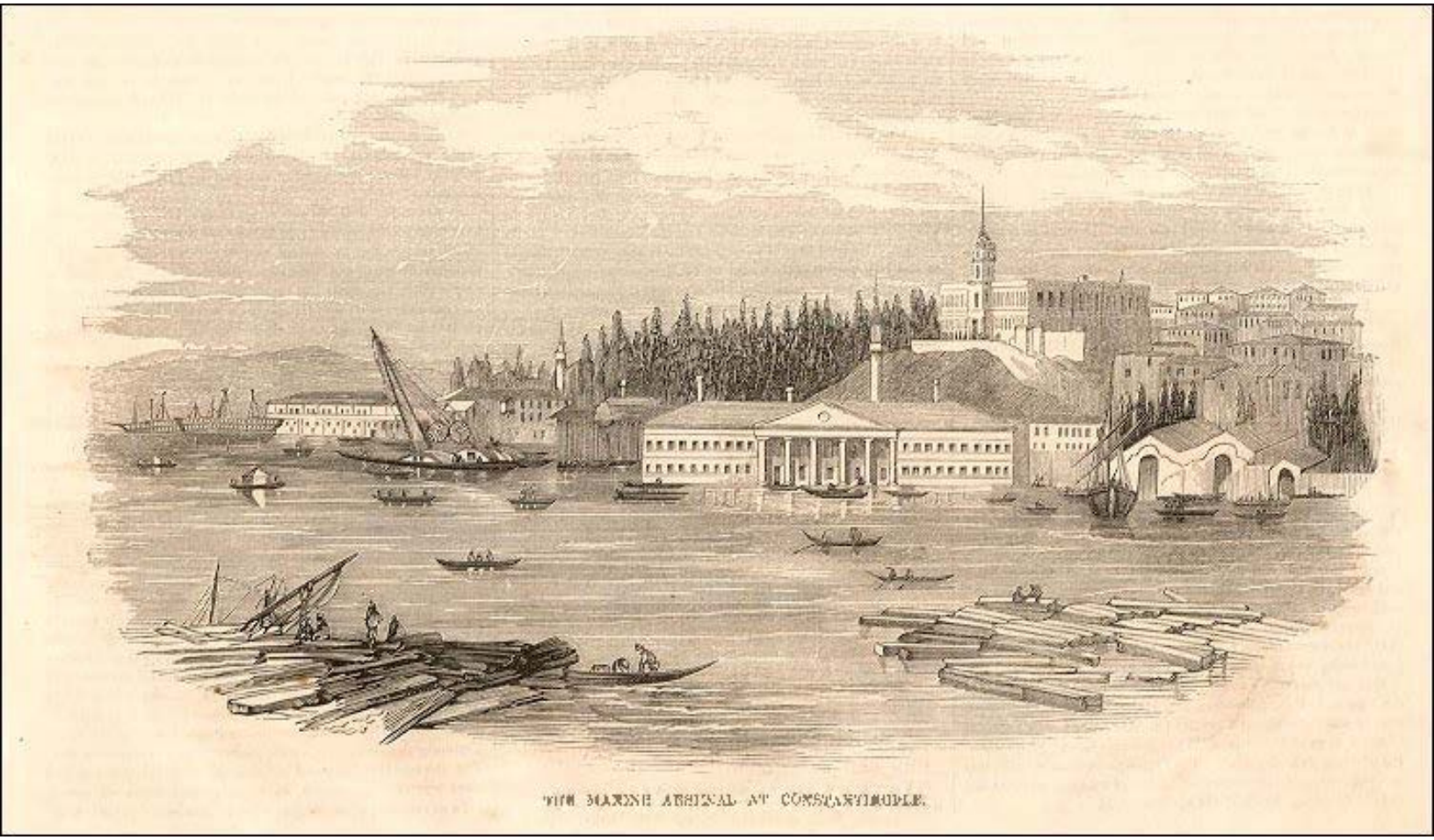


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der Grundriss von Constantinopel. Fig: LVI.

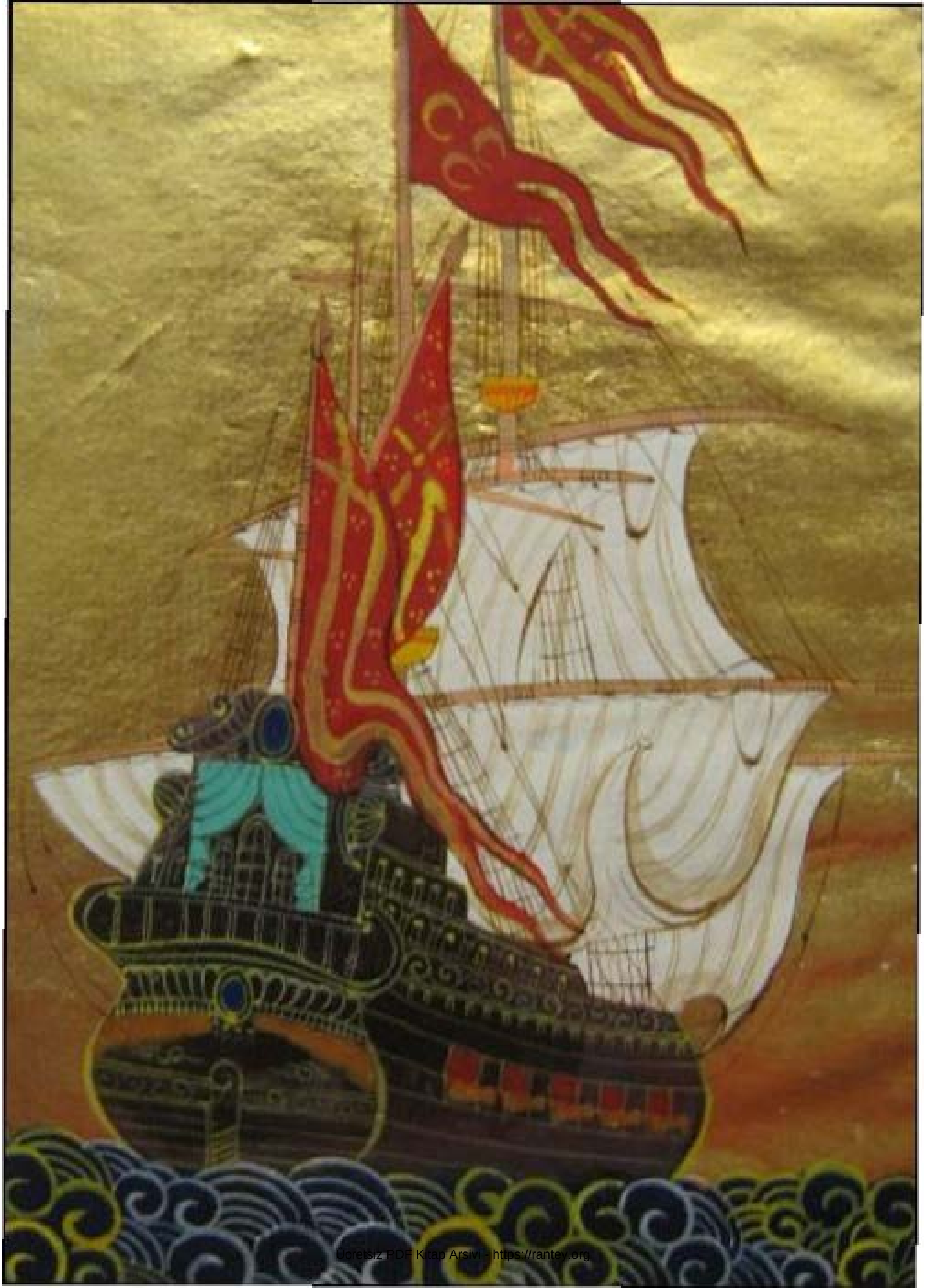


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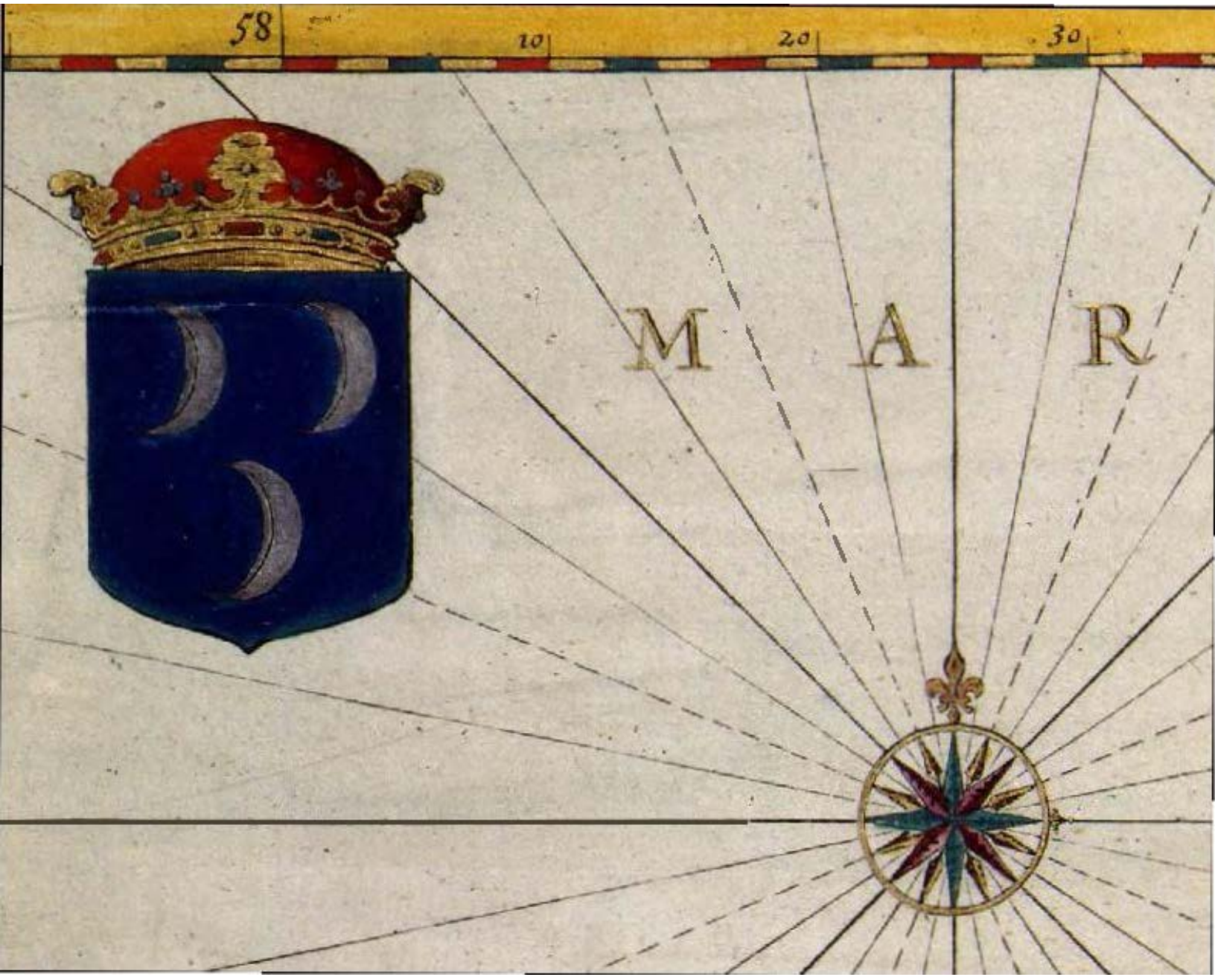


THE MARINE ARSENAL AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

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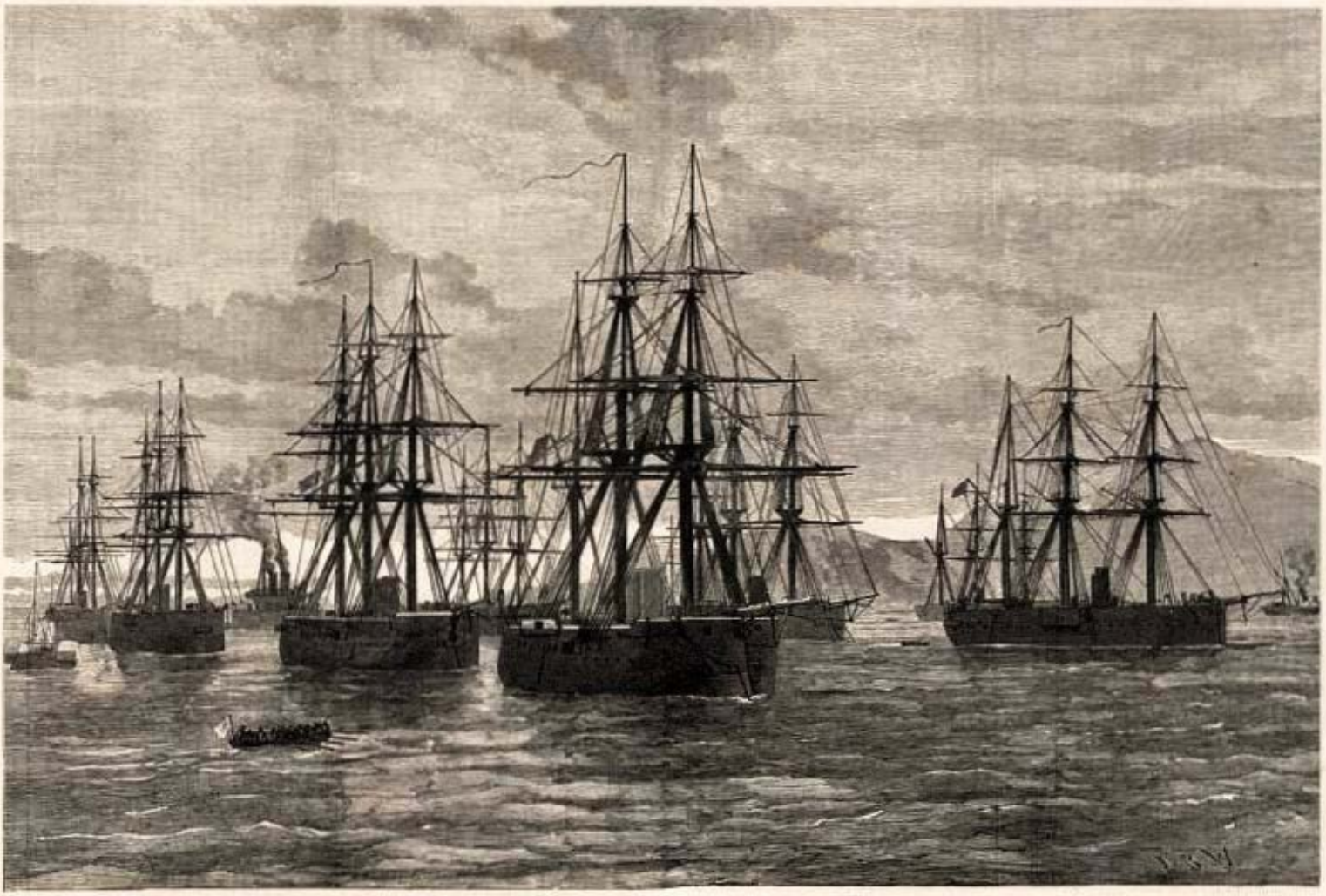


THE SERAGLIO AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

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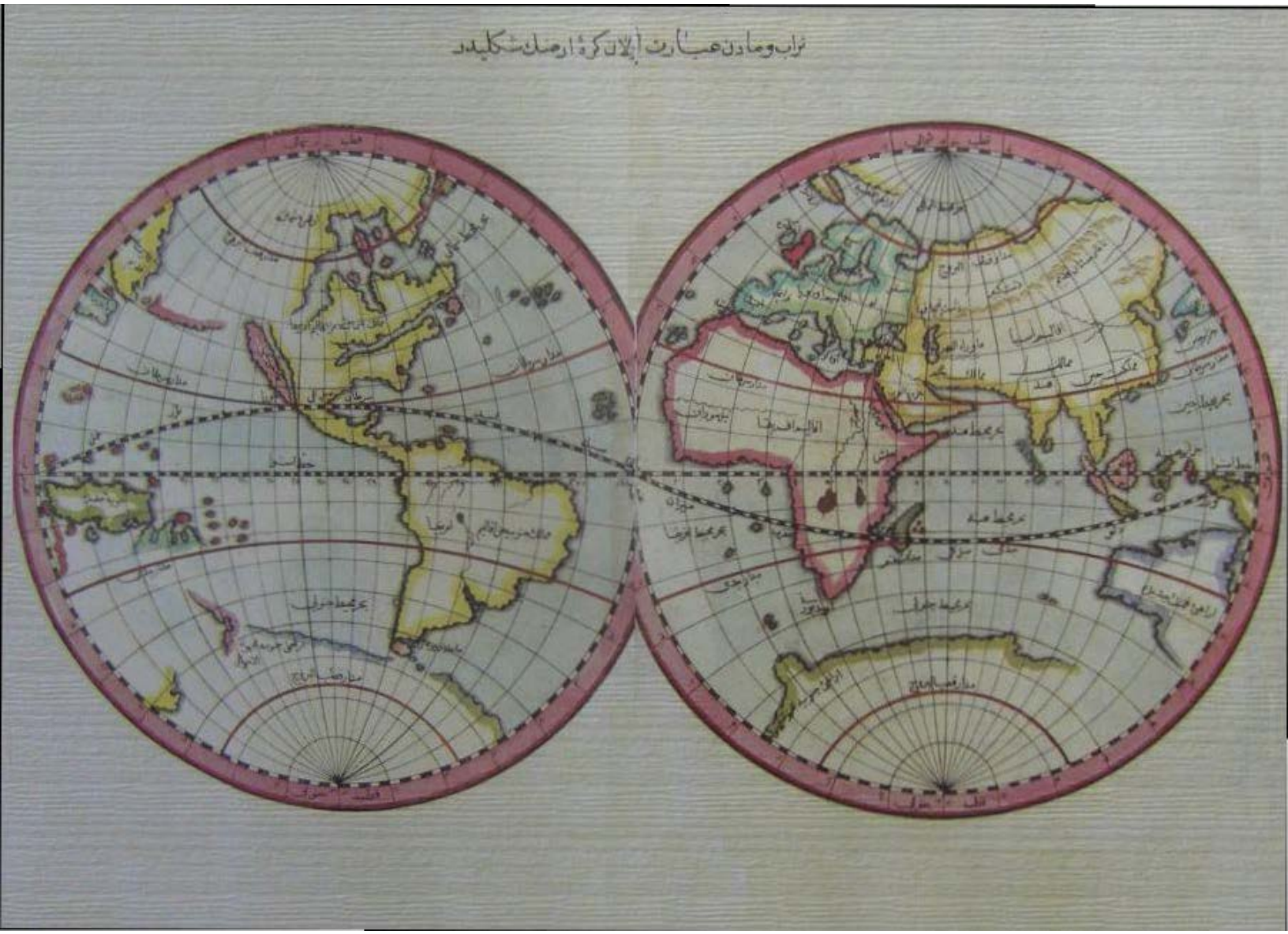


THE WAR IN THE EAST: THE BRITISH FLEET IN BESIKA BAY.

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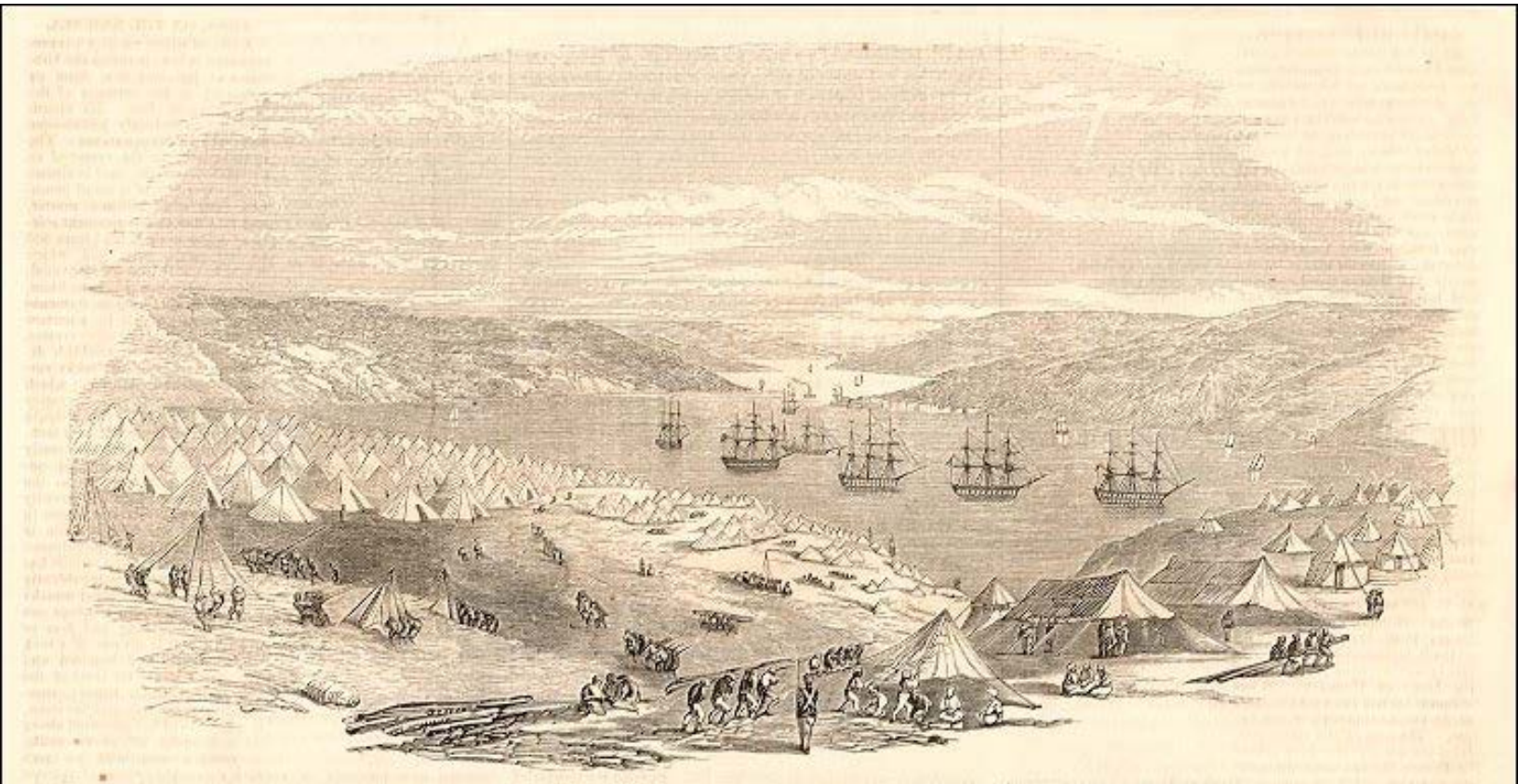
A LA CORBEILLE DE MARIAGE
REIMS

CONFECTIONS & COSTUMES
POUR
DAMES & FILLETTES

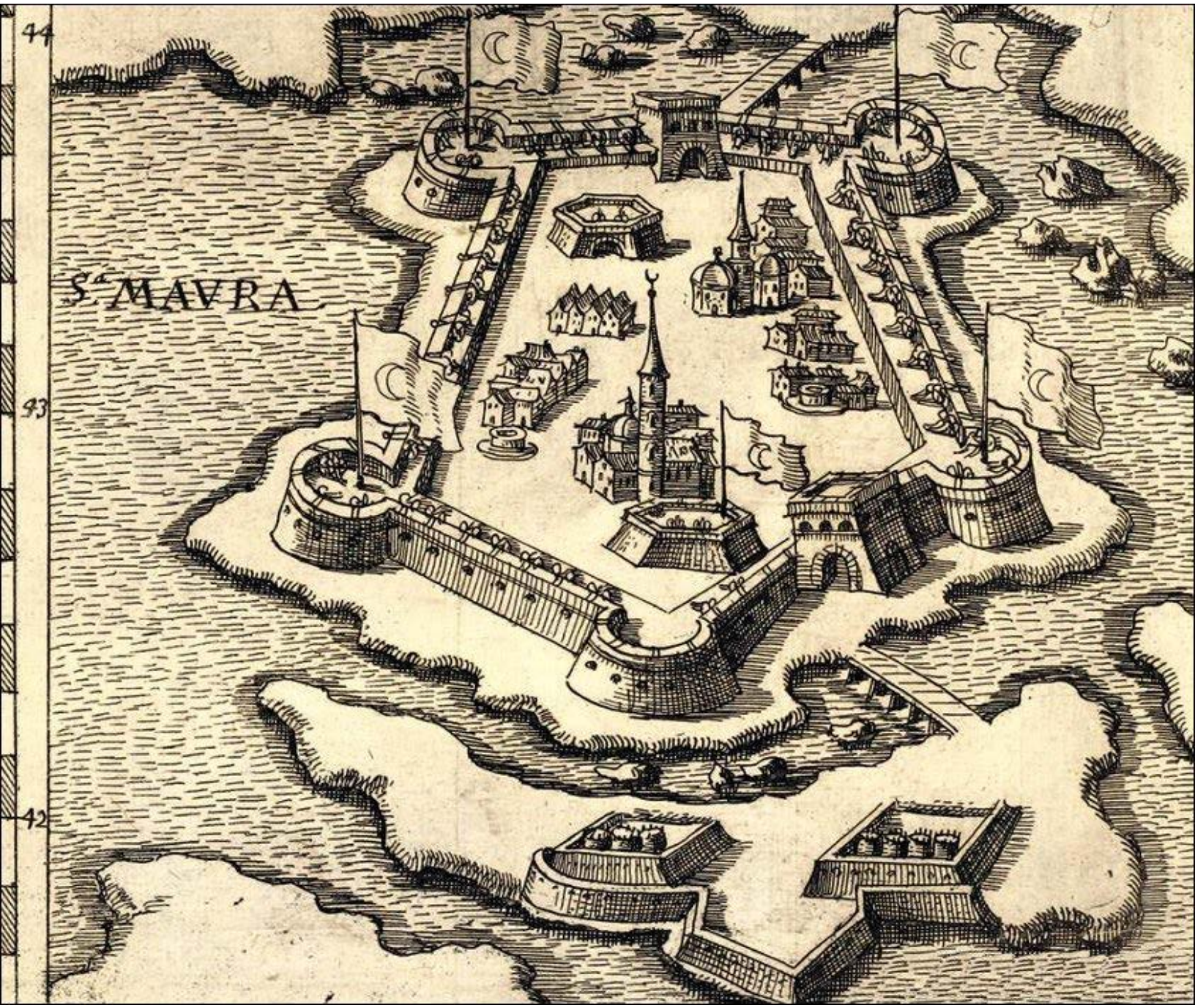


L'AZIZIEH (TURQUIE) 3735 Tonnes, 6400 Chevaux, Vitesse 12 nœuds.


BELGRADE



THE EGYPTIAN CAMP AT UNKIAR SKELESSI, ON THE BOSPHORUS—THE TURKISH FLEET AT ANCHOR.


44
S.ta MAVRA
43
42



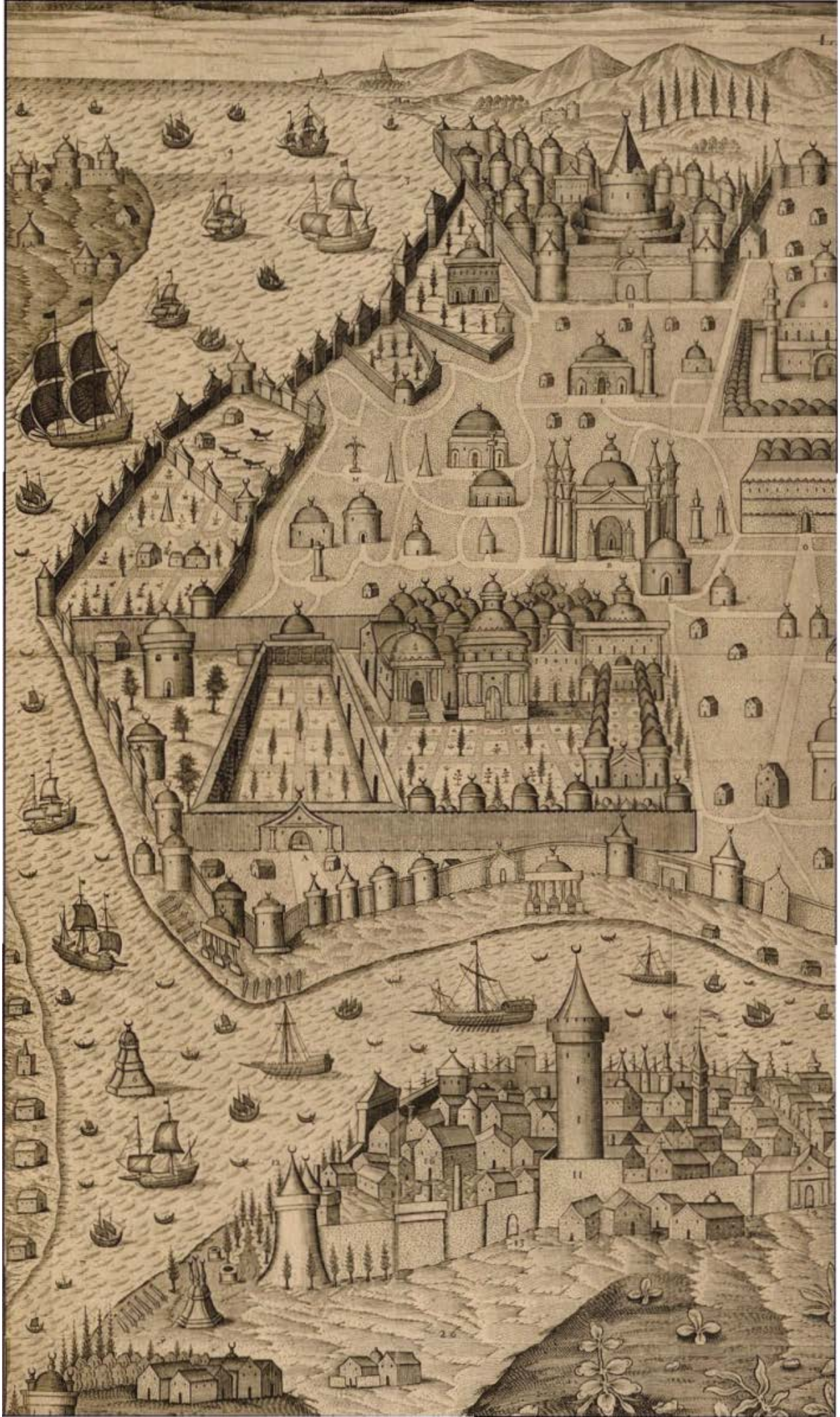
Caserne de Top-Khane

Cuartel de Top-Khan


BYZANTIVM NOVE CONSTANTINOPOLIS
PERA




Il vero disegno di Napoli de Romania posto nella Morea al presente posseduto da infideli.
M. Palamido
S. Nicolo
S. Teodoro
La Stella
COLFO DI NAPOLI
Castel del Turco
Castel di Francia
Castel di greci
Case di Albanesi
Bechario
S. Lazaro
Socorador de Napoli e Galio
Castel del Scoglio
SINVS ARGOLICVS



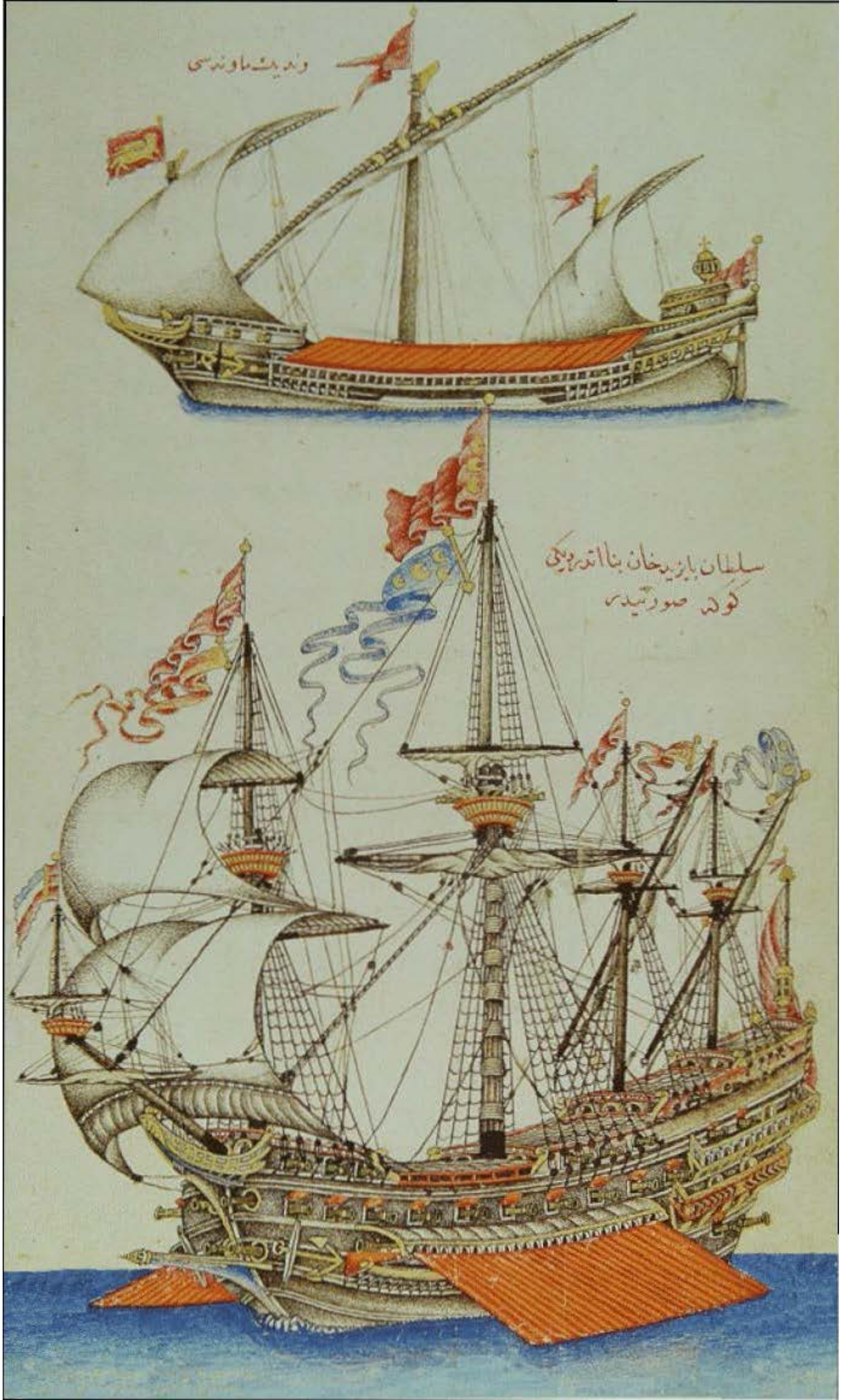




محیط شرقیان سیر و سفر ایدن اهل هند و سند و فارس لسانلرینه
کوره خارج دائره ده واقع دکر و وقوع دکرده سفر ایدلرك لغتنه کوره داخل
دائره ده اولوب ایکی بر ورکار اسامی و جهاتله رسم و تحریر اولنمشدر

اوی دکرده وقوع دکرده سیر و سفر ایدن اهل اسلام لغتی اوزره
لسنود دائره ده اولوب ایکی بر ورکار اسامی و جهاتله رسم و تحریر اولنمشدر


COSANTINOPOLI
PERA


ونديك ماونديسى
سلطان بايزيد خان بنا اندرويكى
كوده صورتيدر


CONSTANTINOPEL


VEUE DE CONSTANTINOPLE
La Solimanie
Palais de Constantin
St. Demetrius
Le Terseme
Le Vieux
Le Serrail
Pointe du Serrail
Tours de Belisaire
Mosquée de Courchou
BOSPHORE DE THRACE
CANAL DE LA MER NOIRE
Fanari Kiosk
Port de Calcedoine
Serrait de Scutari
Tour de Leandre
Scutari

ie sub Turcæ inhabitatione habet.

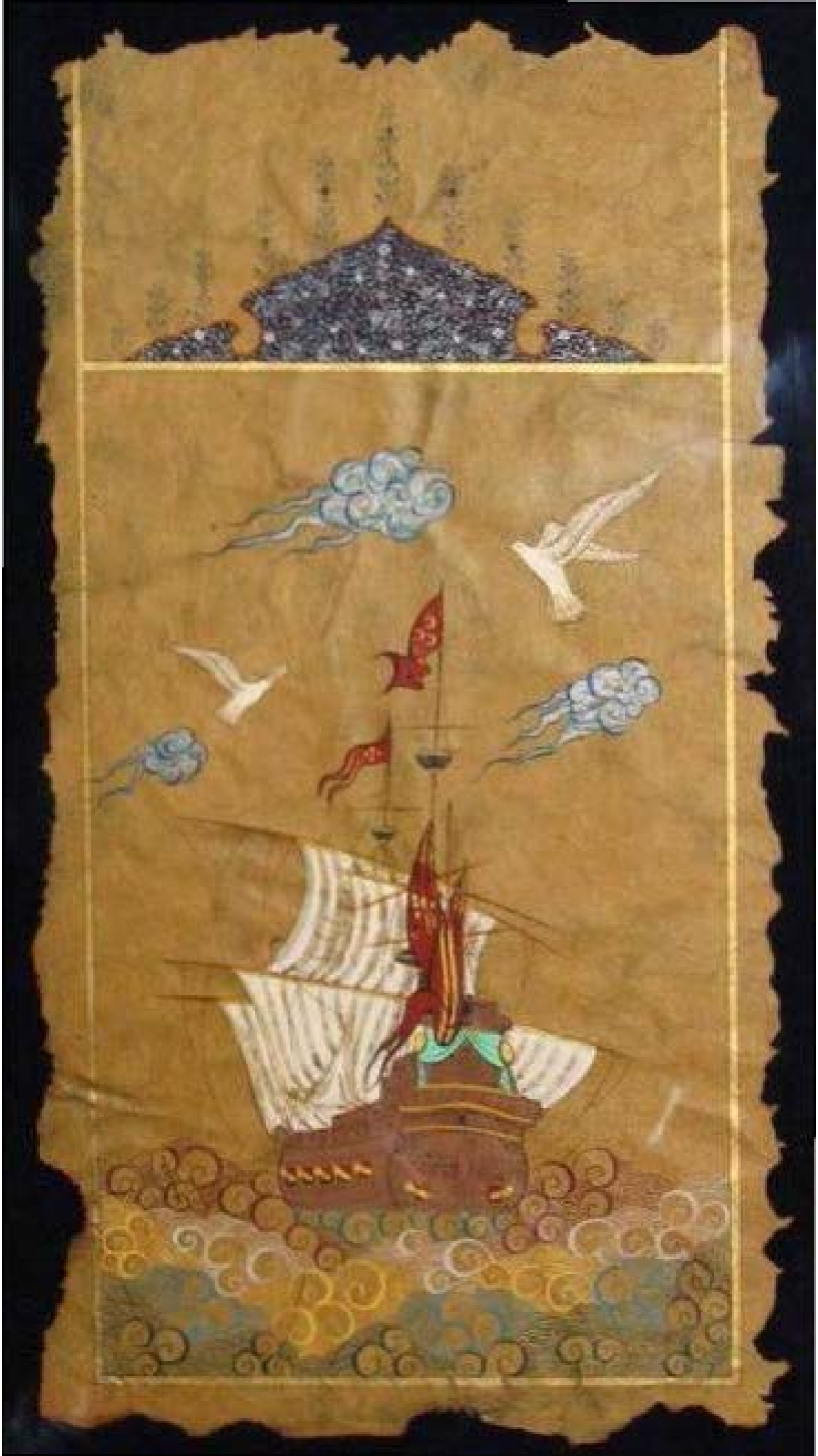





MALVASIA


LA VILLE ET LE PORT DE CONSTANTINOPLE
La Solimanie
Palais de Constantin
Le grand Serrail
Le Bosphore de Trace
Fanarikiodi
Serrail de Scutari
Tour de Beaudre
Canal de la Mer Noire
Port de Calcedoine
CONSTANTINOPOLIS







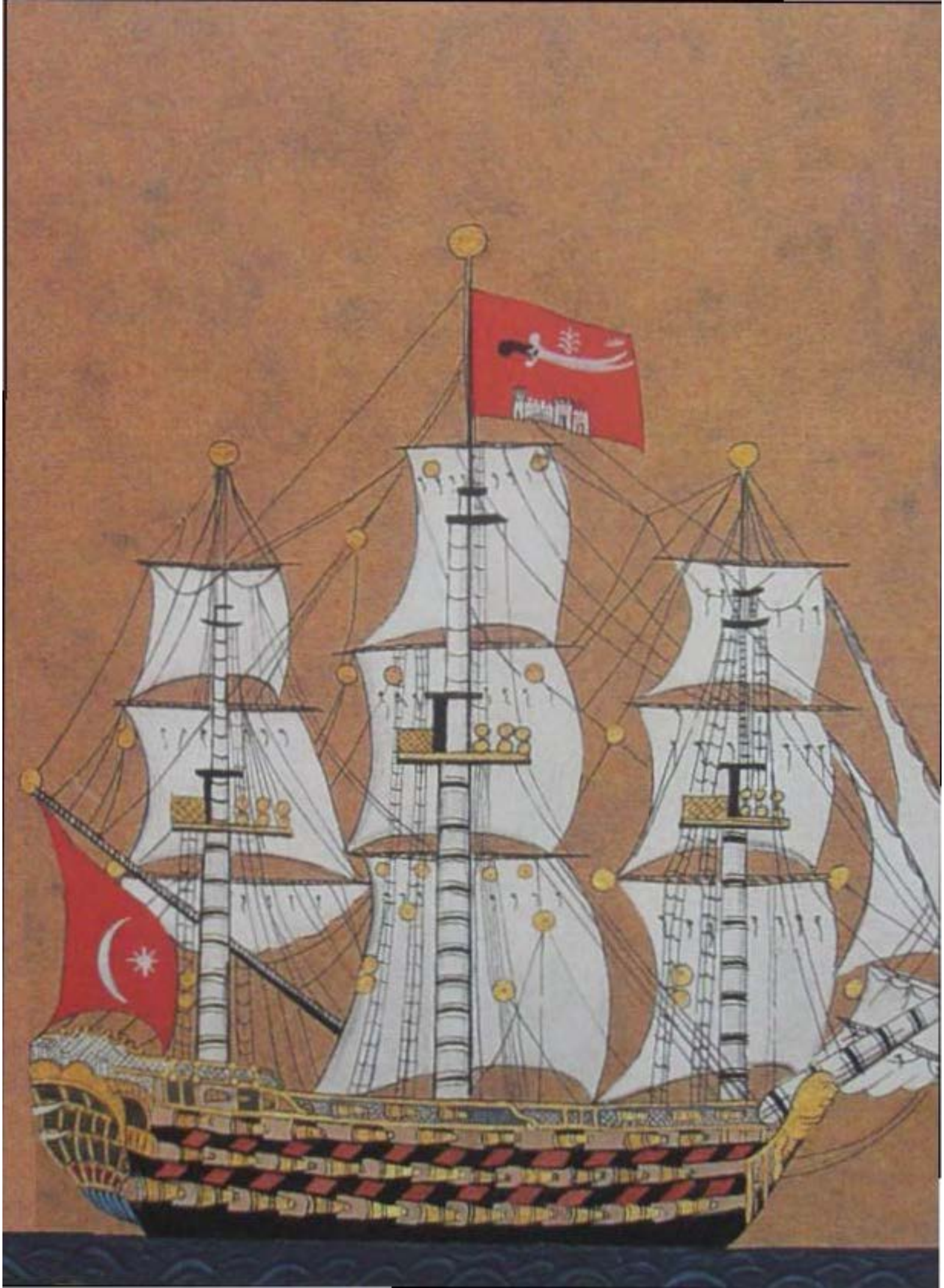
Capidgi-Bachi

ou Maitre des Ceremonies.

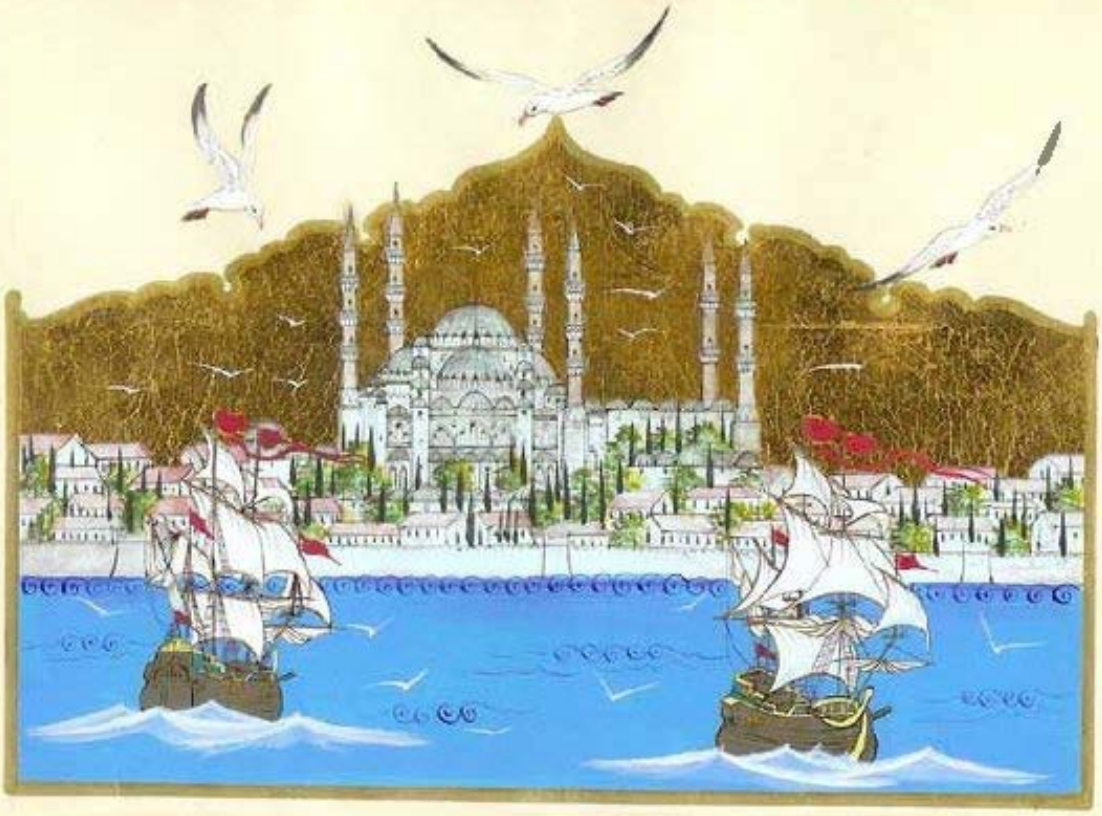
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15.

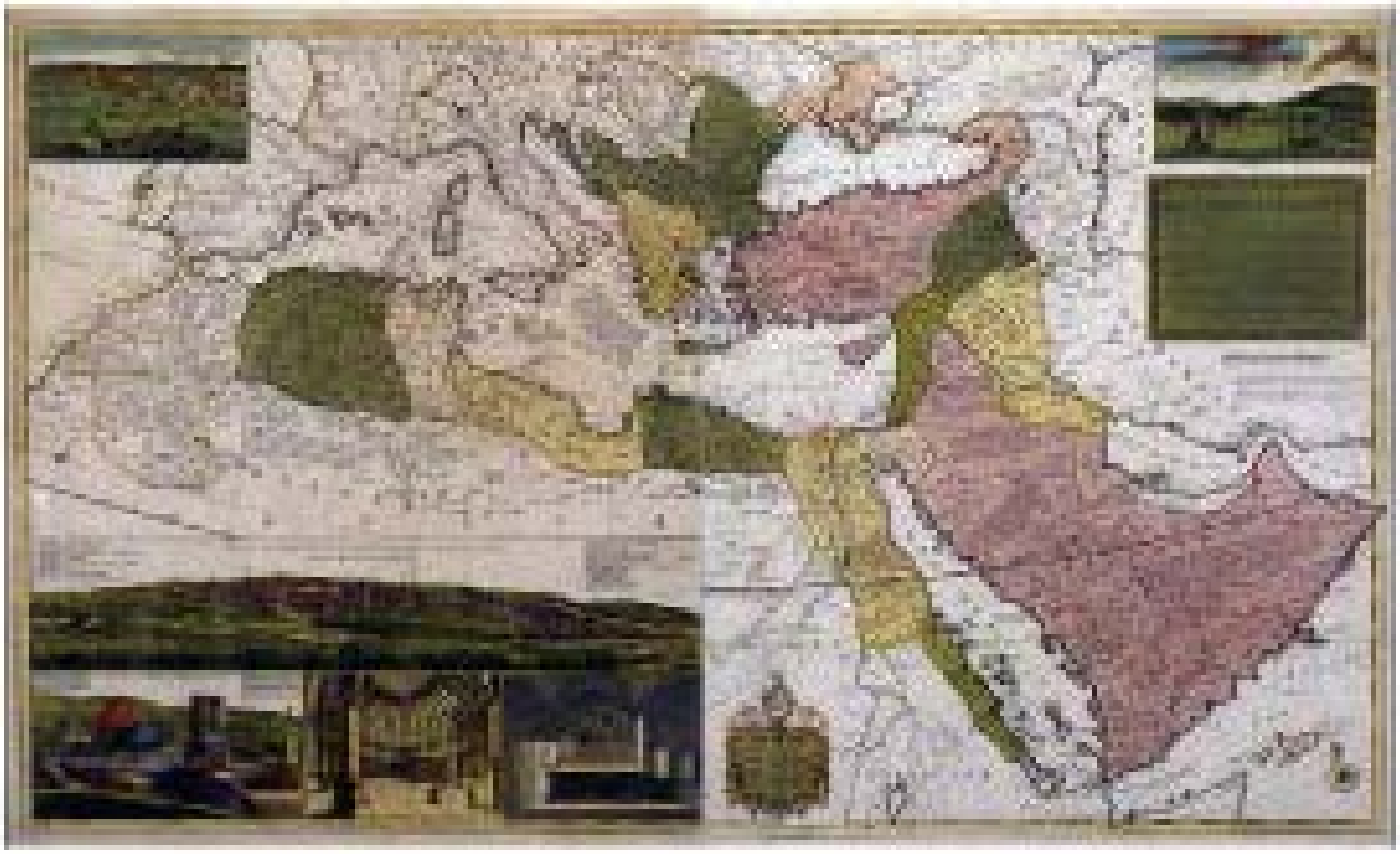

STAMBUL
CONSTANTINOPEL








CONSTANTINOPOLITANA VRBIS ICONISMO AD VIVUM EXPRESSA QVAM TVRCÆ STAMPOLDAM VOCANT
CONSTANTINOPOLIS




THRACIAE IMPE
RII DESCRIPTIO



A. La pointe du Serrail.
B. la Mosquée de St Sophie.
C. la Mosquée de Solyman.
D. la Validée.
E. les 7 Tours.
F. Palais de Constantin.

VUE DE LA VILLE DE CONSTANTINOPLE.

G. la Darse.
H. Galata.
S. les Magasins de Pire.
K. Logemts du Bostangi Bach
L. Tour de la Vierge.
M. Tophana.



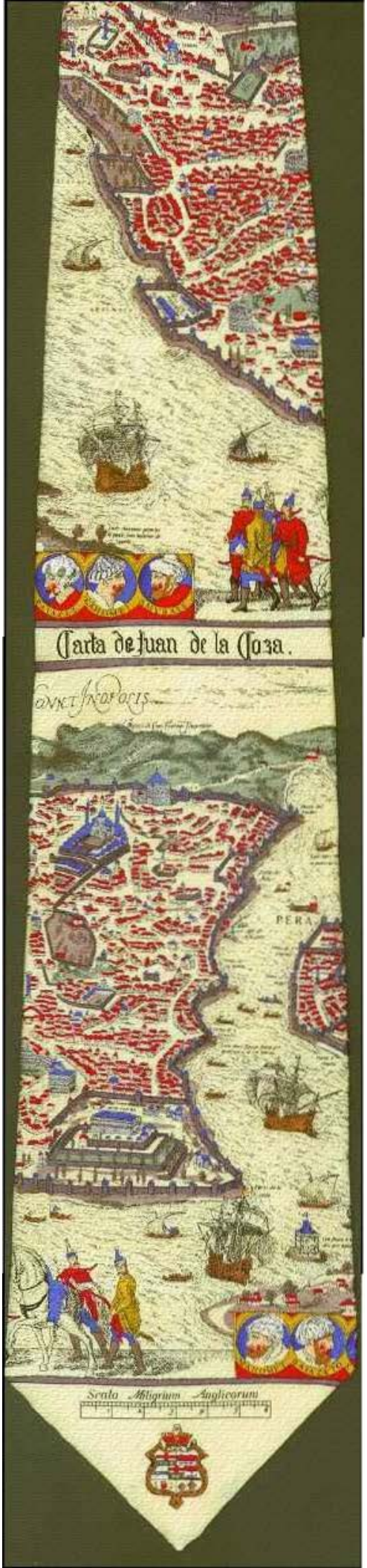


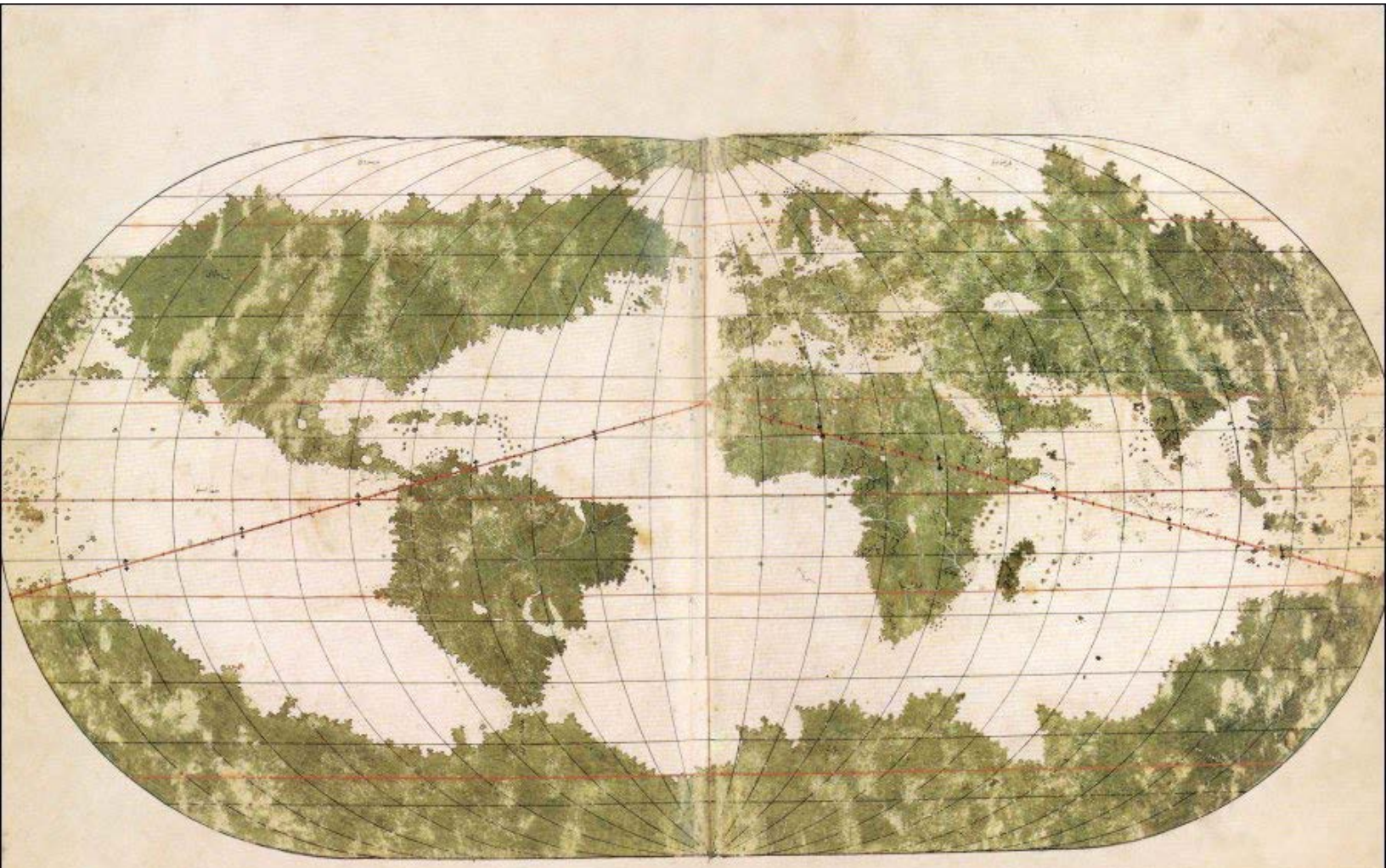

FAMAGOSTA
Qui è accampato Mustapa a sei sei longi dalla et tiene miglia 3 di exercito
Ianicerj
Loco ditto colle delli hebrej
Turchj
Ianicerj
Caualleria
Archierj turcheschj
Scaramuccia
Porte
Arcierj
Porto
Studiotti
Castello
Porto
Molle
Porte
Porte
Torre de locche
La Cala di S. Catarina



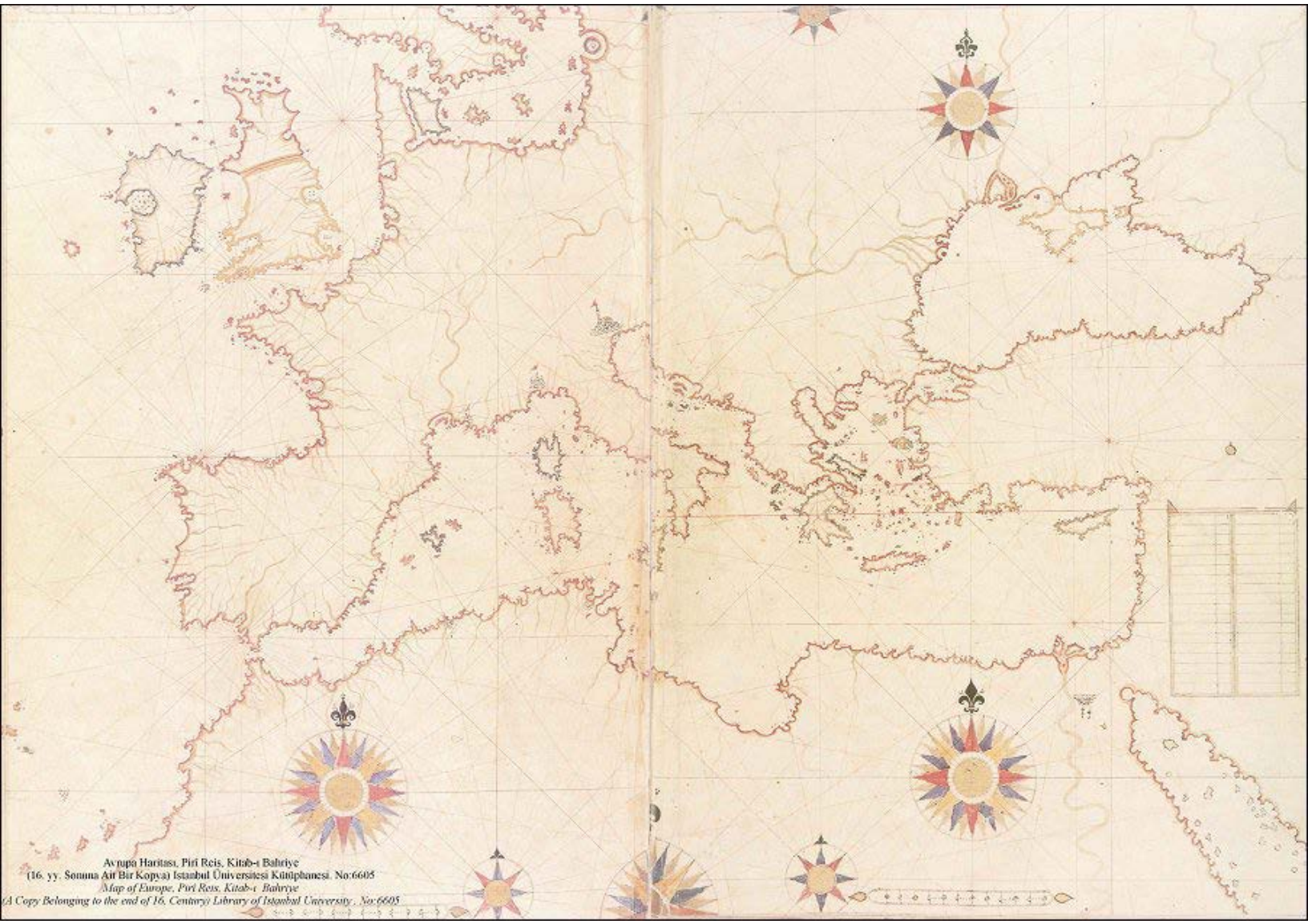





Carta de Juan de la Cosa.
PERA
Scala Miliarium Anglicorum

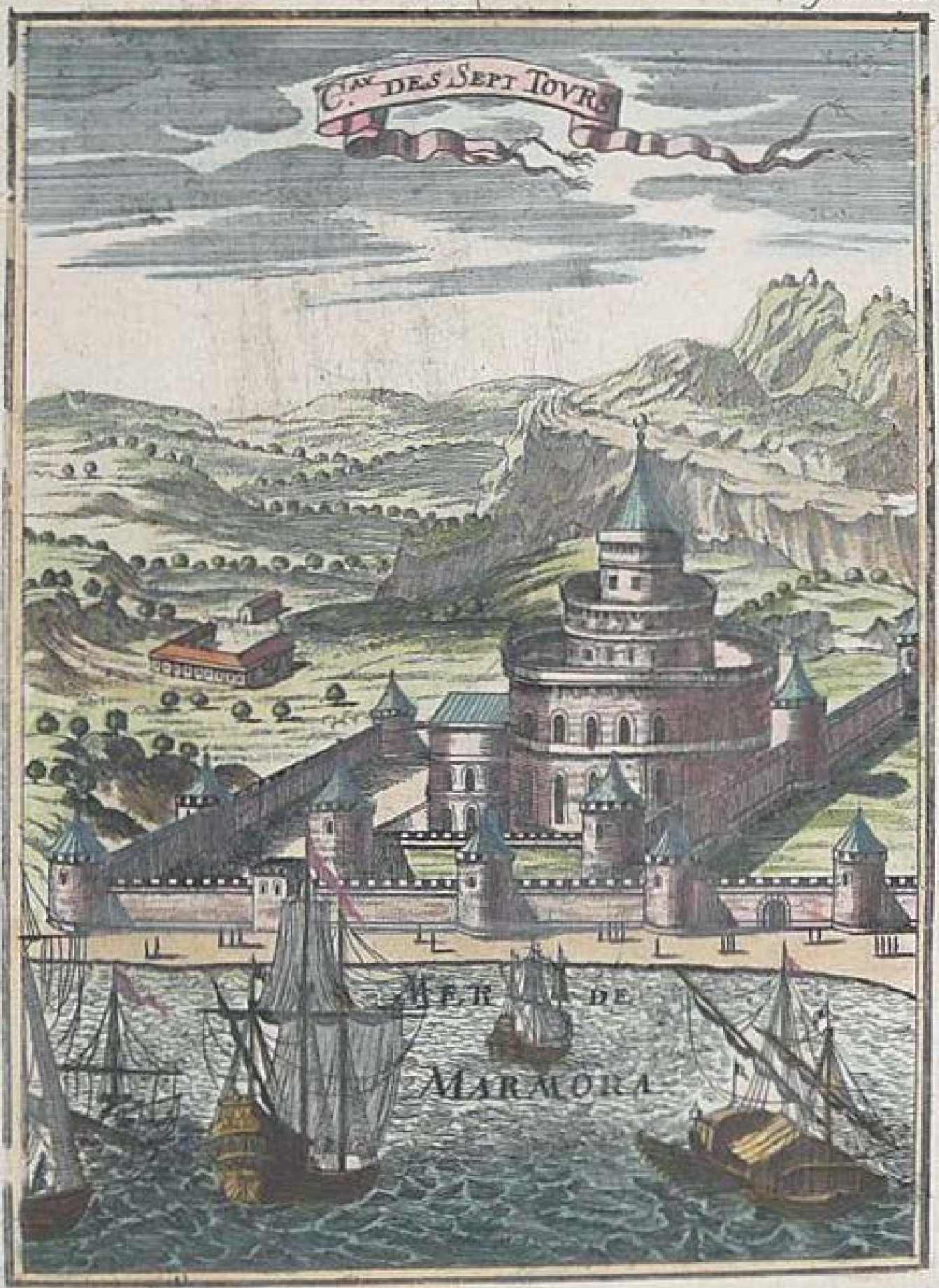


Dünya Haritası (Ali Macar Reis Atlası'nın Son Haritası)
World Map (The Last Map in Ali Macar Reis' Atlas)



Avrupa Haritası, Piri Reis, Kitab-ı Bahriye
(16. yy. Sonuna Ait Bir Kopya) İstanbul Üniversitesi Kütüphanesi. No:6605
Map of Europe, Piri Reis, Kitab-ı Bahriye
(A Copy Belonging to the end of 16. Century) Library of Istanbul University . No:6605

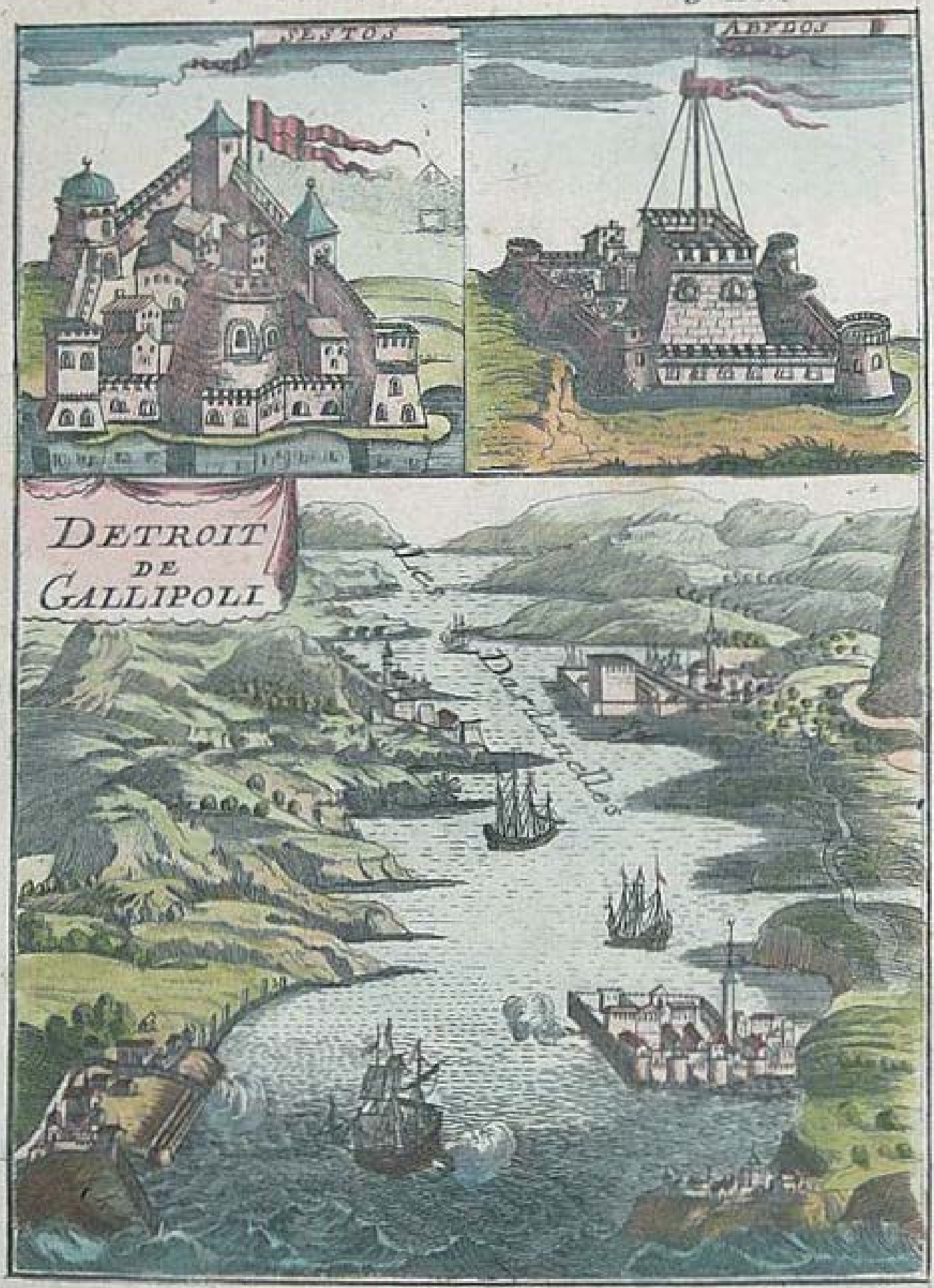
das Schloss der Siben thürne. Fig. LVIII.



die Stadt Constantinopel. Fig: LVII.



Die Dardanellen. Fig. LV.



Das vorder und hinderstück vom Serrail.

Fig. LIX.




CONSTANTINOPOLI

die Stadt Candia. Fig: LXXIX.



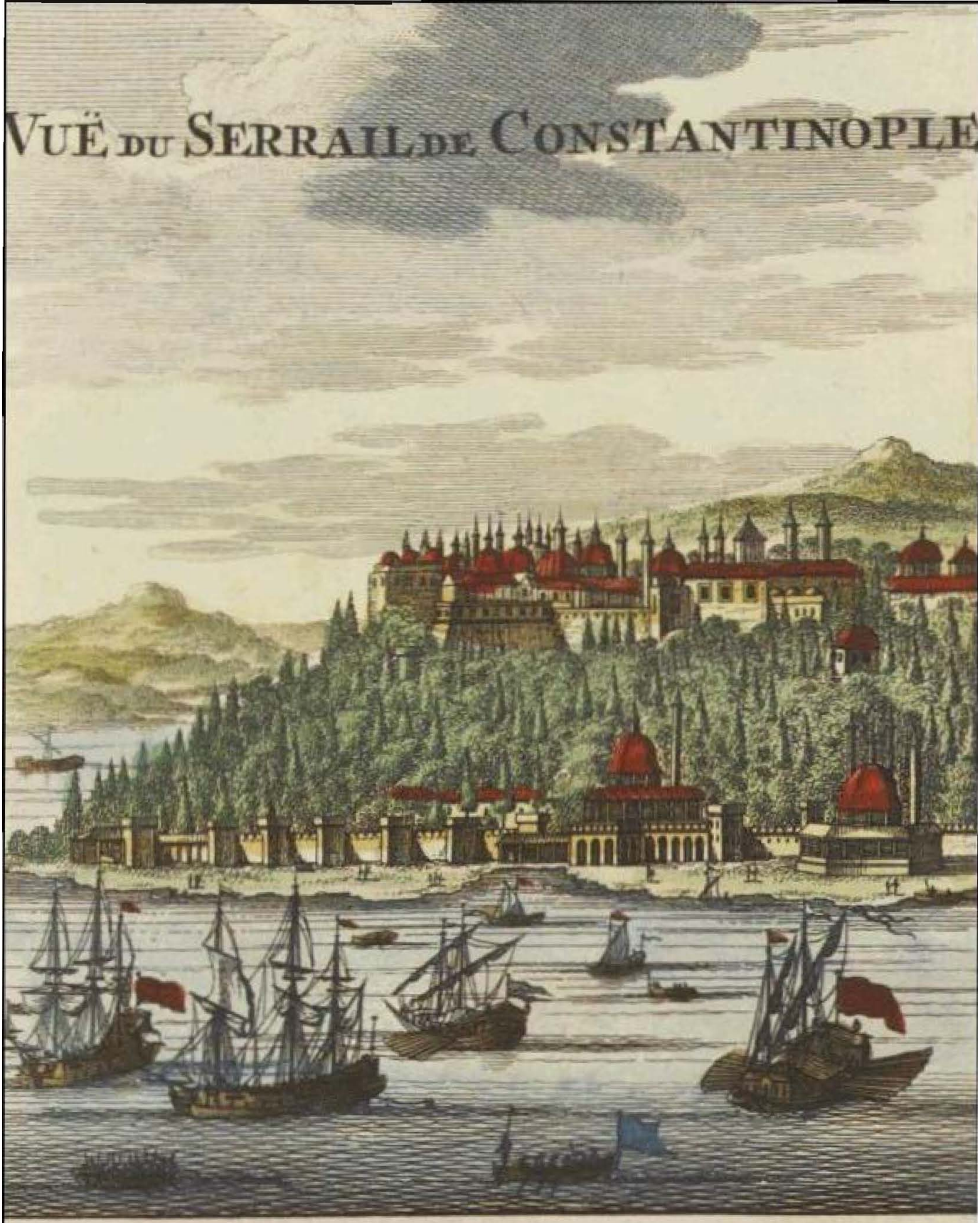


Lap. Hatzi & Cie

مطبعهٔ عثمانیه و شرکاسی



VUË DU SERRAIL DE CONSTANTINOPLE

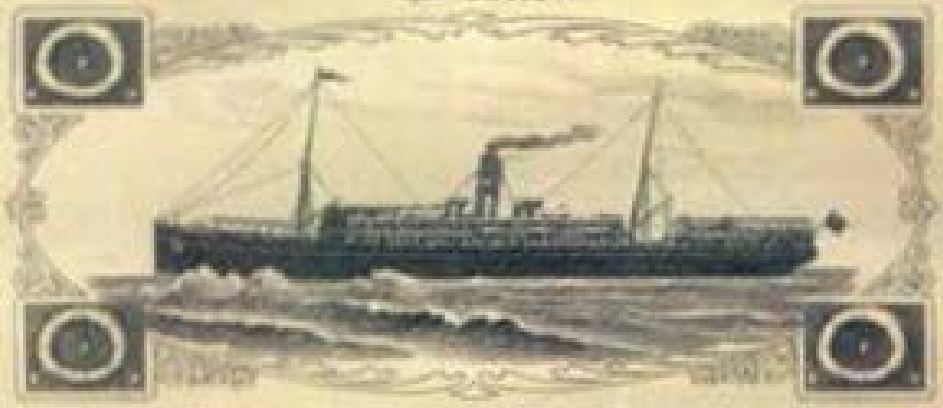


Constantinople est une des plus belles villes du monde le Serrail que l'on voit ci dessus est le Palais, où le Sultan fait son Sejour et où sont renfermées les Sultannes et les Dames qui servent au plaisir du grand Seigneur. Ce Palais n'a rien moins que de Magnifique en dehors, toute la beauté étant renfermée en dedans. comme sont la plus-part des Palais de tous les Princes d'Orient.

UNE LIVRE TURQUE

اتحاد

سفائن عثمانیه شرکت عمومیه سی



1 ACTION

١

ITTIHAD

SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME DE NAVIGATION OTTOMANE

formée par Iradé Impérial en date du 9 Mai 1327 v.s.

Siège Social à Constantinople

Capital Social : 250 000 LTQ

divisé en

Actions de Livres Turques

شرکت سرمایه ۲۵۰۰۰۰ لیره عثمانیه

بو حصه ... لیره عثمانیه

قابله

١ حصة لك سكدوز

UNE ACTION NOMINALE

نومرو ١٠٦٦٤١

No 106641

حصه صاحبی ... بیکیوز التمش بر حصه در

Constantinople le 9 Juin 1327

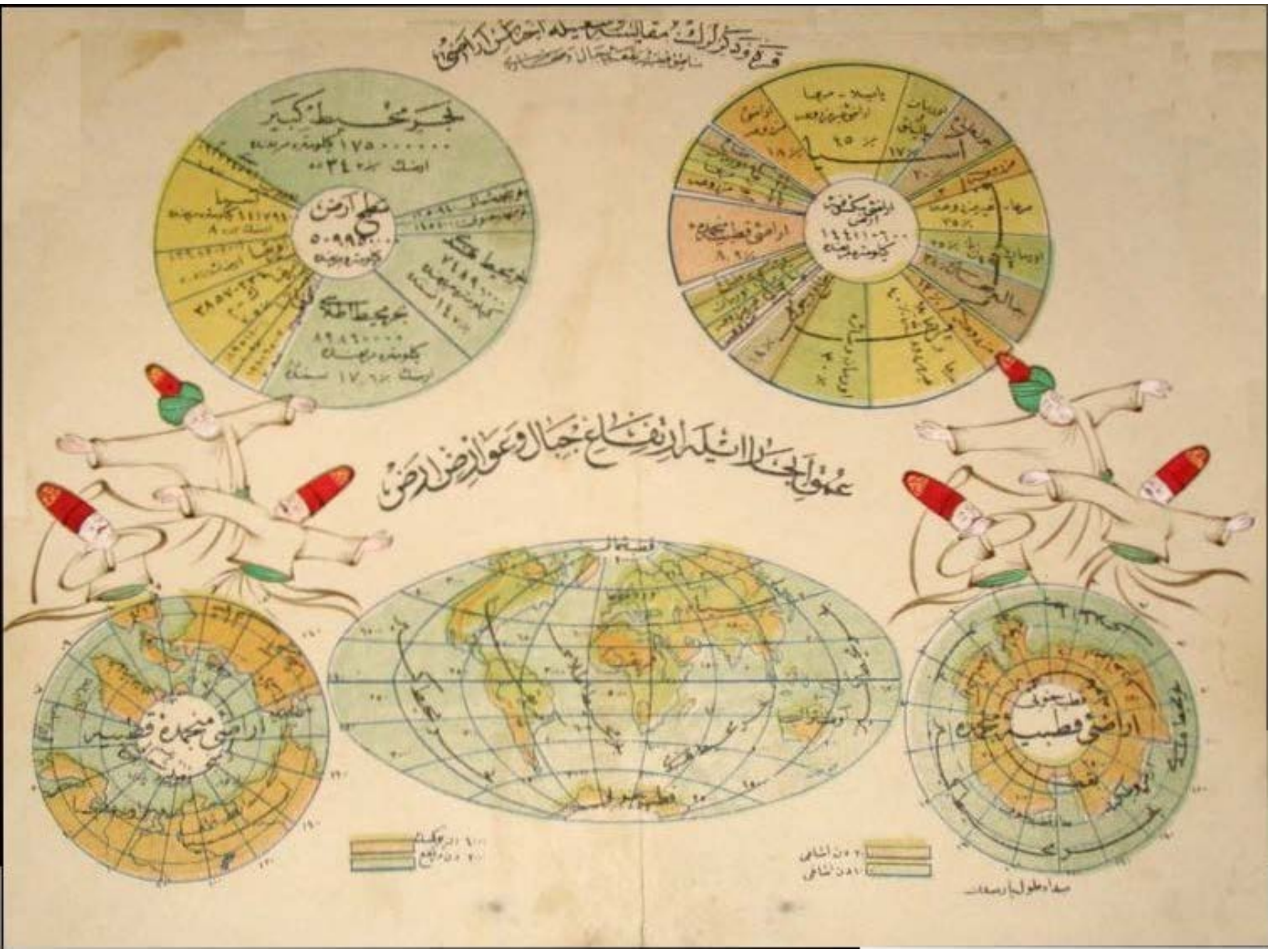
٩ حزیران ١٣٢٧

Membre du Conseil d'Administration

عضو ادارة مجلسی

Membre du Conseil d'Administration

عضو ادارة مجلسی


عموم الجزائر الشبيهة بارتفاع جبال وعوارض ارض الارض






بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم


سلاطين آل عثمان

1 PART DE FONDATEUR

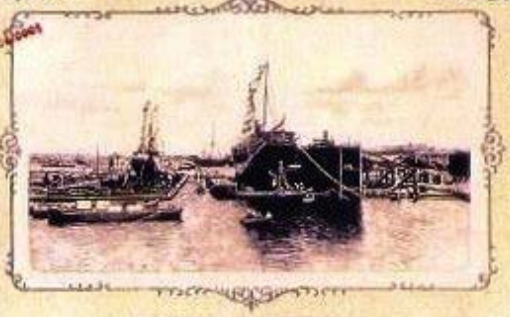
SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME OTTOMANE DES DOCKS & ATELIERS DU HAUT-BOSPHORE

1 PART DE FONDATEUR

SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME OTTOMANE
autorisée
par IRADÉ IMPÉRIAL en date du 15 Avril 1911

CAPITAL SOCIAL
LIVRES Turques 176 000 — 4 000 000 f
DIVISÉ EN 16 000 ACTIONS DE LTQ. 11 = Frcs 250 f

SIÈGE SOCIAL CONSTANTINOPLE



UNE PART DE FONDATEUR

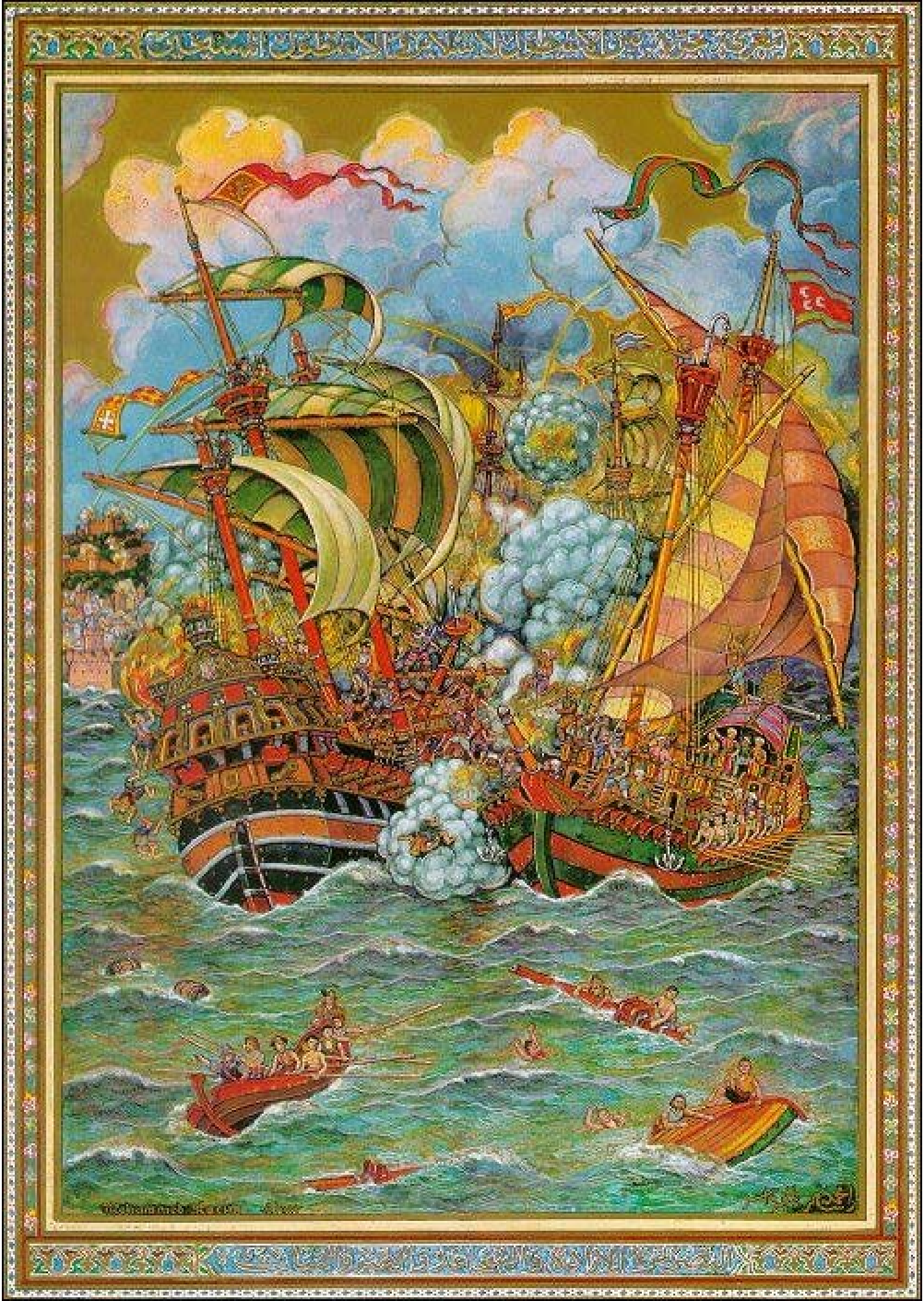
Un Administrateur

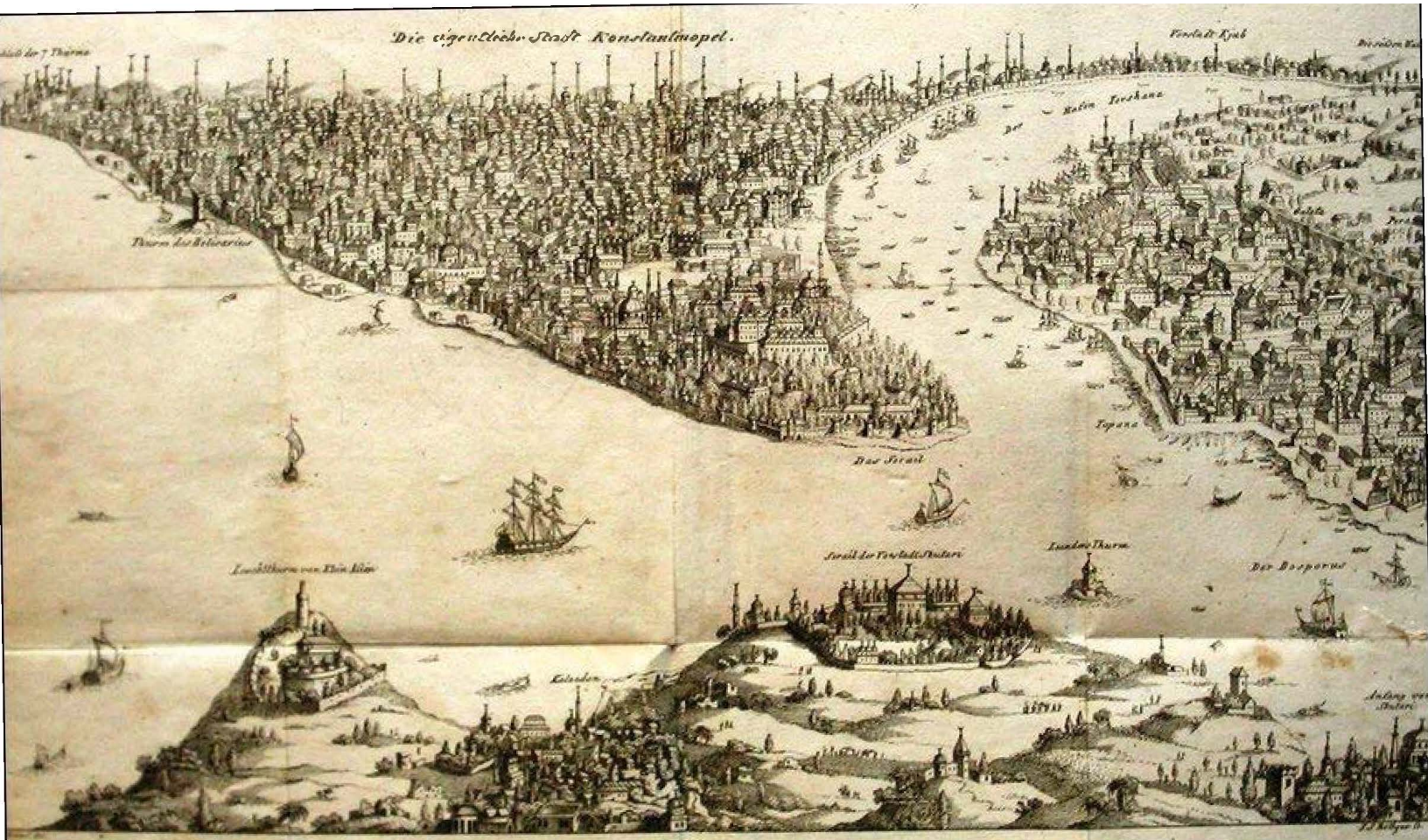
N°. 10015

Constantinople le 25/8 Juillet 1911

STENIA

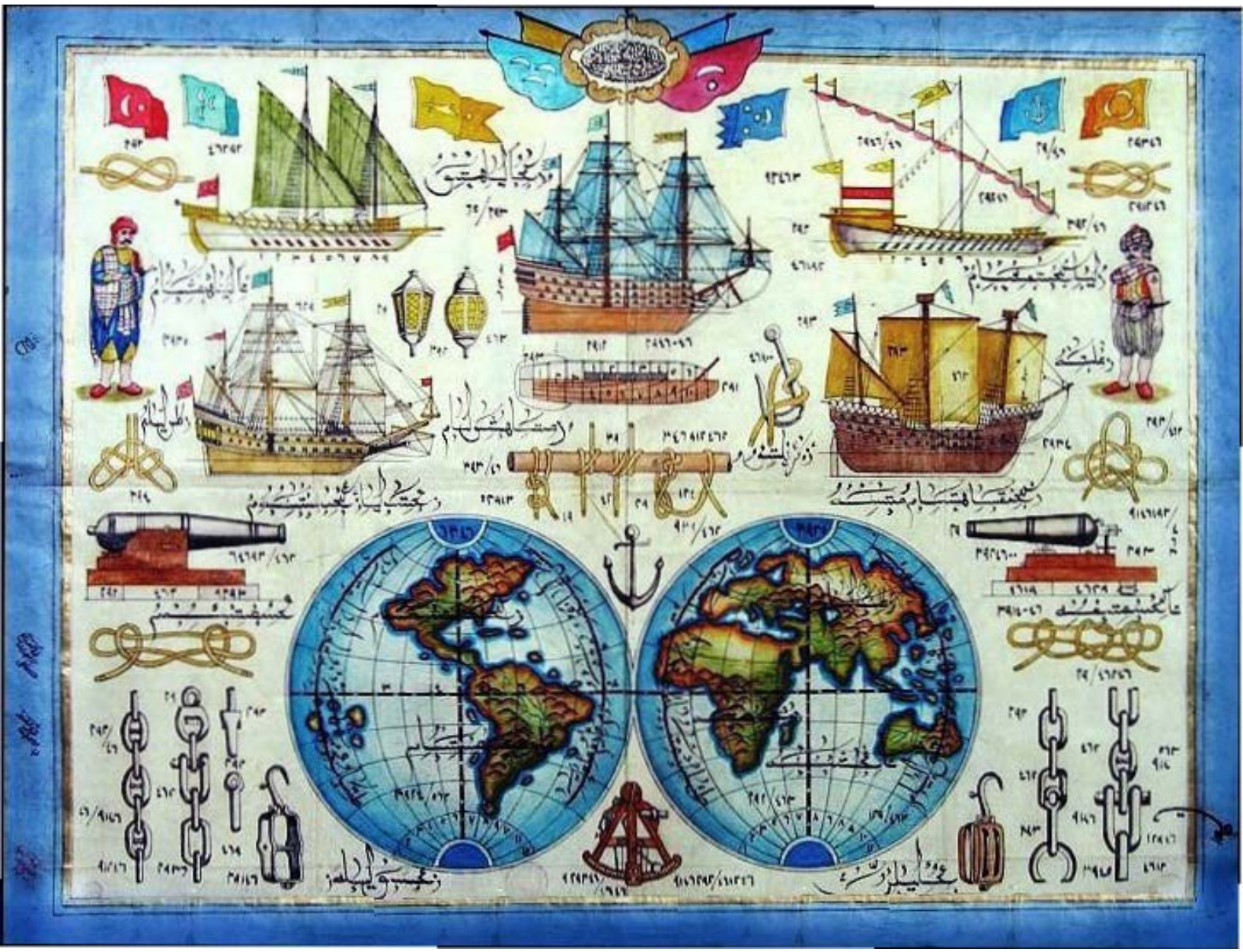
IMP. H. ARNAUD. LYON. PARIS. ALGER





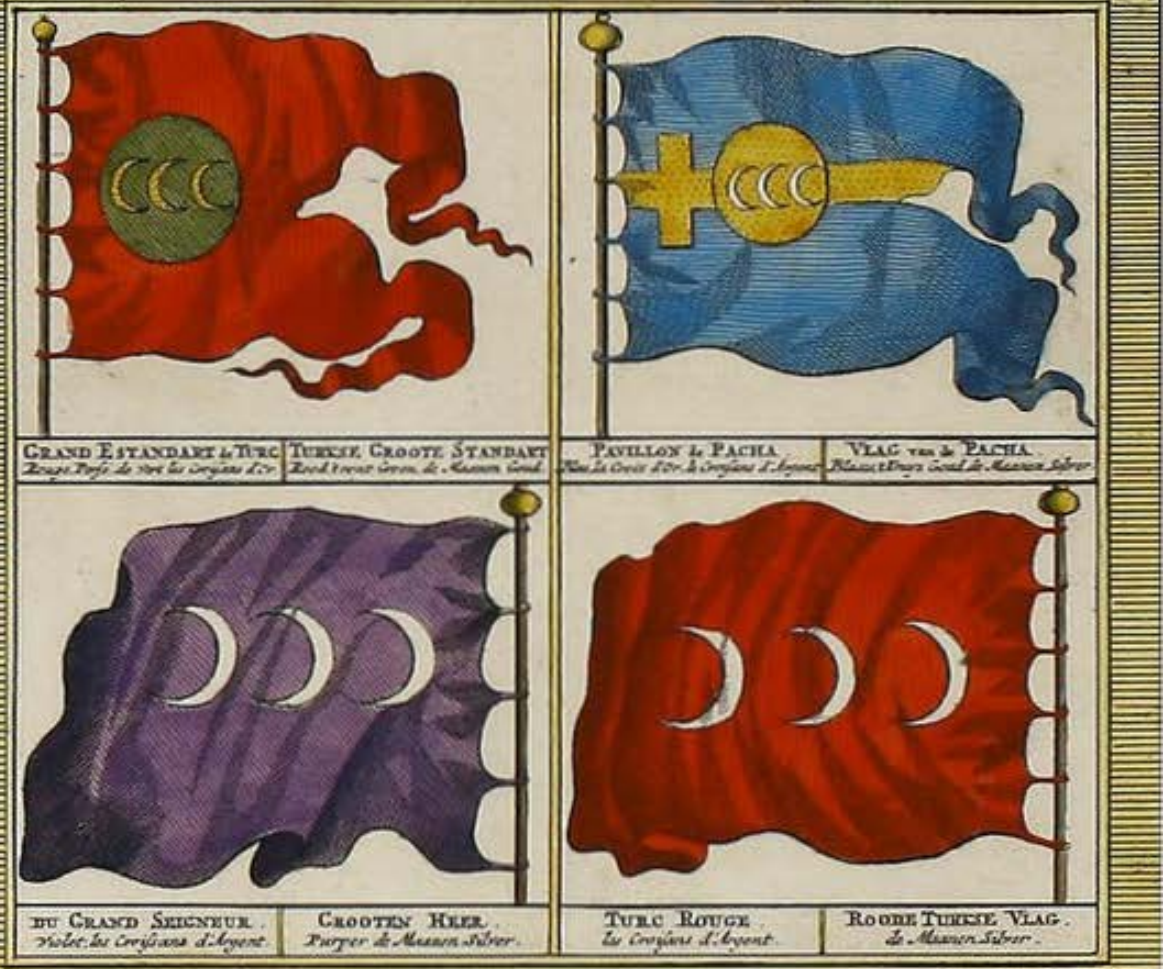
Uebersicht über Konstantinopel

zu Mendels Gemälde von Konstantinopel 1ter Band.






PERA
B O S P H O R U S T H



GRAND ESTANDART de TURC
Rouge Persé de vert les croissans d'or

TURKSE GROOTE STANDART
Rood Groen Gerand de Maanen Goud

PAVILLON de PACHA
Bleu la Croix d'or les Croissans d'Argent

VLAG van de PACHA
Blauw Rood Gerand de Maanen Silver

DU GRAND SEIGNEUR
Violet les croissans d'Argent

CROOTEN HEER
Purper de Maanen Silver

TURC ROUGE
les Croissans d'Argent

ROODE TURKSE VLAG
de Maanen Silver



Le GRAND SEIGNEUR
Pourpre les Croissans d'Argent

vanden GROOTEN HEER
Purper de Maanen Silver

DE TRIPOLY
Verd les Croissans d'Argent

TRIPOLY
Groen de Maanen Silver

D'ALGERS
Bleu Rouge Verd Rouge Bleu

van ALGIERS
Blauw Rood Groen Rood Blauw

Autre D'ALGERS
Rouge Blanc Rouge

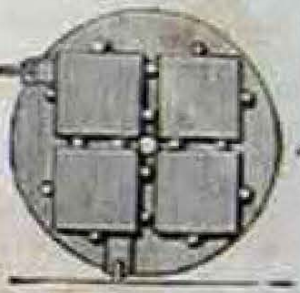
Andere van ALGIERS
Rood Wit Rood

A Amsterdam Chez P. Mortier au Pascq

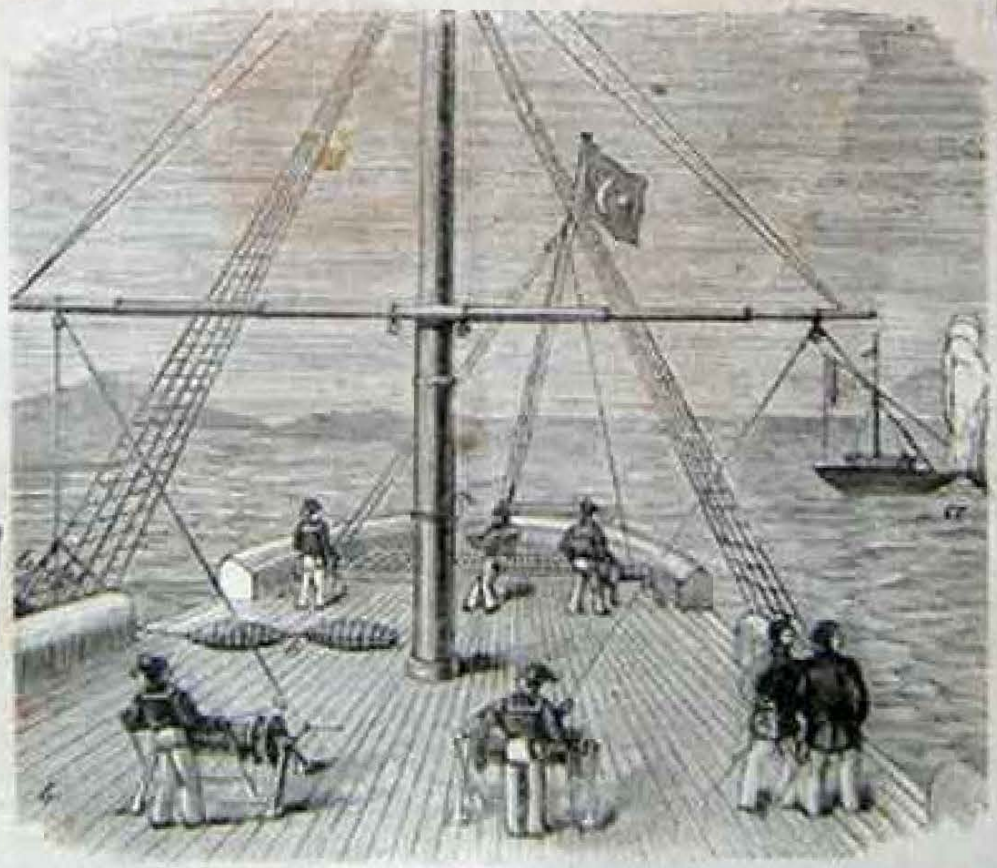


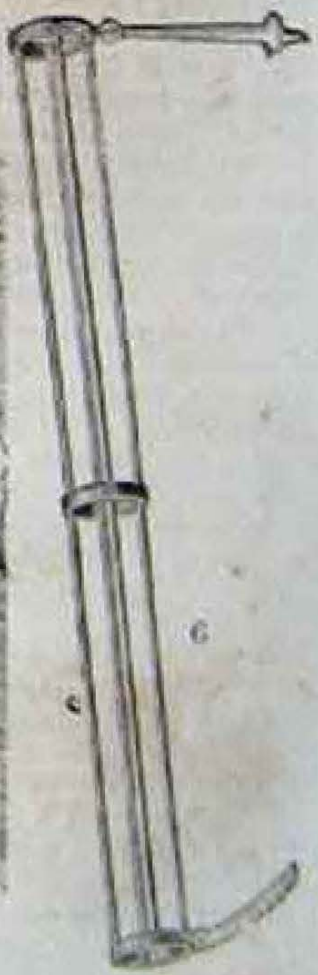












1. Torpedine improvvisata per gallerianti. — 2. Torpedine ad urto con accensione elettrica, della torpediniera Thornycroft. — 3. Immersione di torpedini in un fiume. — 4. Coperta di nave mista a scagliar torpedini Harvey contro il nemico. a, scoppio di torpedine; b, torpedine attaccata alla boa. — 5. Batteria elettrica da gallerianti composta di 6 pile voltaiche; c, piano interno. — 6. Strumento per far saltare le mine.

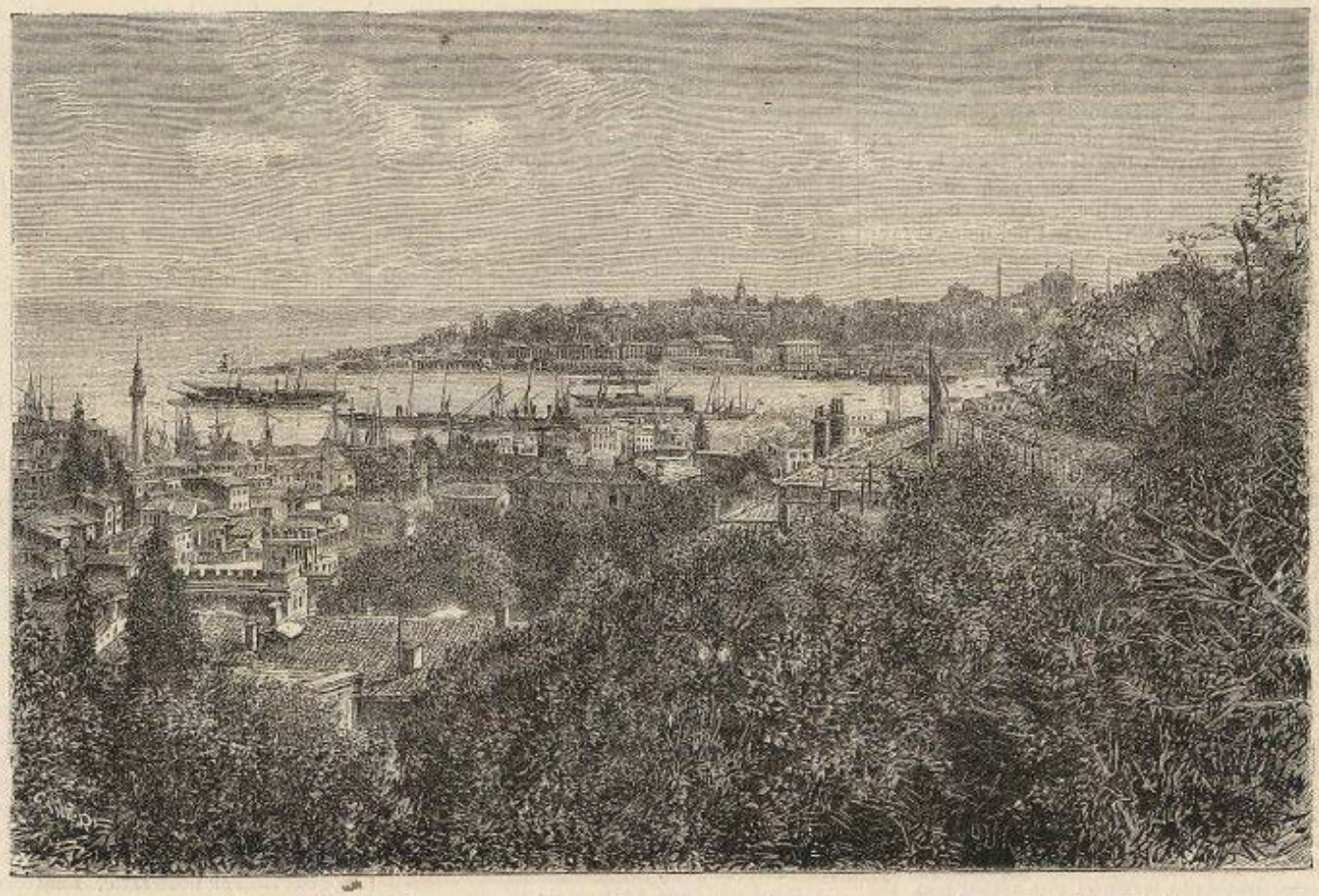
LE NUOVE TORPEDINI NELLA GUERRA TURCO-RUSSA.


S
I
C
A

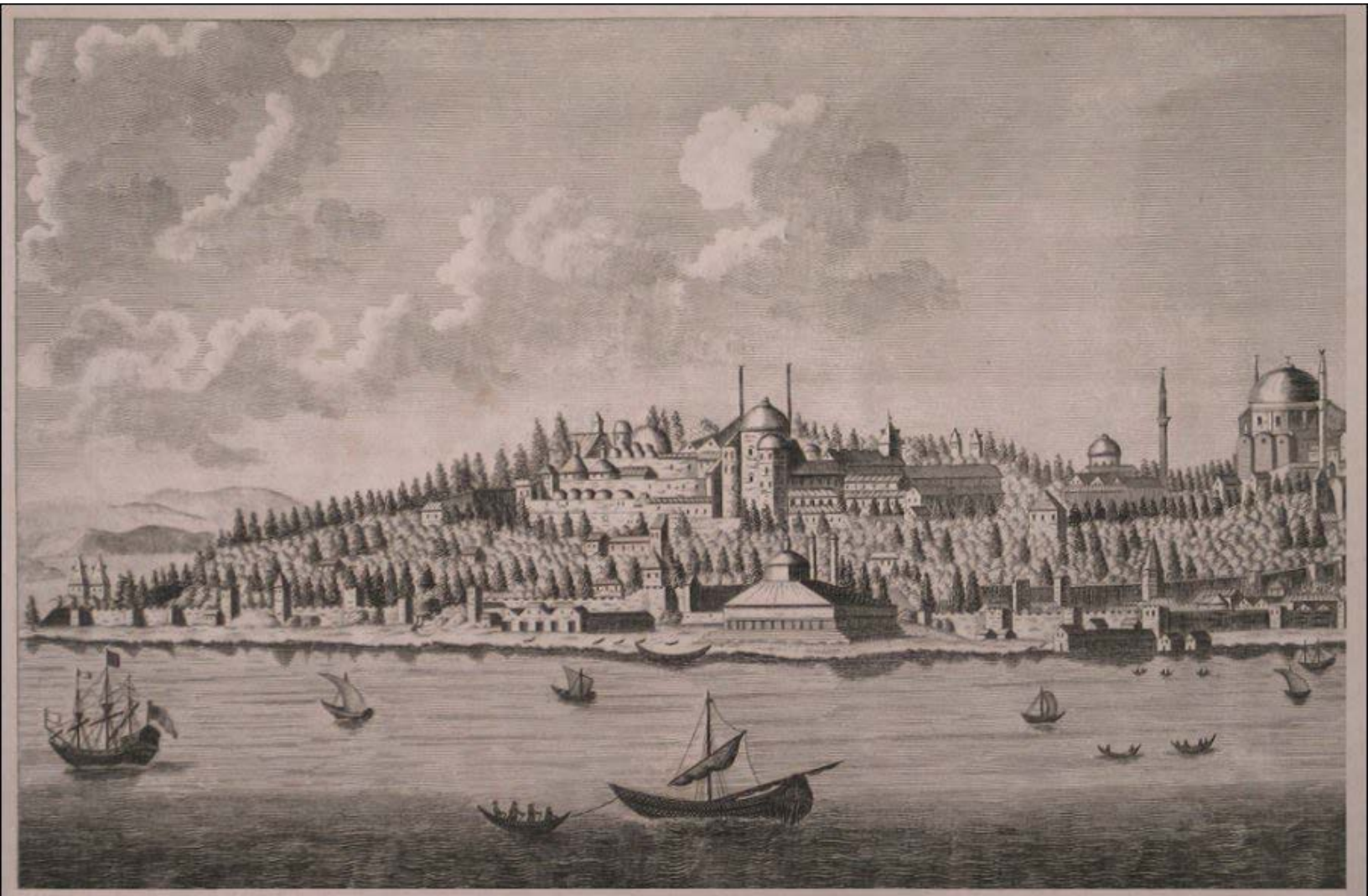


Europa. Asia.

COSTANTINOPOLI. — LA FLOTTA TURCA, ANCORATA A BUJUKDERE. Da uno schizzo del signor L. Aurelj.



Costantinopoli. — LA PUNTA DEL SERRAGLIO. (Da una fotografia dei signori Fratelli Abdullah).



View of the Grand Signior's Seraglio at Constantinople.



I Greci, truppe irregolari della provincia di Arta, a Campo Greco.


ART OF GERMANY
Syria
ALPINE M
PART OF HUNGARY
TRANSYL
Hermanstatt
VANIA
WALA
CHIA
BESSE
RABIA
SCLAVONIA
Carniola
Targovisco
MOLDAVIA
Venice
BOS
NIA
DALM
SERVIA
BULGARIA
Part of the blacke
Cara Denhis
and by the
Czorno Mor
GOLF OF VE
MACEDONIA
ROMANIA
ALBA
Durazzo
IONIAN
SEA
A NEW MAP
of
TURKY in EUROPE
And Parts adjoyning Shewing their
Principal Divisions and their Cities
Towns Rivers Mountains &c
Dedicated to his HIGHNESS
WILLIAM
TURKY
ASIA
MEDITERRANEAN
SEA
CANDIA
RHODES I.
CYPRUS
Abbreviations
C. Cape
G. Golf
I. Island
M. Mouth
R. River
str. Straits
Scale of English Miles
ACCORDING TO VULGAR COMPUTATION
ACCORDING TO NORWOODS COMPUTATION


HUNGARY
BLACK
SEA
PART OF
TURKEY IN ASIA
TURKEY in EUROPE



Lithographie von Gebrüder Haase in Prag. Verlag von Gustav Heckenast in Pest.

Panorama und Gebäude Ansicht von Galata aus gesehen.




THE TURKISH EMPIRE.
Newly Augmented by John Speed 1626
THE BORDERS of the DUKE of MOSCOVIA or GRET RVSSIA
PART of TARTARIA
THE SEA DE BACHU
PART of the PERSIAN KINGDOME
THE MIDDLE LAND SEA
PART OF AFRICA
THE DESERT of ARABIA
ARABIA HAPPIE
PART OF THE REDD SEA
THE ARMES OF TURKIE
A GREECIAN
HIS WIFE
AN EGYPTIAN
A PERSIAN





VUE DU QUARTIER DE TOP-HANA A CONSTANTINOPLE,

Situé sur la Côte Européenne du Bosphore

BOSPHORE DE THRACE.

VUË DE CONSTANTINOPLE, DU CÔTÉ DU BOSPHORE.



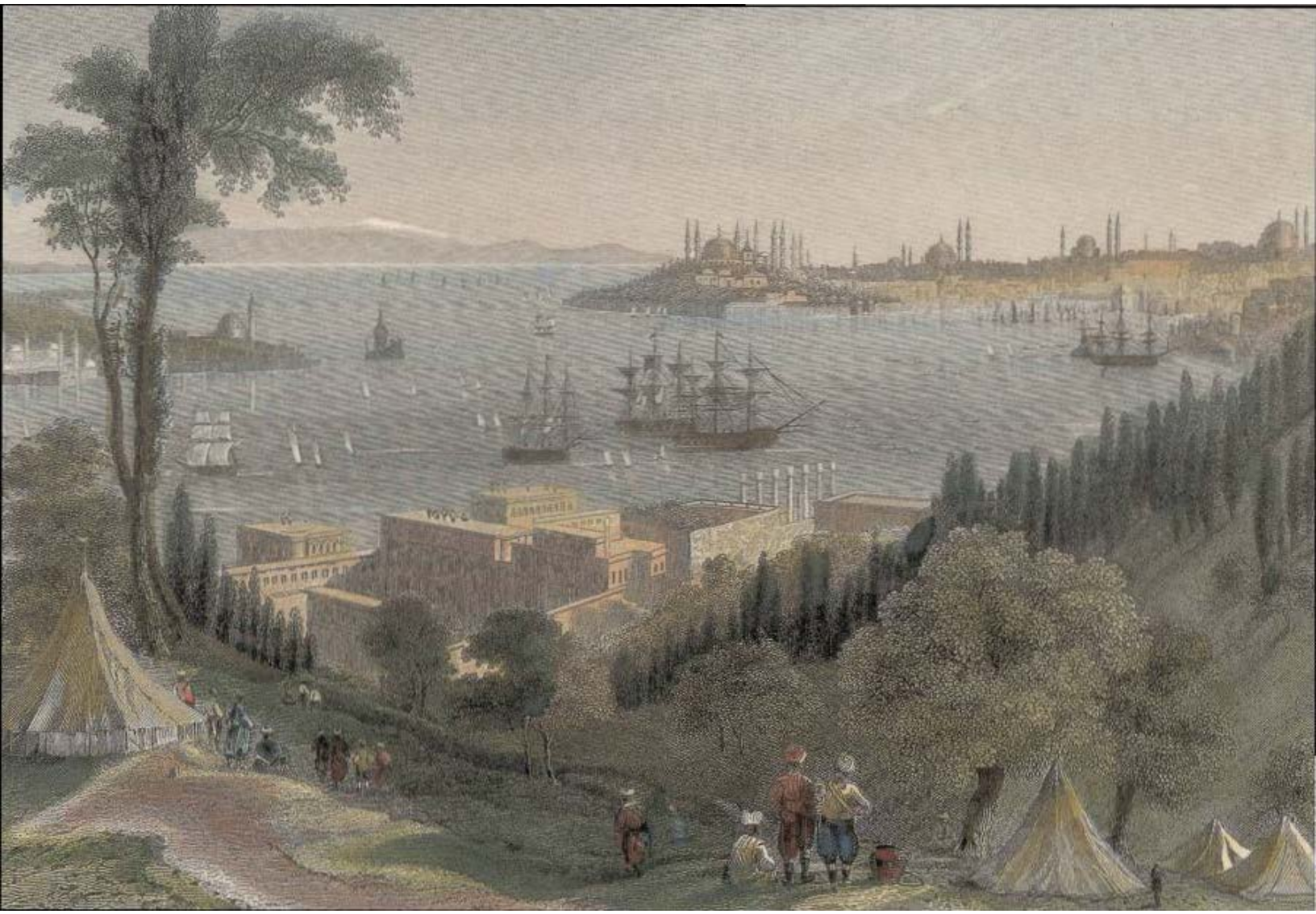
AQUEDUC DE CONSTANTINOPLE.



COLOMNE DE POMPÉE.

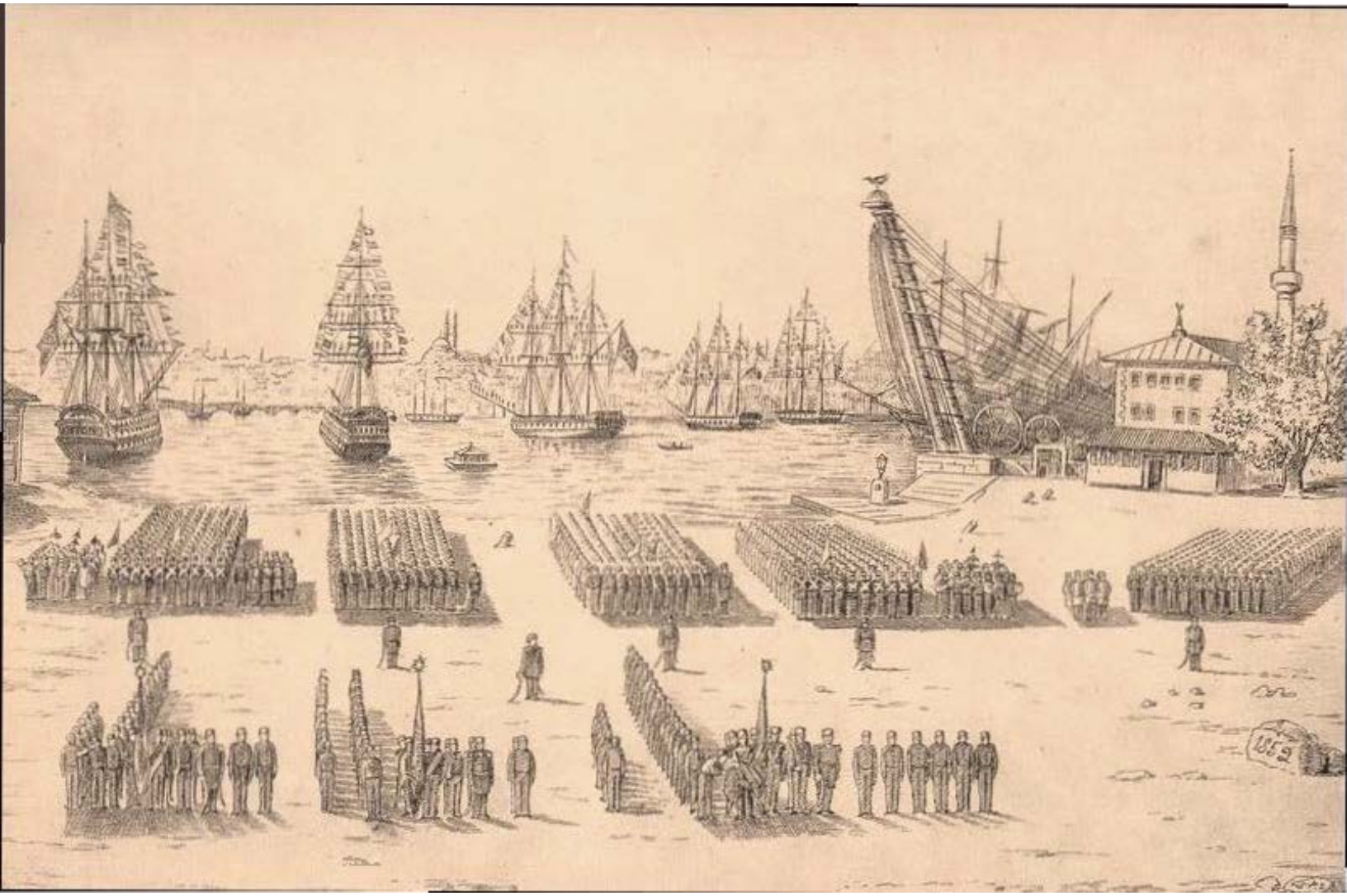




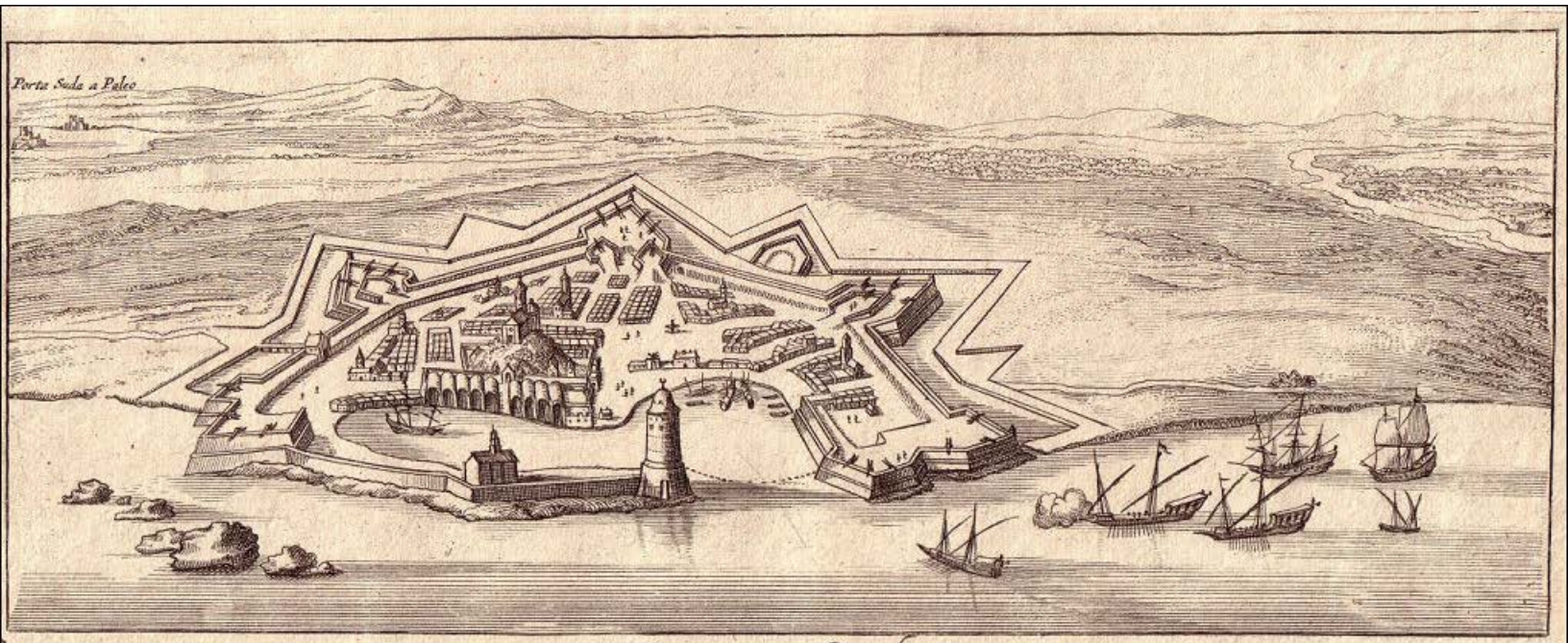












Ioannes Peeters. delineavit. et X. Canea in Candia. Lucas Vorstermans fecit.

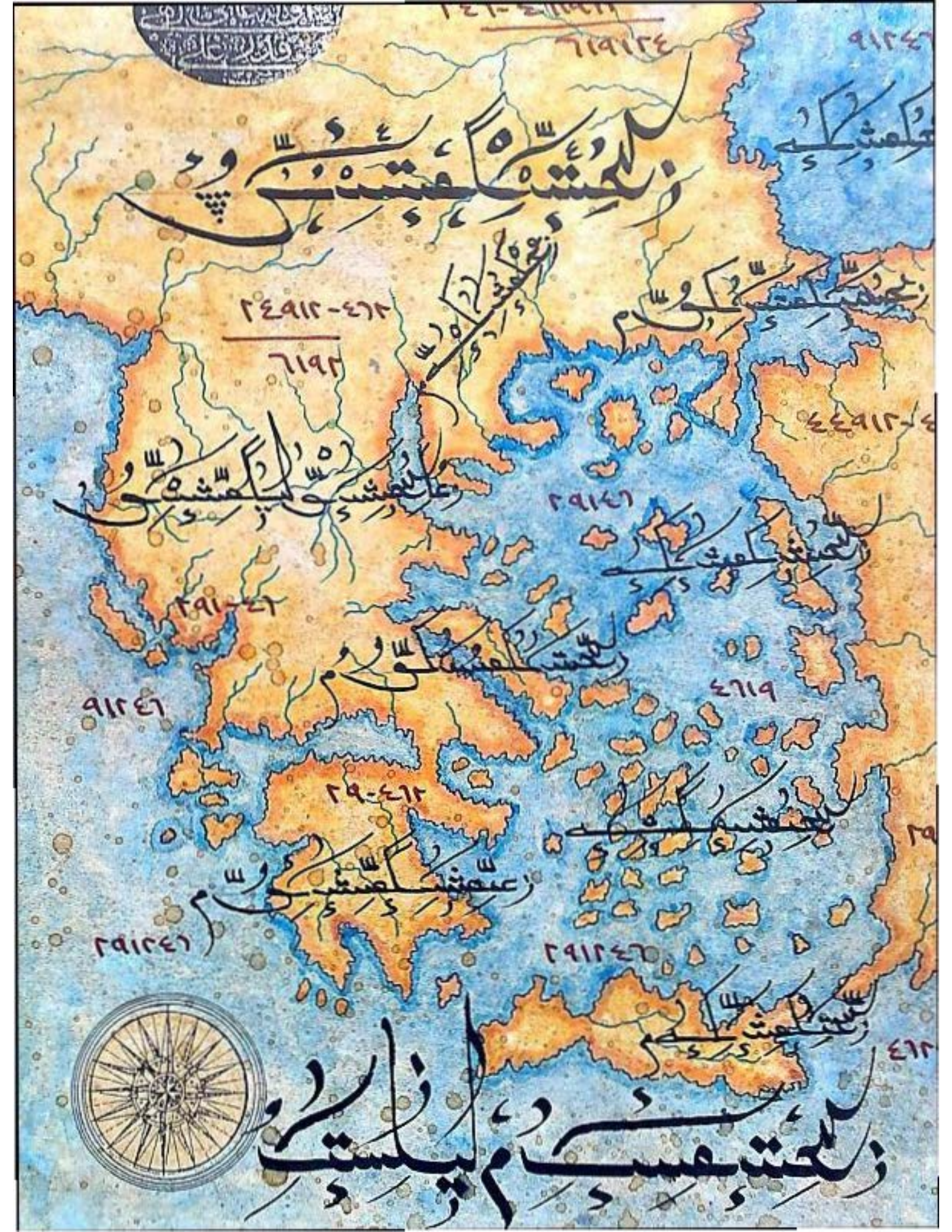

Veteres aquæductus
Christianorum
fossa
S. Iacobi
V M.
Nauigia tutelæ Stagno
Turris Iguz
fossa
Fossa Trans.
TVR
CICA.
VETERIS CARTHAGINIS RVINAE
OBSESSI, PHILIPPO, HISP. REGI
ADSPICIS INFESTAS, ACIES INIMICAQ' CASTRA?
HAS MANET EXITIVM. MAGNE PHILIPPE SVVM
ADGREDERE. EXSCINDES. TRVCVLENTI CORNVA TVR
ADIICIES SCEPTRIS. PVNICA REGNA TVIS.
EIA, TRIVMPHALES PASCIT TIBI LAVIVS HONORES.
SERVATVR TITVLIS, BARBARVS HESPERIIS.
HORRIBILES IACTET VIRES, VIRTVTE VALEMVS
VINCIMVS HVNC ANIMIS, VINCIMVS INGENIO.
FAC TAMEN, HAS ARCES CAPIAT, MOX VINDICE CHRI
COGETVR CELERI, NON DARE TERGA FVGAE?
MALTE IGITVR, BELGAS TIBI IVNCTO FOEDERE PACI
HAC SOCIA, TVRCAS FVNDERE, MARTE POTES.



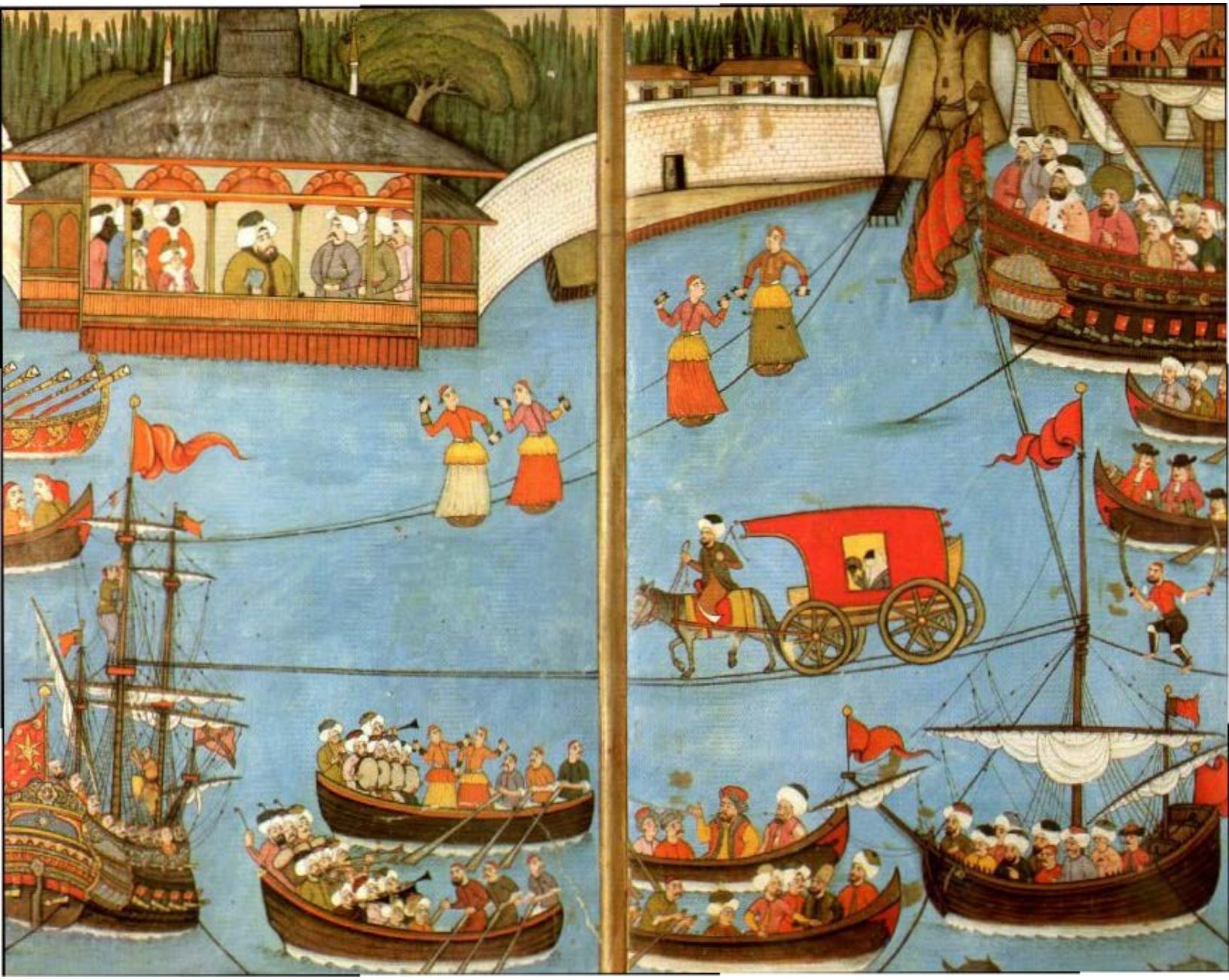



MARE DEL STRETTO
DARD
Fortezza dal
Gretia posta n
dello stretto d
del Signor T

















Fanaraki.

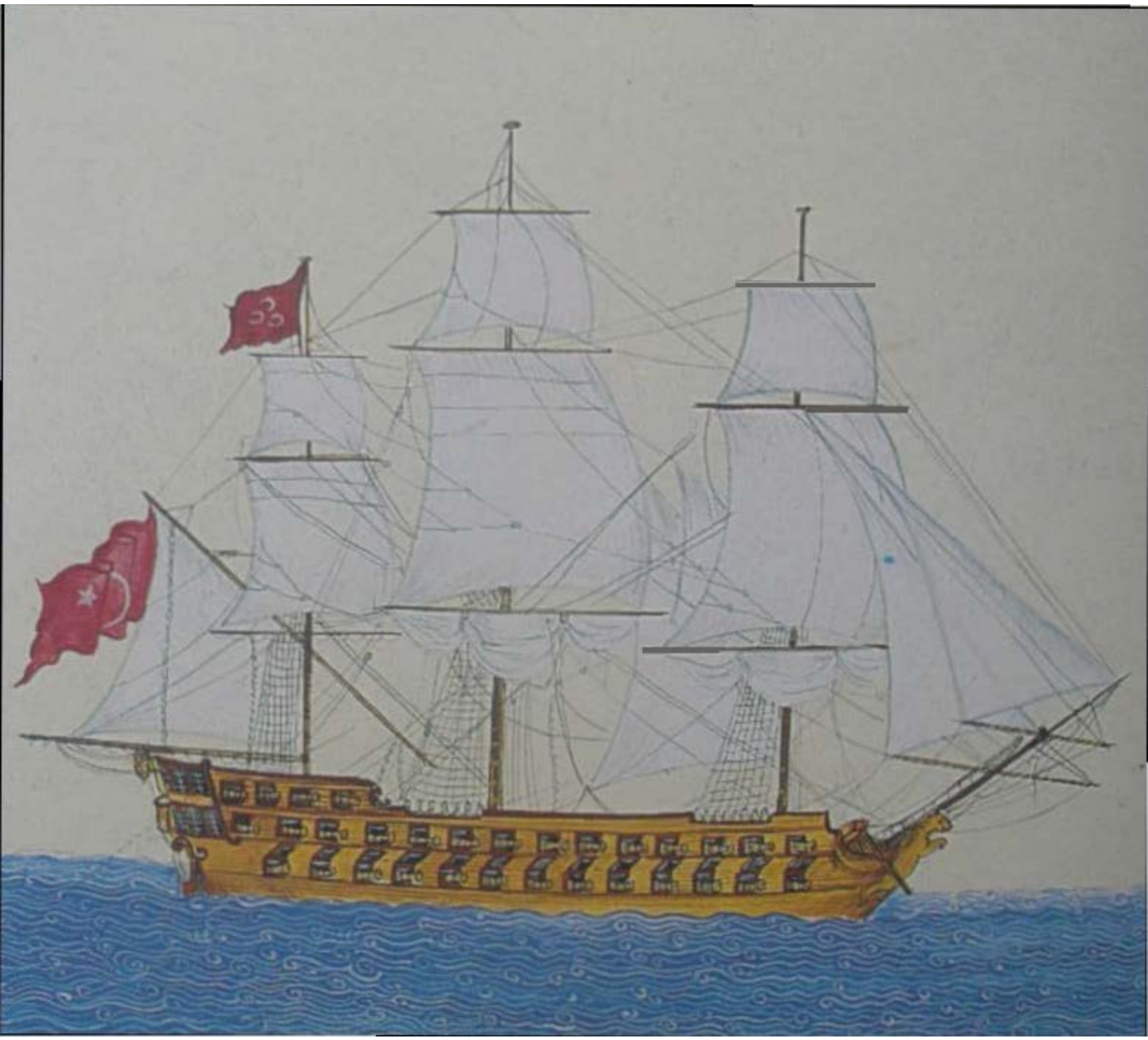
Entrée de Constantinople.

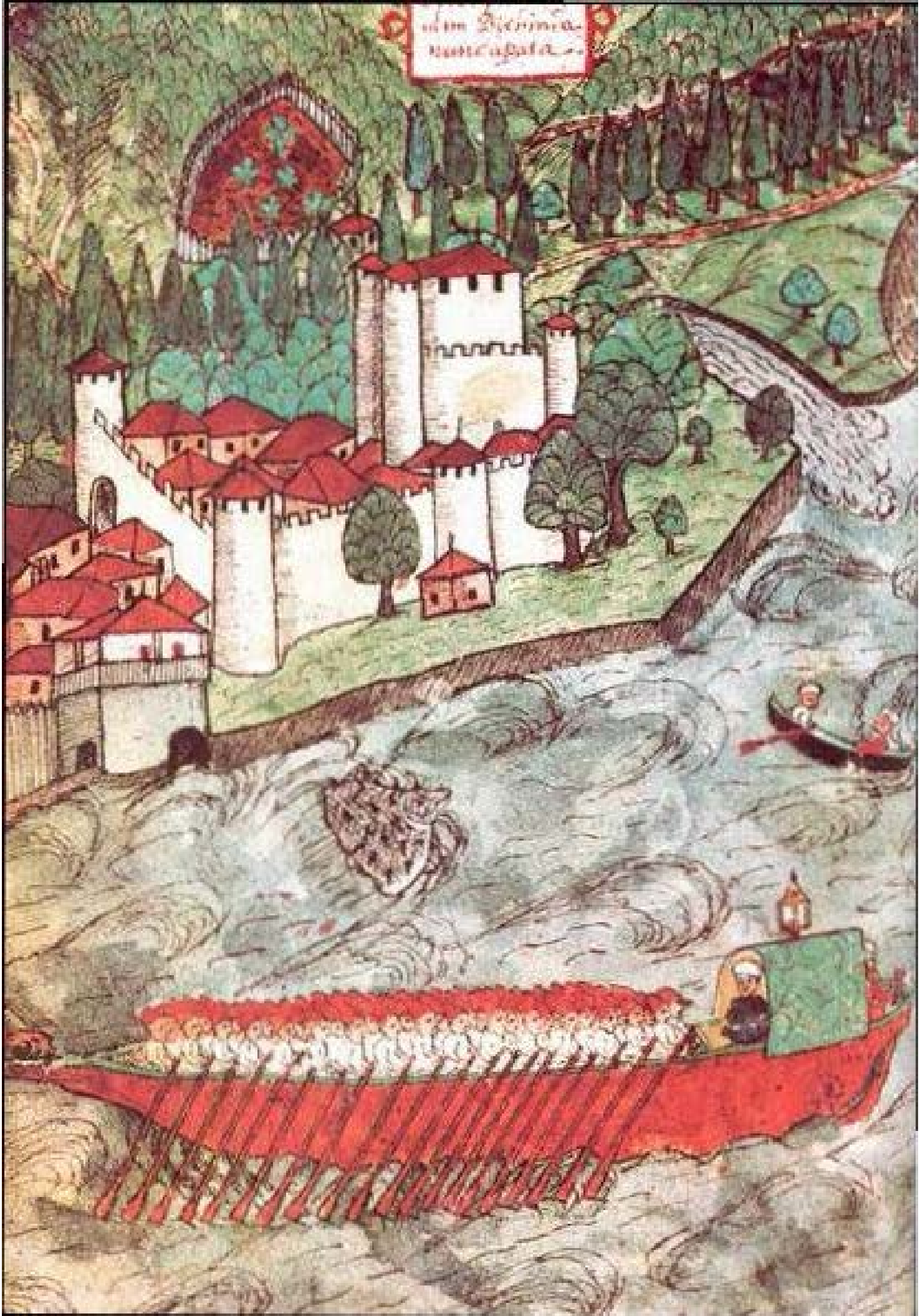


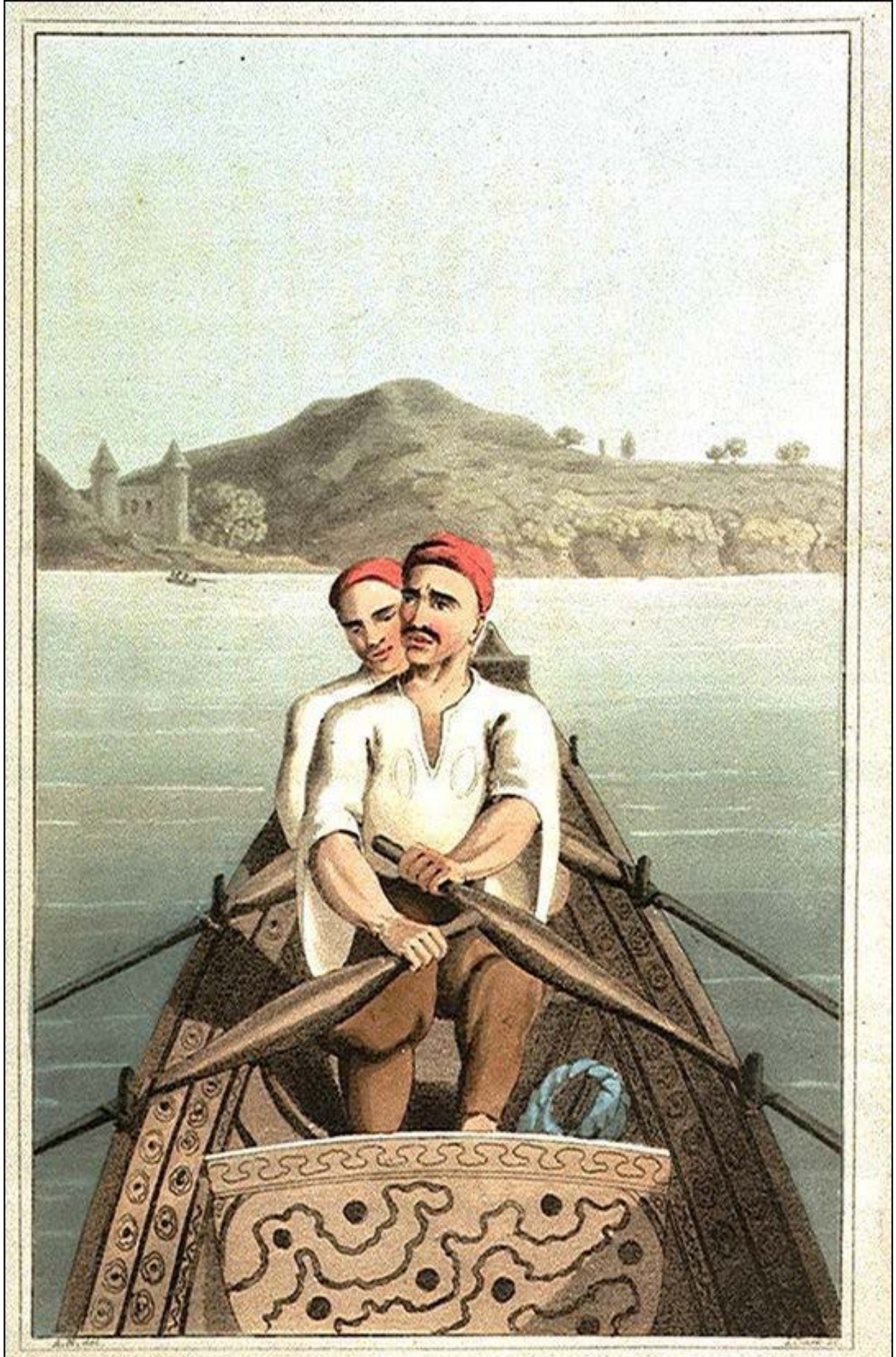

ZIGALA BASSA CAPITANO DEL MARE.
Georgius Wickgram fecit
D. Custodis excud.



FONDIS ESNAF — Janissaire (Gouverneur)
DESPINA — Capitaine
GALEOTOS — Matelot
TOUTOUNDJOUS — Portefaix







Turkish Boatmen.

Published by Mess.rs Longman Hurst Rees Orme & Brown Paternoster Row, 1818.




BRITISH LIBRARY




SALUT
DE
CONSTANTINOPLE
Palais Impérial de Dolma-Bagtché





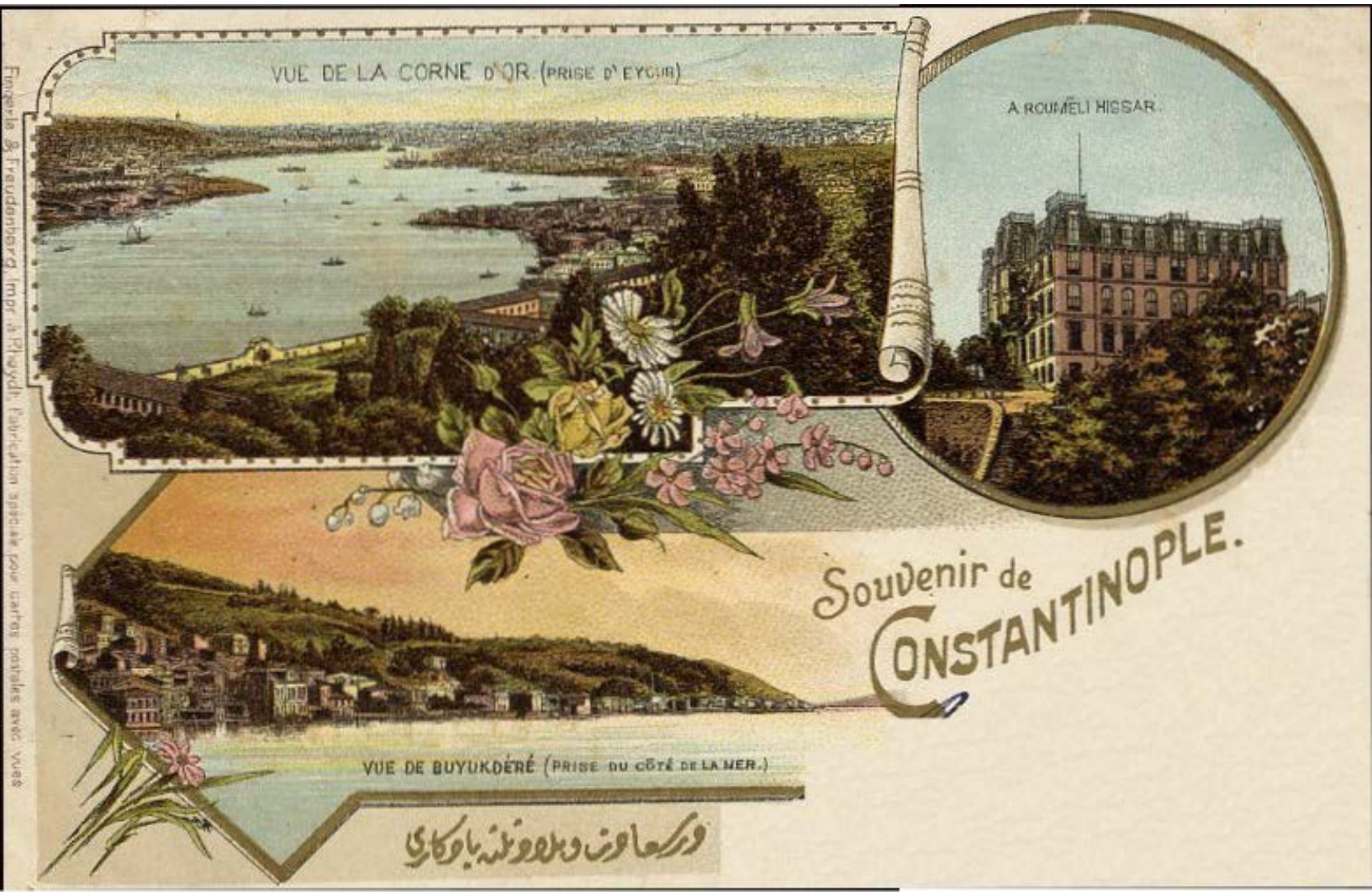

TRAMONTANA
NIZZA
VILLA FRAC
M·D·XLIII
A.V.
MARE LIGVSTICO
MEZZO DI


COSTANTINOPOLI.
PERA
Lamblaga
Arsenale
Serraglio nouo doue habita il gran Turcho.
Qui stano li Turchi a far la guardia a li passaggeri
Isole chiamate Principele quale sono habitate da Turchi.

s et

CONSTANTINOPEL, die größest, mächtigst u. Prächtigste Residenz Stadt des Türck. Kayſers in der Prov. Romanien am Bosph. Thracico gelegen. verlegt von M. SEUTTER, I. R. K. MAJEST. GEOGR. in AUGSP.





Fengerle & Freudenberg, Impr. à Pforzheim. Fabrication spéciale pour cartes postales avec vues



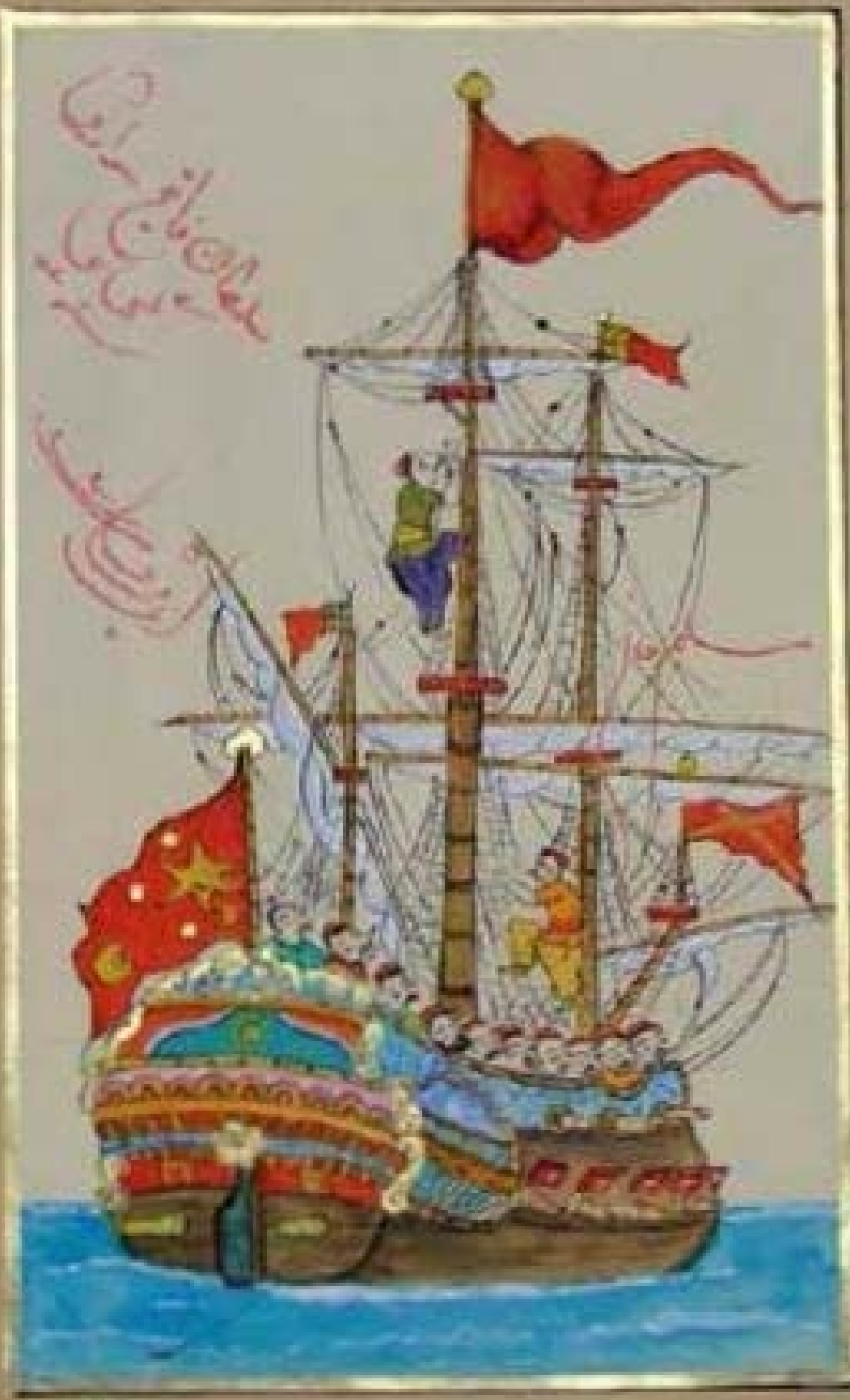
DRESS of the TURKS, with a VIEW of the GRAND SIGNIOR'S SERAGLIO.

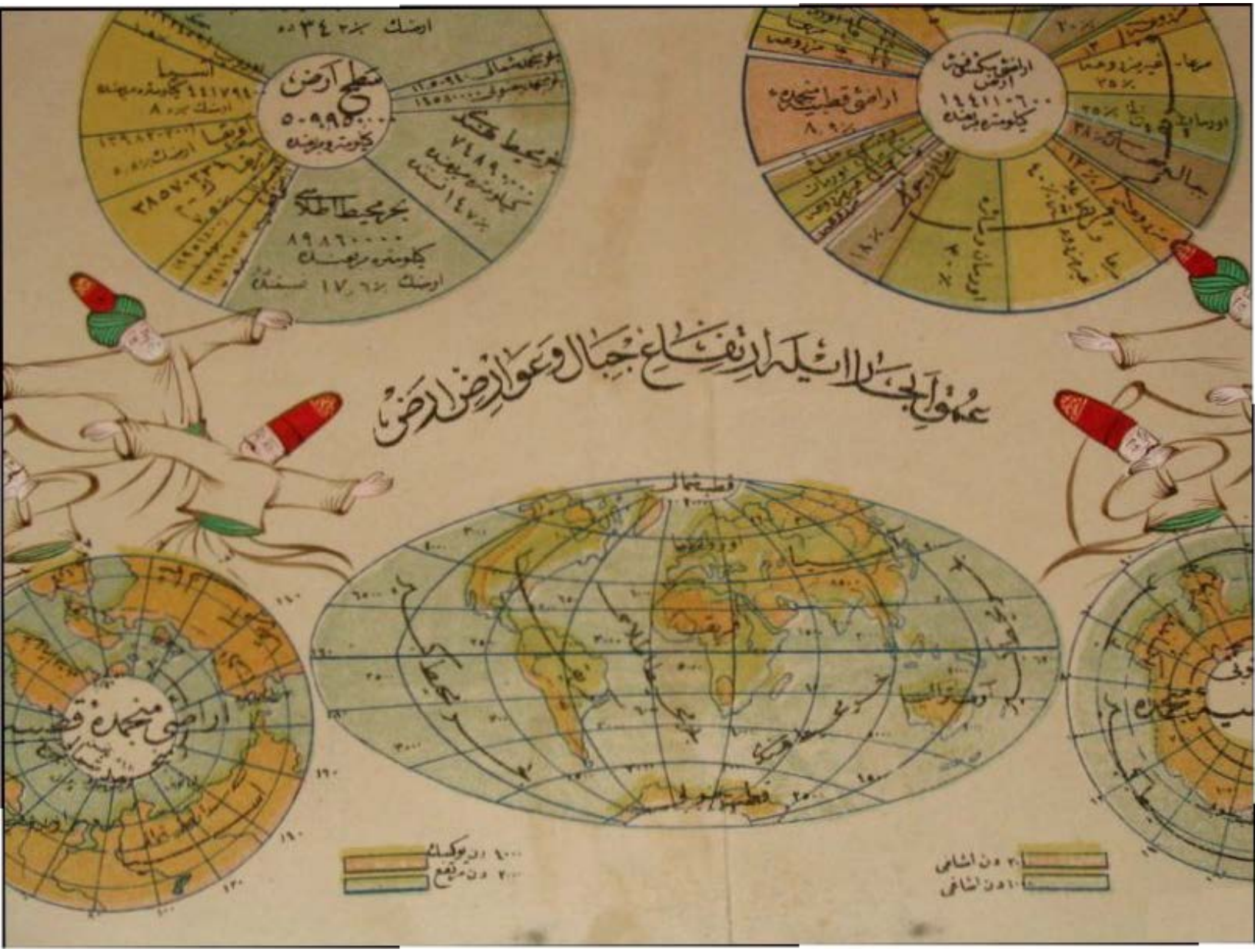
Drawn by W.M. Craig from a Picture in the possession of the late Turkish Ambassador, and Engraved by T. Wallis.

Published as the Act directs by C. Knight & T. Kennaway, Paternoster, July 1808.



VIEW OF THE DARDANELLES.





عمق البحار الشيلة ارتفاع جبال وعوارض ارض








GALLIPOLI

COSTANTINOPOLI



1 Castel nuovo dove tiene il tesoro il gran Turco
2 Porta del castello
3 Santo Andrea
4 Tempio
5 Almaratro
6 Palazo de Costantino imperador
7 Porta costantina
8 Porta da fumo
9 Porta da chimico
10 Case de pescatori
11 Porta della farina
12 Porta delle fascarie
13 Qui si pagano li propri che no
14 Porta del'spie
15 Porta bona della farina
16 Arsenale
17 La galaca
18 Santo Lazaro
19 Stalle da cavalli
20 Patriarchato
21 Teatro
22 Santo pietro
23 Santo Sebastiano
24 Serraglio dove habita el riff
25 Tenhu
26 Santo demitri
27 Santo luca evangelista
28 Santa catterina
29 Colosso di Thesti
30 Colonna storiata
31 Cara do Ghenizzeri
32 Serraglio vecchio
33 Monte de costantino
34 Santo tomaso
35 Santo Sophia
36 Piatta colonna
37 Palazzo rotondo de costantino
38 Colonna serpentina
39 Un mazzo de formenti
40 Moschea
41 Isole dette principe habitate da turchi
42 Turchia
43 Santa helena
44 Santo galatani
45 Chiarabude cinatroni l'armata
46 Dove sta la maggior parte de
47 Sepulture a cerci
48 Porta de S.t antonio
49 Porta comega
50 Porta S.t chiara
51 Porta dalle bombarde
52 Porta a acqua dolce
53 Bombarde de pera
54 Ville de genoisi
55 Santo Salvarando
56 Sepulture de Turchi
57 Vigne de pera

In Venetia all'Insegno della Fede
L'Anno M.D.LXVI.

THE TVRKISH EMPIRE.





Veduta antiquissima della città
cità nella provincia di Albania
posta sopra il mare Adriatico lon-
tan dal Turcho, loco assai forte non
molto lontano dalla Vallona verso Le-

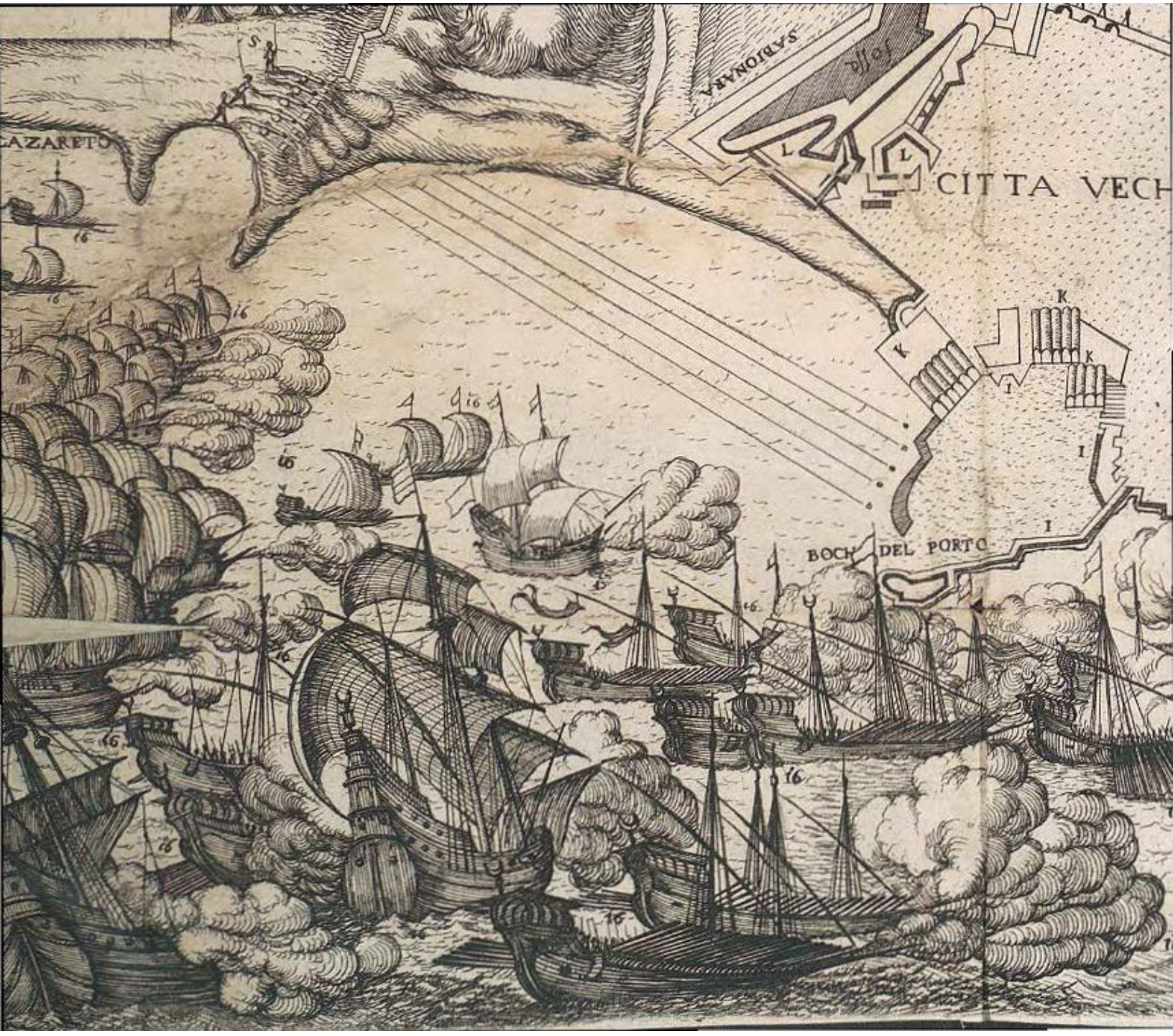
M D L X X I

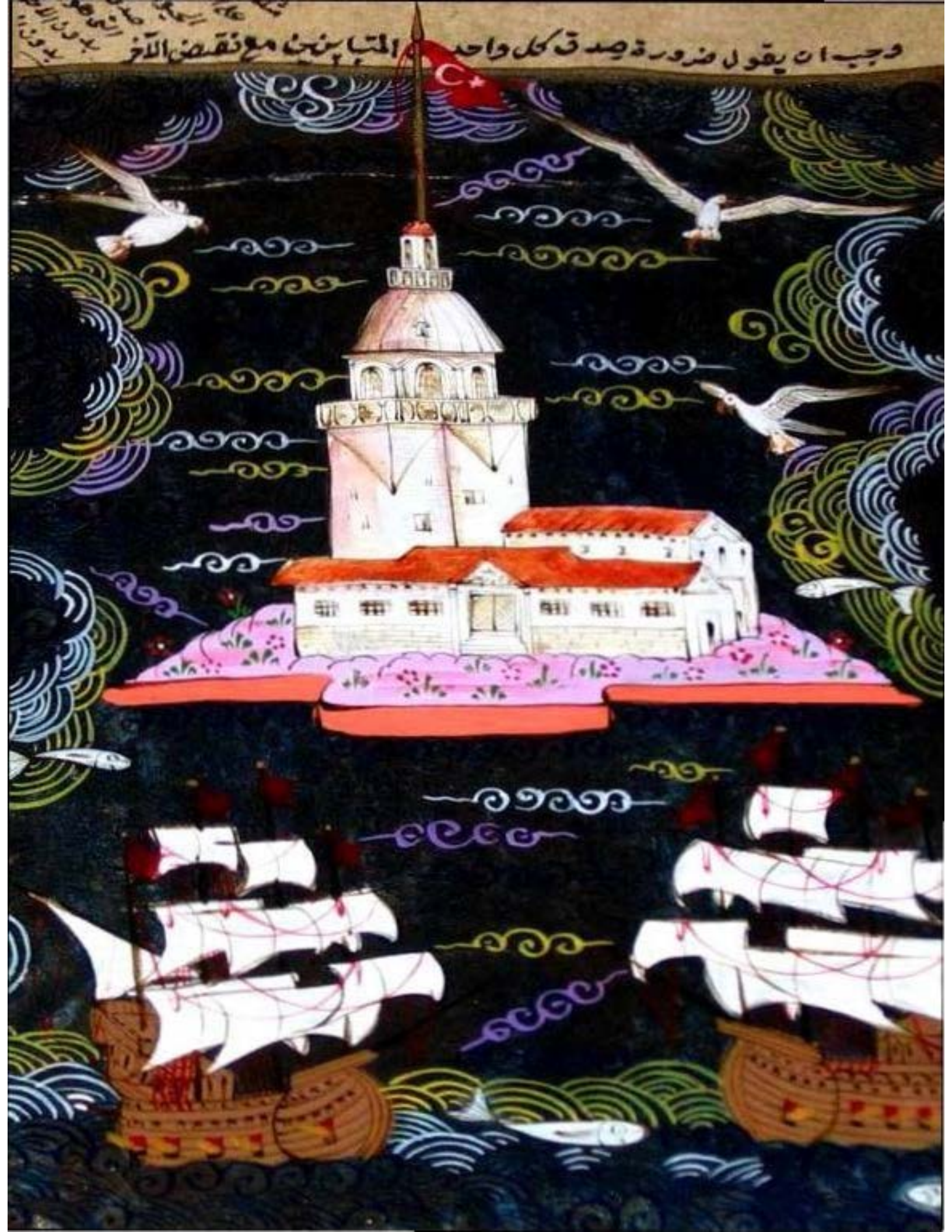


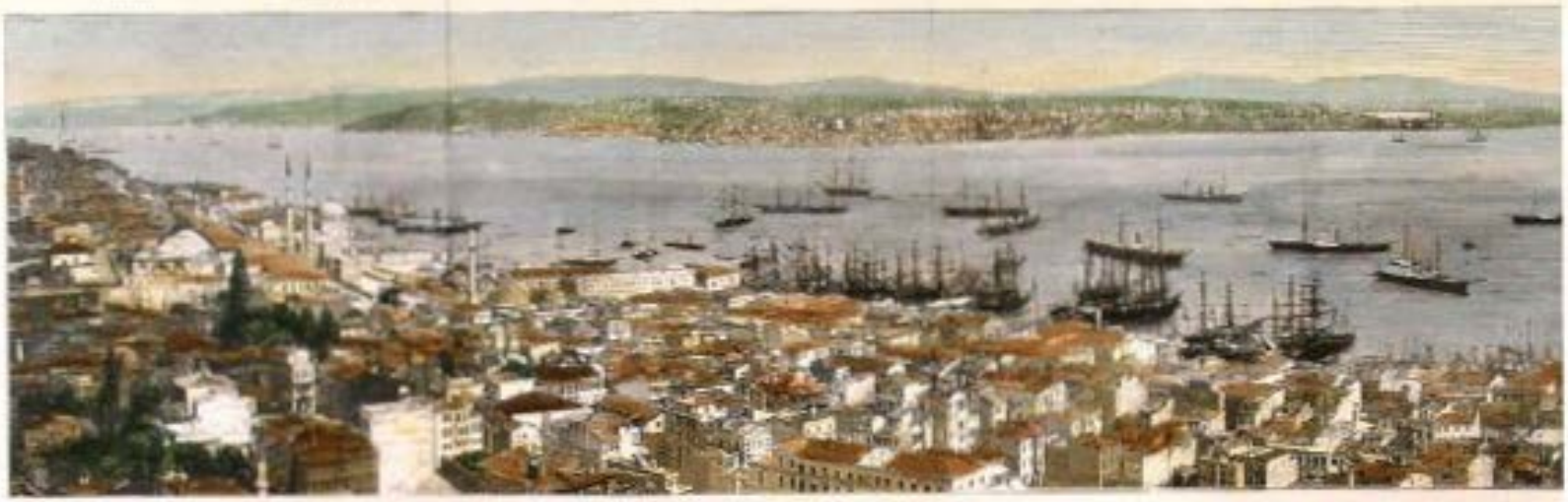




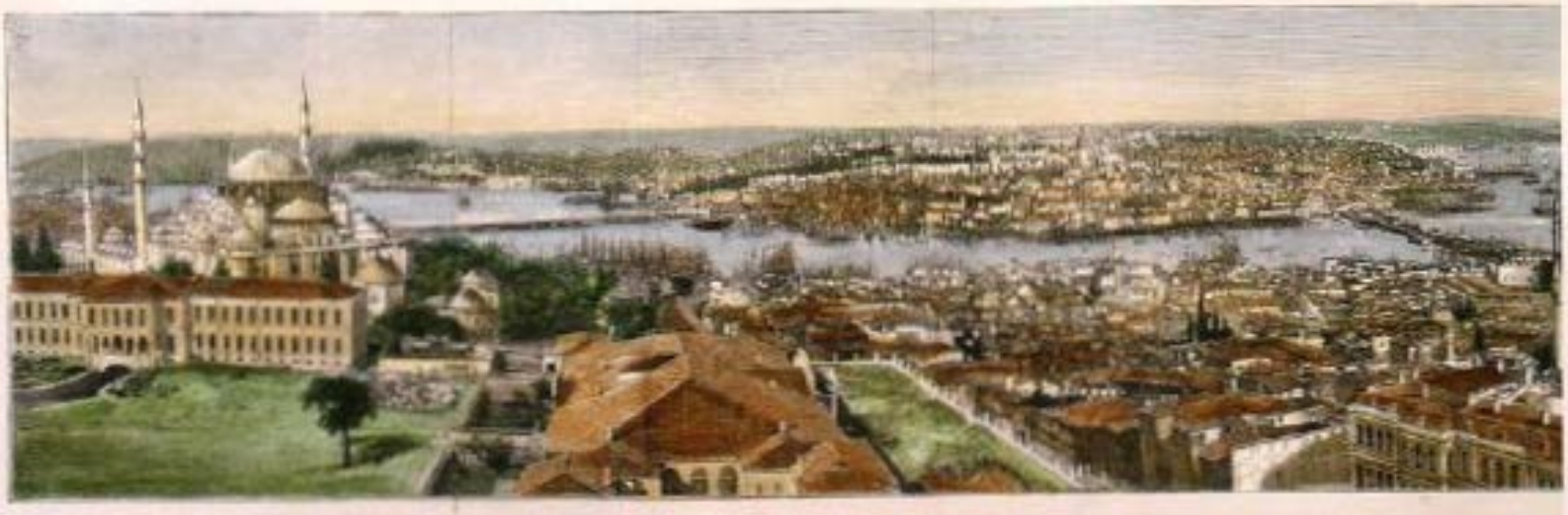



LAZARETO
SABIONARA
CITTA VECH
BOCH DEL PORTO


وجب ان يقول ضرورة صدق كل واحد المتباينين مع نقض الآخر



CONSTANTINOPLE AND THE MOUT



CONSTANTINOPLE FROM STAMB



Capitan Pacha, ou grand Amiral de l'Empire





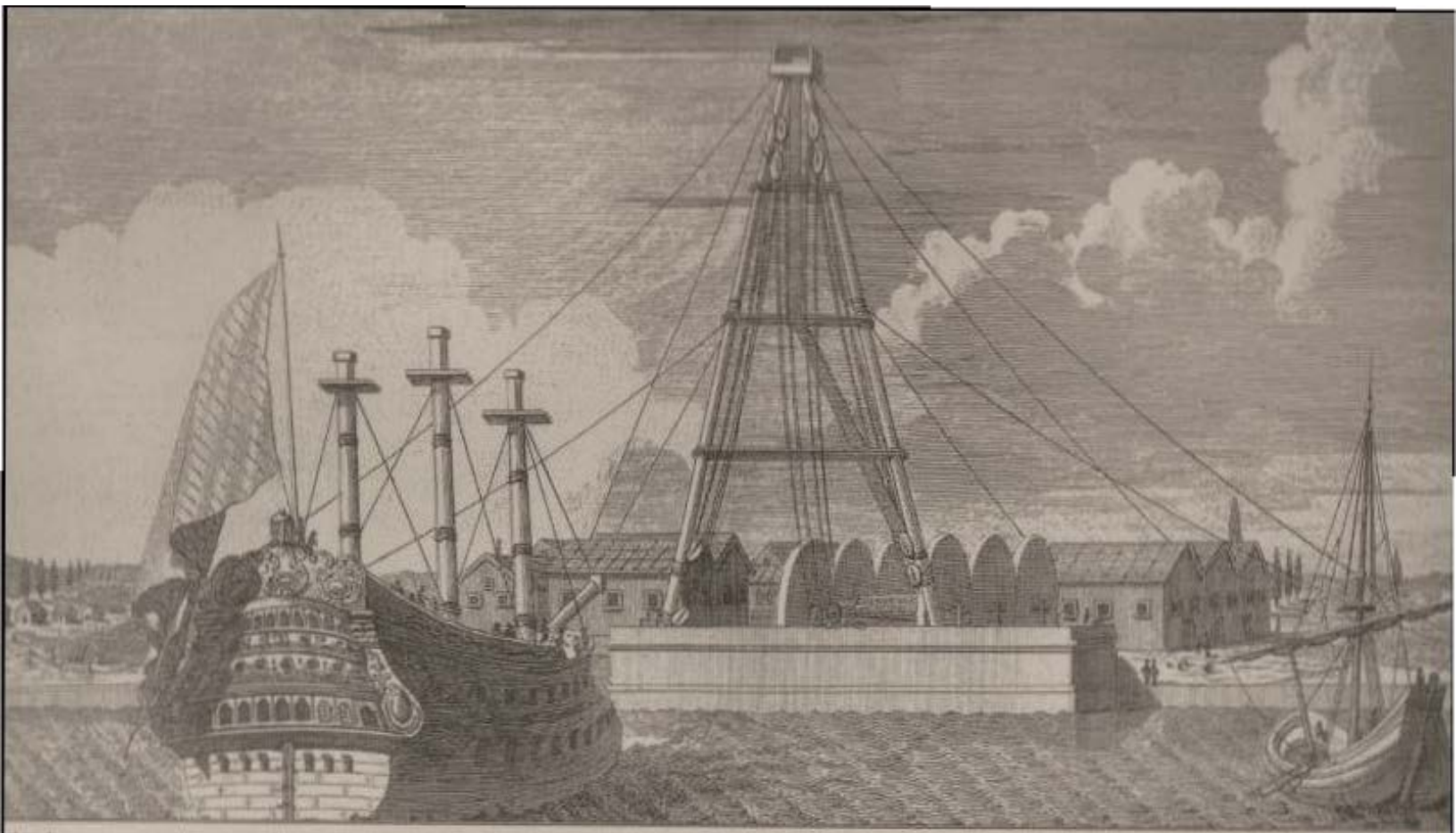

Simpe
Constantinopla
Chio
Atenas
Rodas
Chipre
Candia
Beirut
Tiro
Acre
Jaffa
Alejandria



WATERMEN OF THE BOSPHORUS



EGYPTIAN AND TURKISH FLEET AT ALEXANDRIA.



The Topkane Dockyard

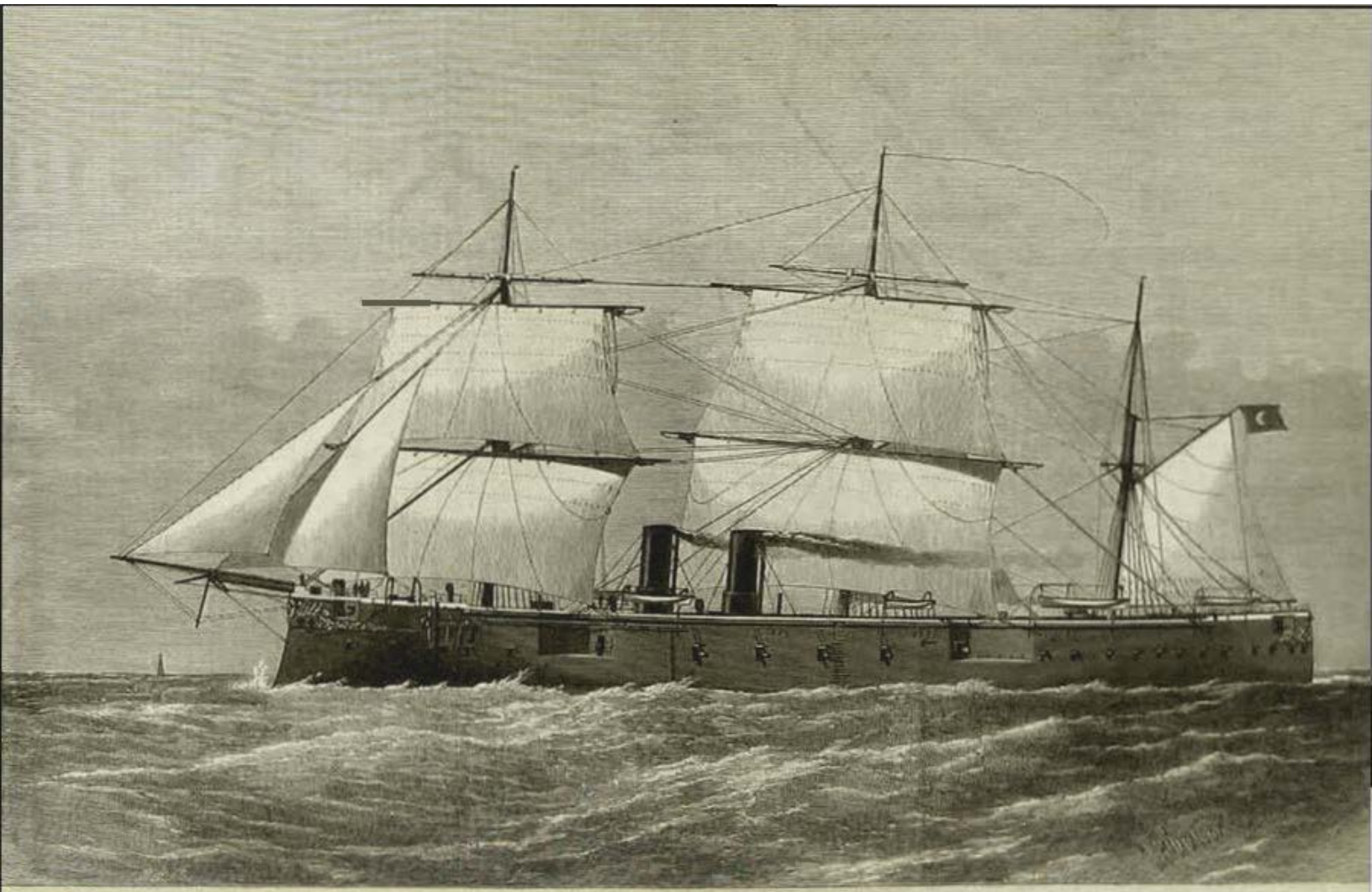
في الحديث فعالل جمع فعل بمعنى فاعل قياس مطرد كفرح وكرام ونحوهما (والمصاد) تكسير القاضي واصله قضيد بوزن فعلة بضم فتح لتأتيه بحركة الياء وفتح ما قبلها فقلبت الفا كما في المواهب (البوصيلي) اي بعده لمن ذكر (الى هنا يا الجراعي) الصالحي بما مر في مقابلة ذلك (او انحطاط على الناس) بالغروب من الظلمة ( ) اي الناس بجاه الخرب هو قبيح (ومحوه ذلك) من الامراض اي نحو وجه شرعا (والدم المذموم ما كثر داخل في الكعب) لعدم مطابقته الواقع (او الجبة والحبر او الدر) في الثلاثة من الاقصاء (وما لا يدخل) تحته شيء بينهما (ذو الصمام قرطا) او اناء الكبر والرفعة اما التأديب امته على امته الصمة واصلاح الطعام فيصور • اخرج الشيخان المرفوعة بلفظ (خم) (من ابي هريرة رضي الله تعالى عنه قال ما علمت رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم خدما) اي ما ذكر في خدمة حيا لانه اما صمة الخلق ولا يكون خلق فيها اصلا او ملابس لعمل المخلوق وفي تعبيره كمسه طرفه وهو عليه السلام جابر لا كاسر واكد العموم باستغراق الاوقات الماضية بقوله (قط) وهو طلع الفاء وضمها (قط الشهاء) اي اجده الاكل المعتاد منه من غير شره ولا اكثار (وان كرهه) لعدم الشهاء له (ركب) اي الخيل ونحوها (وكذا) (دم البراغيث) او ما يلبس (والدابة) اي ﴿٣٠﴾ ما ركب عليه من ذوات الاربع (والسكين)



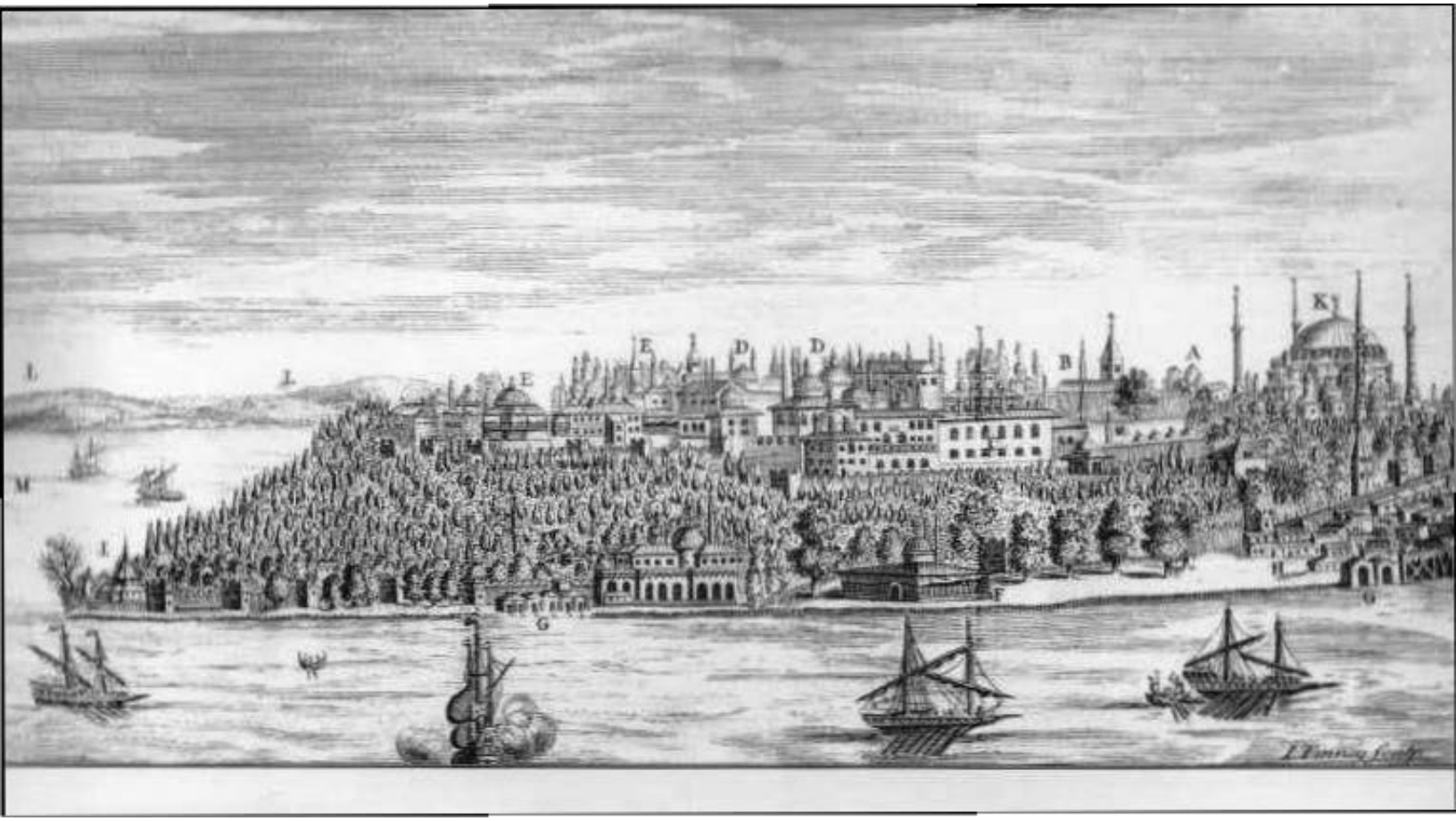
اي محل السكين (ونحوها وكل هذه داخل في الكبر) ضرورة لا ساجدا على عدا القدم قدميه آلة مستقلة فلذا لم يعده المصنف كما في الحاشية والثالث من السنة المعقود لها الجمعة (الشعر) هو كلام مقفى موزون على قصد (وهو جائز داخل الكذب والزور وغيره مما لا يجوز غيره) من المحرم وما في معناه واما غير الكاذب فيجوز لان النبي عليه السلام قد كان ينشد الاشعار في مجلسهم بل يدعو في المسجد وهو يسمع ولا ينكر وعليه عمل الامة من (ذكر الفتى) كالشيب (وقبح بعين من امرأة او امرد او مدح الخمر (و) من ذكر (الخنى وهو) من (آلات المدح) المذكورة آنفا (و) من (الاكثار منه) وعدا الطلق (و) من (التعرد له) عند اهله اي الى ان يشغله عن بعض الواجبات والسنن) فانه من هذا كله ابيح واما خلو الحديث الشعر كلام حسنه حسن وقبيحه قبيح • روى مسلم عن الشريد بن سويد الثقفي قال ردفت النبي صلى الله تعالى عليه وسلم يوما فقال هل معك شيء امية بن ابي الصلت قلت نعم عليه السلام هيه فانشدته بيتا فقال هيه ثم انشدته حتى انشدته مائة بيت قوله هيه بكسر الهاءين وبإسكانة بينهما كلمة يقال عند الاستزادة من الحديث وفيه استحسان النبي عليه السلام شعر امية لما فيه من الاقرار بالواحدانية والبعث وفيه جواز شعر فيه سواء كان اسلاميا او جاهليا ذكره ابن الملقن في شرح المشارق والترمذي عن جابر بن سمرة انه قال جالست النبي صلى الله تعالى عليه وسلم اكثر من مائة مرة وكان اصحابه ينشدون الشعر ويتناشدون اشياء من امر الجاهلية وهو ساكت وربما يتبسم معهم البخاري وابو داود والترمذي عن عائشة قالت كان رسول الله سليمان بن ثابت متبرا في الحديث

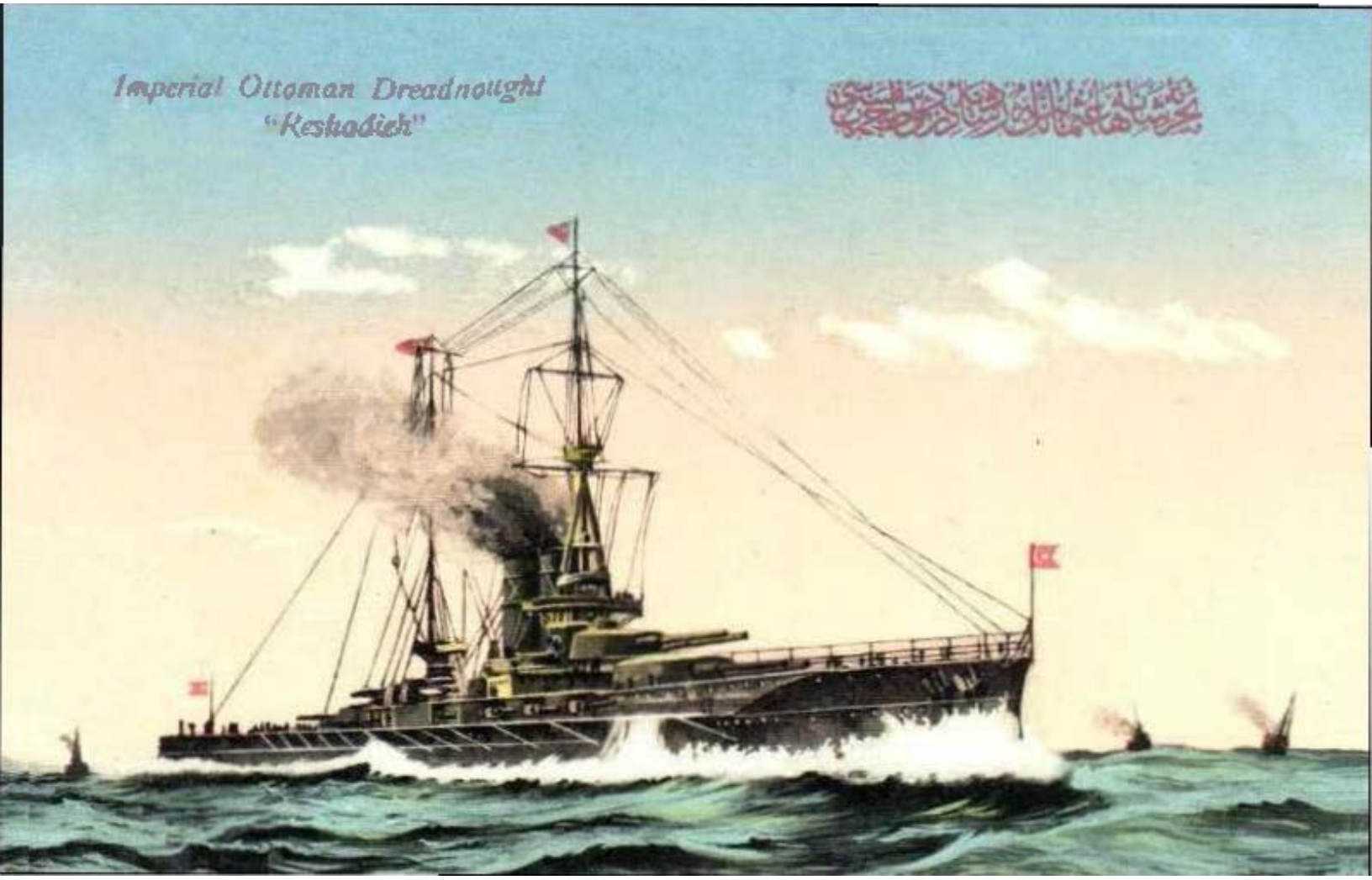


The Tophane Dockyard



THE NEW TURKISH WAR-SHIP MEHDOUHIÉ.


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Imperial Ottoman Dreadnought
"Reshadieh"

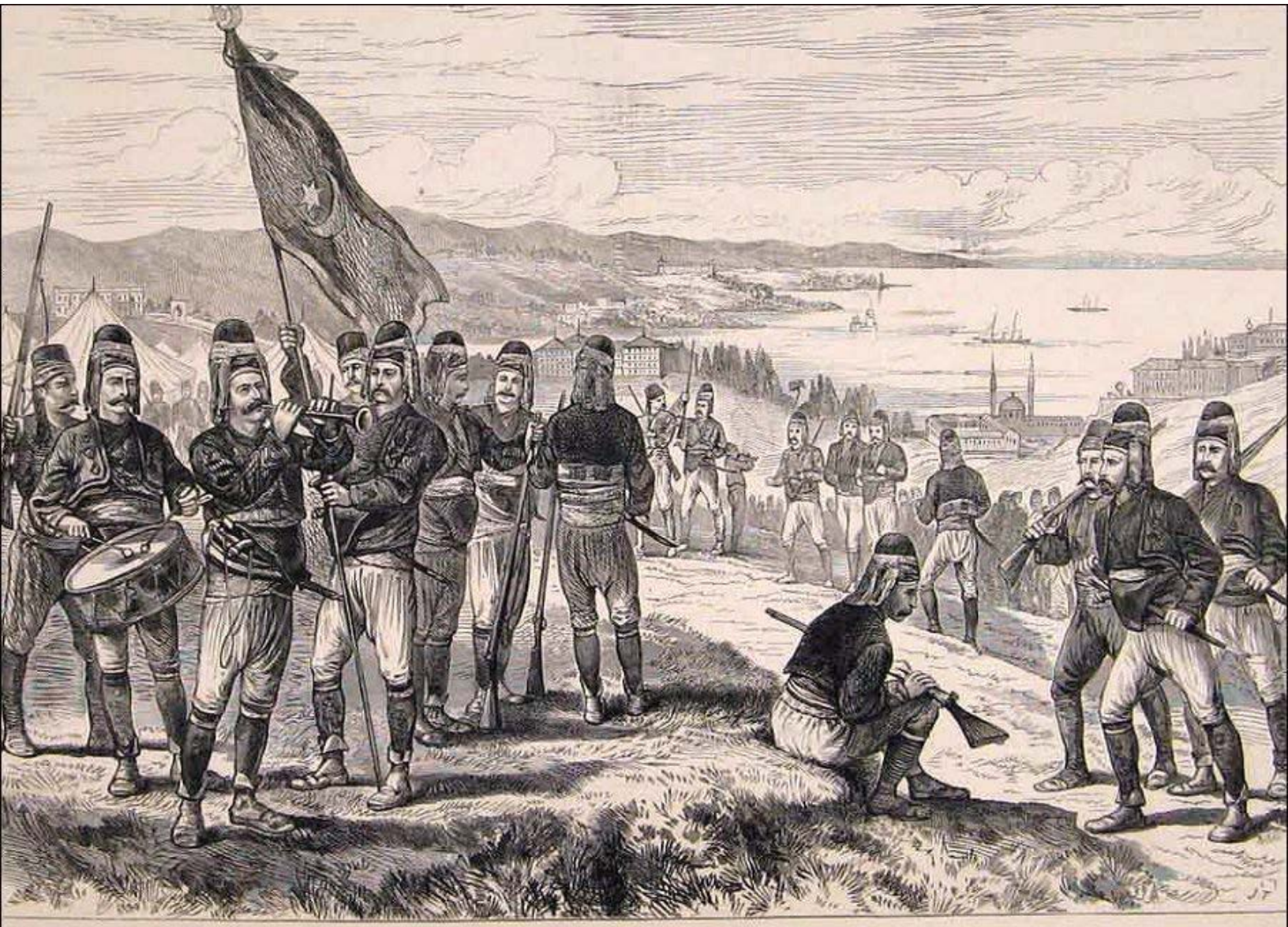


VIEW OF CONSTANTINOPLE, SHOWING THE TURKISH ADMIRALTY BUILDINGS, WHERE THE CONFERENCE IS BEING HELD.

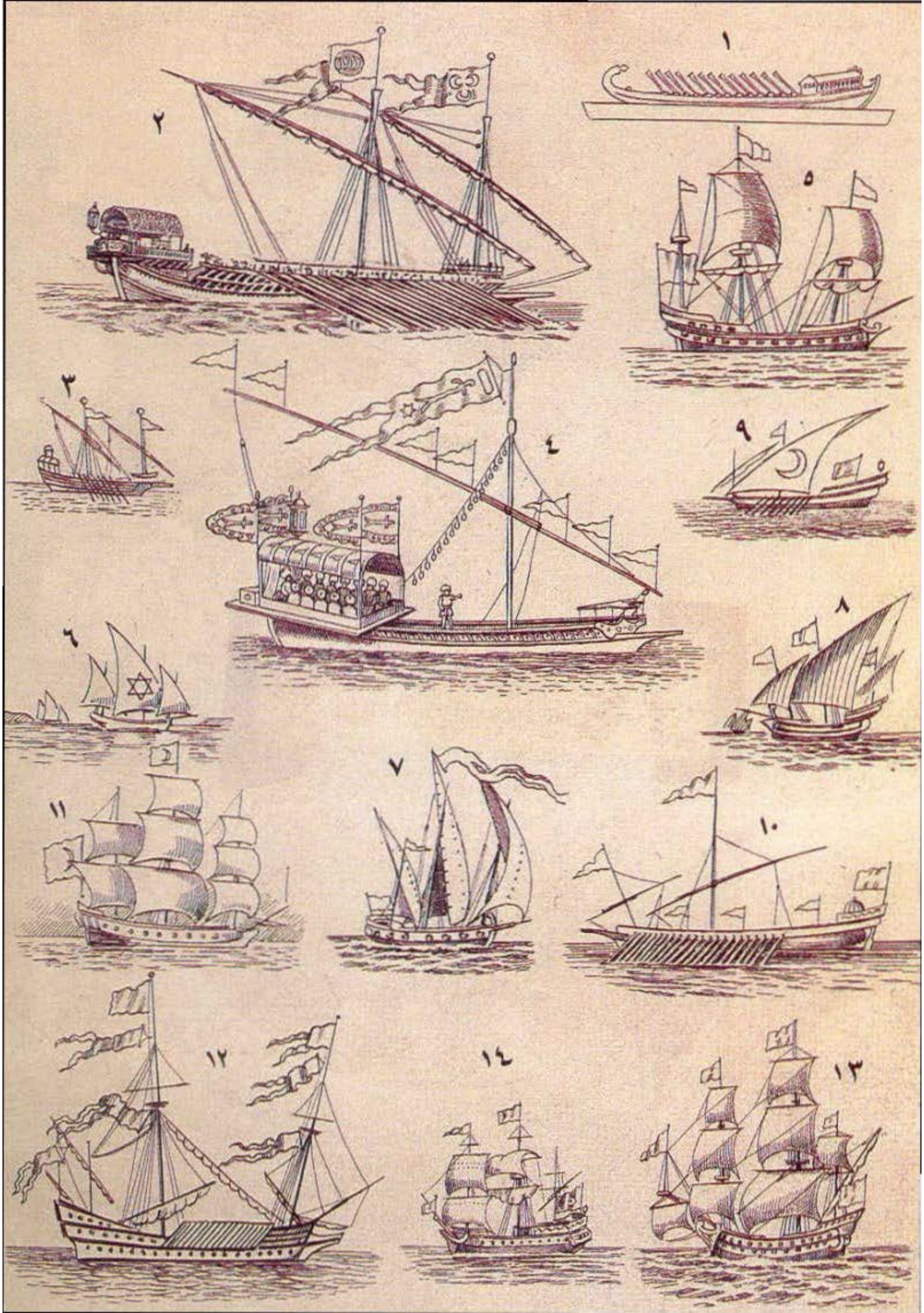
THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, JULY 28, 1877.—29



CASTLE IN THE ISLAND OF TORTOSA.



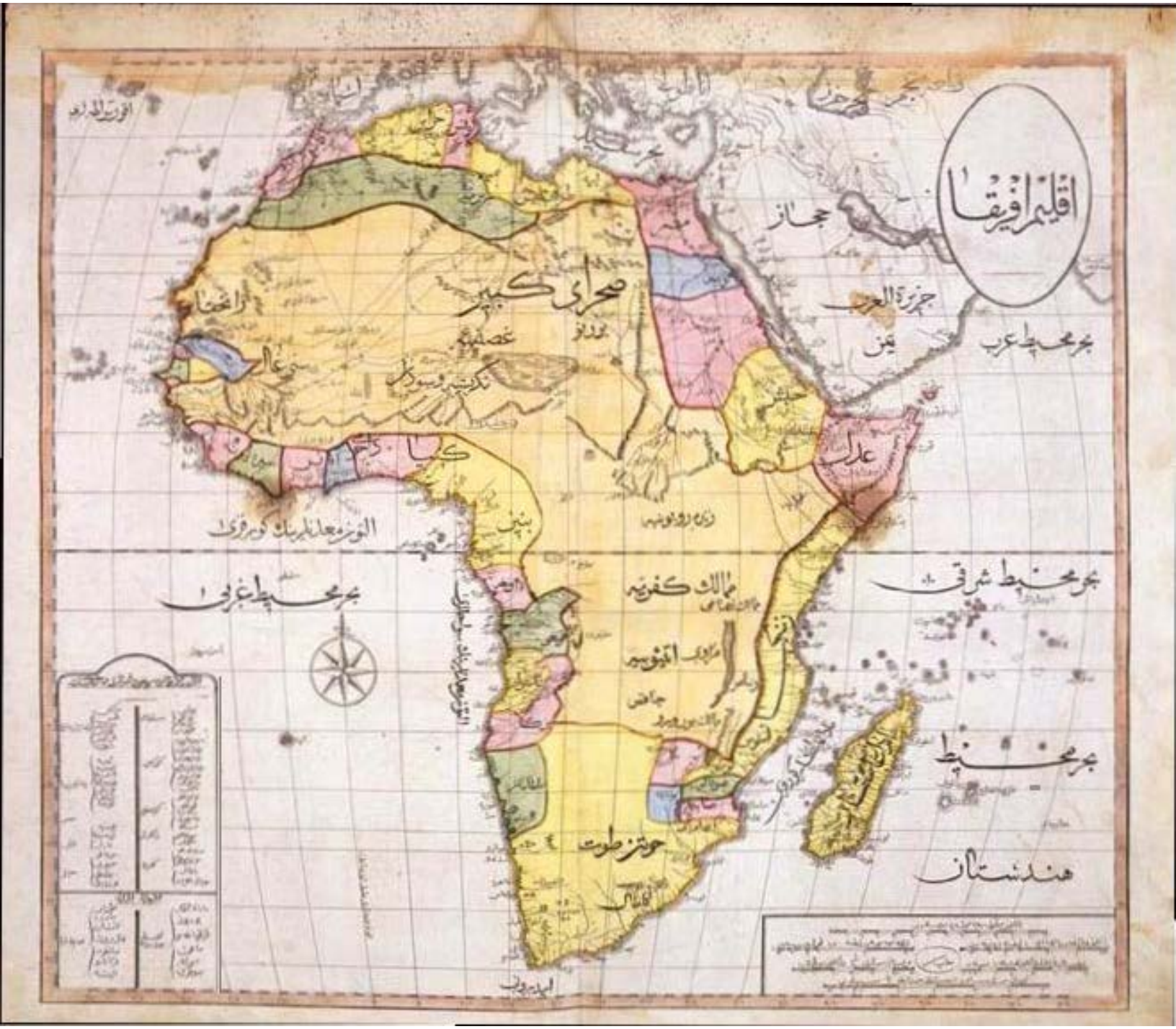
THE WAR: SOLDIERS' CAMP AT CONSTANTINOPLE—CALL TO ARMS.


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ذکر کرده و وی در دکن ده شهر و سه ولایت اصلی اسلام یعنی اورنگ
آباد و بیجاپور و گولکنده را بکی از رکنای اساسی و جهانبانه و سهم و تحریر او انجامیده




اقليم افريقا
صحراى كبير
حجاز
جزيرة العرب
يمن
بحر محيط عرب
بحر محيط شرقى
بحر محيط غربى
بحر محيط
هندستان
عدل
حبش
بنين
حوتز طوت
ممالك كفريه
مراوك اتيوبيه
نكريتيه وسودان
بحر محيط غربى





یعنی انوک قولنی ایشتمایلر قولنه کوره هم اشی اتمایلر

THE TURKISH FLEET AT ANCHOR IN THE BOSPHORUS—SKETCHED FROM A HILL NEAR BUYUKDERE—THE BLACK SEA IN THE DISTANCE.

Meantime, Mehemet Ali had been induced to withdraw his forces from Asia Minor (June, 1833), and a temporary calm was secured. But still, notwithstanding the indefatigable exertions of the Ministers of the Western Powers, the Egyptian question was not settled. Armaments were kept up both in Turkey and Egypt; and the Porte, in particular, commenced the construction of a formidable fleet, destined, it was apprehended, to coerce his rebellious vassal. At length Mehemet Ali (who had gradually increased his pretensions upon every occasion of treaty) threw off his allegiance altogether, by a note addressed (June, 1838) to the Consuls of England, France, Austria, and Prussia at Cairo, in which he declared that he would, henceforth, not pay any tribute whatever to the Porte, and that he considered himself the hereditary Sovereign of Egypt, Arabia, and Syria. It was not, however, till the following year that the renewal of hostilities, so long threatened, actually took place; the initiative being taken by the Ottoman Government, but with signal ill-success. In June, the troops of Ibrahim Pacha, which had hitherto maintained a defensive attitude, attacked and completely routed the Ottoman forces at Nezib. The news of this defeat arrived at Constantinople on the 4th of July; but Sultan Mahmoud was spared the pain of hearing it; a week previously he had ceased to breathe, having died suddenly in the night of an internal disease, the symptoms of which he had concealed from his physicians, lest they would make it a ground for restricting his personal attention to affairs of state.

The disaster of Nezib was, a few days afterwards, followed up by an extraordinary act of treason on the part of the Capitan Pacha, who in command of the fleet, which the late Sultan had long at each successive point to collect, instead of using it against the enemy as he had been instructed, actually sailed into the port of Alexandria (14th July), and placed the ships at the disposal of Mehemet Ali. The latter sent immediately to Constantinople, to declare that he would not give up the fleet, which had so fallen into his hands, until he was acknowledged as hereditary sovereign of the states which he ruled. This event, however, belongs more properly to the reign of the present Sultan, Abdul-Medjid; before proceeding to treat of which, we propose to make some observations upon the character and domestic policy of the deceased monarch.



CASTLE OF THE SEVEN TOWERS, CONSTANTINOPLE.

MAHMOUD—HIS REFORMS.

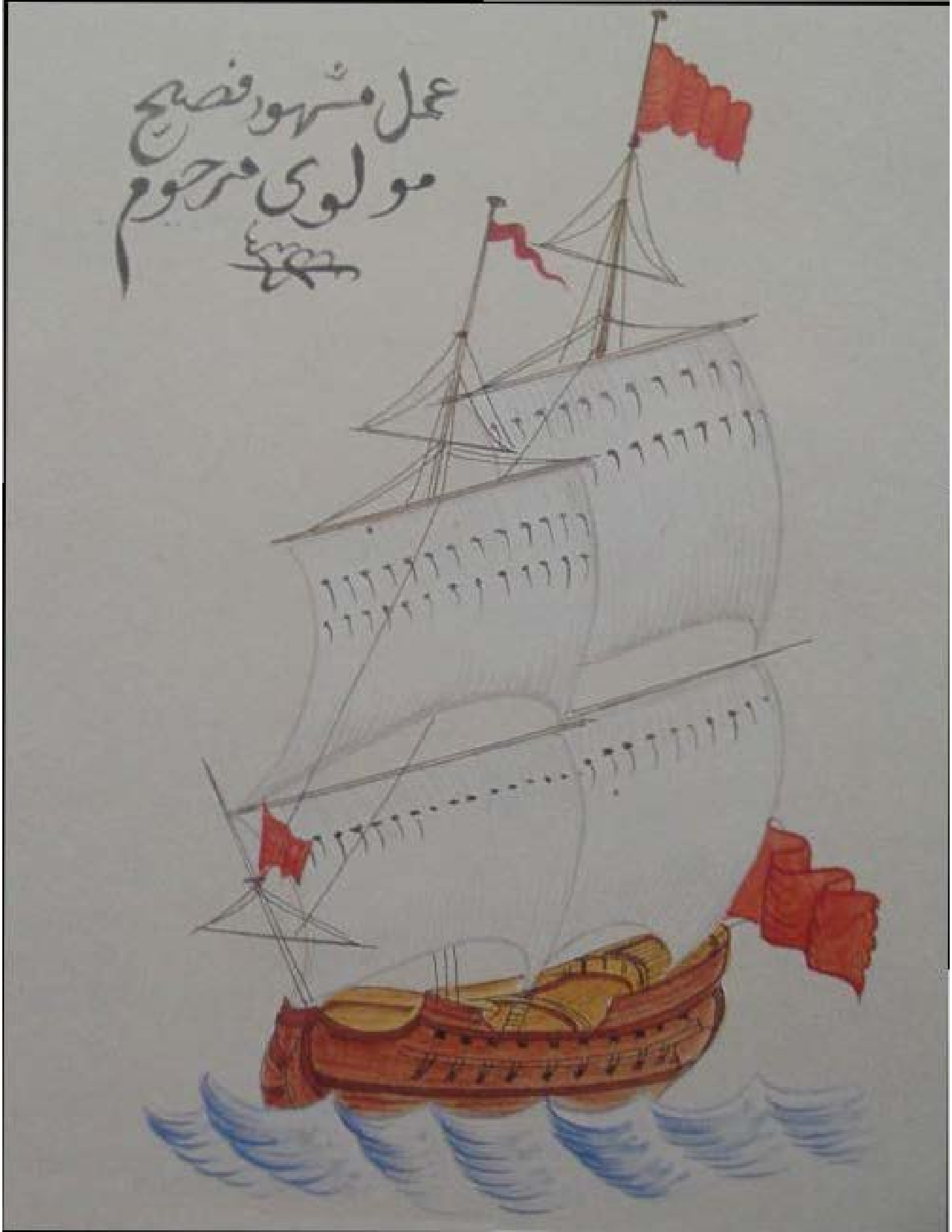
Mahmoud II. was a reformer, worthy to be classed at least upon an equal footing with Peter the Great, who, by a little more than a century his predecessor, endeavoured to assimilate his rude subjects with the civilised nations of Western Europe, and to consolidate the Imperial power in the place of rival intestine factions. But the Turkish Monarch had a more difficult task to perform than the Russian—he had to contend against religious fanaticism, which rendered it repugnant to his subjects in any way to imitate or associate with the people of the rest of Europe. It has been suggested by some writers, that if he had proceeded more gradually, and in a conciliatory manner, in his reforms, he might perhaps have been more successful with them. But this is much to be doubted. There is a certain point of fanaticism and moral degradation, where the ingenious and most persuasive arguments are utterly unavailing, where coercion is absolutely necessary as a preliminary to persuasion. Mahmoud has been charged with unnecessary cruelty. Undoubtedly, his reign was one of the most blood-stained in history; but we do not think he took pleasure in acts of cruelty, or adopted a single measure of severity which he did not consider to be essential to the attainment of that order of things which would ensure peace for the future. And certainly it is a fact, which we remark with satisfaction, that when he died he left an inheritance to his son which, during fifteen years since elapsed, it has been possible to govern almost without recourse to the sword. Not only have there been no revolutions during this comparatively happy period, but capital punishm[illegible] have been virtually abolished. It now remains to mention some of the principal measures of reform adopted or attempted by the remarkable man of whose reign we have [illegible] been treating.

The substitution of a regular army, under proper discipline, in the enlightened and forbearing manner, in his reforms, he might perhaps have been more successful with them. But this is much to be doubted. There is a certain point of fanaticism and moral degradation, where the ingenious and most persuasive arguments are utterly unavailing, where coercion is absolutely necessary as a preliminary to persuasion. Mahmoud has been charged with unnecessary cruelty. Undoubtedly, his reign was one of the most blood-stained in history; but we do not think he took pleasure in acts of cruelty, or adopted a single measure of severity which he did not consider to be essential to the attainment of that order of things which would ensure peace for the future. And certainly it is a fact, which we remark with satisfaction, that when he died he left an inheritance to his son which, during fifteen years since elapsed, it has been possible to govern almost without recourse to the sword. Not only have there been no revolutions during this comparatively happy period, but capital punishm[illegible] have been virtually abolished. It now remains to mention some of the principal measures of reform adopted or attempted by the remarkable man of whose reign we have [illegible] been treating.

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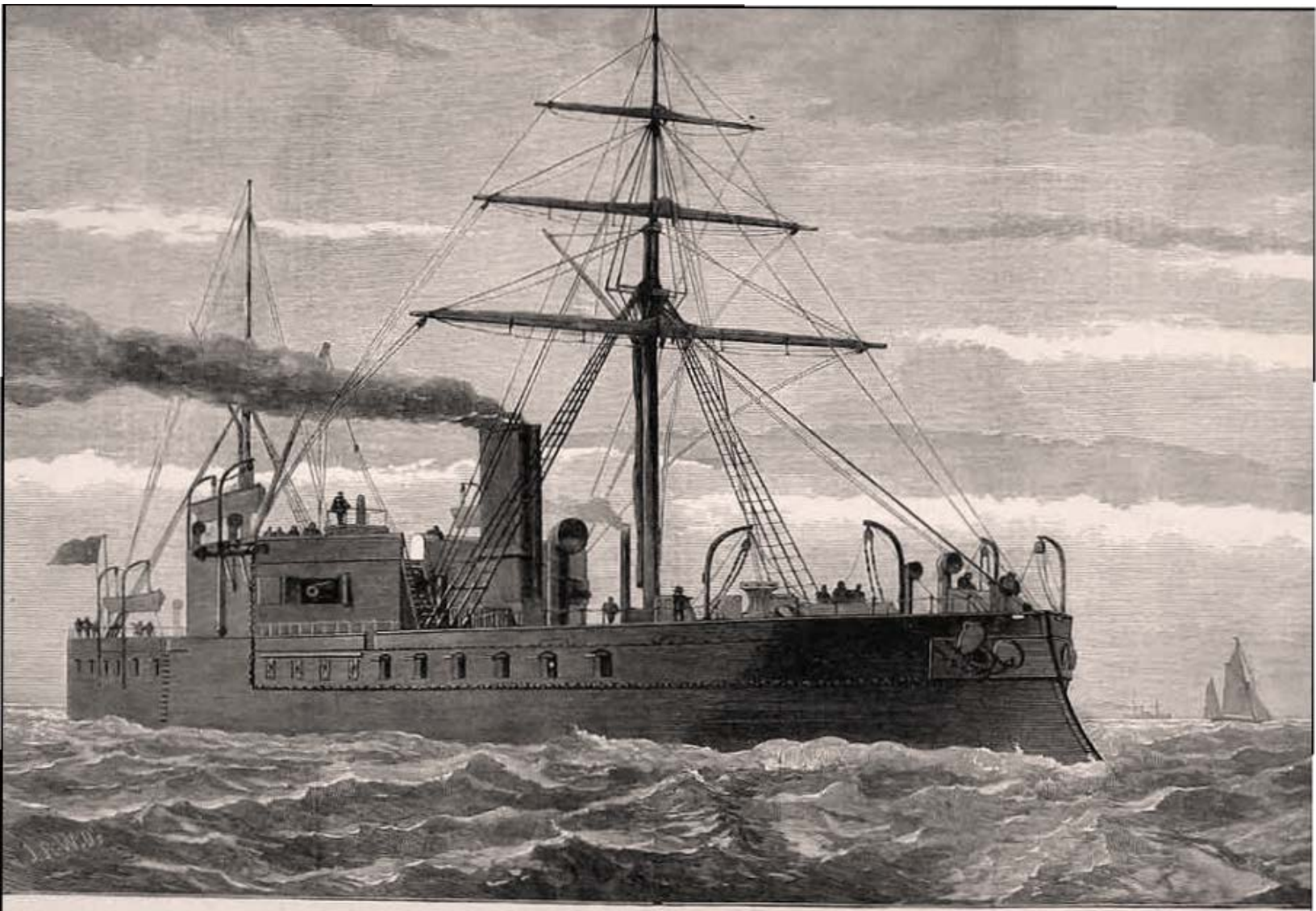
عمل مشہور فصیح
مولوی مرحوم







THE TURKISH IRONCLAD HAMIDIEH.



THE NEW TURKISH IRONCLAD FATSH SHEREEF





F. Danby A.R.A. Pinxt. J.T. Willmore A.R.A. Sculpt.

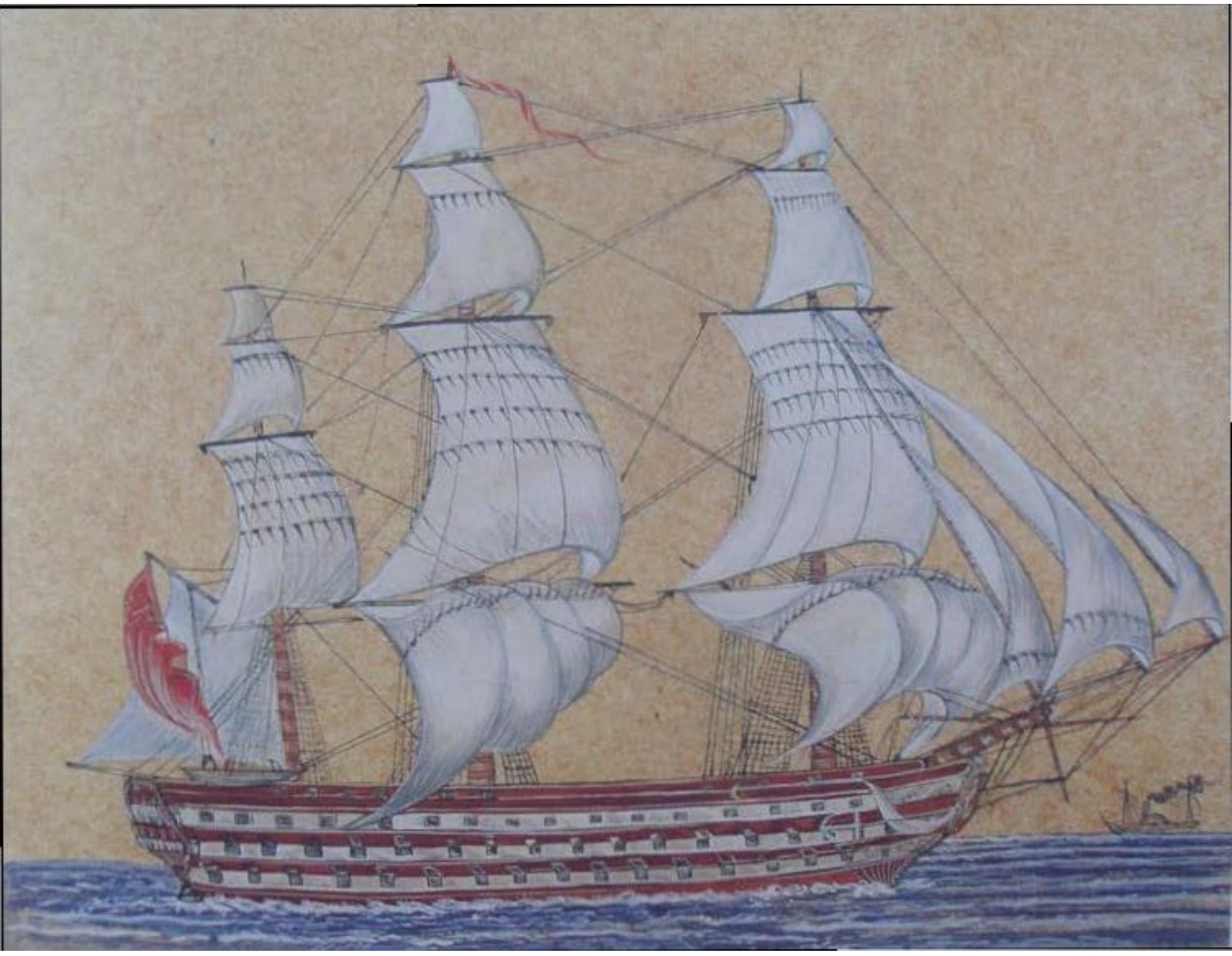
Gate of the Temple Constantinople

London Published

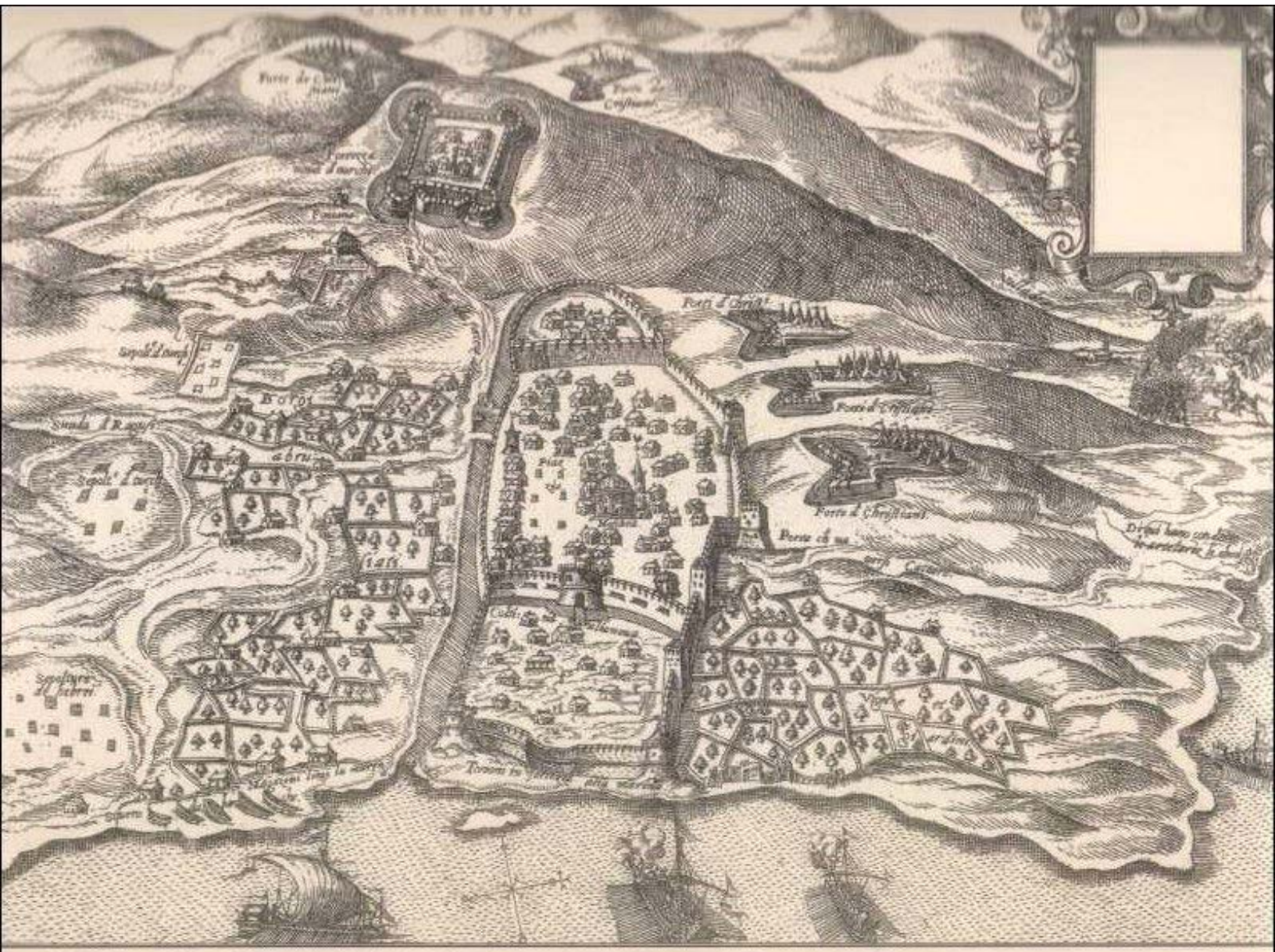


Roumeli Hissar, or the Castle of Europe.

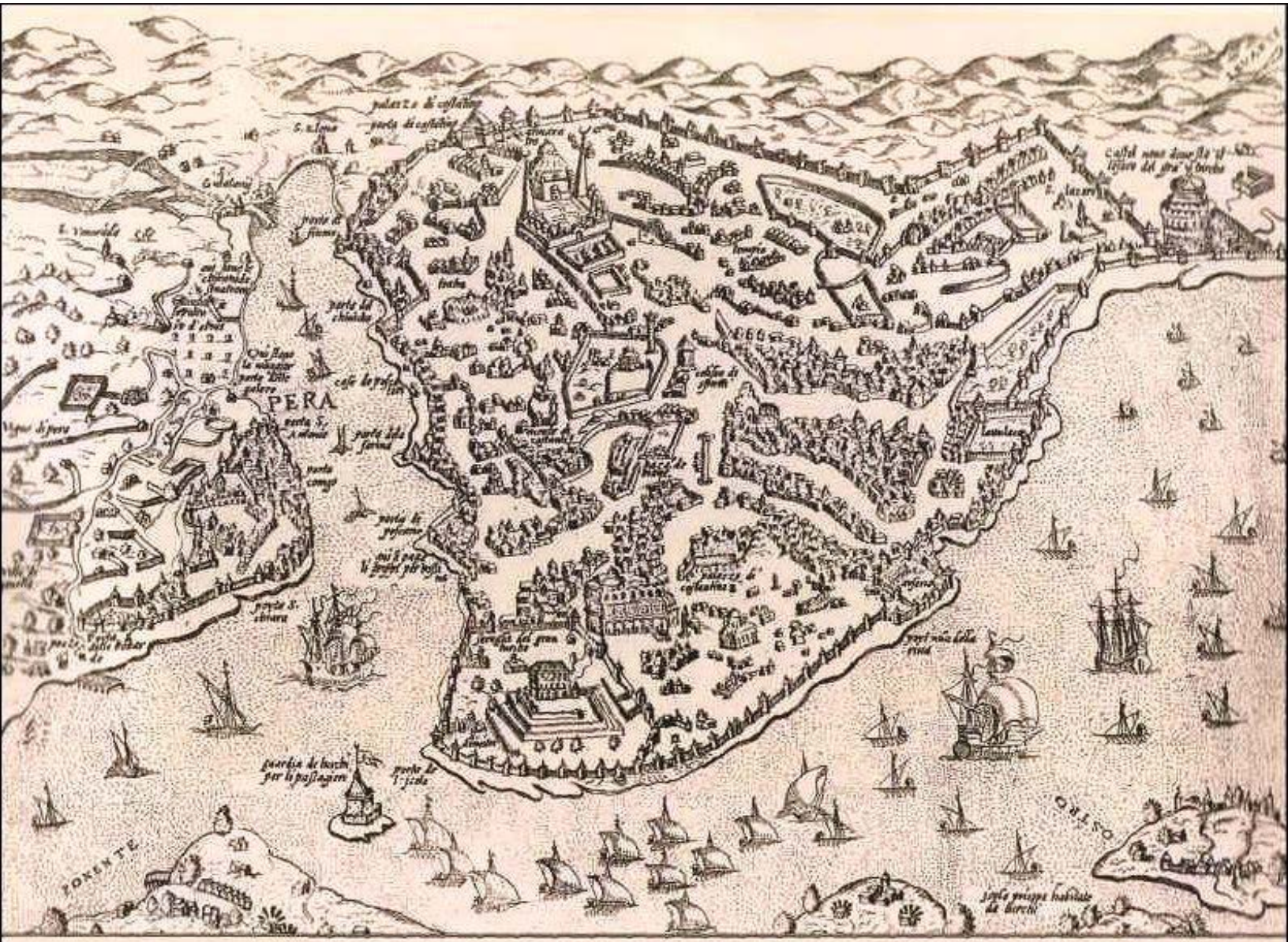
Roumeli-Hissar, ou le Château de l'Europe.







Constantinople

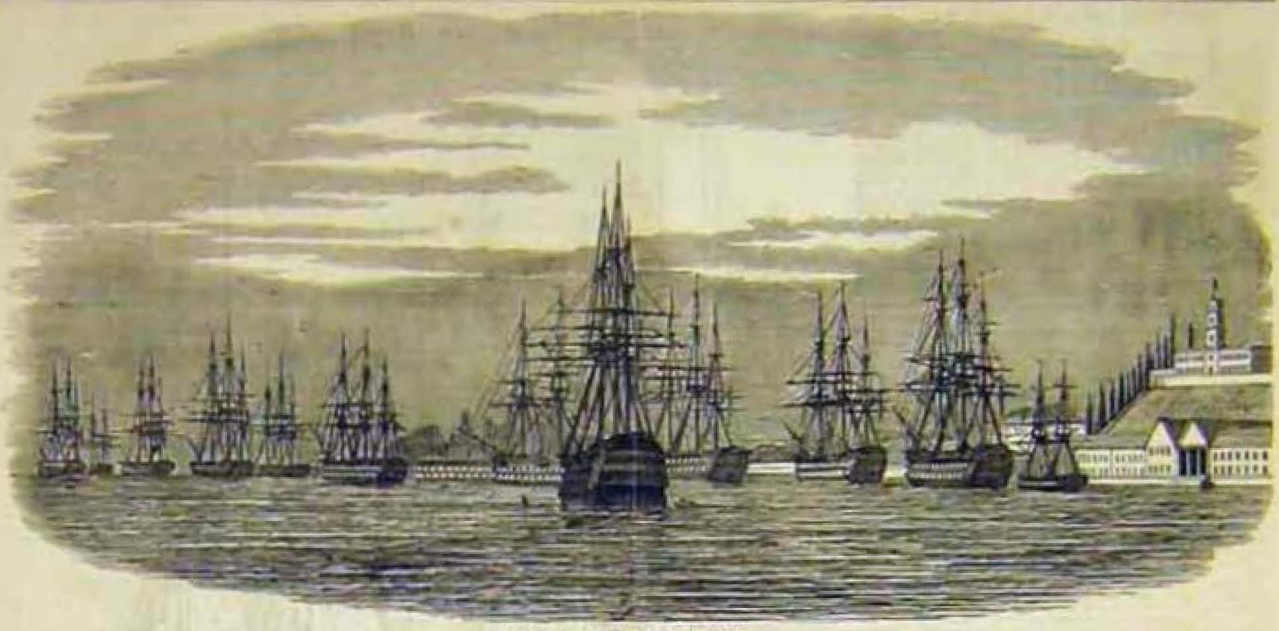


Constantinople

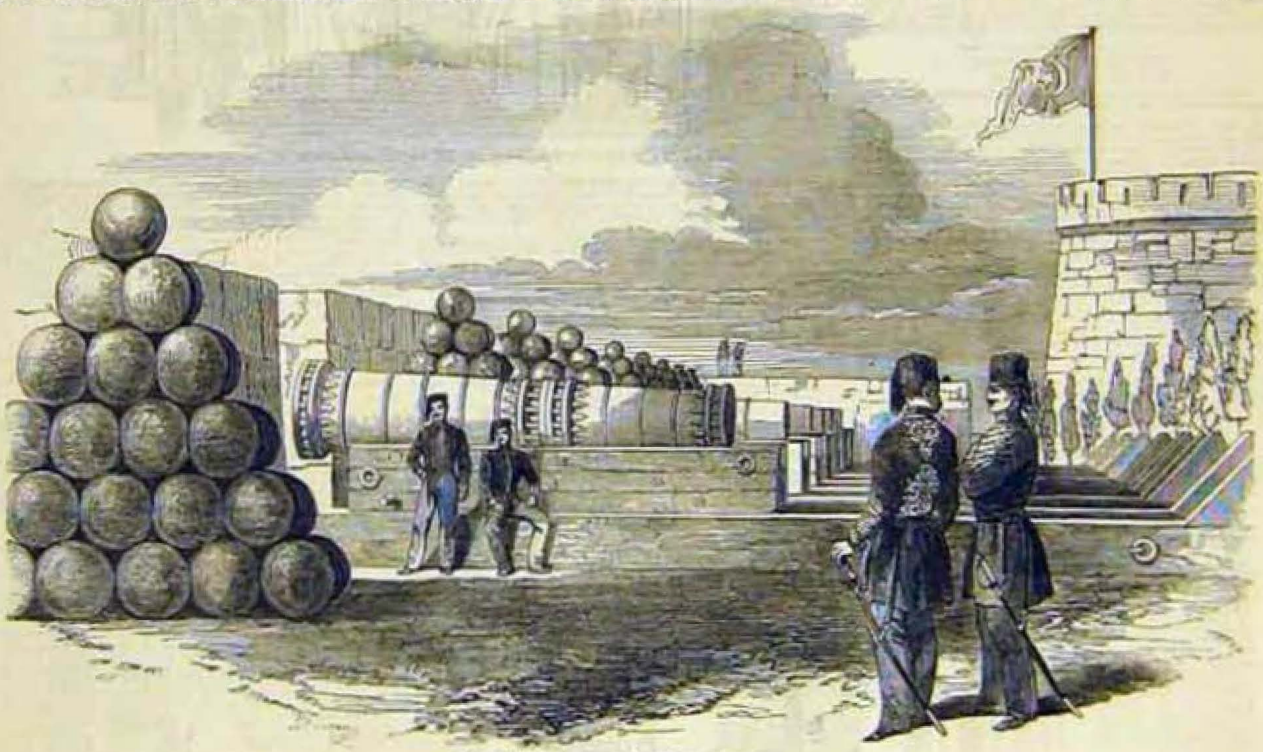

CONSTANTINOPOLIS

Die Insel Nisaro und Piscopia. Fig. CXXIV.

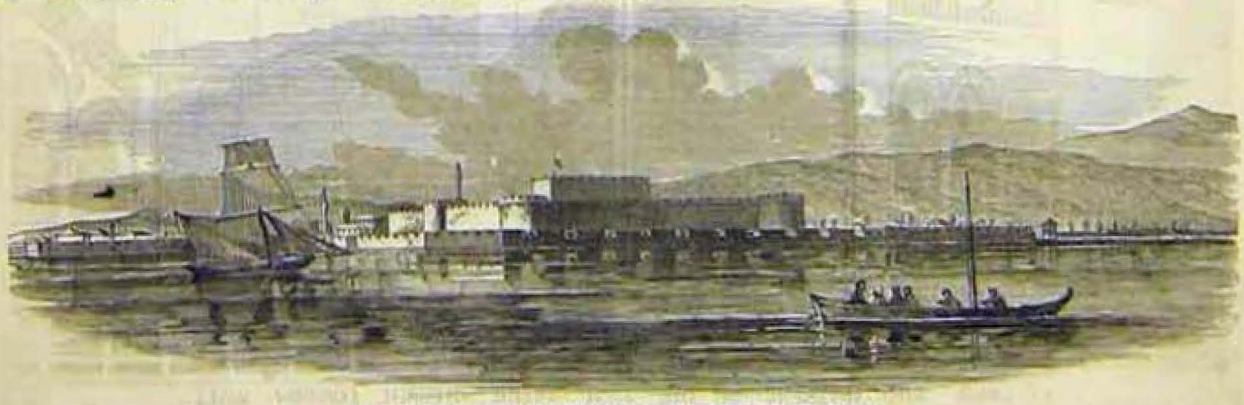




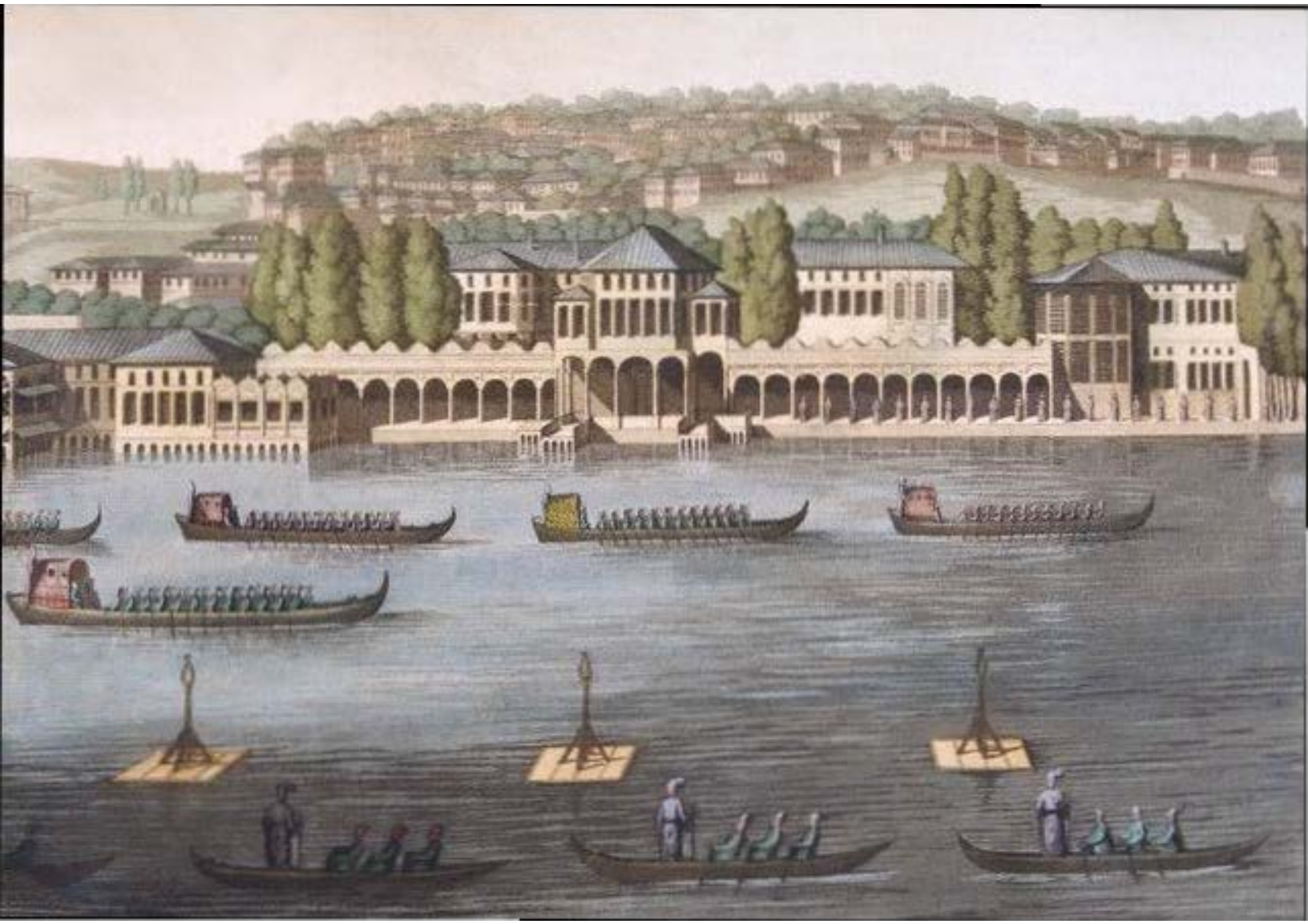
THE TURKISH FLEET IN BESIKA BAY.

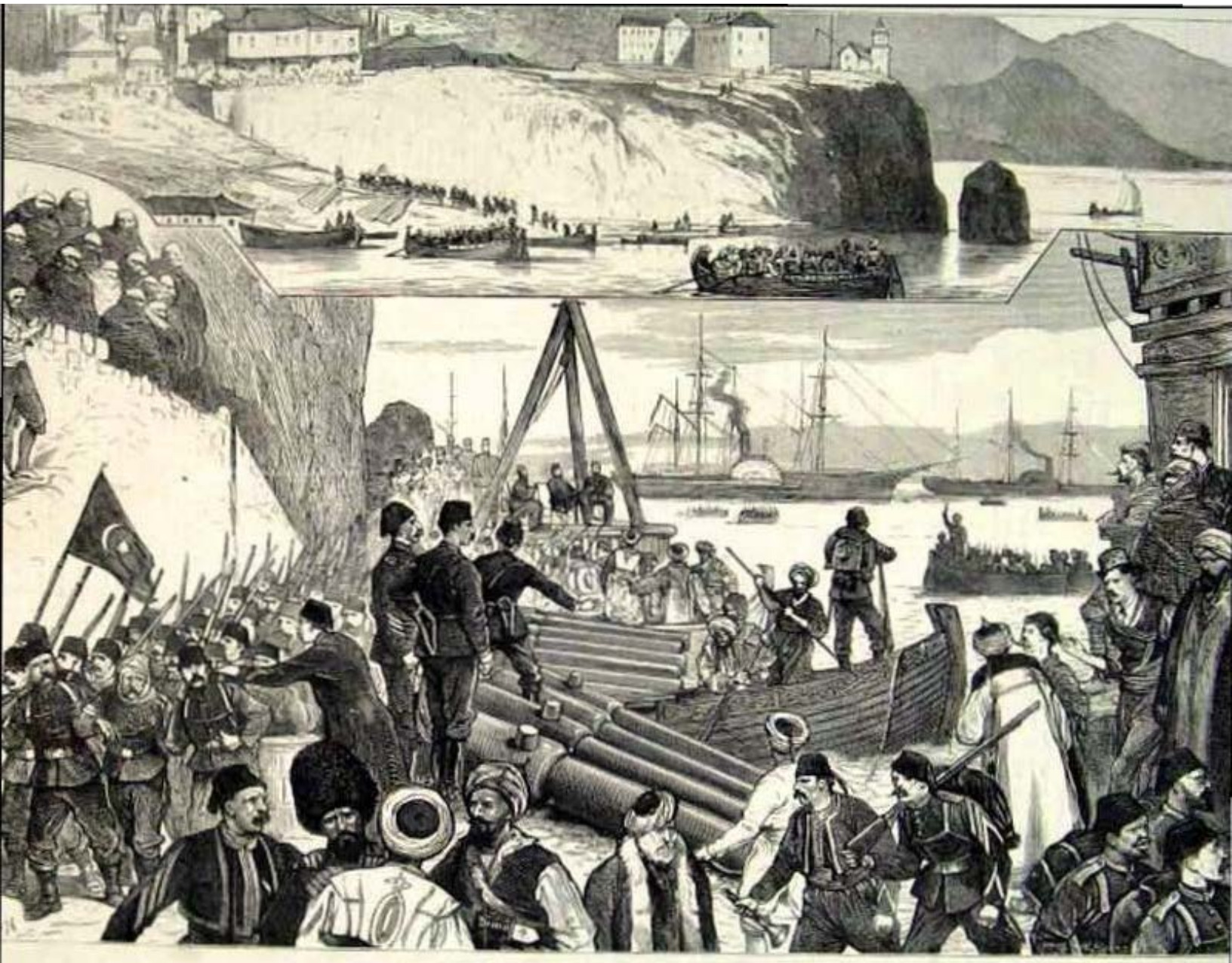


THE DARDANELLES—THE BATTERY



THE DARDANELLES—FORT OF CHELIAH-KALESSI, UPON THE MIDDLE OF THE CHANNEL.





1. Conveying the Troops from the Transports to the Shore.—2. The Scene on Landing.

THE WAR IN THE EAST—LANDING TURKISH TROOPS FROM ALEPPO AT TREBIZONDE

SOMMAIRE

Chronique, par Alexandre Dumas fils. — Théâtre-Français. — Le Rideau cramoisi, à Constantinople, par Théophile Gautier. — Un Mariage scandaleux, par Jules Sandeau. — Le duc de Montpensier dans ses rapports avec Abd-el-Kader, par A. Bazin. — Chronique musicale, par M. Henri Blanchard. — L'heure des Morts, par Mme Anaïs Ségalas. — Rébus.

CHRONIQUE

Pourquoi les maîtres du Parlement français n'aiment pas courir d'aventures. — Indiscrétion d'un personnage et d'un poète anglais. — Procès. — Une mystification. — Exil à Bade de M. Guizot et de quelques autres. — Visite de Napoléon III à Boulogne, retour de la reine Victoria. — L'Empereur Napoléon III et l'Impératrice Eugénie. — Un bal. — Le Prince Impérial. — Le Prince Napoléon. — Le Roi de Hollande. — Le Prince Alexandre de Prusse, par A. Bazin. — Chronique musicale, par M. Henri Blanchard. — L'heure des Morts, par Mme Anaïs Ségalas. — Rébus.

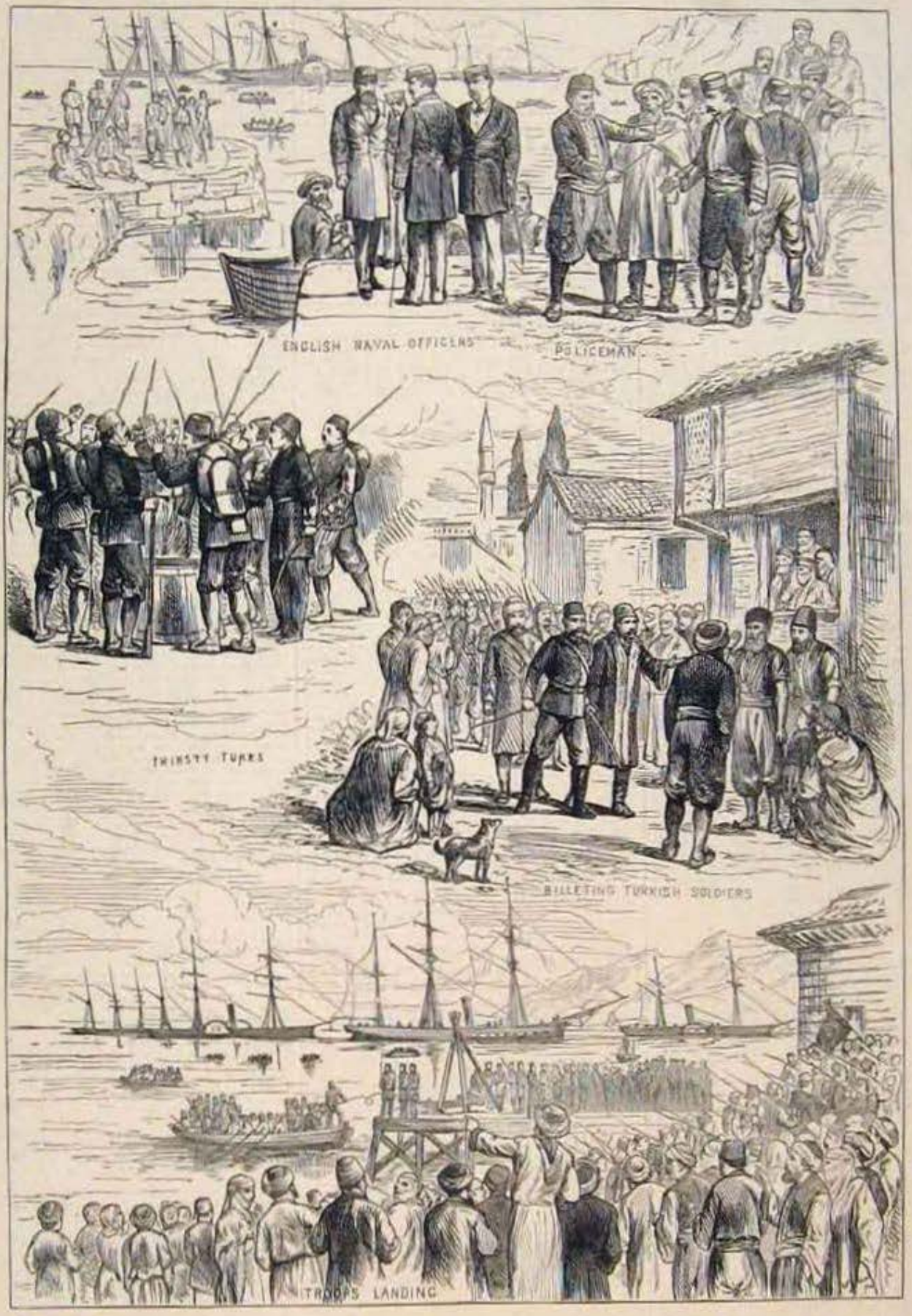
— Où il est question de Samuel H. — Ce que pense en français et ce que fait en Allemand. — Grande nouvelle littéraire. — L'Affaire Clémenceau, par Alexandre Dumas fils. — Pourquoi la Chronique fait-elle défaut. — Le monde pourtant n'en pas moins tourné la page. — Le petit Prince qui est un grand Prince. — Opinion d'un peintre sur un dessinateur et opinion de l'écrivain sur le peintre.

Si l'on voulait [illegible] on pourrait [illegible] d'une [illegible] à [illegible] les réunions chez nous [illegible] temps, car je vous dirai [illegible]



LA MOSQUÉE DE SOLIMAN LE MAGNIFIQUE, à CONSTANTINOPLE, d'après une photographie. — Voir page 230.





SKETCHES AT VRETZNITZA, BY AN ENGLISH NAVAL OFFICER.



THE WAR IN THE EAST—TURKISH IRONCLADS AT BUYUKDERE





THE IMPERIAL ARSENAL AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

DESCRITTIONE DELL'IMPERIO TVRCHESCO.

TVRCICI IMPERII DESCRIPTIO



VEDI in questa vnica Tauola rappresentato l'Imperio dell'Ottomano, ò dell'Osmani da famiglia: il quale Imperio è ampissimo, e potentissimo, poi che abbraccia molte prouincie, e regioni d'Europa, d'Africa, e d'Asia. Onde in Europa s'estendendo sopra la riuiera del golfo Adriatico, da confini dell'Epidauro, hoggi Ragusi, và circondando entro'l mar Egeo, & insieme la Propontide, e non poca parte del mar Eusino, che vien terminata dalla città di Teodosia, laquale hora alcuni Caffa posta nella Taurica Chersone, è. Il quale spatio è intorno ottanta miglia. Ma oltra terra s'allunga da Ciauarino terra inuasa d'Vngheria, che gli Habitanti nominano Hab, presa dal Turco l'anno 1564, insino à Constantinopoli situata ne confini dell'Europa. Nel qual spatio si contengono queste Regioni soggette in mediatamente al Turco. La maggiore la miglior parte dell'VLTERIORE di cui ragionammo nella XX. Tauola. La Romania, già la Tracia: tutte le prouincie della Grecia, cioè la Macedonia, l'Epiro, l'Acaia, il Peloponneso, hora la Morea, con tutt'l'Isole del mar Egeo, hoggi Arcipelago: & ancora la parte dell'Illirico, ò della Schiauonia: delle quali tutte da noi si tratterà nella XXI. Tauola. Et ancora la Bossina, la Seruia, la Rascia, e la Bulgaria. Di più s'è aggiunto in Europa fortemente ribellate dall'Imperio de gli Turchi quelle Regioni, la Transiluania, Valac-

L'Imperio Ottomano, ò Turchesco.

Dell'vniuersale grandezza dell'Imperio del Turco.

Le Regioni del Turco soggette al Turco.

Valac-



VISIT OF THE GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS TO THE SULTAN: AHMED VEFYK PASHA AND RAOUF PASHA RECEIVING HIM AT DOLMA BAGTCHE PALACE.
FROM A SKETCH BY ONE OF OUR SPECIAL ARTISTS.

Die Europæische Türckey Fig: XLVI.



THE WAR IN THE SOUDAN: SKETCHES BY OUR SPECIAL ARTIST



DEPARTURE OF BAKER PASHA AND STAFF FROM SUEZ FOR SOUAKIM, ON BOARD THE STEAMER MANSOURAH.



ARRIVAL OF BAKER PASHA AT SOUAKIM: GOING TO VISIT SULEIMAN PASHA.





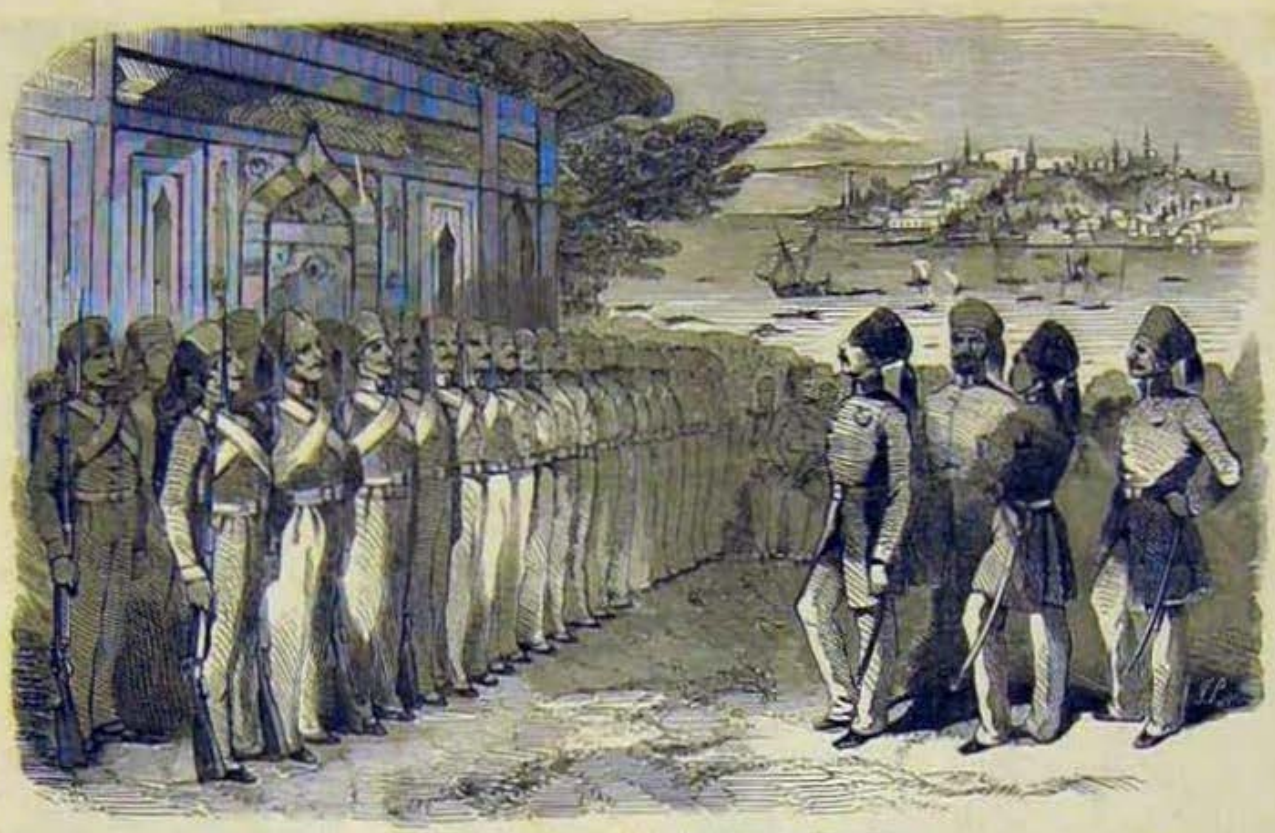
Verico inc.

Grandi Officiali di marina, e Marinaro

Costume - R. Turkish

*11,077
Naval commanders
Turkey, about 1800

N.Y. PUBLIC LIBRARY



TURKISH RELIGIOUS OF THE LAKE OF ISNIK.—FROM A SKETCH BY ALBERT SMITH.

CONSTANTINOPLE.

By the latest accounts from Constantinople, the Sultan and his Ministers continue to prepare calmly for every emergency. The Sultan has himself examined into the state of the army, the navy, and the commissariat. The Turkish naval armaments are complete in all their appointments. The maritime resources of the Ottoman Empire are immense. The merchant navy is very extensive, and there is a hardy and numerous race of seafaring men along the coast of the Black Sea, from Batoum to the Bosphorus. These bear some resemblance to the sailors of the north of England and of Scotland, natives of a wild coast, and navigating a dangerous sea. In the Turkish Archipelago, and along the coast of Asia Minor and Syria are some of the finest harbours in the world, and a population essentially maritime.

A grand review of troops took place a short time since, to which both the English and French ambassadors were, by invitation, attended by their respective suites, and presented their respects at the entire line to the Sultan.

At Therapia, the residences of the English and French Ambassadors are close together, and on the day of the review a man-of-war steamer lay off each place, with yards manned, waiting to convey the representatives of France and England to the Sultan, where the Turkish troops were reviewed. When the ambassadors landed they found handsome carriages and gaily caparisoned horses waiting to convey them and their suites to the ground where the review was to take place. Around two sides in front of the ranks a line of seats was studded. On the right of the line was one of Mahmoud's with the old White, and in the middle was one of the two with the Sultan of the occasion at the Ottoman Porte. Here the Minister of Foreign Affairs received the Ambassadors.

The troops, of which there were 30,000 present, were supposed to be in front of an enemy, and were brought the usual evolutions of a review. All the cavalry carried lances; and though their charges repeatedly, and at times in considerable numbers, not a single accident occurred. The artillery is excellent, and inferior to that of Europe chiefly in point of [illegible] horses. The infantry, with the exception of [illegible] were armed military men, English and others, who all expressed their admiration at the good condition of the Turkish troops, and the admirable manner in which they went through their evolutions.

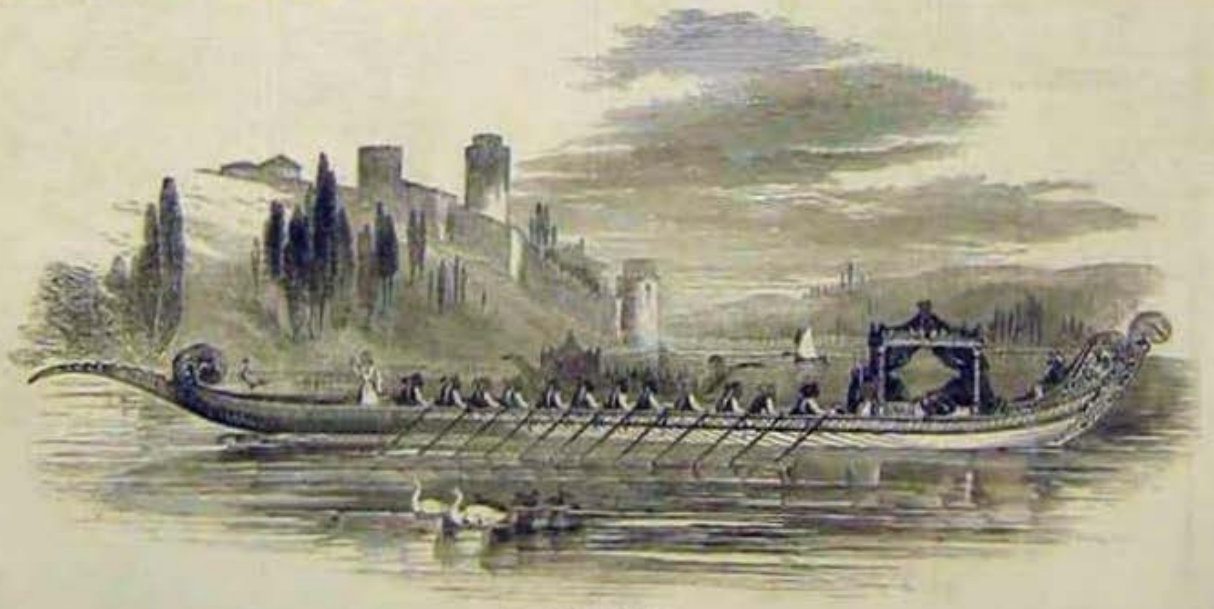
The first of the accompanying illustrations, representing an Instance of Turkish Gallantry, is from one of the Sultan's vessels received from Mr. Albert Smith, in Constantinople.

In the second scene we have pictured the magnificent state barge of the Sultan, in which his Majesty enjoys occasional excursions in the neighbourhood of the Golden Horn. It is of elegant design; and, even its exceptionally fitted canopy, possesses a great deal of regal state and splendour.

The Late Executions in Hungary.—The Paris *National* publishes the following details connected with the late military executions in Hungary:—"Kiss and his three companions were shot as early as four o'clock in the morning; the death of the former was horrible—three volleys had to be fired at him, and his sufferings endured for more than ten minutes. At six o'clock in the same morning, the most dangerous prisoner confined in the fortress of Arad, tonight in the place of executions, and his melancholy status was not completed until six o'clock. Count Vasary, whose life was wished to preserve, as severely as possible, in consequence of the damage which his cannon had done in the walls of Temesvar, was reserved for the last, in order that he first hours he might witness the sufferings of his companions in arms. There were nine gibbets erected in a line, but there was only one executioner, with two men to assist him. Colonel Aigler Count Charles Leiningen, who was to be the third in order, became impatient at the occasional delay and said, in a tone of gaiety, 'I think at least they ought to give us some breakfast.' 'General, will you drink?' said a soldier, tendering him his gourd. 'Thank you, my friend,' replied the Count, 'I prefer coffee' when to give me courage; give me a glass of wine.' The Count knows what a coward a few hours in the hands of the executioner, preparing against the terrors which had been published against him, of having fired on the prisoners, declaring on the contrary that he had used every effort to protect the Austrian prisoners. He recommended to his brother his son and his children, and charged him to tell his wife that he was [illegible] and that he died as a brave officer, an obedient and loyal soldier. He concluded on this by saying that if, hereafter, the Danish might be thought his death, they should remember that humanity was the last virtue. In a few minutes after arriving, the gate to the ground in the [illegible] the executioner every arrangement had been made for his escape, but no [illegible] as his brother-in-law could not fly with him. General Leiningen was a man of athletic stature. In battle he was careless of his personal safety, and always anxious to share the peril of his men, and his final manner, much beloved by them. He was a German by birth, but had acquired the affection of the Magyar peasantry. His wife is a Hungarian. All these generals perished without one showing even the slightest indication of fear at the awful scene. Baron Jossenak, who was executed at Pesth, evinced a courage almost superhuman. Amongst the effects of this devoted man the following injunctions which were given him, would present him crying out, with a stentorian voice, 'I die a martyr for liberty; may every drop of my blood fall on the heads of my executioners!'"

The Union of Scotland and the Colonies.—On board the ship Jessie, the property of Messrs. Gladstone, of Dundee, in Plymouth Sound, on last Saturday morning, the young Prince, with Captain Henry Elliot, sailed for Australia. They were escorted to the boat by many of the gentlemen of the town and garrison, and were taken on board by Mr. Fox, in the yacht the Fawn. Captain Cary is well known as the great Anglo-German agricultural reformer, and author of many useful works on that subject. He recently sold his large estate in North Germany, and is about to devote two or three years to the settlement of several German emigrants to the South Australian and Port Phillip colonies, under the auspices of the former Government.

Cure for Drunkenness in Sweden.—The Swedish Government has just enacted certain laws against drunkenness, which show the degree to which that degrading vice has attained. For the first offence a fine of 10 rix-dollars is imposed; for the second, 20; for [illegible] for the third or fourth, the electoral franchise and the privilege of being elected a member of Parliament are forfeited; and the offender is moreover exposed to the gallery on the following Sunday in front of the parish church. For the fifth offence the culprit is committed to a house of correction for one year. A person convicted of having [illegible] stupefied is fined in [illegible] pages of the Reform, and 30 of the rustic law's wives.



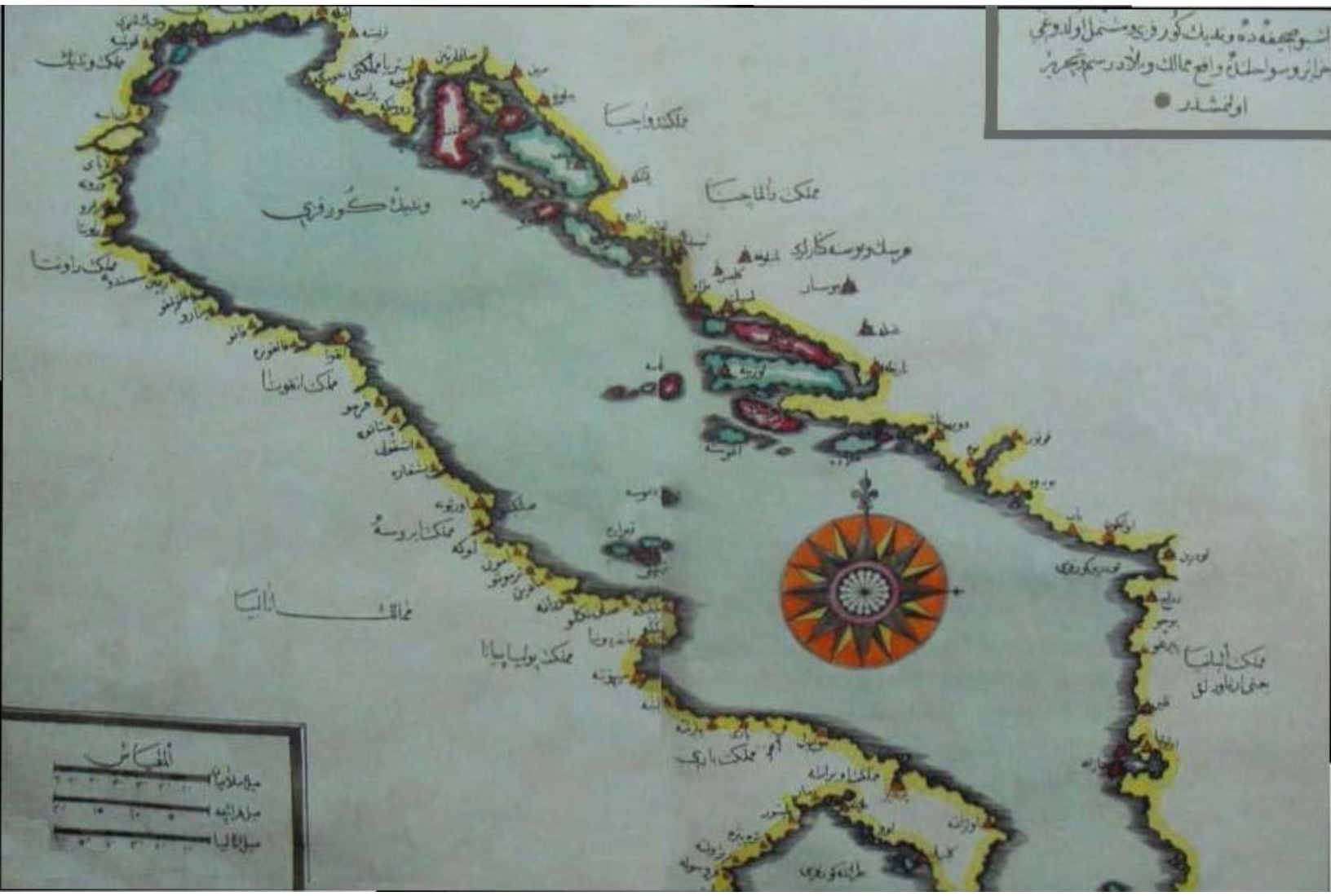
THE SULTAN'S STATE BARGE.

London: Printed and Published at the Office (No. [illegible]) in the Parish of St. Clement Danes, in the County of Middlesex, by William Lovell, 198, Strand, aforesaid.—Saturday, September 10, 1853.


W.T. MAUD

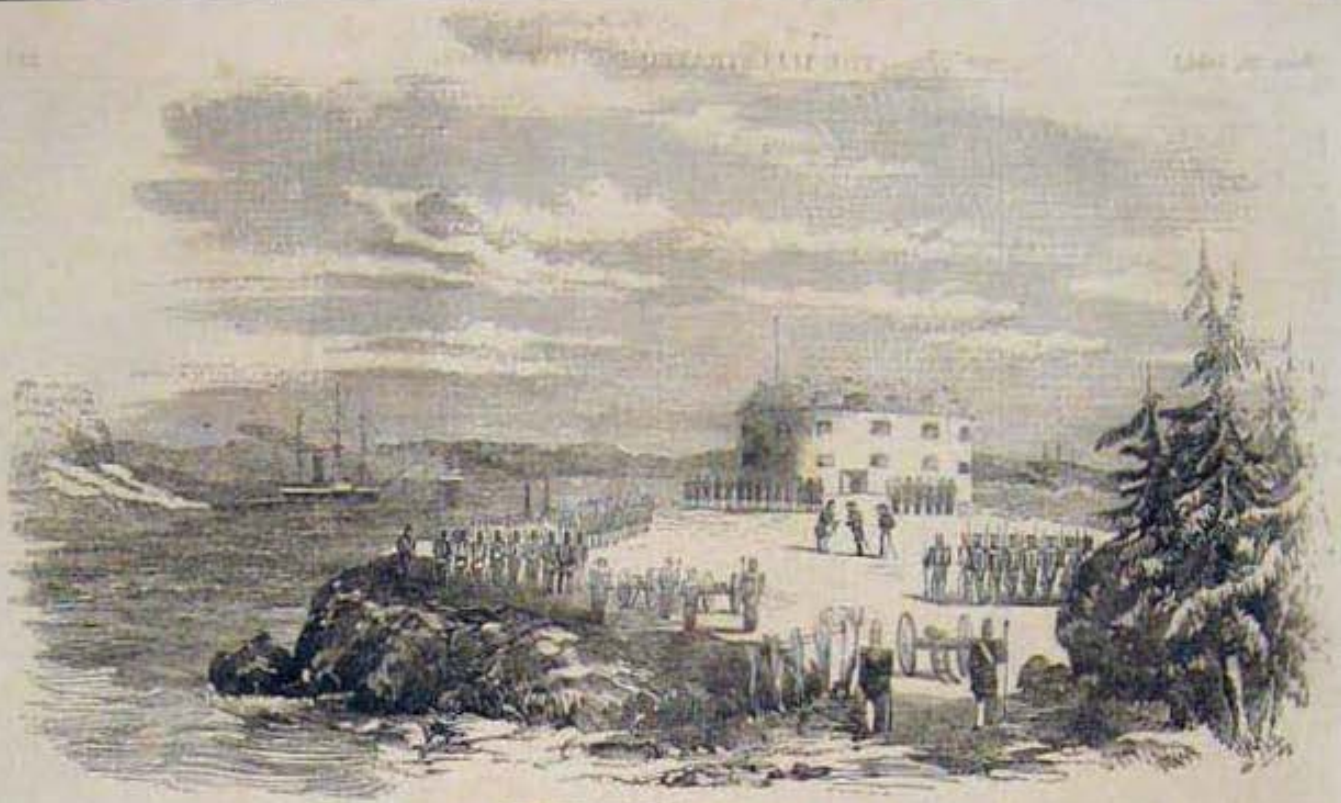
Die Mittägige Türckey in Europa Fig LIV




مملکت واچیا
مملکت والاچیا
ولایت کورفری
مملکت انغوریا
مملکت بروسه
ممالک ایالیا
مملکت پولیا پیانا
مملکت آیلیا
مملکت باریک
مقیاس

SKETCHES AT CONSTANTINOPLE.





DESTRUCTION OF THE TOWER OF PRASTO, NEAR SEBASTOPOL.

THE DESTRUCTION OF PRASTO.

(From a Correspondent.)

The Tower of Prasto, one of those forming the outworks to the great fortress of Sebastopol, stood on the north-east angle of the inland of that name. It mounted twenty guns—in two tiers of casemates; and six on barbette, on the roof—covering with its fire the approach from the northward to the main channel, through which ships must pass in going to the southward of the Inland group. On the 15th ult. it was invested by a combined force of French and English men-of-war, both mounting 60-pounders; and on the morning of the 16th it was bombarded at long range, for nearly three hours, by a squadron of English and French steamers, under Rear-Admiral Pinnedge, without receiving any material damage. On the surrender of the large fort becoming known, this fort ceased firing; and at 4.30 p.m. a white flag was hoisted on the tower, the gate burned open, and the gallant garrison, fully equipped, and formed on the glacis in front. Some companies of the marines were immediately brought down, and the battalion, advancing to meet them, [illegible] of Prasto, and the Captain [illegible], of H.M.S. Arrogant. The garrison, consisting of two guns and three officers, was very shortly afterwards embarked in 9 French steamers for conveyance to Sebastopol. The damage done to the tower by the fire of the steamers was almost entirely confined to the roof and guns en barbette, two of these were disabled, and the framing of the roof considerably shattered by shot and shell; neither the bodies of the casemates nor the security of the bomb-proof chambers was in any way affected. Two men were found killed, and three wounded, by the fire of the steamers, in the morning.

The accompanying Sketch, taken on the spot, represents the surrender of the Commandant of the fort to the French and English officers.

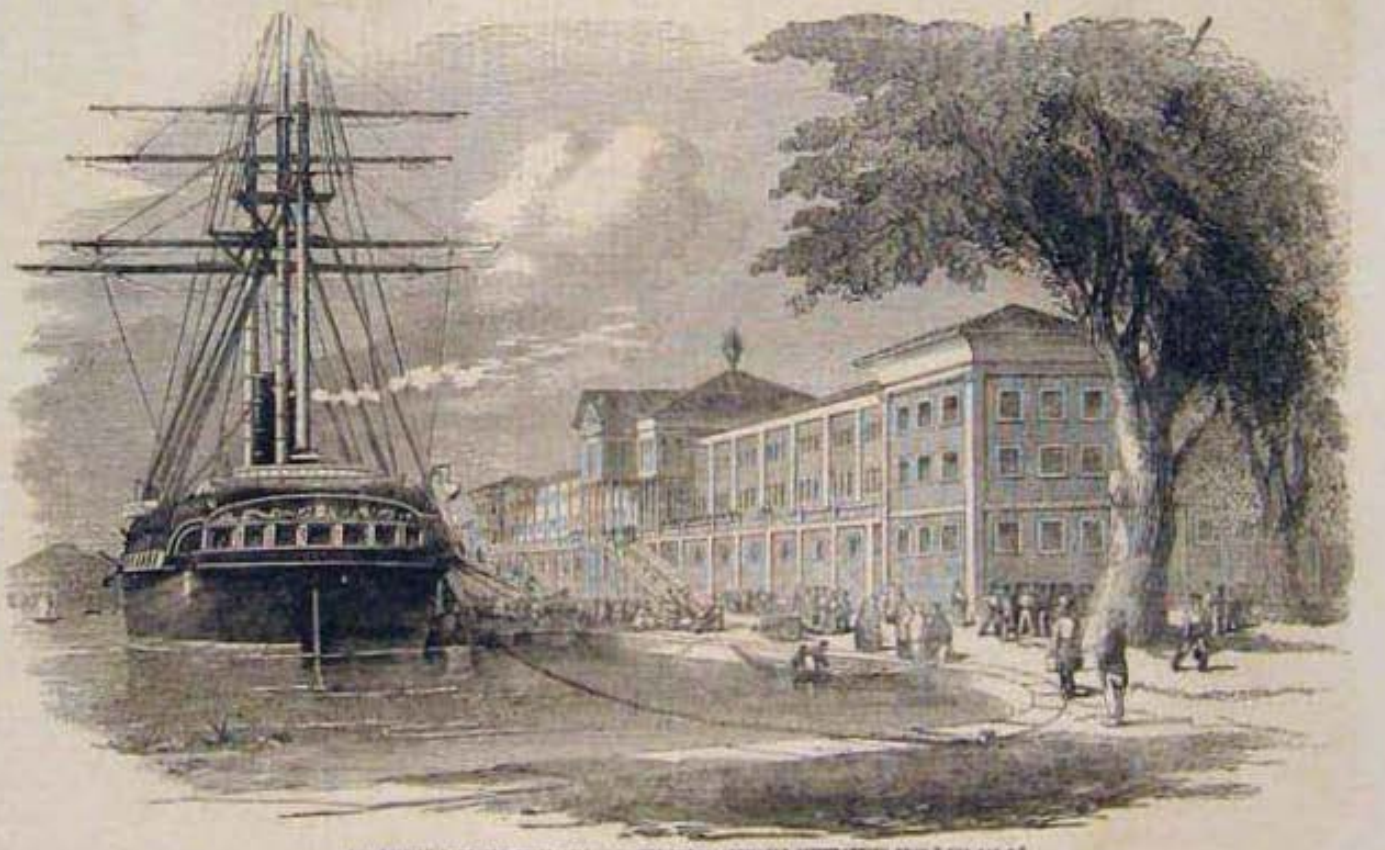
On the left of the picture are seen volunteers of France belonging to the [illegible] Infantry, with their colours and two field-pieces; a third field-piece in the gateway. The garrison is drawn up in front of the tower; they were Italians and long grey coats, black cross belts, and carried long bright-barrelled muskets. In the centre, the French Commandant is in the act of receiving the sword of the Russian Colonel.

THE RUINED BARRACKS.

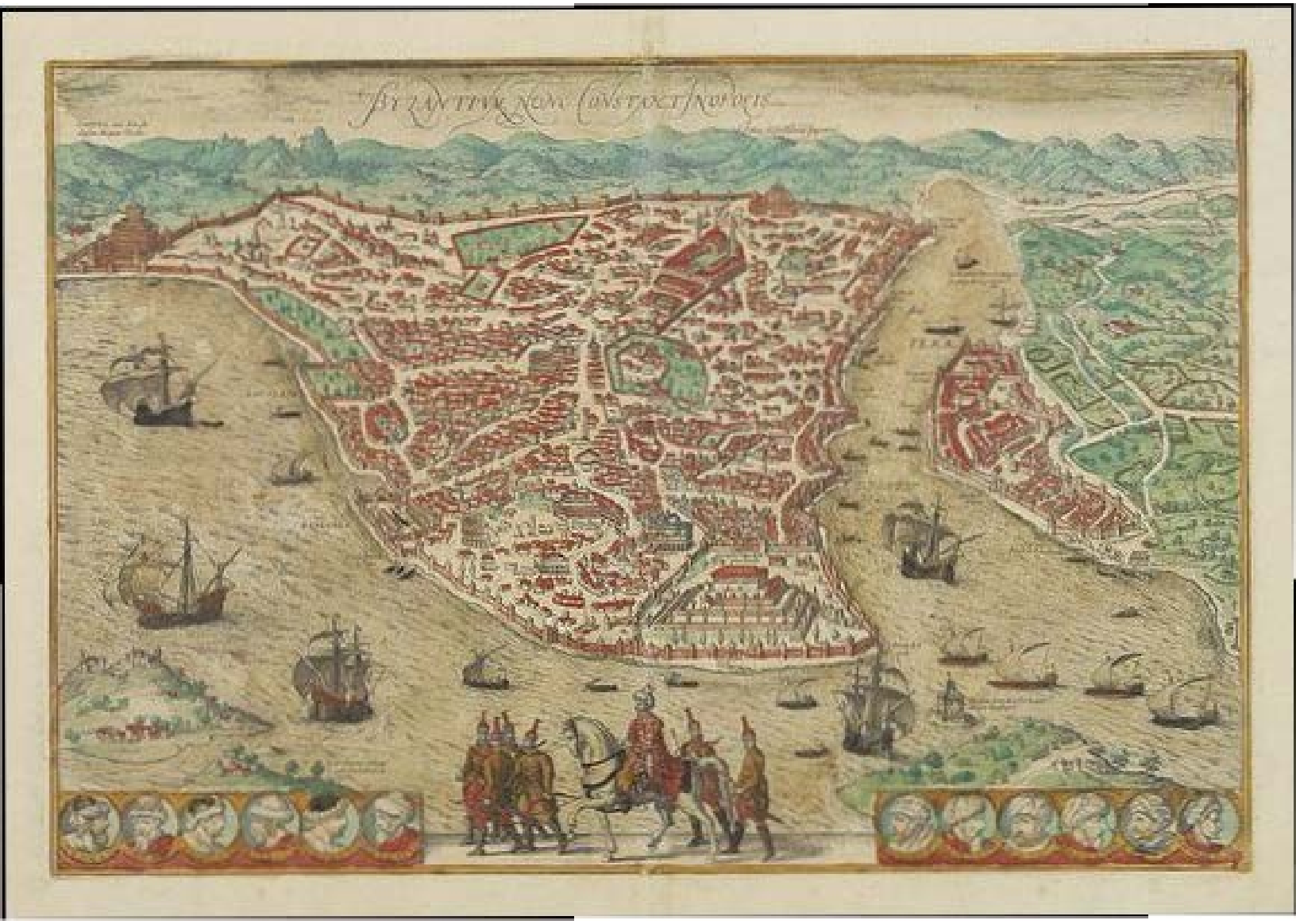
In these handsome Barracks were quartered the Scots Greys, on [illegible] On the day on which the memorable Battle was [illegible] Balaklava to the Royal Artillery, [illegible] Scots Greys. The [illegible] and [illegible] were Headquarters. Most were drawn out the gun carriages; next, a couple of [illegible] with decks (as the vessel could not come close up), and then the horses were let down into their places. On the balcony of the Barracks, directly in front of the vessel, was a [illegible] for the [illegible] of their services to arms. The English and French soldiers cannot understand why the Turks should claim any superiority, and they have no idea of being a mile lower than any one; consequently, the Turks begin to get knock all about in a way they never dreamed of [illegible]. When the troops [illegible], [illegible] walking alone in the streets of a Turkish quarter, met a [illegible], accompanied by a servant, as usual. The servant ordered him aside; but the Englishman thought he had as good a right as anybody to be where he pleased, and would not budge. The servant came up and [illegible] him aside, but soon found himself knocking in the dust. He rose in a [illegible] fashion, and was about to [illegible] himself upon the soldier, but for the interference of some Turks, other than himself, who told him [illegible] one, nobody could do anything with these "Inglis."

The Russian force right's [illegible], in a north-westerly direction.

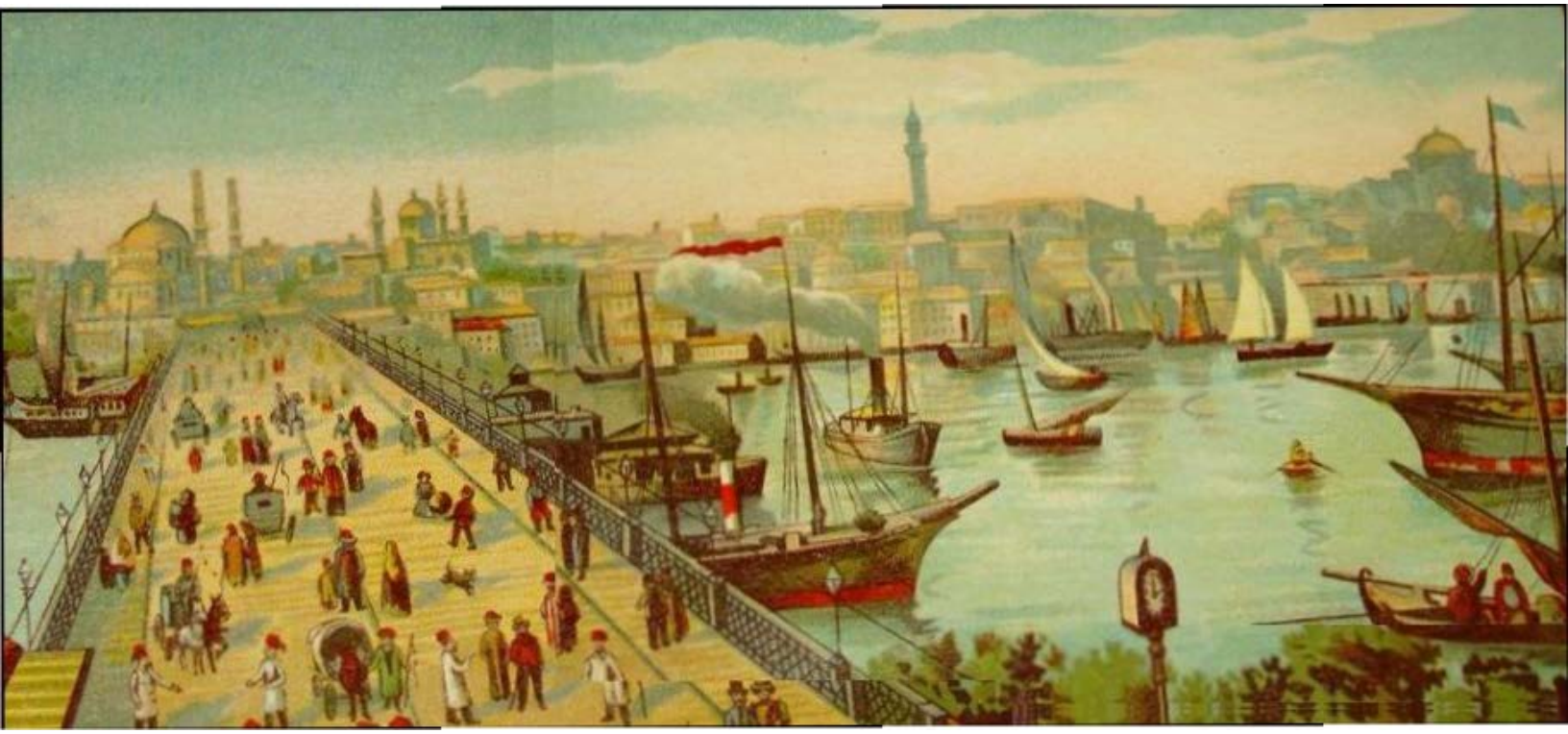
Near [illegible] on the Inkerman, about a mile above the Sailor's [illegible]



THE RUINED BARRACKS, SEBASTOPOL—WHERE OUR ARTILLERY COMMENCED THEIR "LITTLE PLAY."









PORT OF LATACHIA.



G. Scotin major sculp.

Le Capitan Pacha.

ou le Grand Amiral en habit de ceremonie.

B 36.

Avec Privil. du Roy.



C.N. Cochin sculp.

Leventi
ou Soldat de Marine.

Avec Privil. du Roi.

der Grundriss von Constantinopel. Fig. LVI.





THE ISLAND OF TORTOSA.



VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND



Capitan Pacha

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION

DRAPER FUND



THE RETURN FROM BOGO.

H.M. Mar 1862

Thanksgiving after their massacre on Chief Island (Fiji)

N.Y. PUBLIC LIBRARY,
PICTURE COLLECTION



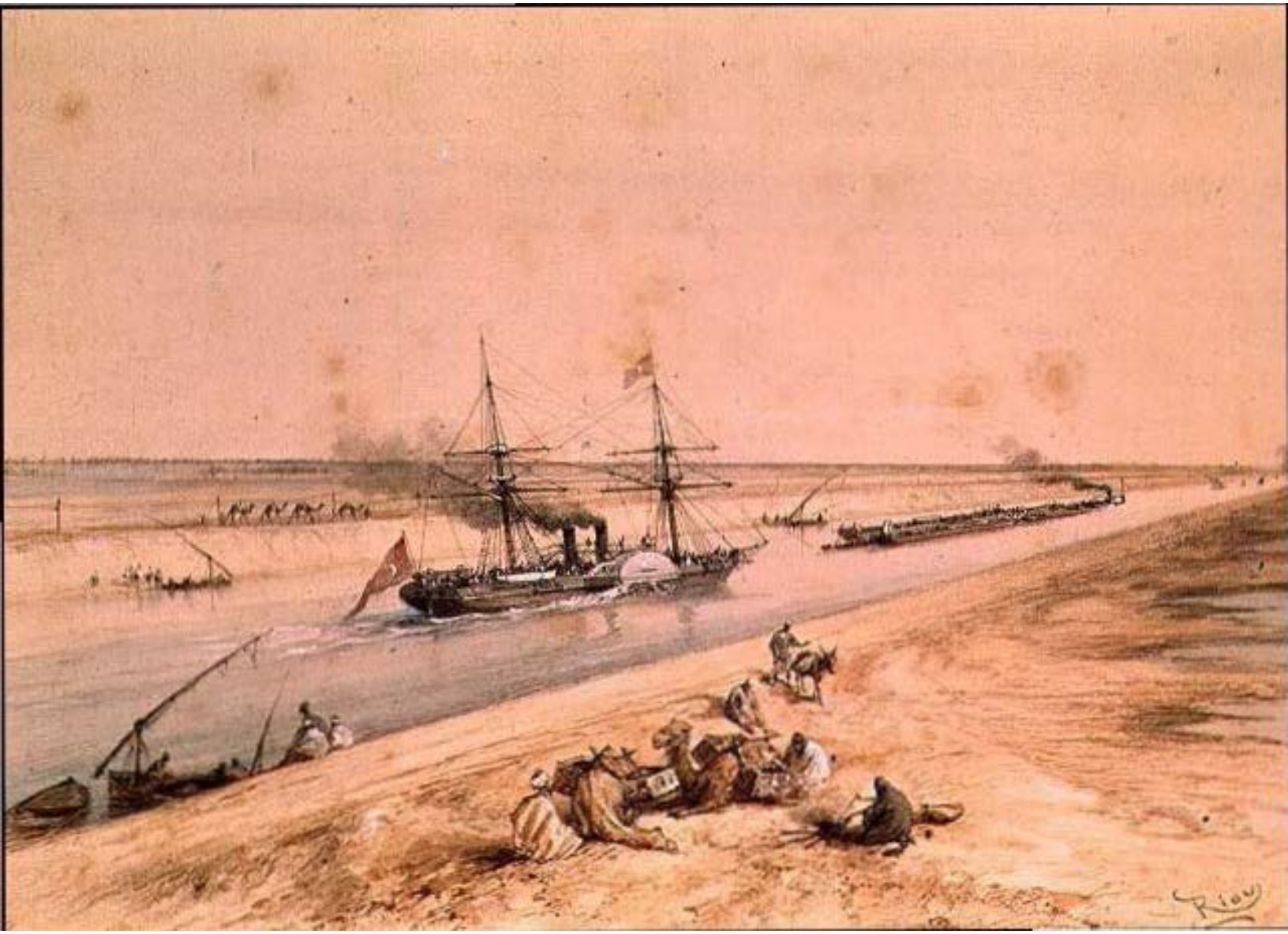
WESTERN HARBOUR OF THE ISLAND OF JAMAICA.





The Bosphorus, Constantinople.

Cassell Petter & Galpin












özgüleaman '06.




Tansel
2004





GALIONDO!

Mars

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION

DRAPER FUND

Turkey



Matrosen
marins
mariners

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND



Marine-Offiziere
officiers de marine
naval officers

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION



A View of the City of Orange

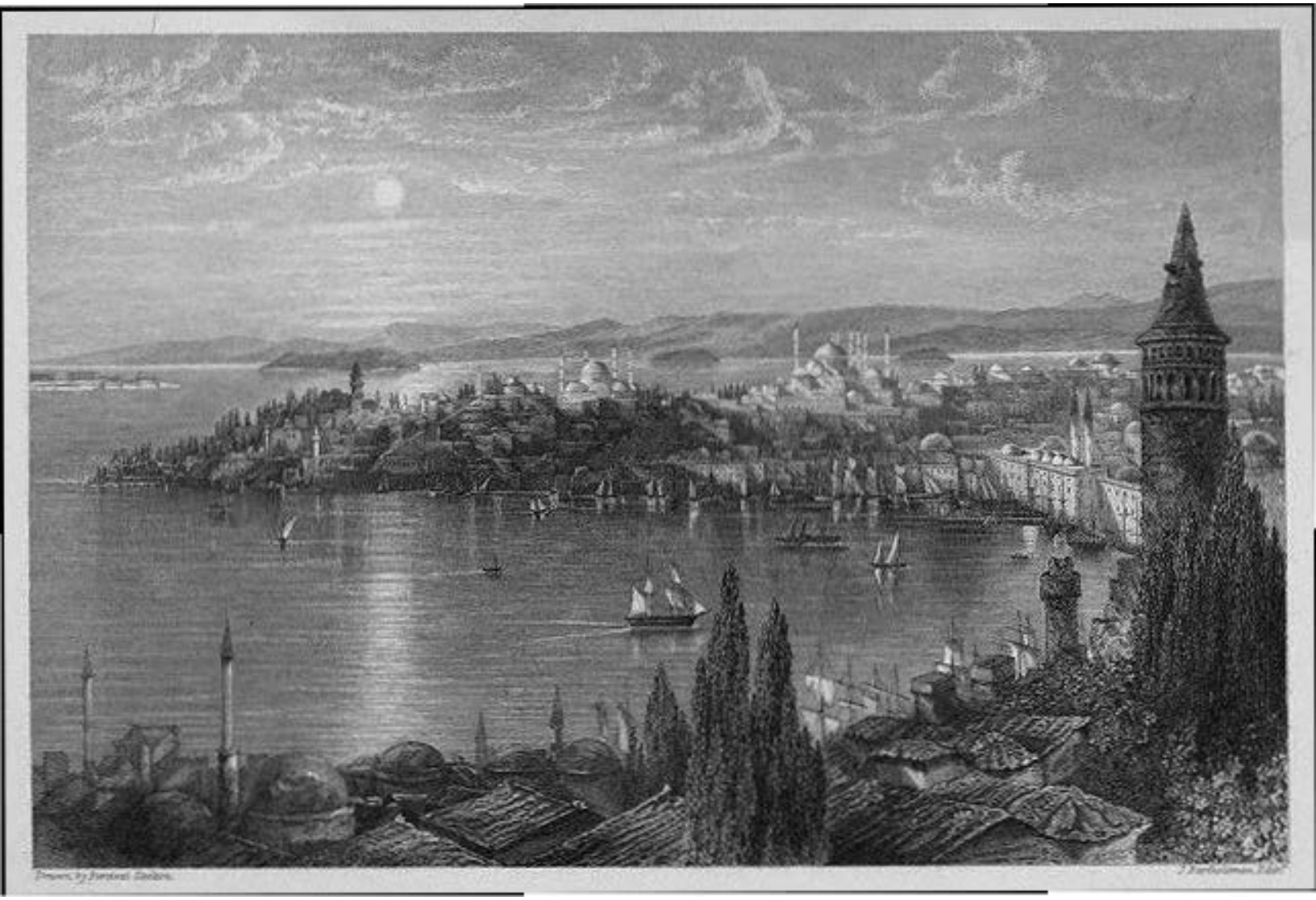
Vue Perspective de la Ville de Orange



Vue du Village de TAIARPA, au Détroit auprès du Phosphore.



Vue de la grande Avenue de BUYUK-DÉRÉ, sur le Bord Européen du Bosphore.



ملت و پوری اسوارئ نامی

شاخ الدین احمد خیوانه



مراطیوسیان - درسعادت



VIEW OF SERAGLIO POINT, CONSTANTINOPLE.





P. Bayerle del.

Stahlstich v. Geissler.

CONSTANTINOPEL VOM BERE SOPHIENMOSCHEE
vom Seraglionar aus.

Aus d. Universum d. Prachtw. der Natur u. Kunst.

Leipzig b. Voigt.

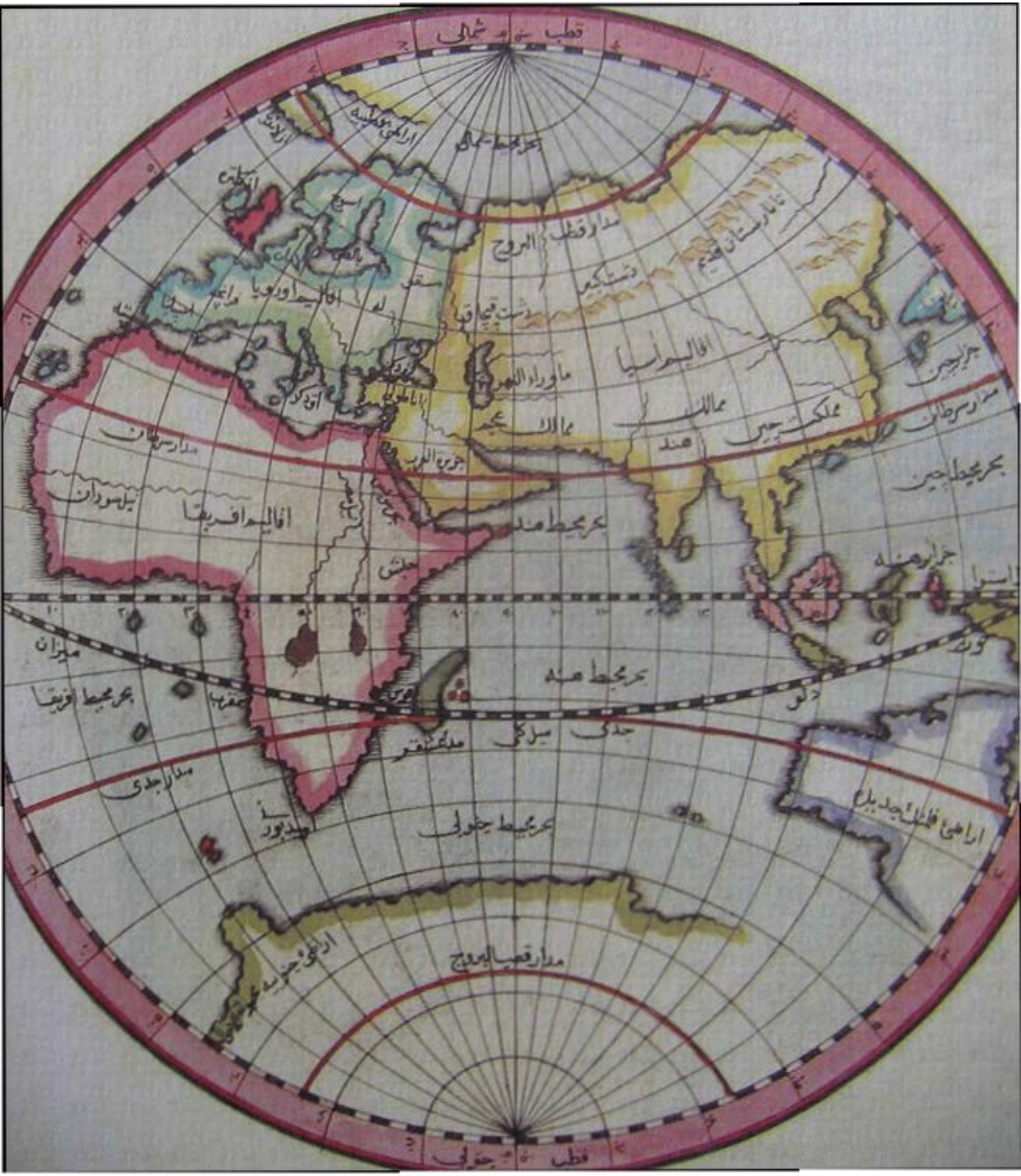




THE SERAGLIO POINT.



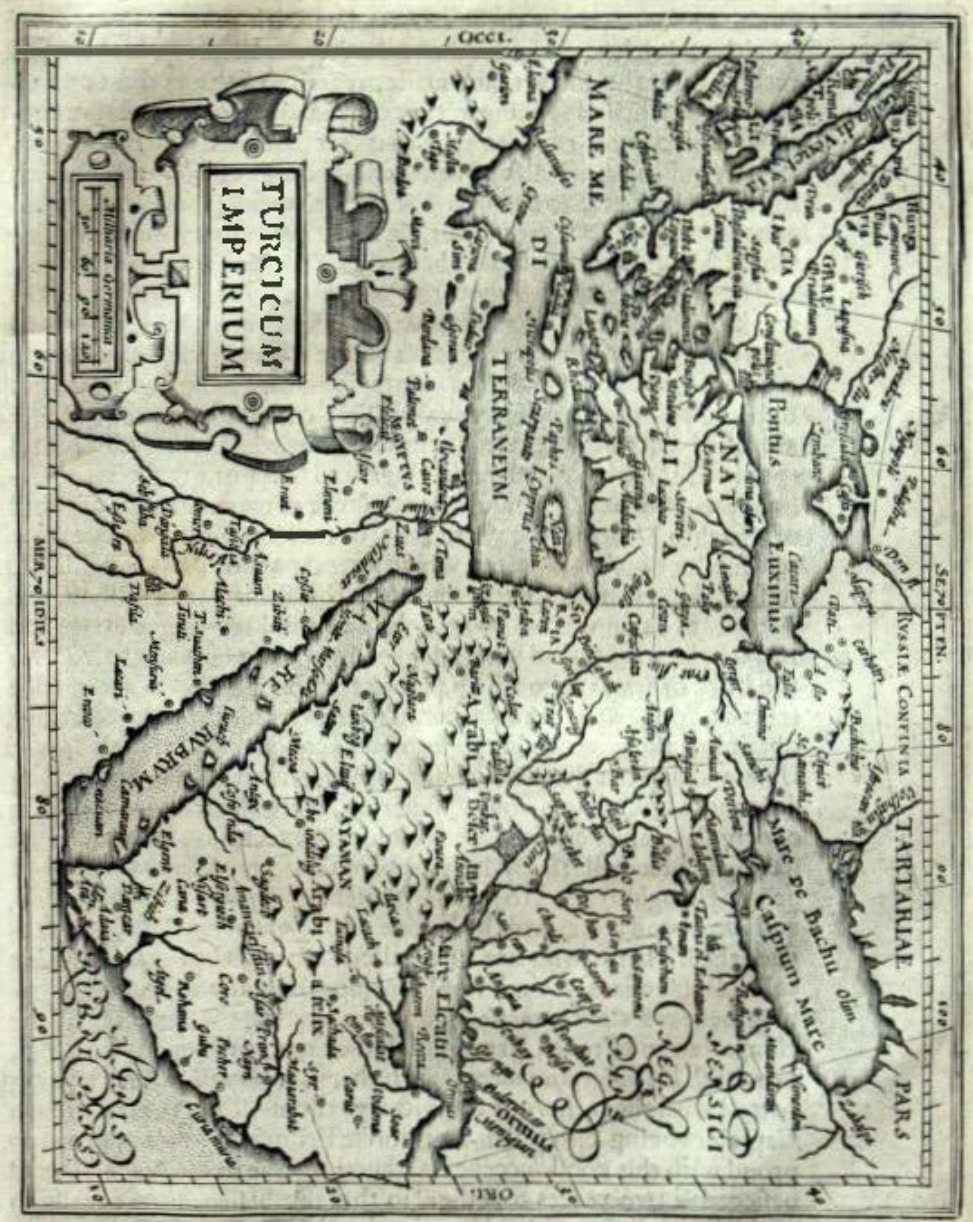

BEYROUTH - Gare de chemin de fer.


قطب شمالی
بحر محیط شمالی
مدار قطب
الروح
ماوراء النهر
اقالیم آسیا
ممالک چین
ممالک هند
بحر محیط چین
بحر محیط هند
اقالیم افریقا
بحر محیط غربی
بحر محیط جنوبی
مدار سرطان
مدار استوا
مدار جدی
قطب جنوبی


CONSTANTINopolis
CONSTANTinopel
PERA
GALATA



THE TVRKISH EMPIRE.





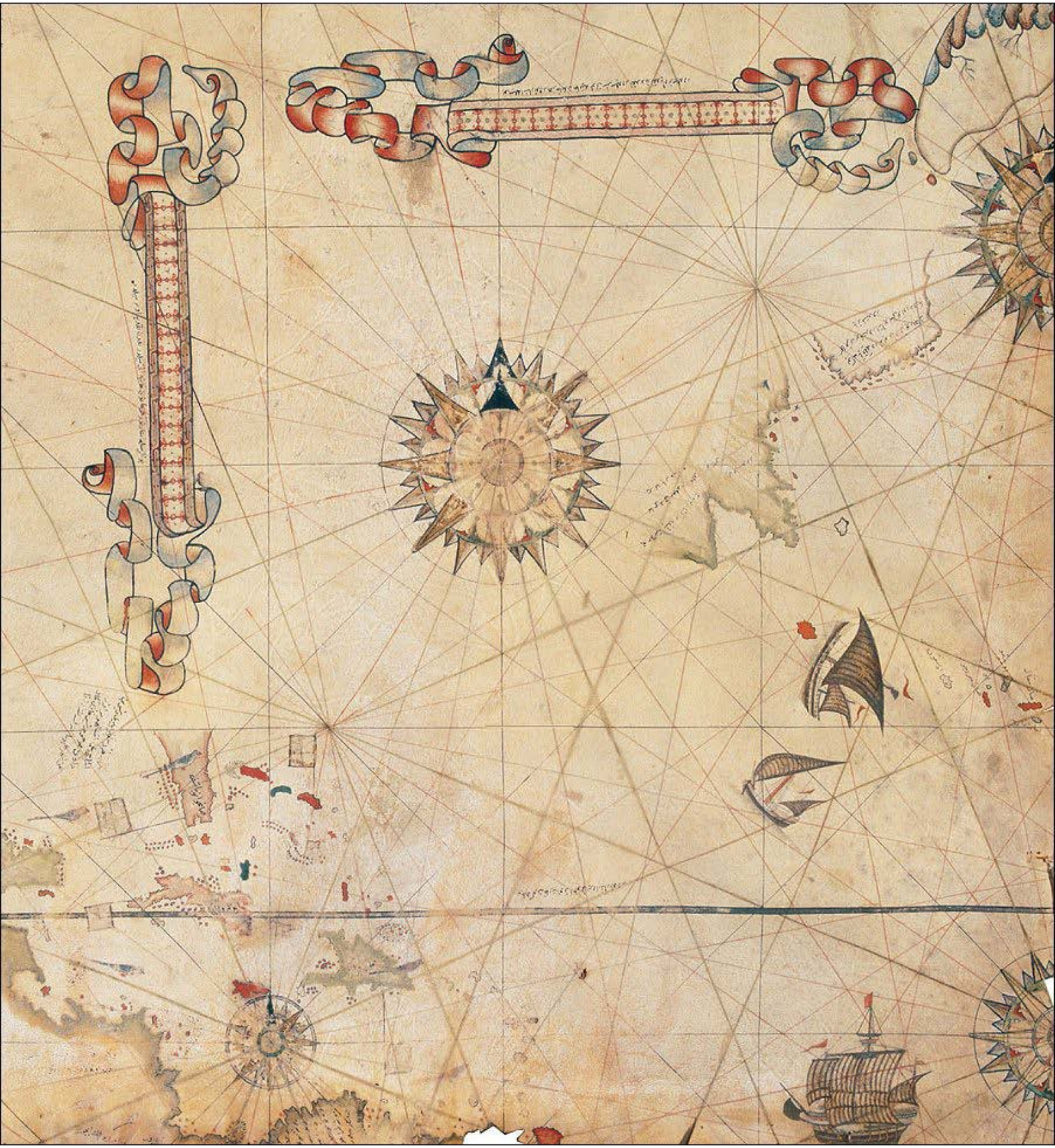
КОНСТАНТИНОПОЛЬ И ЧАСТЬ ЗОЛОТАГО РОГА СО СТОРОНЫ ПЕРЕЗ.

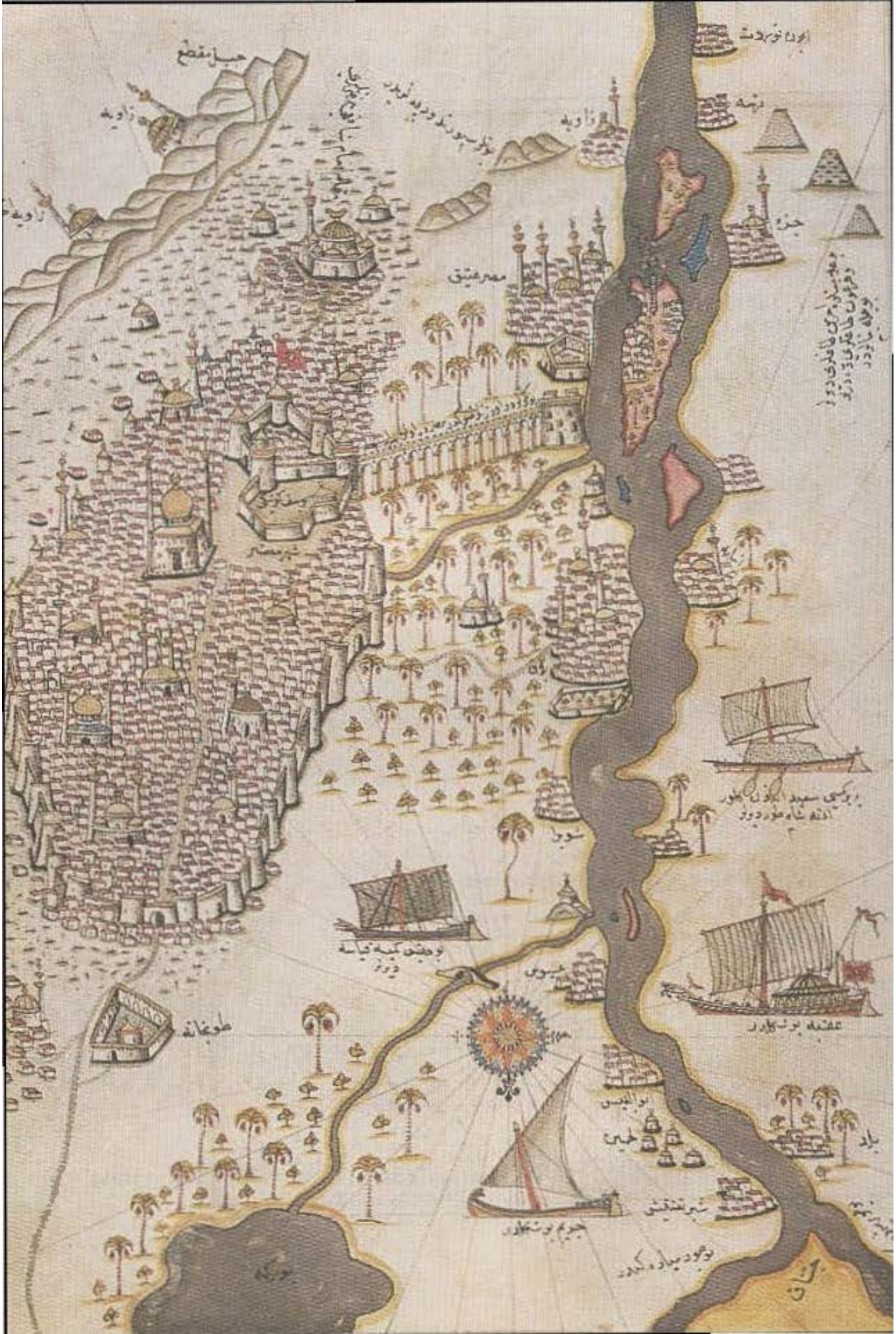

NAPOLI di ROMANIA



Bey

Capitaine de Galere.




جبل مقطم
زاویه
مصر عتیق
شهر مصر
جزه
سویس
طوبخانه
بولاق
جیزه
بولاق
شبرا
بلد



Turkye



Der Kaputan-Pascha, oder Gros-Admiral

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION

DRAPER FUND

Turkye



Ein Bey oder Galeeren-Capitain.

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND

سلطان سليمان قانونی بن ابراهيم



Soleyman II. 1687–1691 Soliman Sultan von Ibrahim

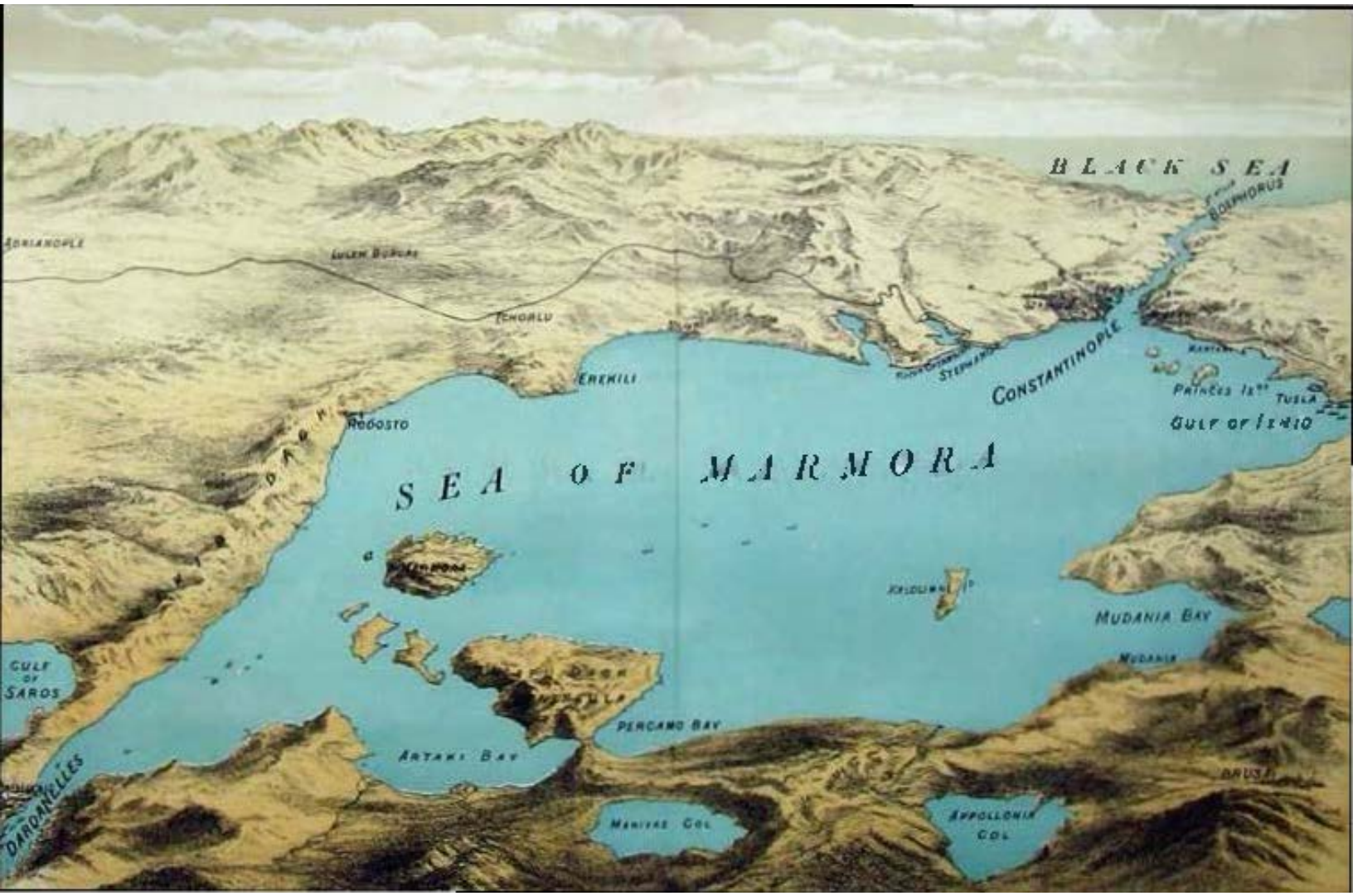

Manuel Imperator Constantinopolitanus
Andronicus Imperator Constantinopolitanus
Michael Imperator Constantinopolitanus
Andronicus Imperator Constantinopolitanus
Michael Paleologus Imperator qui per Alexium Strategopulum Constantinopolim recuperauit
Andronicus Paleologus
Alexius Paleologus
Constantinus
Joannes
PERA
ALEXIVS ANGELVS COMNENVS SENIOR IMPERATOR CONSTANTINOPOLIS REGNAVIT ANNOS AGENTIS
IAC. III



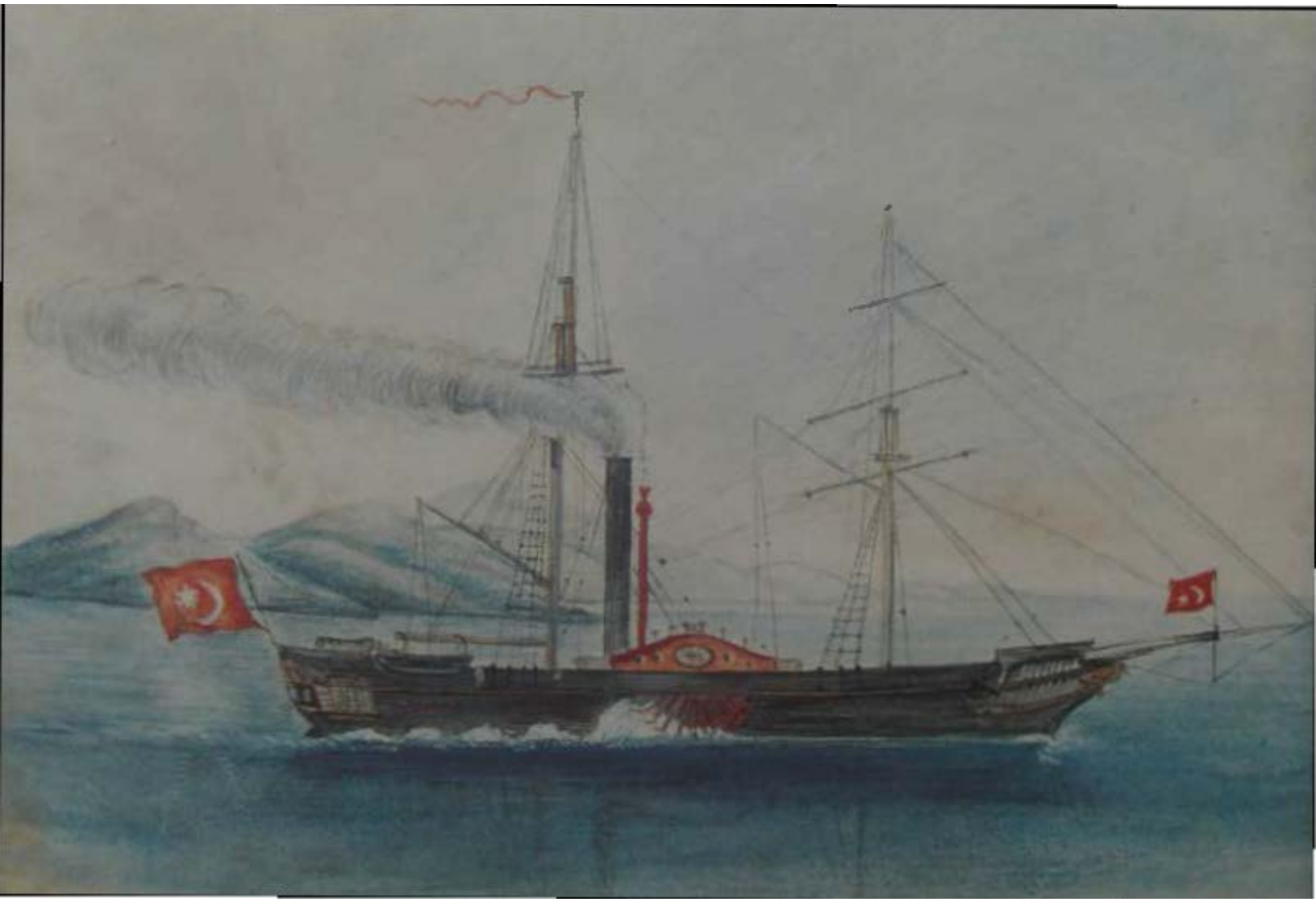
BATELIER TURC
[Constantinople]



A Boat man of Constantinople

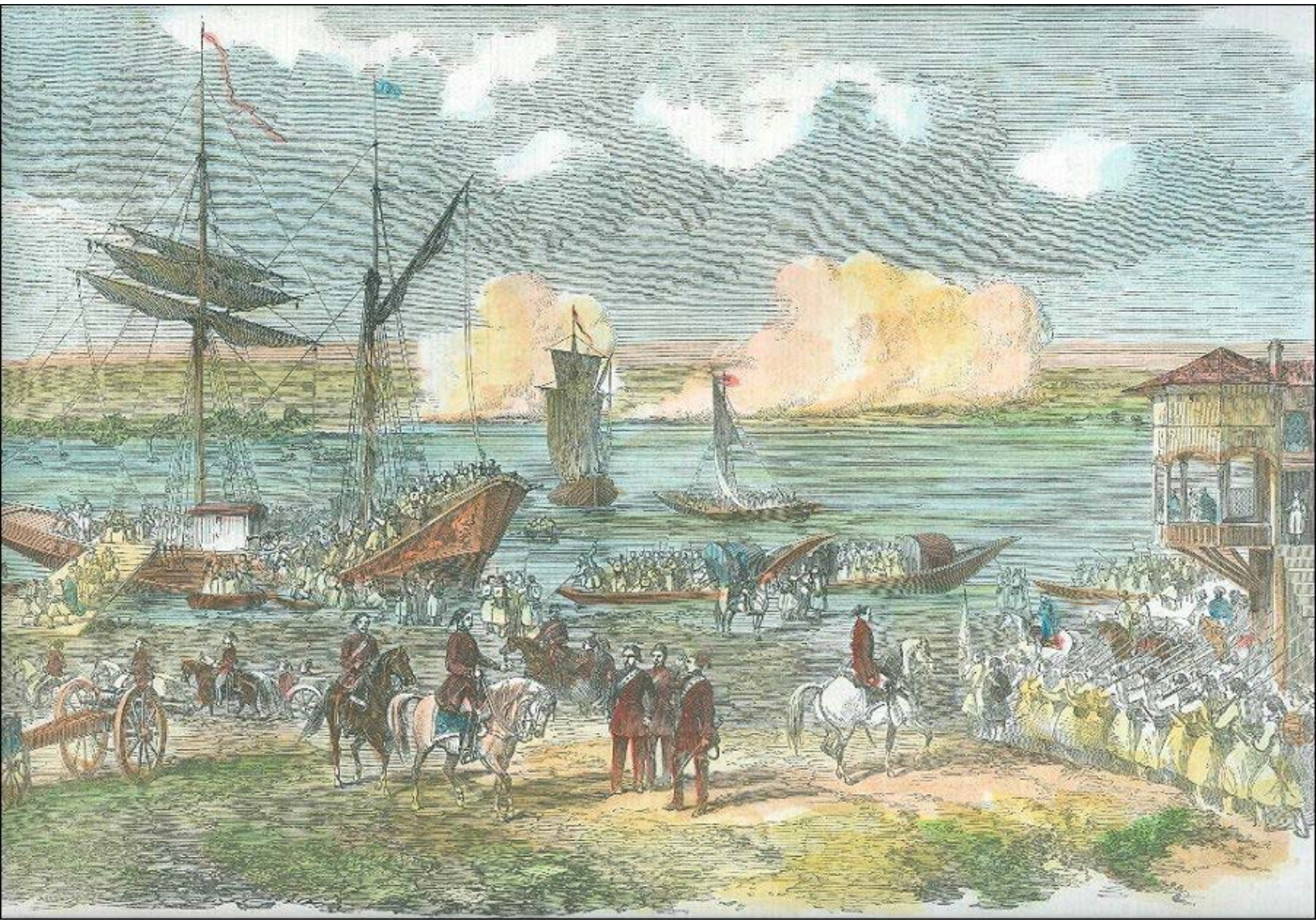

BLACK SEA
BOSPHORUS
ADRIANOPLE
LULEH BURGAS
TCHORLU
EREKLI
STEPHANO
CONSTANTINOPLE
PRINCES Is.
TUSLA
GULF OF ISMID
RODOSTO
SEA OF MARMORA
MARMORA
KALOLIMNO Is.
MUDANIA BAY
MUDANIA
GULF OF SAROS
PERGAMO BAY
ARTAKI BAY
DARDANELLES
MANYAS GOL
APPOLLONIA GOL







BETWEEN DECKS OF A TURKISH IRONCLAD—WORKING THE GUNS





Dardanellen-Schlösser.

Les Dardanelles.





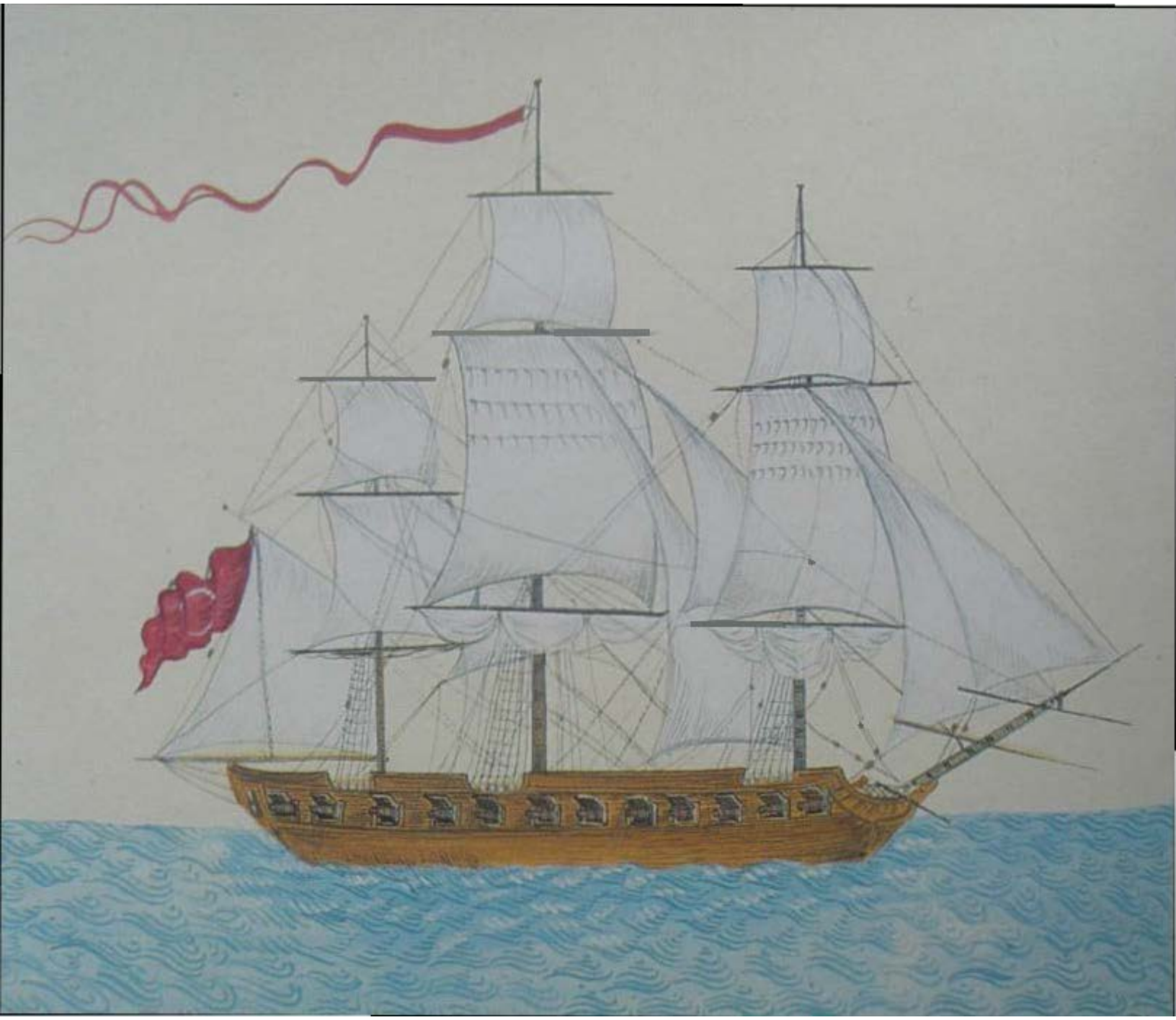
GALEEA TURCA - 1650

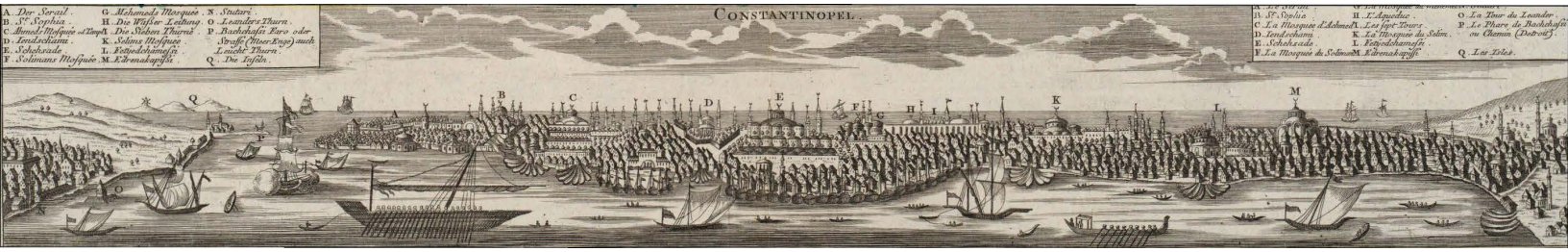
CASA MAMMA DOMENICA - MILANO



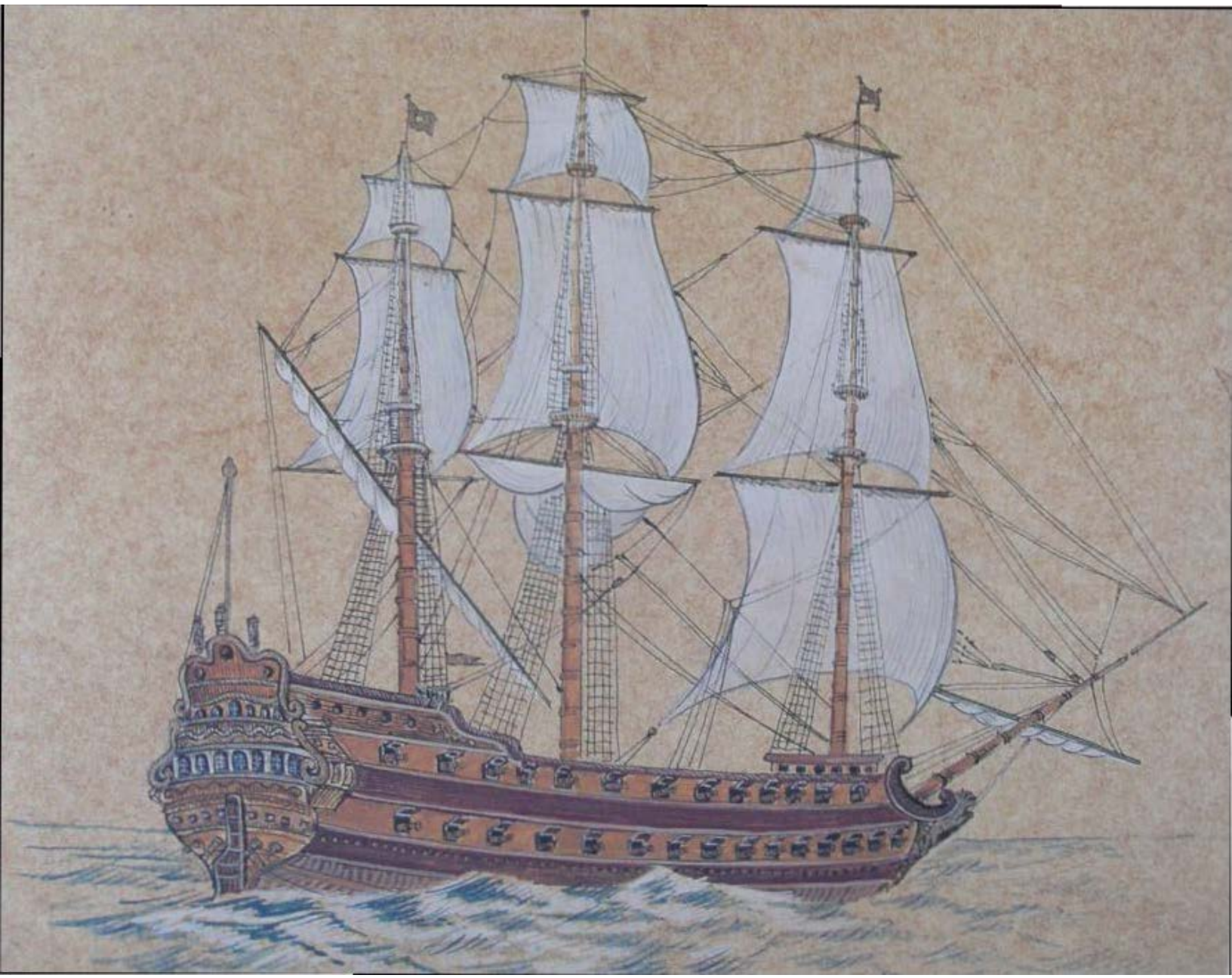
Constantinople,
Vue panoramique de l'Arsenal et de la Corne d'Or.


Constantinople.
Palais de Beylerbey.
بکلربکی سرایی

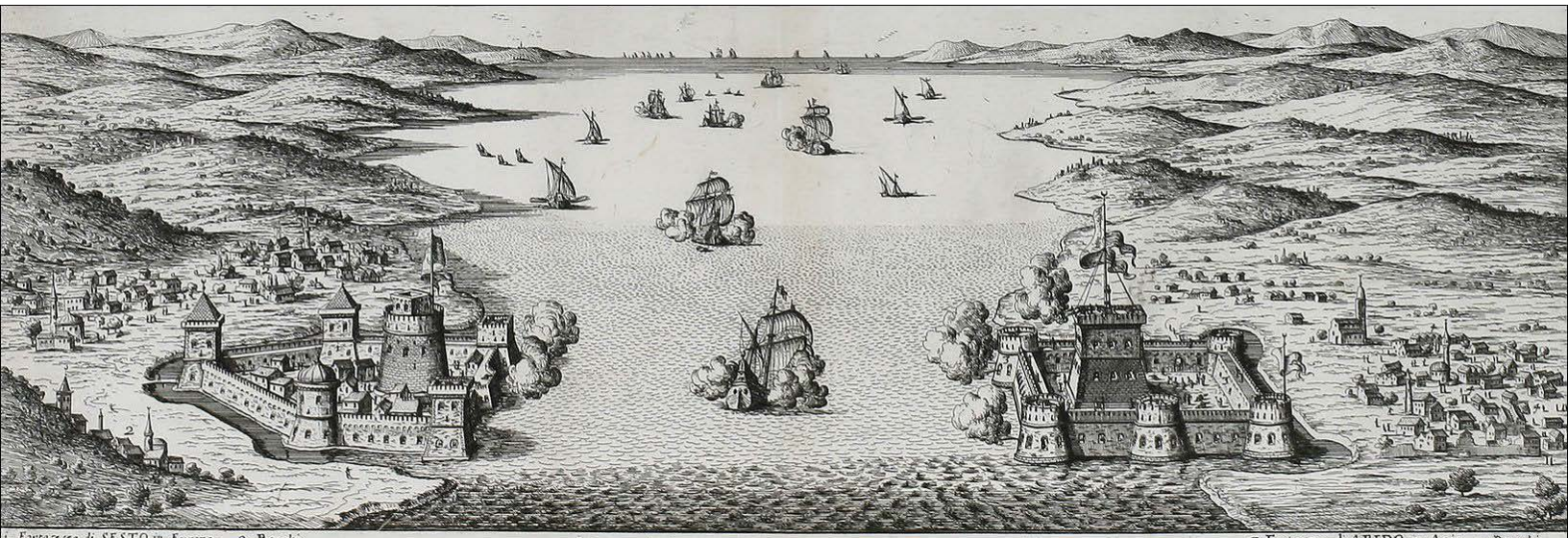



CONSTANTINOPEL.
A. Der Serail.
B. St. Sophia.
C. Ahmeds Moschee.
D. Tendschiami.
E. Schahzade.
F. Solimans Moschee.
G. Mehmeds Moschee.
H. Die Pfeiler Leithung.
I. Die Sieben Thürn.
K. Solims Moschee.
L. Fettendschamsi.
M. Ebrenakapissi.
N. Staturi.
O. Leanders Thurn.
P. Bachchafsi Faro oder Strasse (Meer-Enge) auch Leuchte Thurn.
Q. Die Inselln.
B. St. Sophie.
C. La Mosquée d'Achmet.
D. Tendschiam.
E. Schahzade.
F. La Mosquée de Solimon.
K. La Mosquée du Solim.
L. Fettendschamsi.
M. Ebrenakapissi
O. La Tour du Leander.
P. La Pharr de Bachchafsi ou Chemin (Destroit).
Q. Les Isles.






Tab. 25
Numa
Biellogrod.
Damalis.
Hiller Sculp: Pragæ.



1. Fortezza di SESTO in Europa. 2. Borghi.

STRETTO DE DARDANELLI

3. Fortezza di ABIDO in Asia. 4. Borghi.

Data in luce da Gio. Giacomo de Rossi alle Stie stampe in Roma alla Pace con Privilegio del S. Pont. 1684.

Tab. 26.

Num: 2

Ochzakov

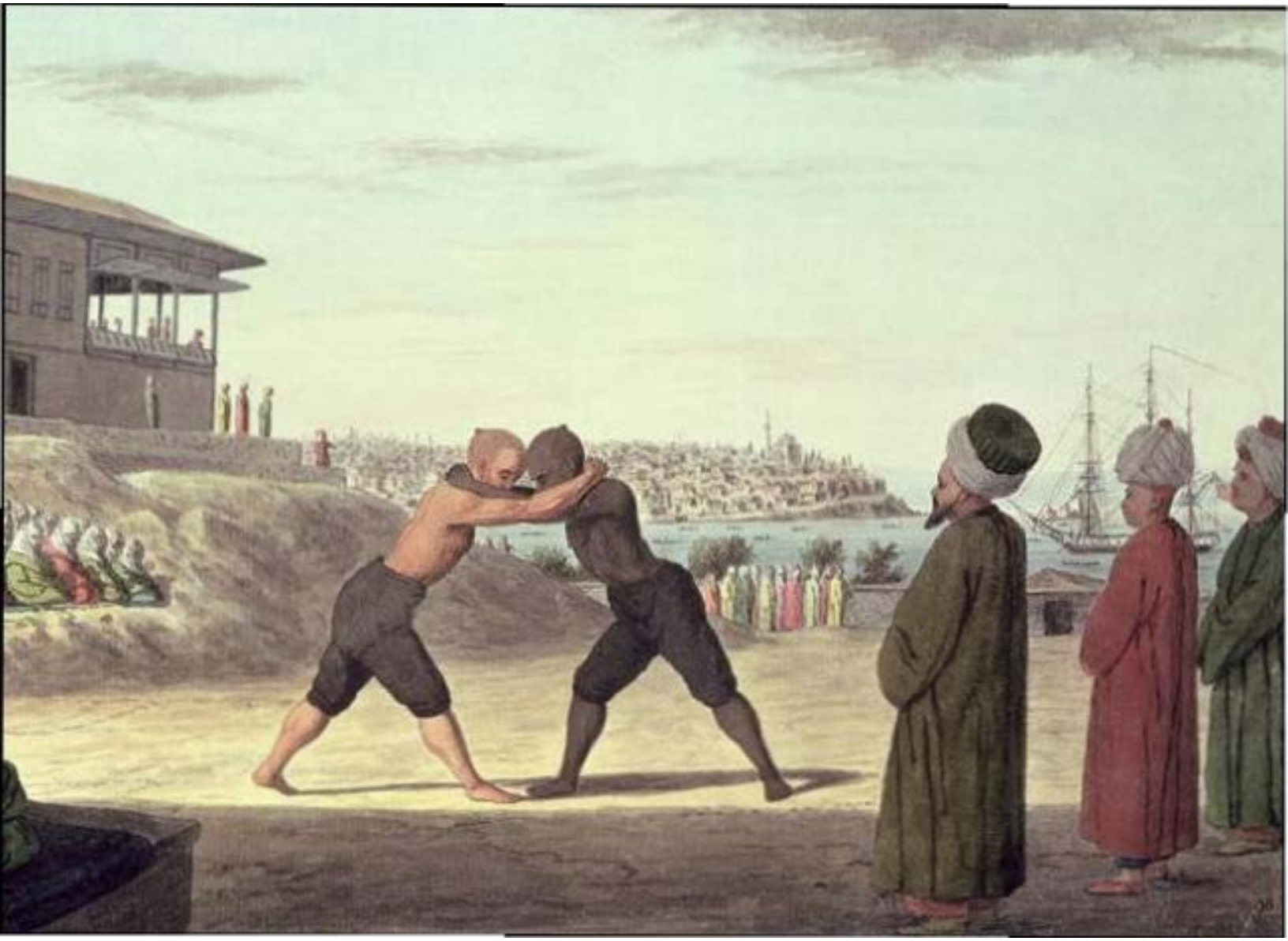


Precop

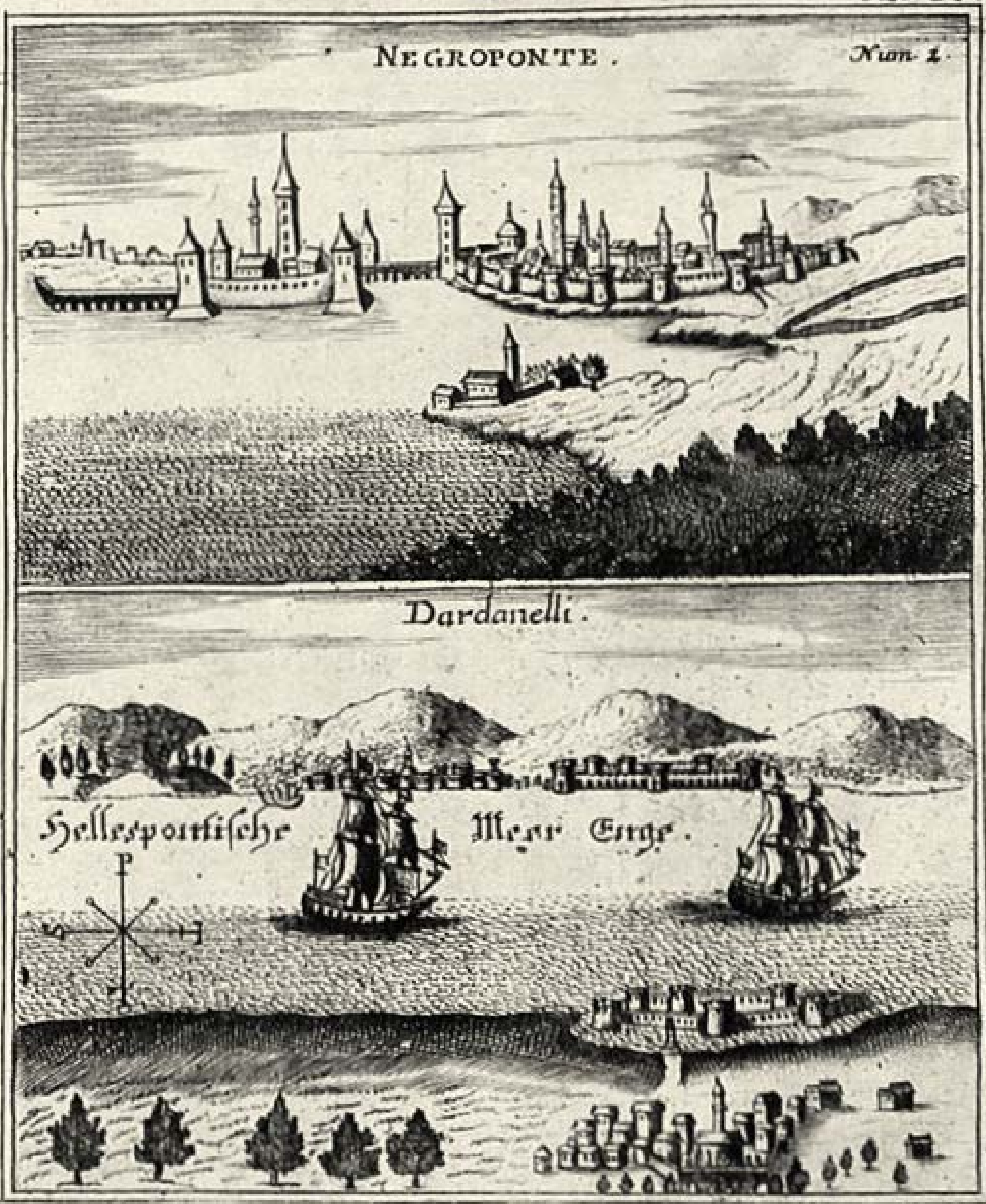


Müller Sculp: Pragae

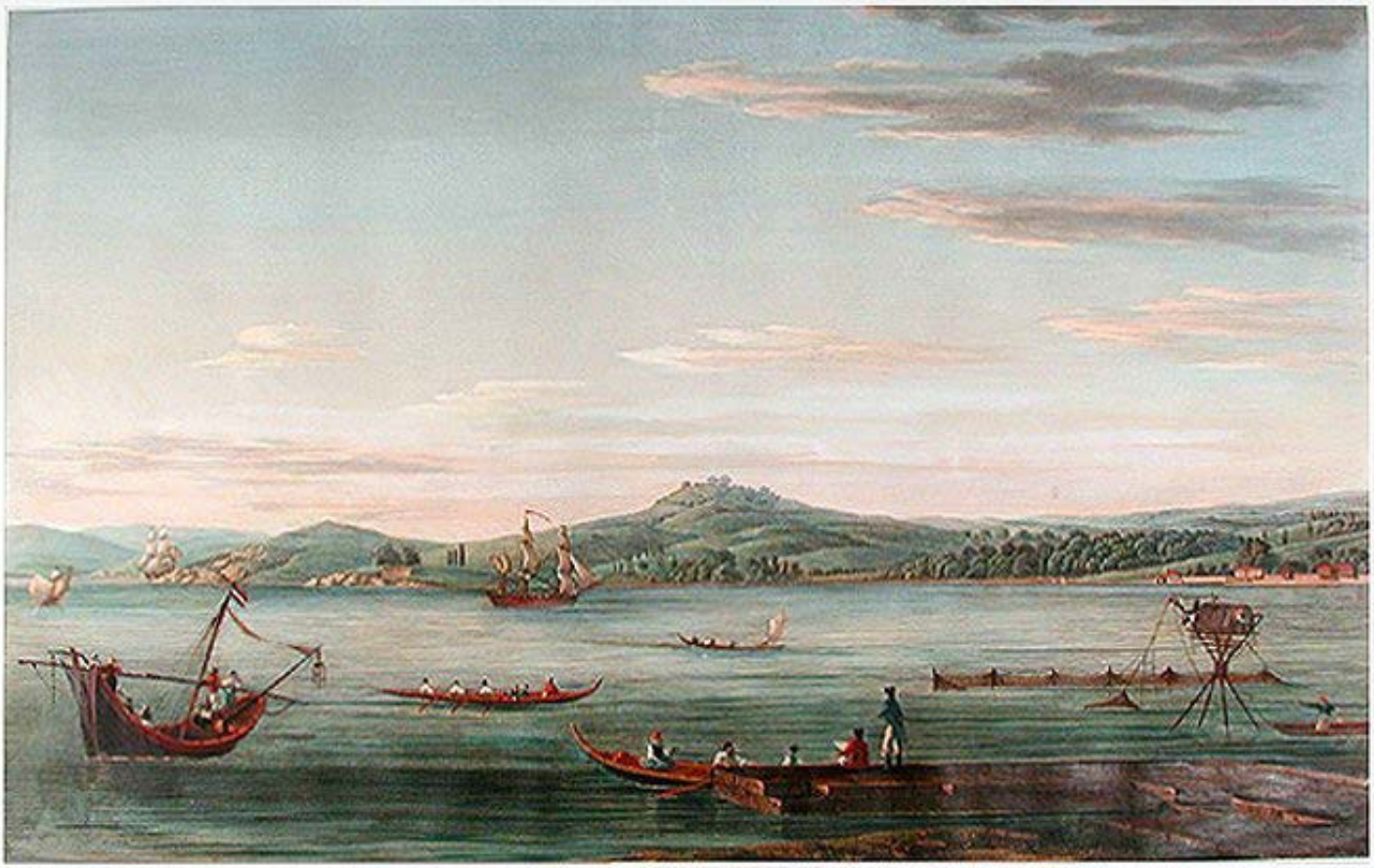

N: 4
Vista CANDIA
Vista CANEA.
Müller fec:




GALLIPOLI



Hiller Sculp. Pragæ



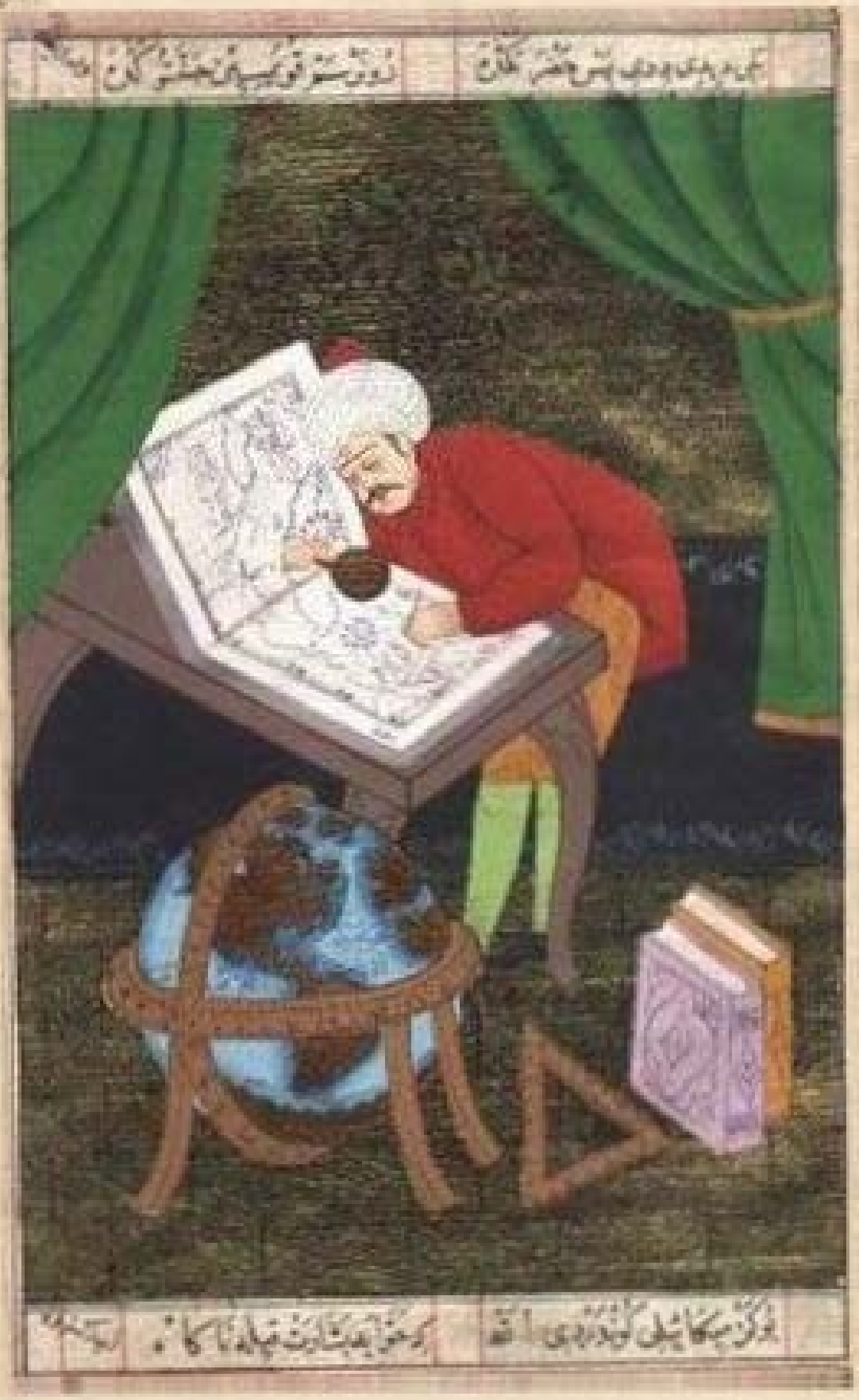
VUE DE HOUNKIAR – ISKELESI.

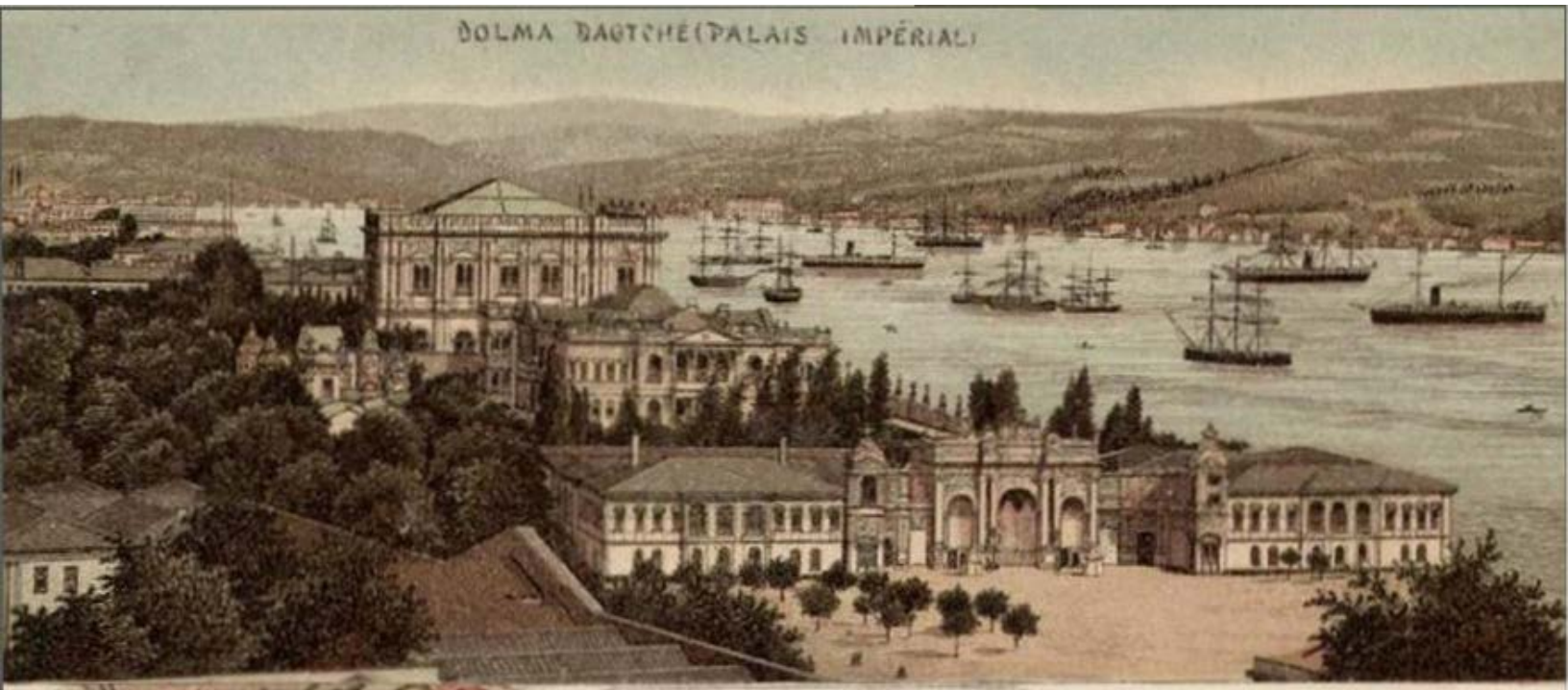
Echelle de Grande Seigneur



Vue du CHAMP DES MORTS, *près Pise.*







استانبول یادگاری

Souvenir de
CONSTANTINOPLE.


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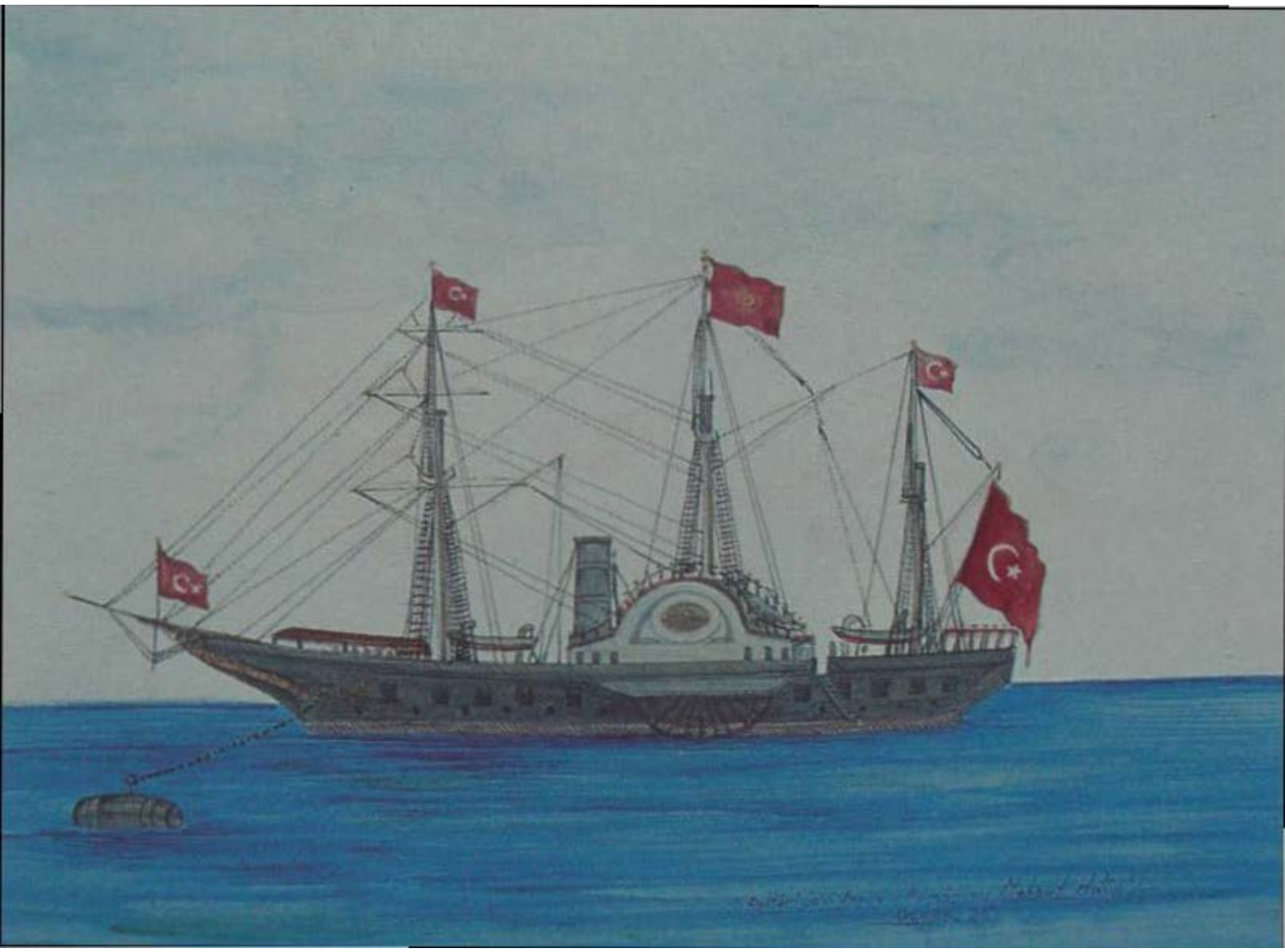

FAMAGUSTA

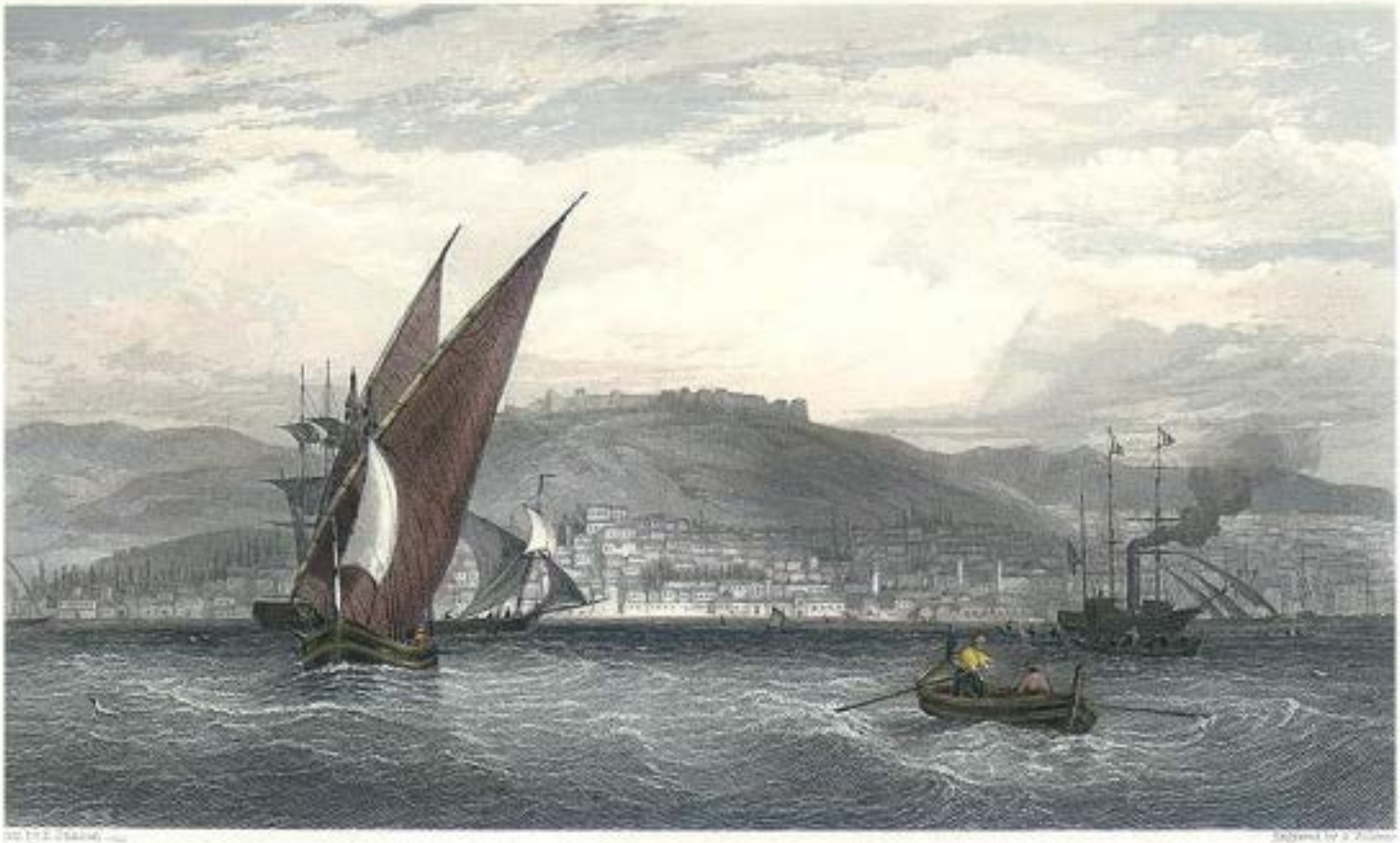

Salut de Constantinople.
Hotel Splendide à Theraphie (Haut Bosphore).



Die den Grosvezier mit Laternen aufsuchende Türchen.

Phil. Iosep: Fill. exc. A. V.

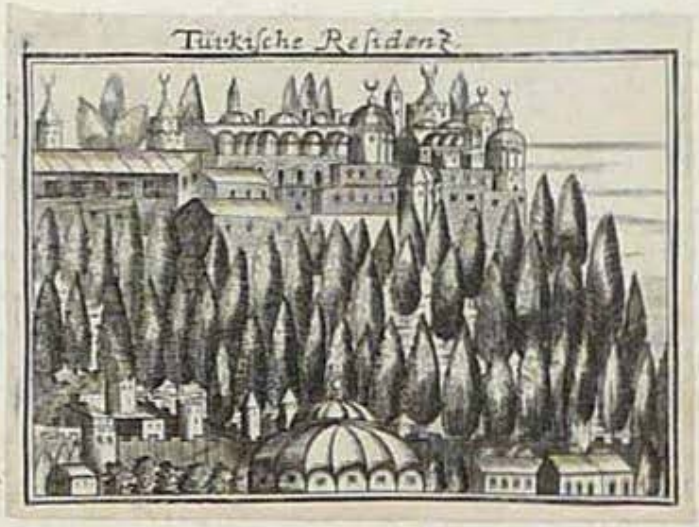




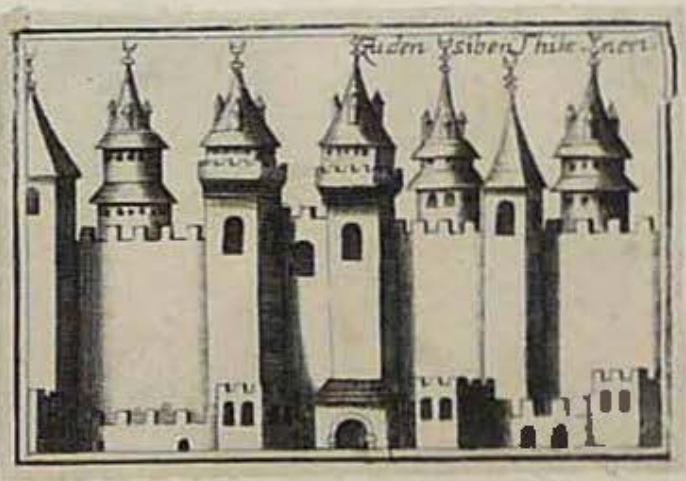
GUYANA

FROM THE NORTH WEST


CONSTANTINOPOLI.


Türkische Residenz.


Astrachan.
Kirch.


Ruden Ysiben Thür Ynen







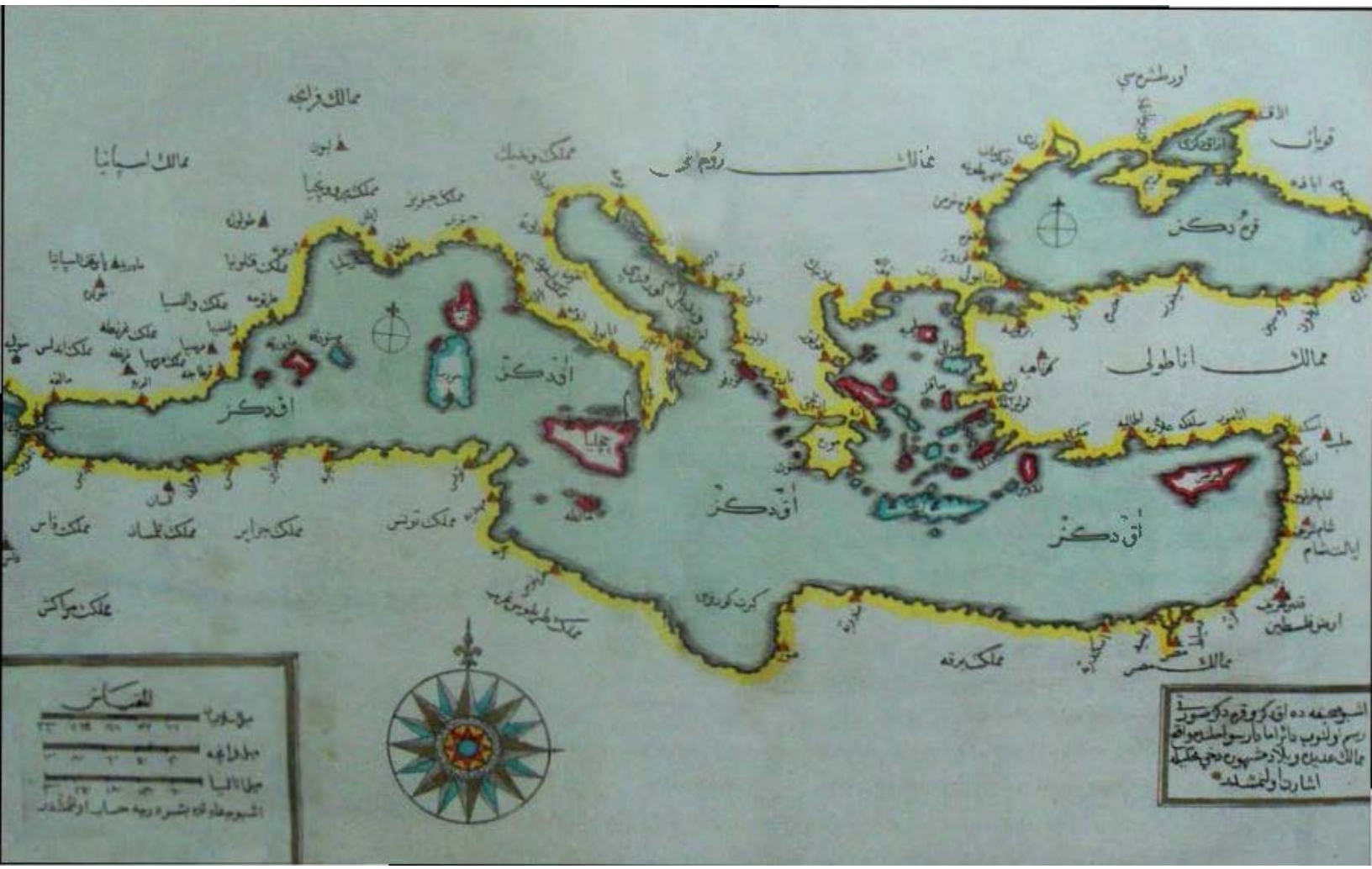


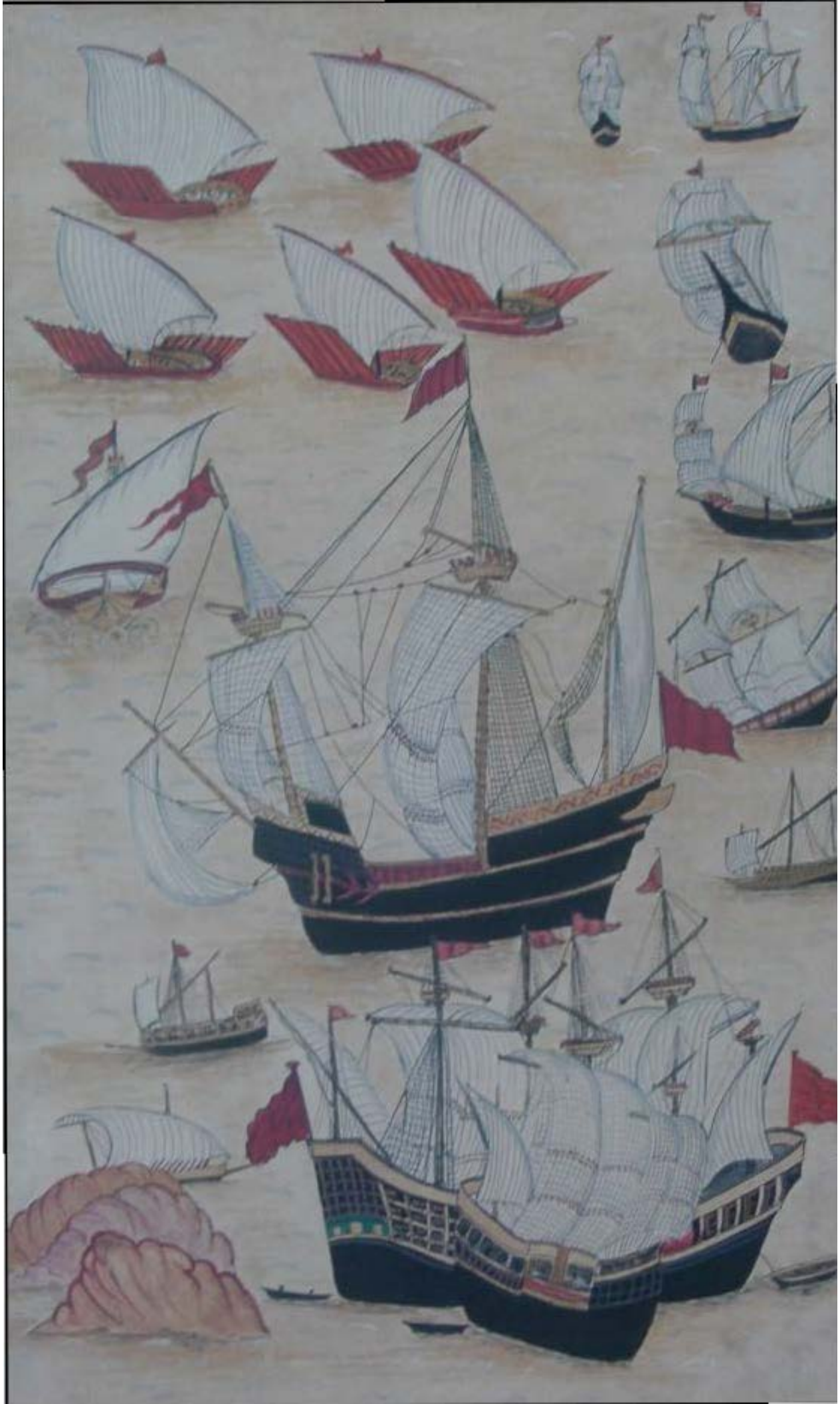
Souvenir de
CONSTANTINOPLE.

استانبول یادگاری

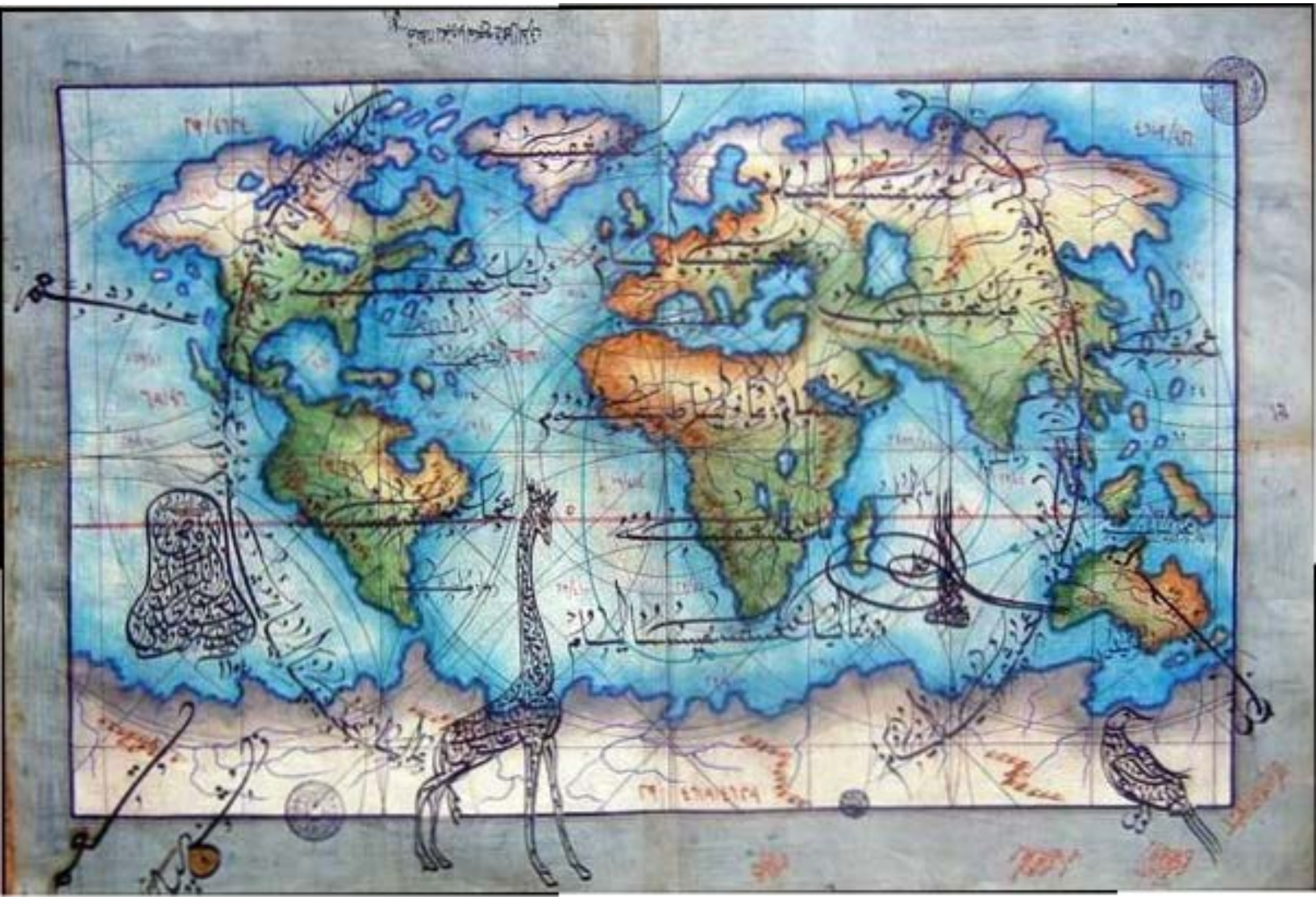
Emil Pinkau, Imprimé à Leipzig, fabrication spéciale pour cartes postales avec vues.

Max Frechtermann, Editeur, Constantinople


ممالك فرانجه
ممالك اسپانيا
ممالك وندیك
روم بحر
ممالك اناطولی
اق دكز
اق دكز
اق دكز
اق دكز
ممالك مراكش
ممالك فاس
ممالك جزایر
ممالك تونس
ممالك برقه
ممالك مصر
ارض فلسطين
ایالت شام
المقياس











A. Part of Thrace. B. The Lanterne. C. Part of Bythinia. D. Euxine Sea. E. Bosphorus.

there

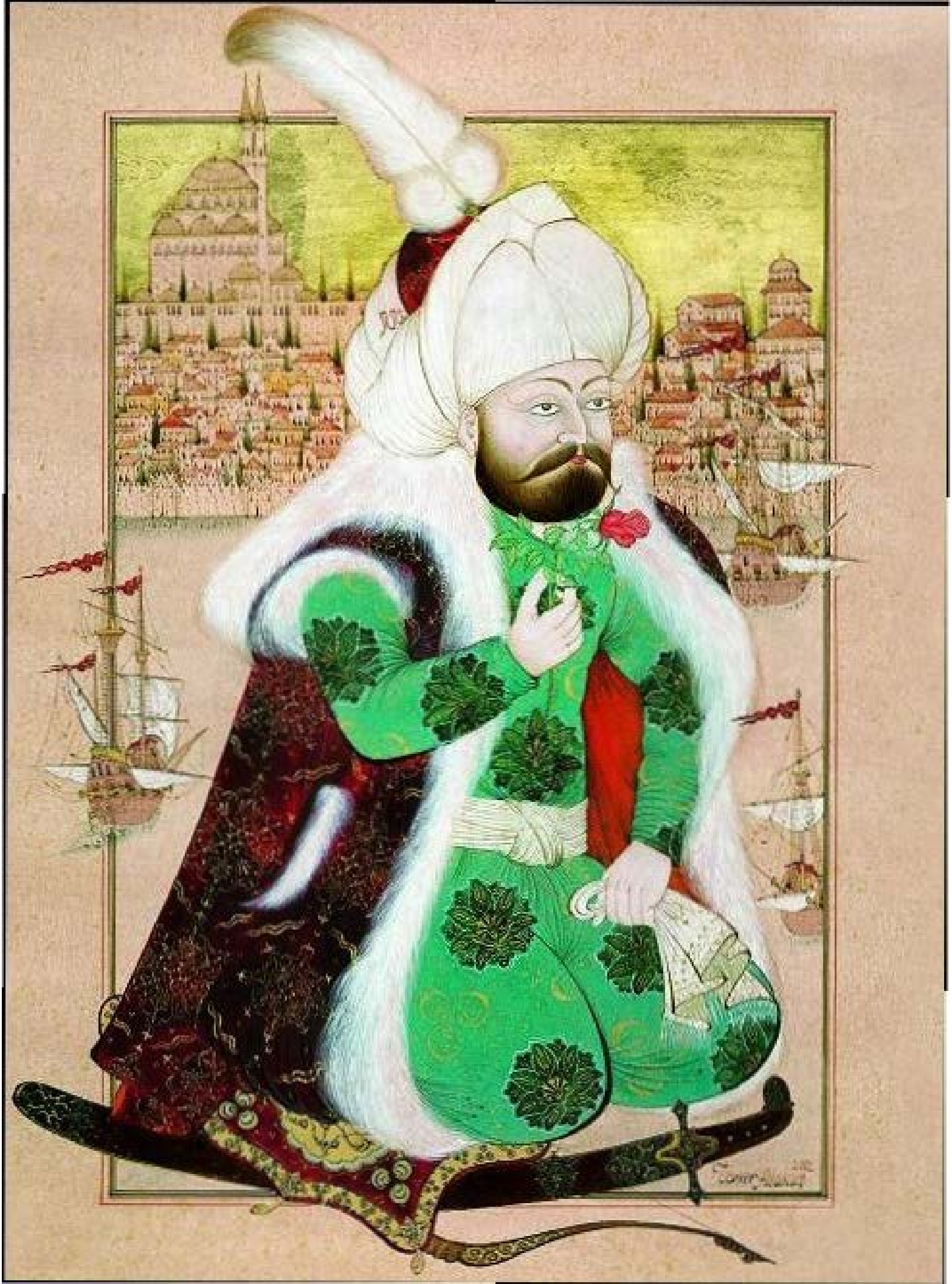


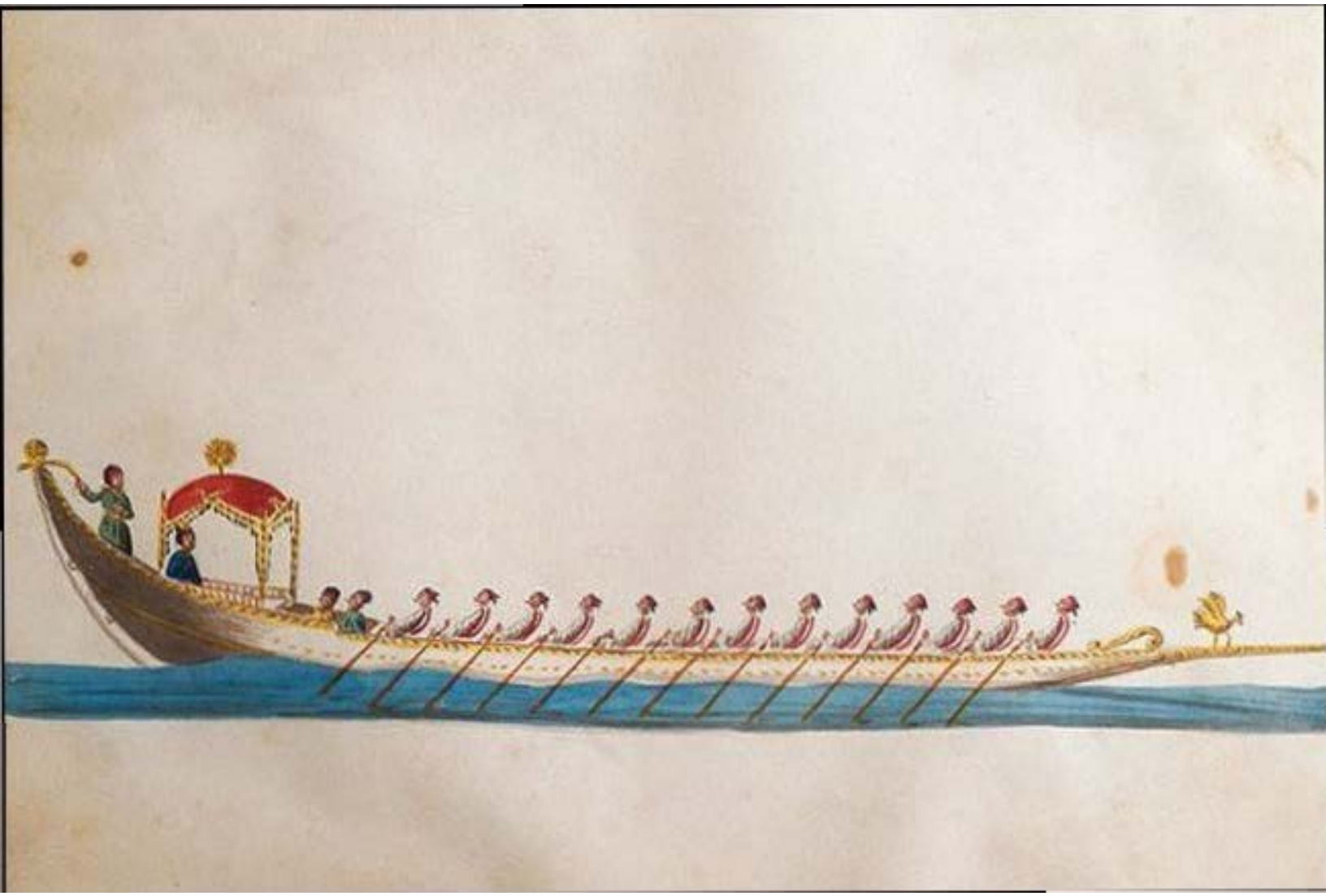
A. The Thracian Bosphorus and way to the Blacke sea.
B. The Boy of Isme.
C. The high-land over Barsia.
D. The entrance into Propontis.
E. The hauen of Constantinople.
F. Point of Fundaclee.
G. Point betweene Scutari and Chalcedon.
H. The Maiden tower.

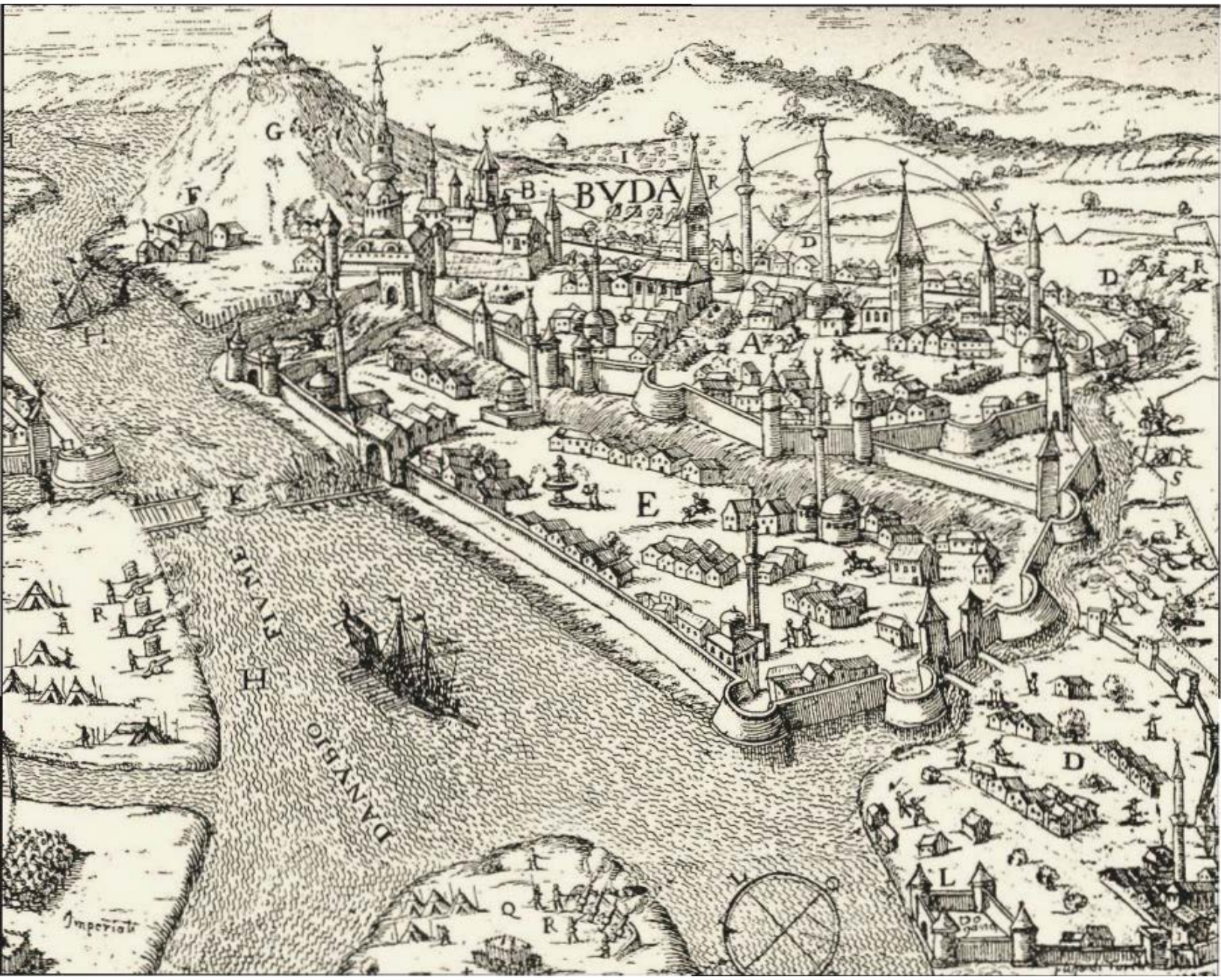
ballador for our Nation, there was a certaine Hollander, called Adrian Cant, W

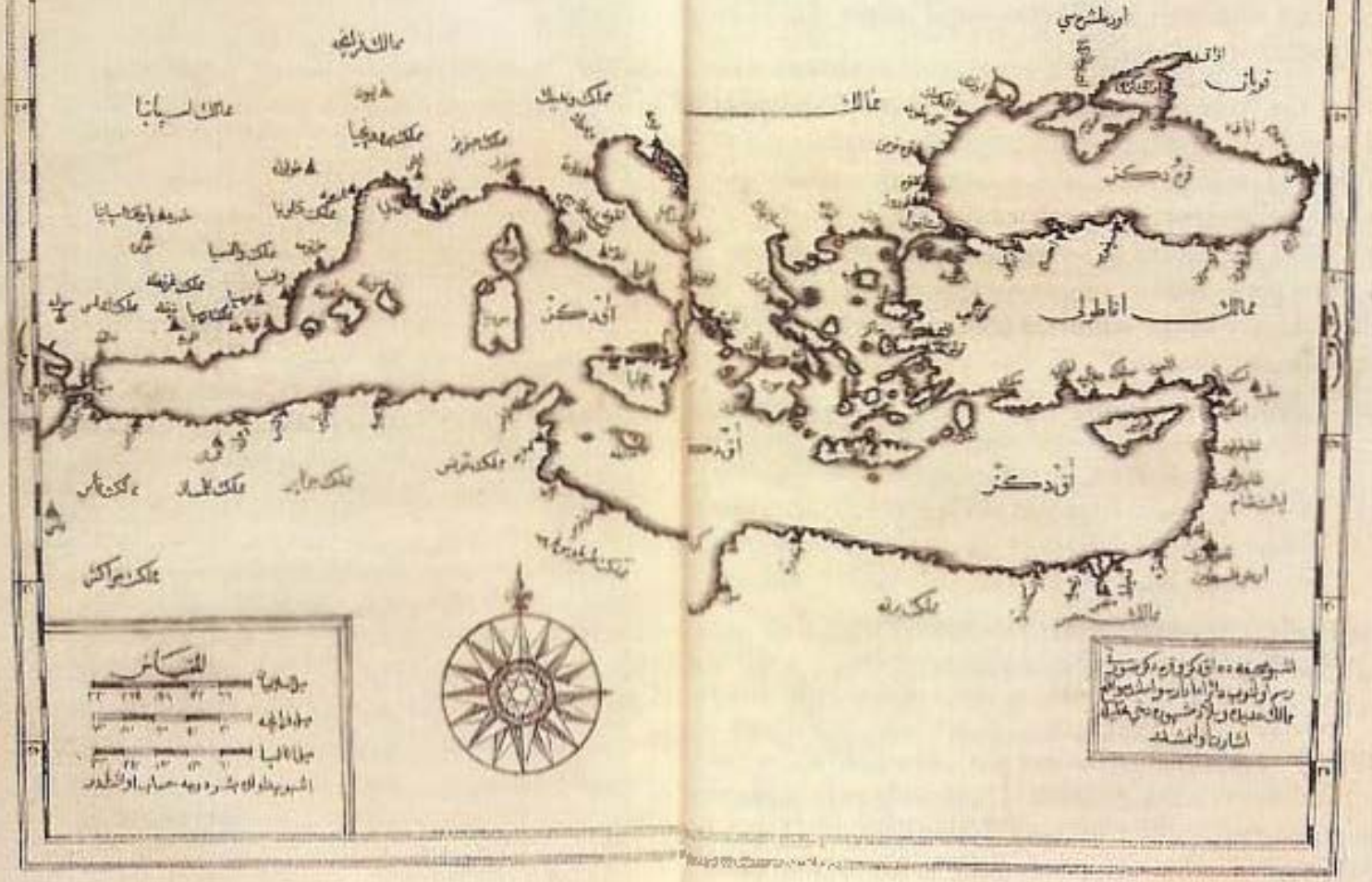


A. The Blacke Tower.
B. The opposite Castle.
C. Thracian Bosphorus.
D. Part of Thrace:
E. Part of Bythinia.





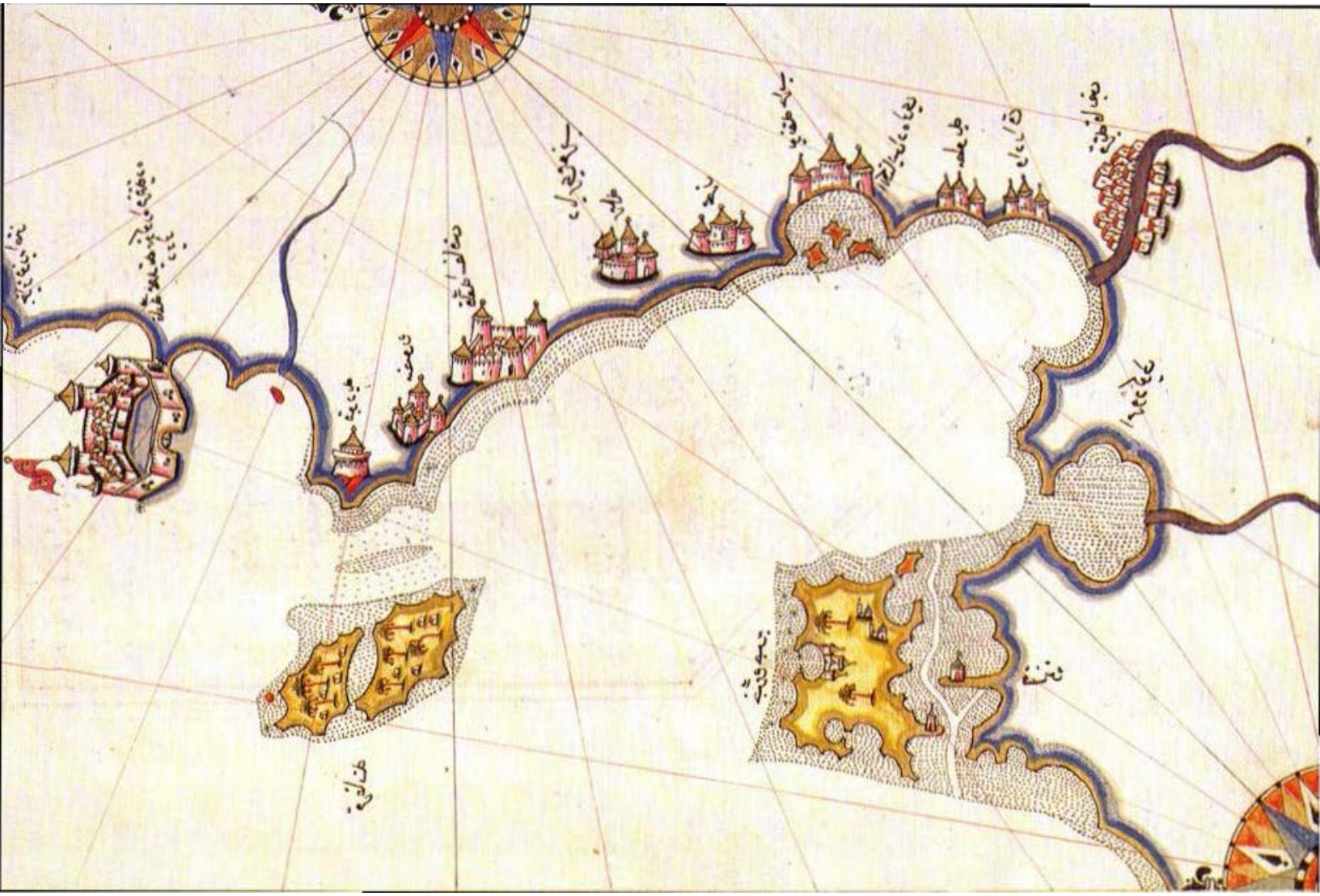

BVDA
DANVBIO
FLVVIO
Imperiale

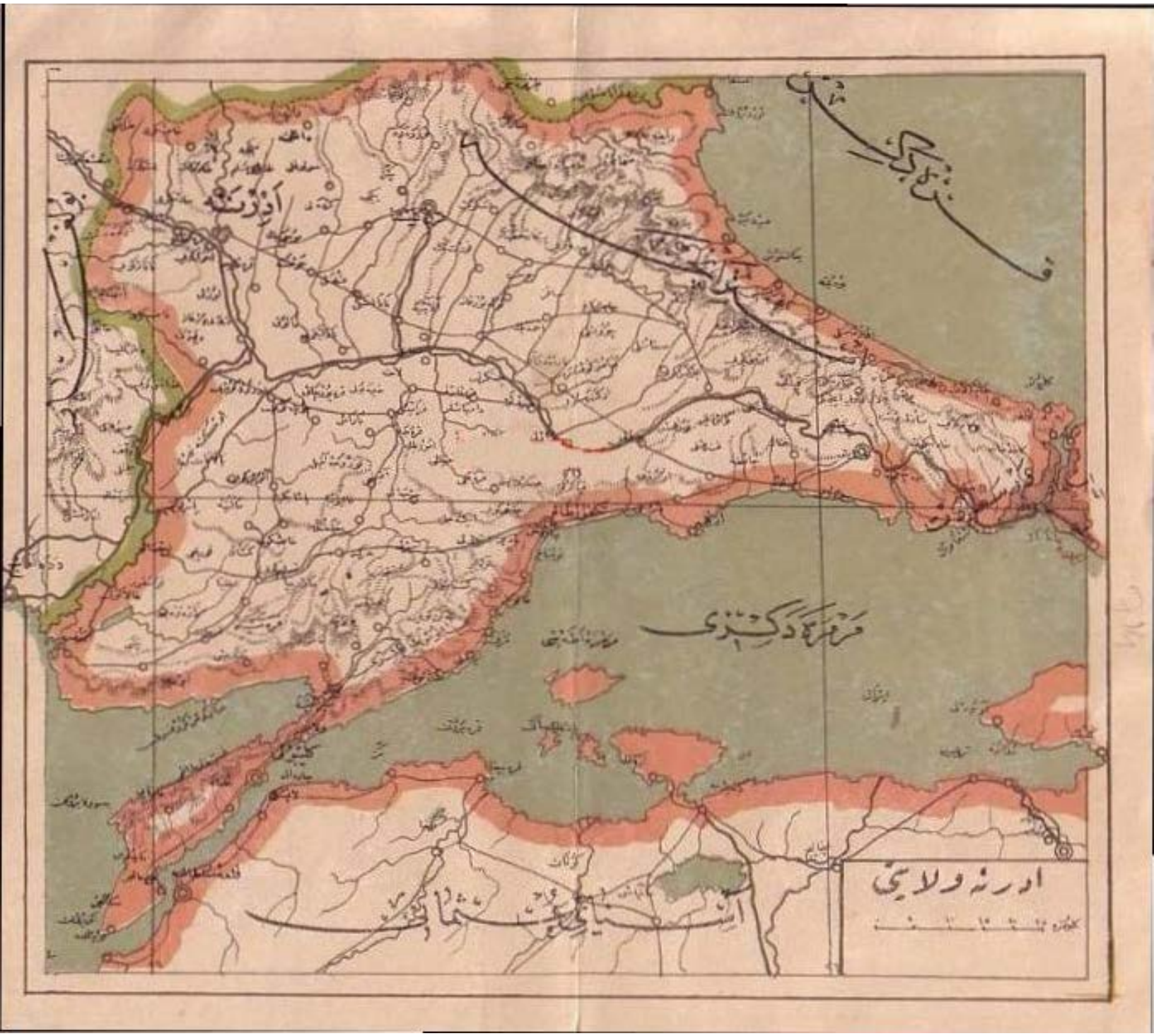

ممالك اسپانيا
ممالك فرنسا
ممالك انكليز
ممالك المانيه
ممالك ايطاليا
ممالك اطريش
ممالك بولونيا
ممالك روسيه
ممالك تركيه
ممالك مراكش
ممالك تونس
ممالك طرابلس
ممالك الجزاير
ممالك فاس
ممالك سوس
ممالك تمبكتو
ممالك دارفور
ممالك سنار
ممالك حبش
ممالك يمن
ممالك عمان
ممالك فارس
ممالك هرموز
ممالك بلخ
ممالك بدخشان
ممالك كشمير
ممالك دهلي
ممالك بنكاله
ممالك اراكان
ممالك سيام
ممالك تنكين
ممالك كوچين شين
ممالك لوزون
ممالك بورنيو
ممالك سلبس
ممالك مولوكو
ممالك جاوه
ممالك سومطره
ممالك ملقه
ممالك اچين
ممالك ارض الحبش
ممالك زنكبار
ممالك ماداغاسكر
ممالك ريه
ممالك مصر
ممالك حجاز
ممالك عرب
ممالك ارض السودان
ممالك ارض الشام
ممالك ارض الروم
ممالك ارض الكرج
ممالك ارض الجركس
ممالك ارض القرم
ممالك ارض الاوزبك
ممالك ارض الترك
ممالك ارض الهند
ممالك ارض الصين
ممالك ارض اليابان
ممالك ارض الفلبين
ممالك ارض الجاوه
ممالك ارض السومطره
ممالك ارض الملقه
ممالك ارض الاچين
ممالك ارض الحبش
ممالك ارض زنكبار
ممالك ارض ماداغاسكر
ممالك ارض ريه
ممالك ارض مصر
ممالك ارض حجاز
ممالك ارض

296




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Valachia
Sclauonia
Mar Maggiore
Georgiani
Mar de Bachu
TARTARIÆ PARS.
Candia
Cipro
Persiæ reg.
Golfo Persico
Barcha.
Egitto.
Arabia Felix.
Mar di Mecca
AFRICÆ PARS.
TVRCICVM IMPERIVM.
Abissini.
MARE INDICVM.

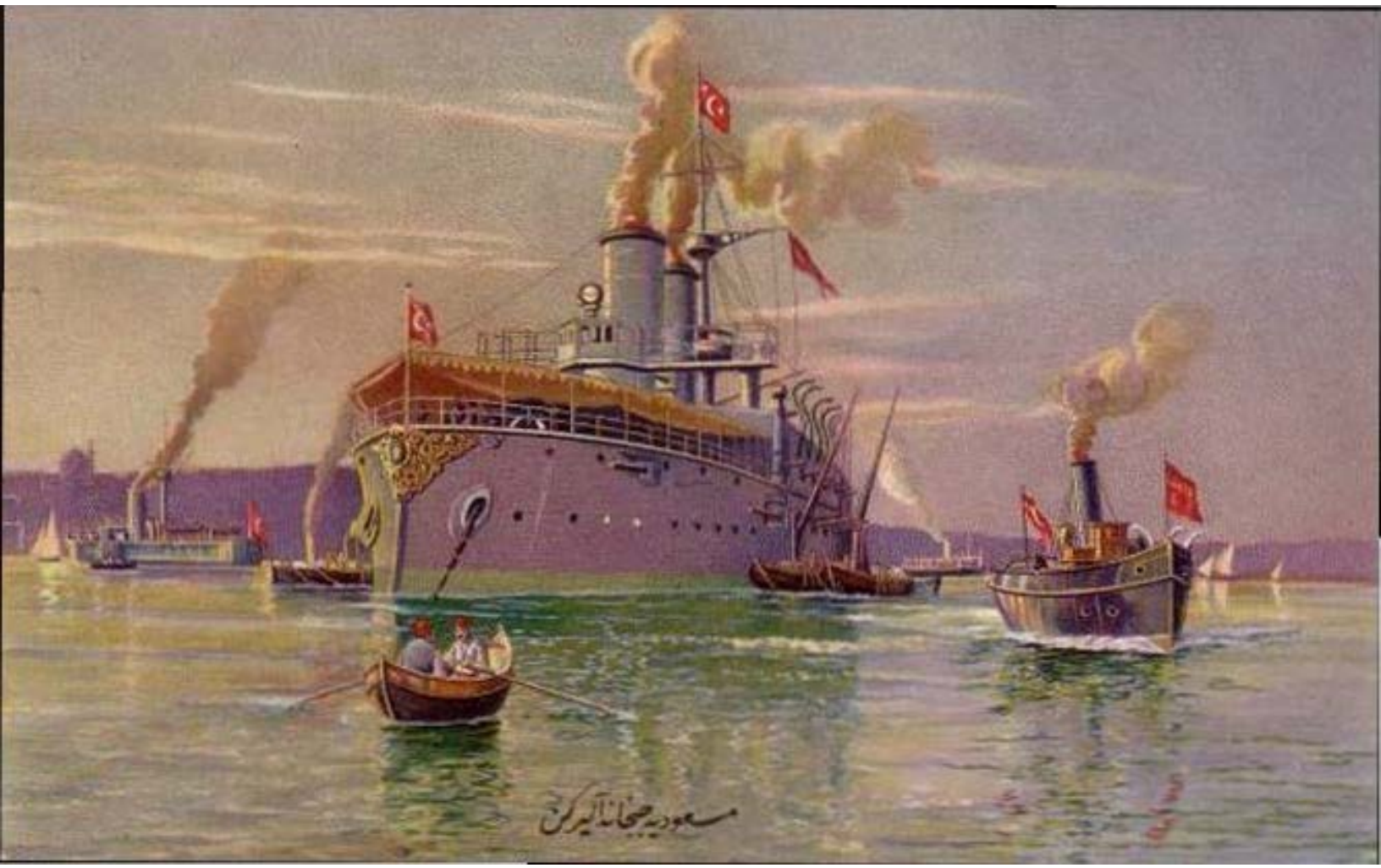



ادرنه ولایتی



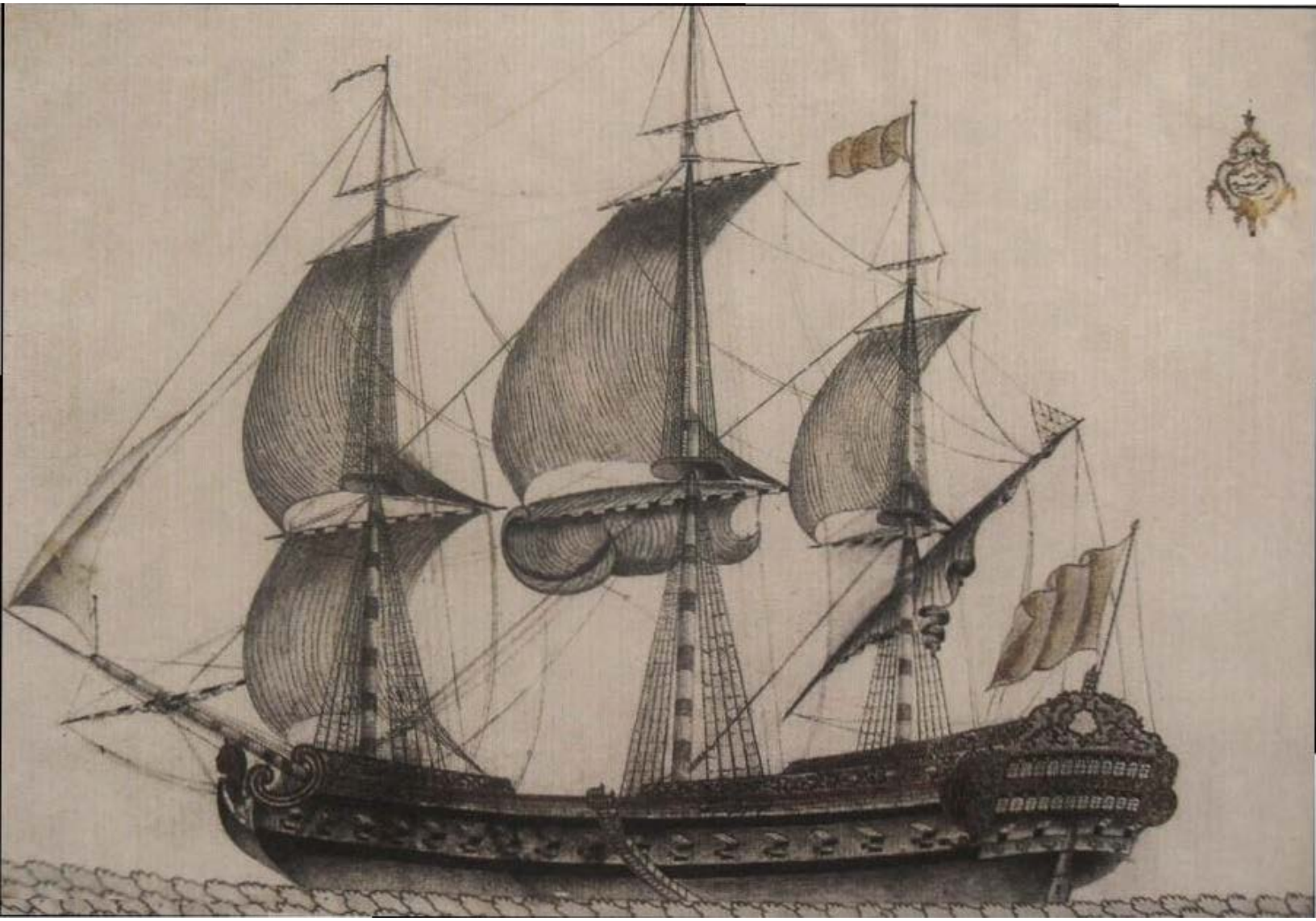
Bataille navale. Barbarousse.
Hairreddine contre Andrea Doria.

Constantinople.


مسعودیه صیخانه آیرکن


FLOTTE OTTOMANE
Messoudié









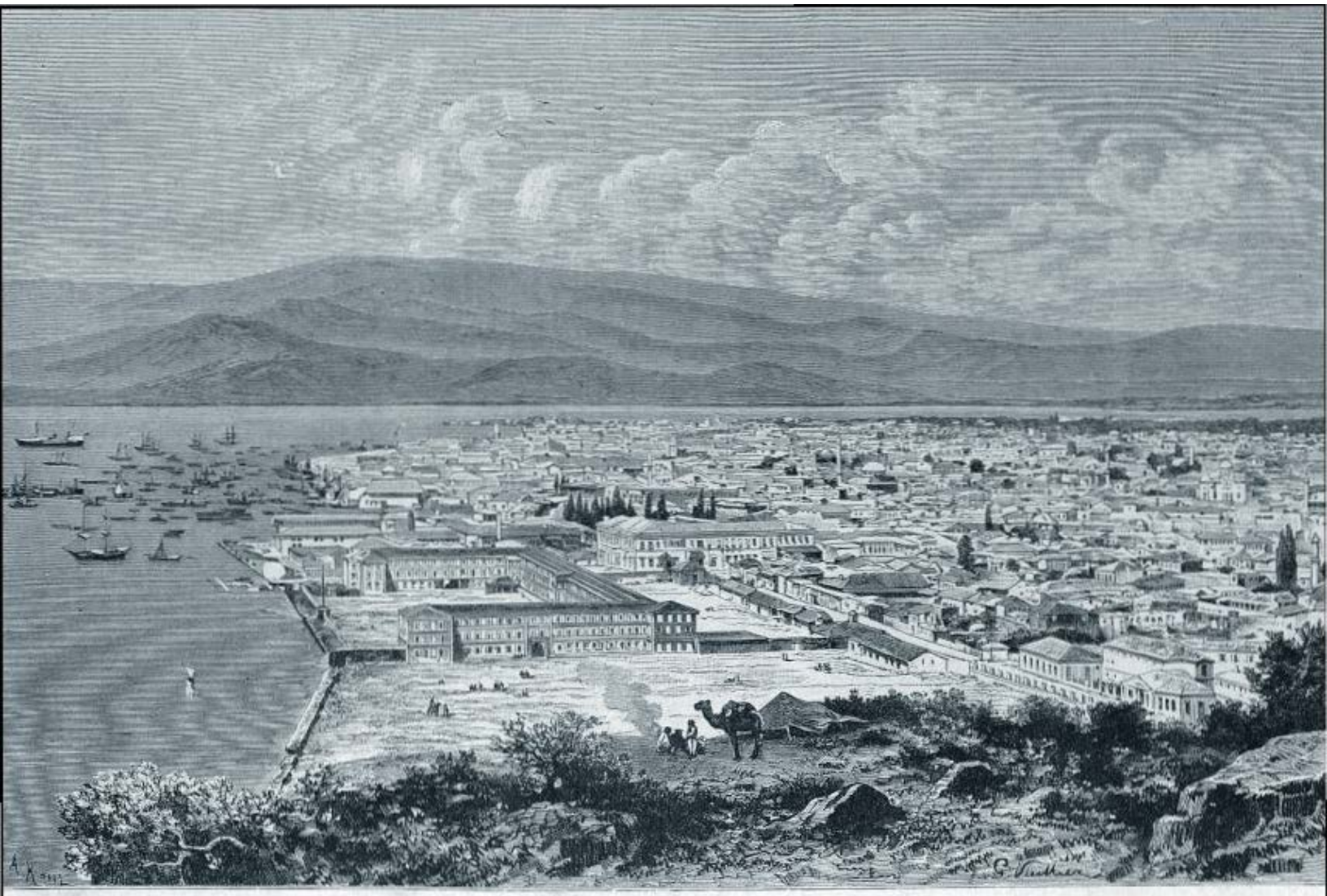
استانبول یادگاری

Souvenir
de
Constantinople



Sandjak Capitany, ou Capitaine de vaisseau, Turc
de guerre.


MER NOIRE
TERRES DE L'ANATOLIE
CARTE GÉNÉRALE
DE LA
TURQUIE D'EUROPE,
ET DE LA
HONGRIE,
dressée par Mr. Philippe

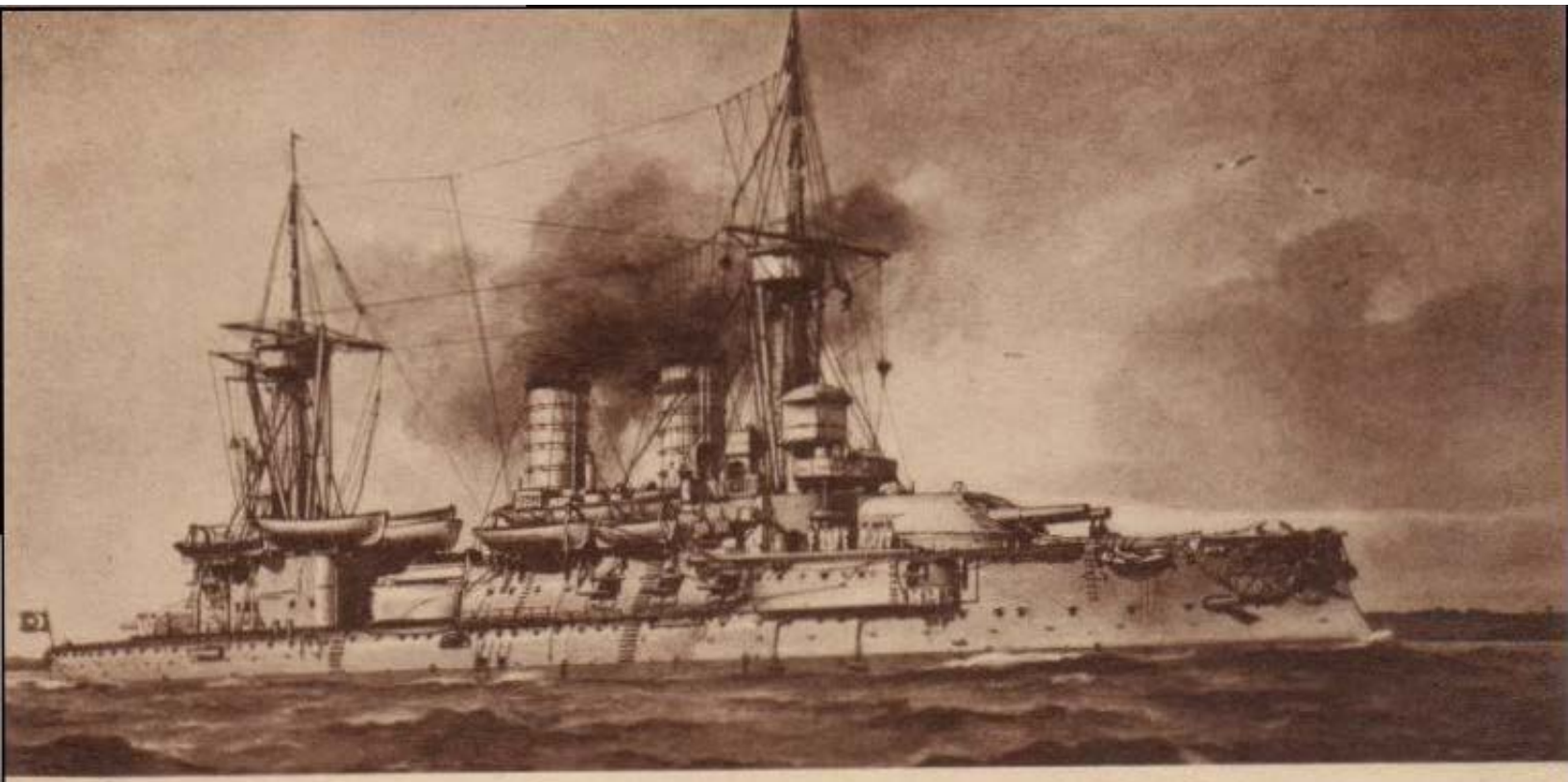


Ansicht von Smyrna.

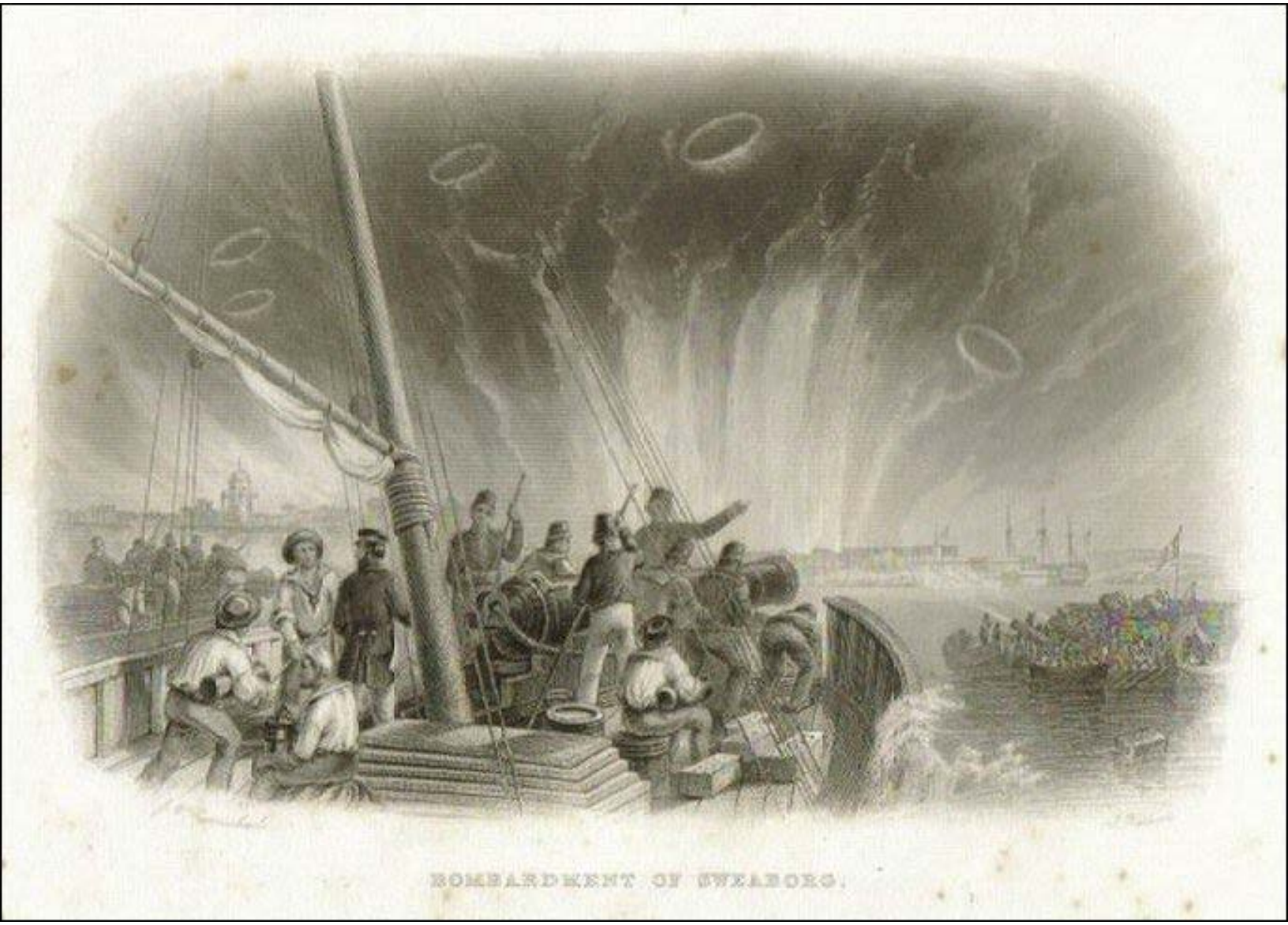



ماریول زاده
علی پاشا
یدك دلی
بك زاده
عبد القادر
پاشا
منجوزاده
مرحوم
رصاص كتخدای
اسمعیل پاشا
بشترده همایون
فنجاش
فوردلوزاده
لاله محمد بك
مرحوم
ابوبكربك
قپودان پاشا زاده
مصطفی پاشا
خلیل بك
علی پاشا زاده
عثمان پاشا
آقی دكز
وفه سی

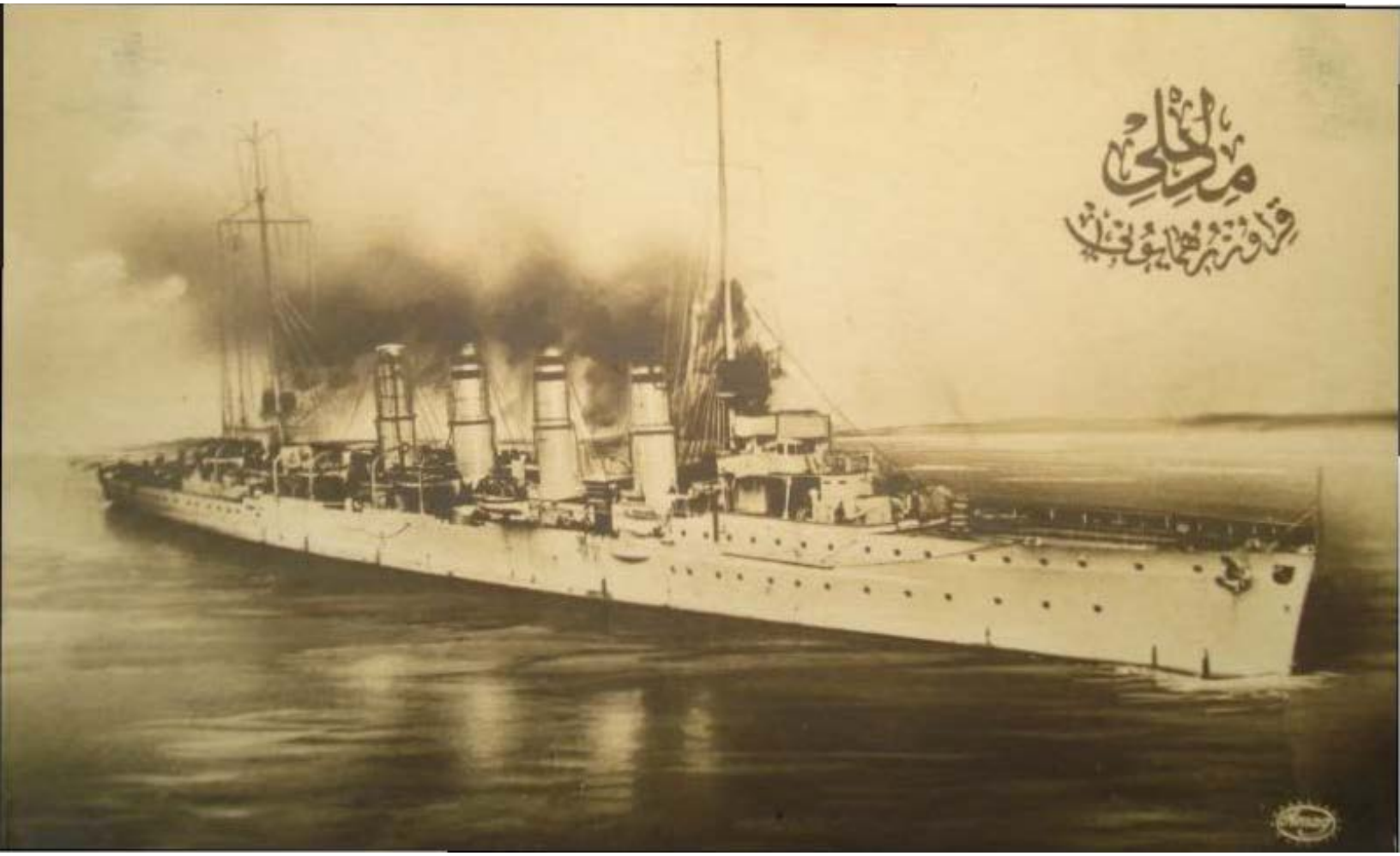

CONSTANTINOPELI
MERIDIES
OCCIDENS
ORIENS
SEPTENTRIO

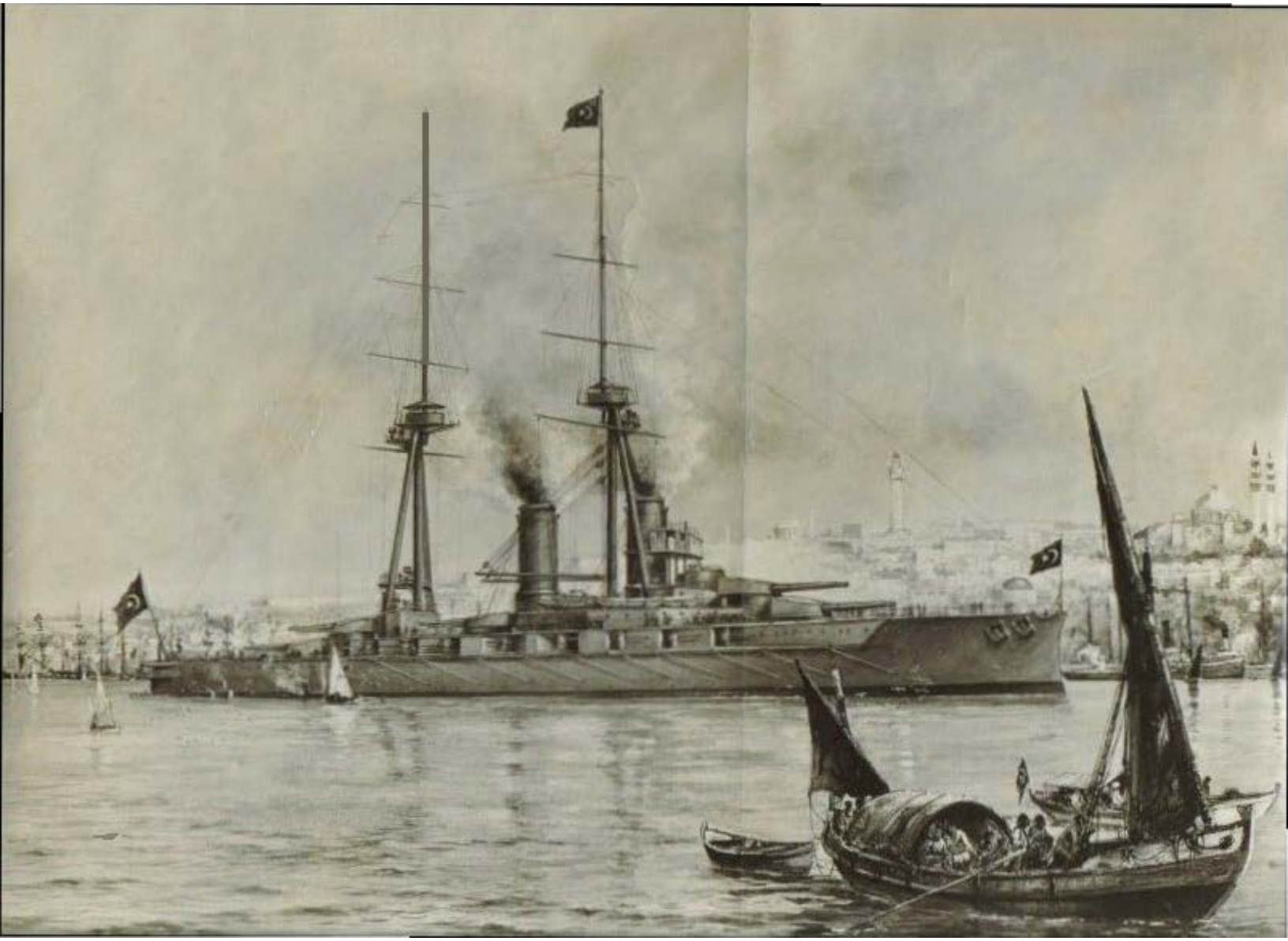


Türkisches Liniensdiiff „Barbaross Haïredin“ بربا روس خیر الدین



BOMBARDMENT OF SWEABORG.


مدللي
قزوزهمايوني

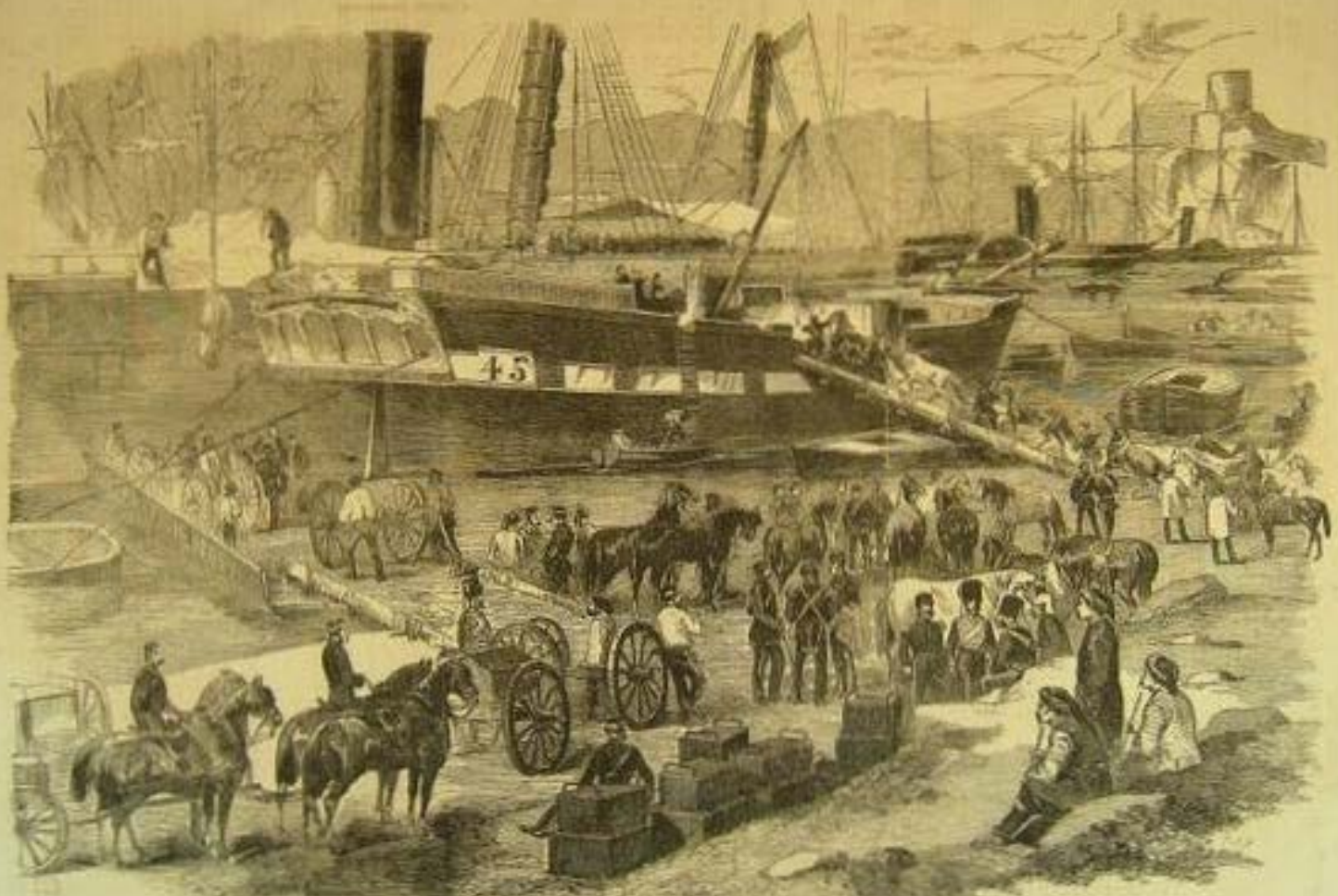


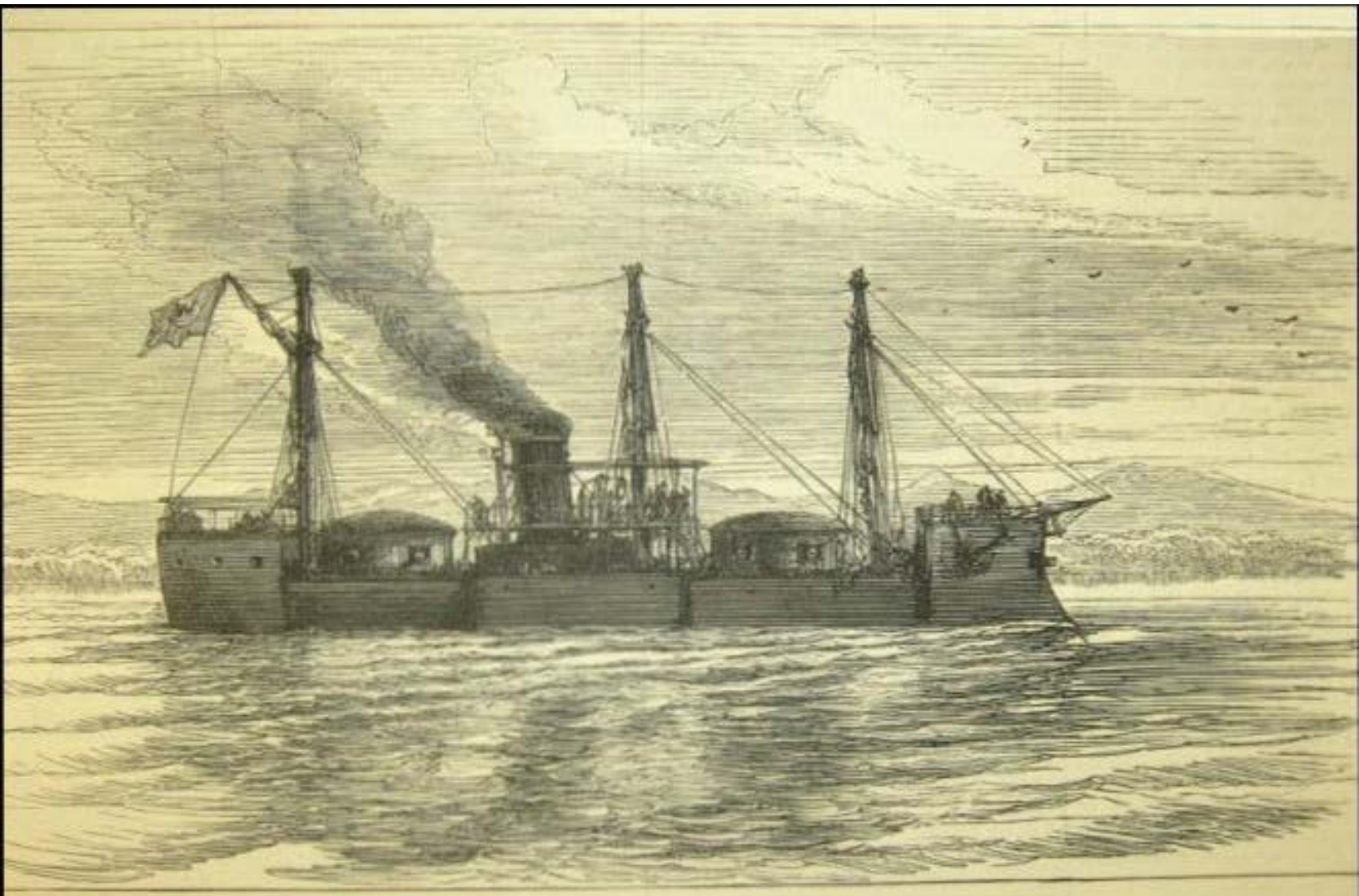


تجارتخانه‌ی قیودان و جرجی مکتی ارقدائم کرمانشاهی راسخ فرضه گونده‌لیه یازدم تریکی ۱۸ مایس ۱۳۲۲ / 1916

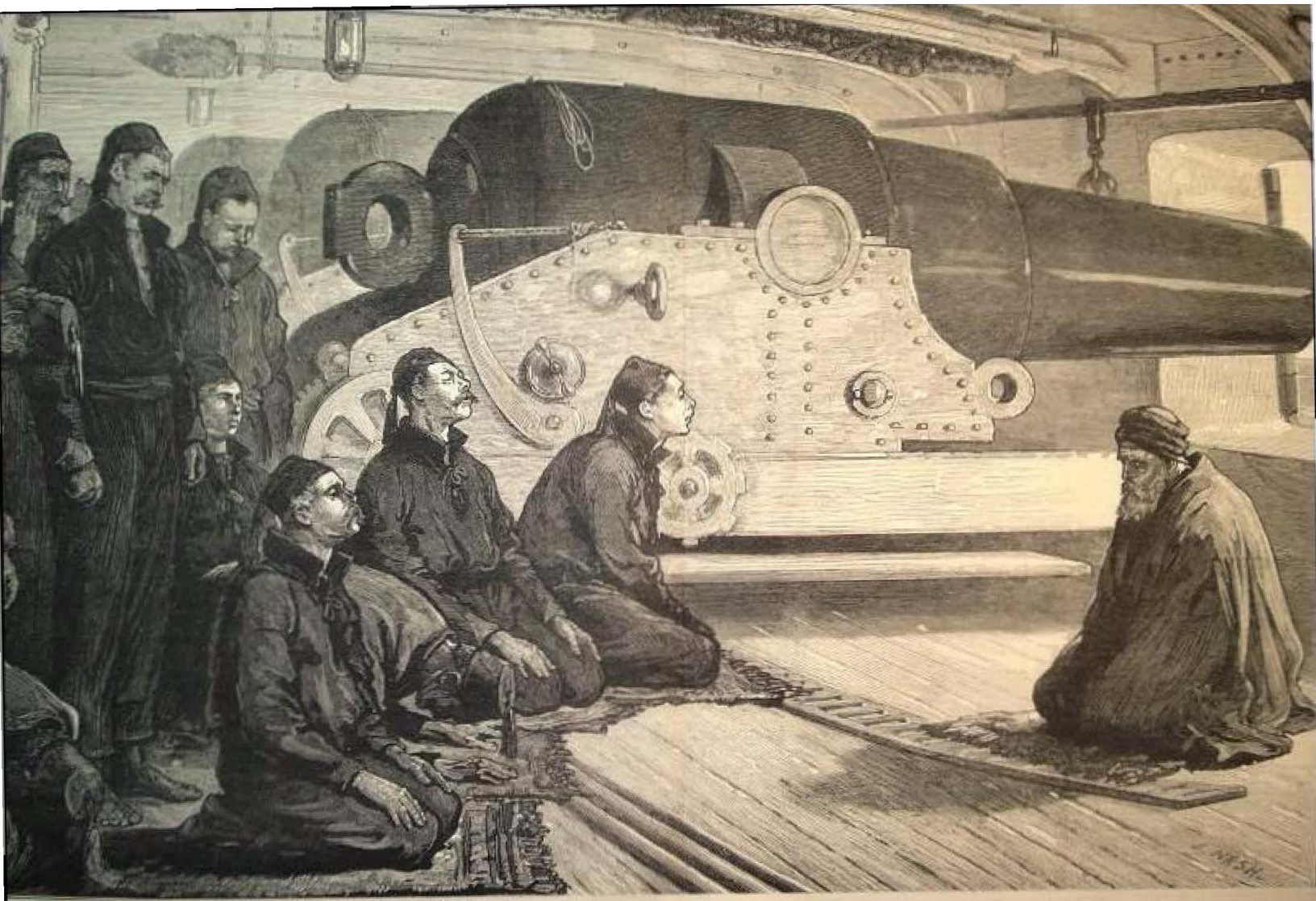
ادرس: اسکودره بویوک ایه‌لچی اوطه‌سنده ستاوروس




45



THE WAR: THE TURKISH GUN-BOAT LUTFI DJELIL, SUNK BY THE EGYPTIAN BATTERIES NEAR SUAKIM.
FROM A SKETCH BY ONE OF OUR SPECIAL ARTISTS.

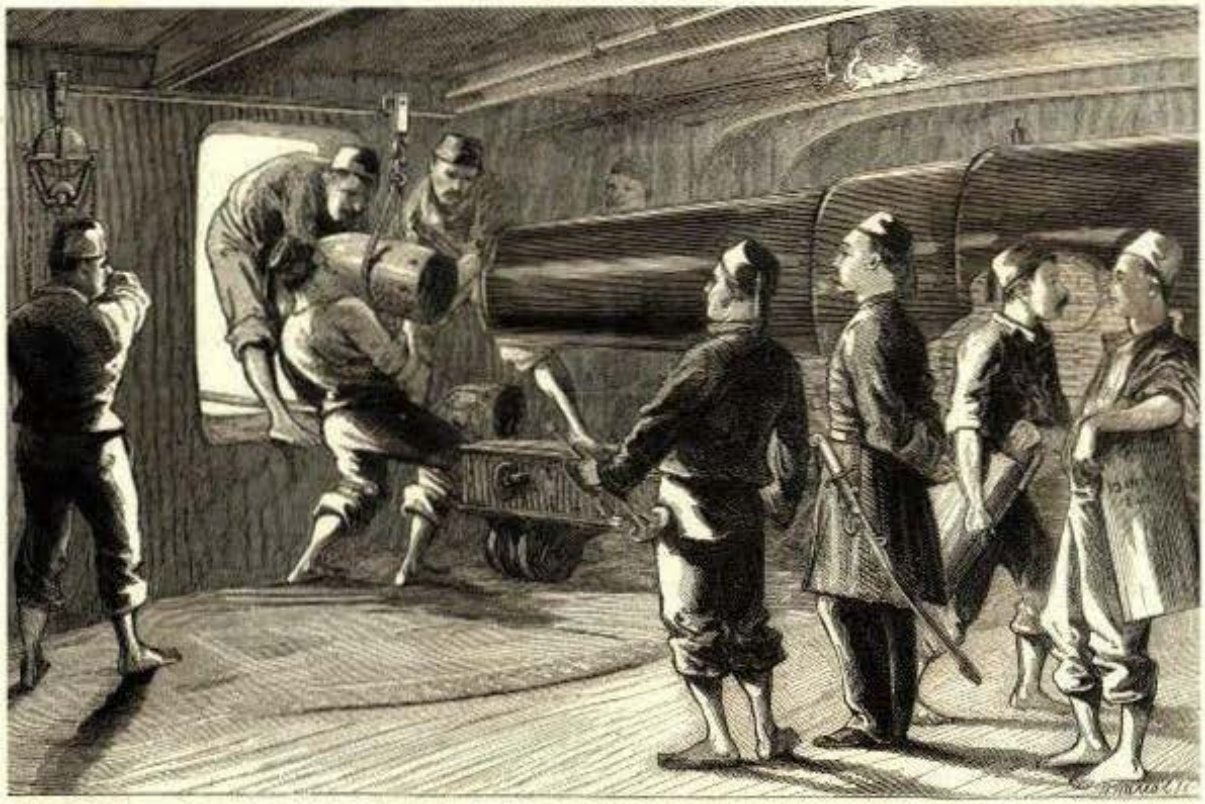


THE EASTERN QUESTION—RELIGION AND SCIENCE ON BOARD THE TURKISH IRONCLAD "MESSOUDIEH"

FROM A SKETCH BY OUR SPECIAL ARTIST AT CONSTANTINOPLE

THE EASTERN QUESTION—GUN-DRILL ON BOARD THE TURKISH IRONCLAD "MESSOUDIEH"

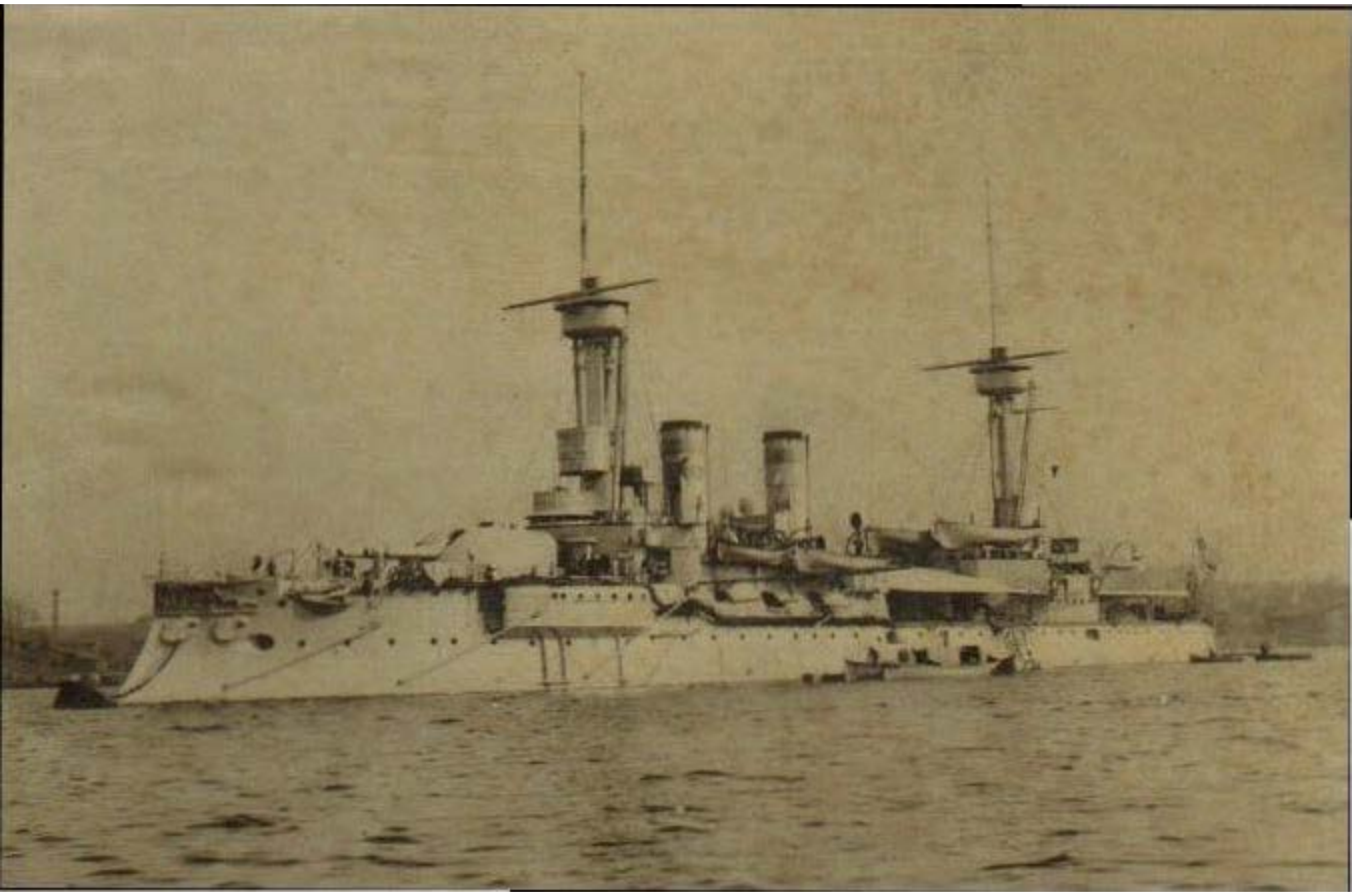
ORDERED BY OUR SPECIAL ARTIST AT CONSTANTINOPLE

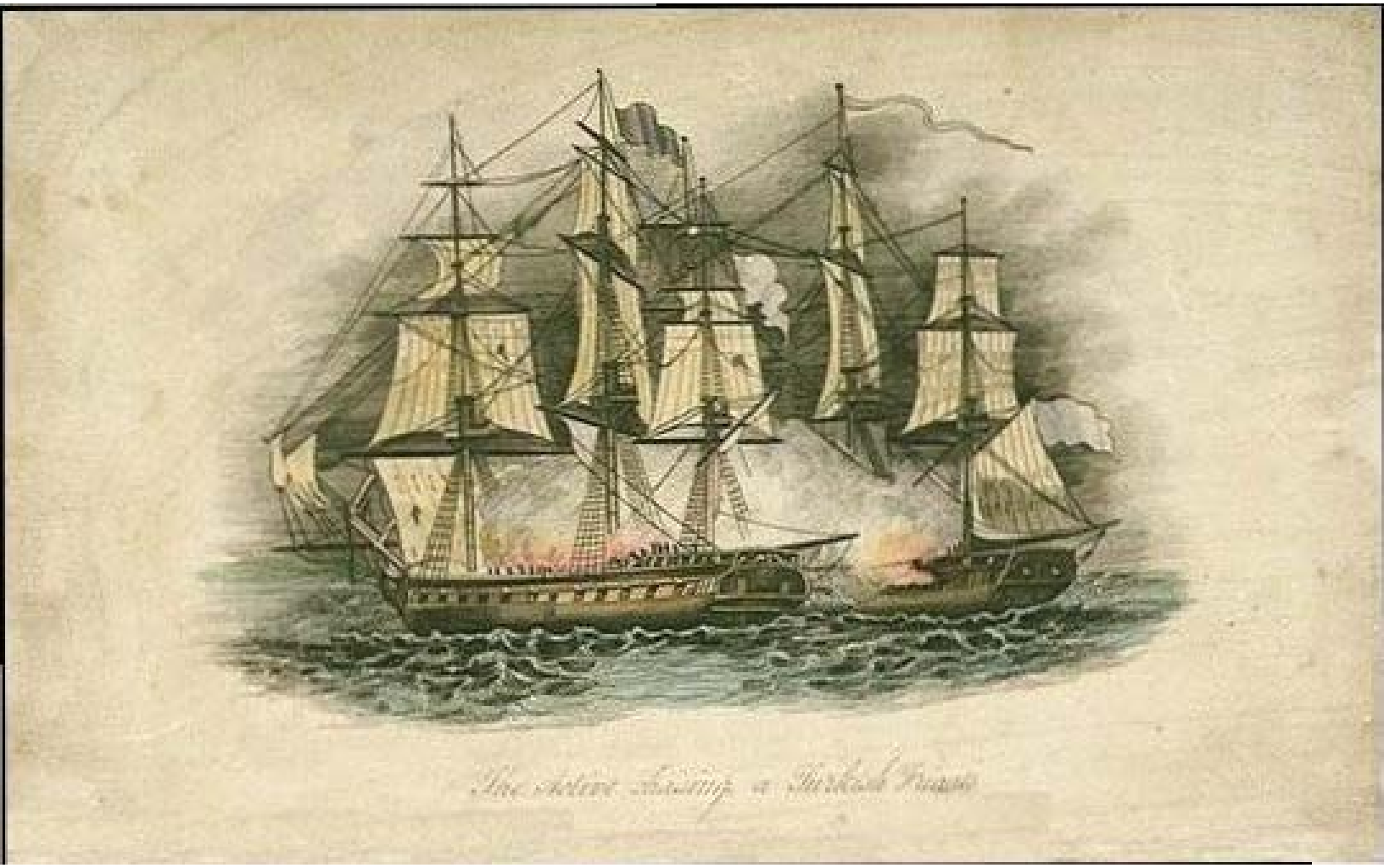


LOADING



POINTING THE GUN










POLOGNE
RUSSIE
UKRAINE
PAYS DES COSAQUES
HONGRIE
TRANSILVANIE
MER NOIRE
MER MEDITERRANEE
PARTIE DE LA TURQUIE ASIATIQUE
TURQUIE EUROPEENNE,
AVEC LES ETATS
qui en sont Tributaires,
et les Sièges des Eglises Chrétiennes
qui y sont établis
Par M. Brion.

1 ACTION Ltq. 250

1 ACTION Ltq. 11

SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME OTTOMANE DES DOCKS & ATELIERS DU HAUT-BOSPHORE

Société Anonyme Ottomane
autorisée
par IRADÉ IMPÉRIAL en date du 9bre Août 1909

CAPITAL SOCIAL
Livres Turques 425 000 (Fres 9 562 500)
divisé en 17 000 Actions de Lt.q 25 (Fres 562.50)

Siège Social, CONSTANTINOPLE

UNE ACTION au PORTEUR
DE LTQ 25 NET

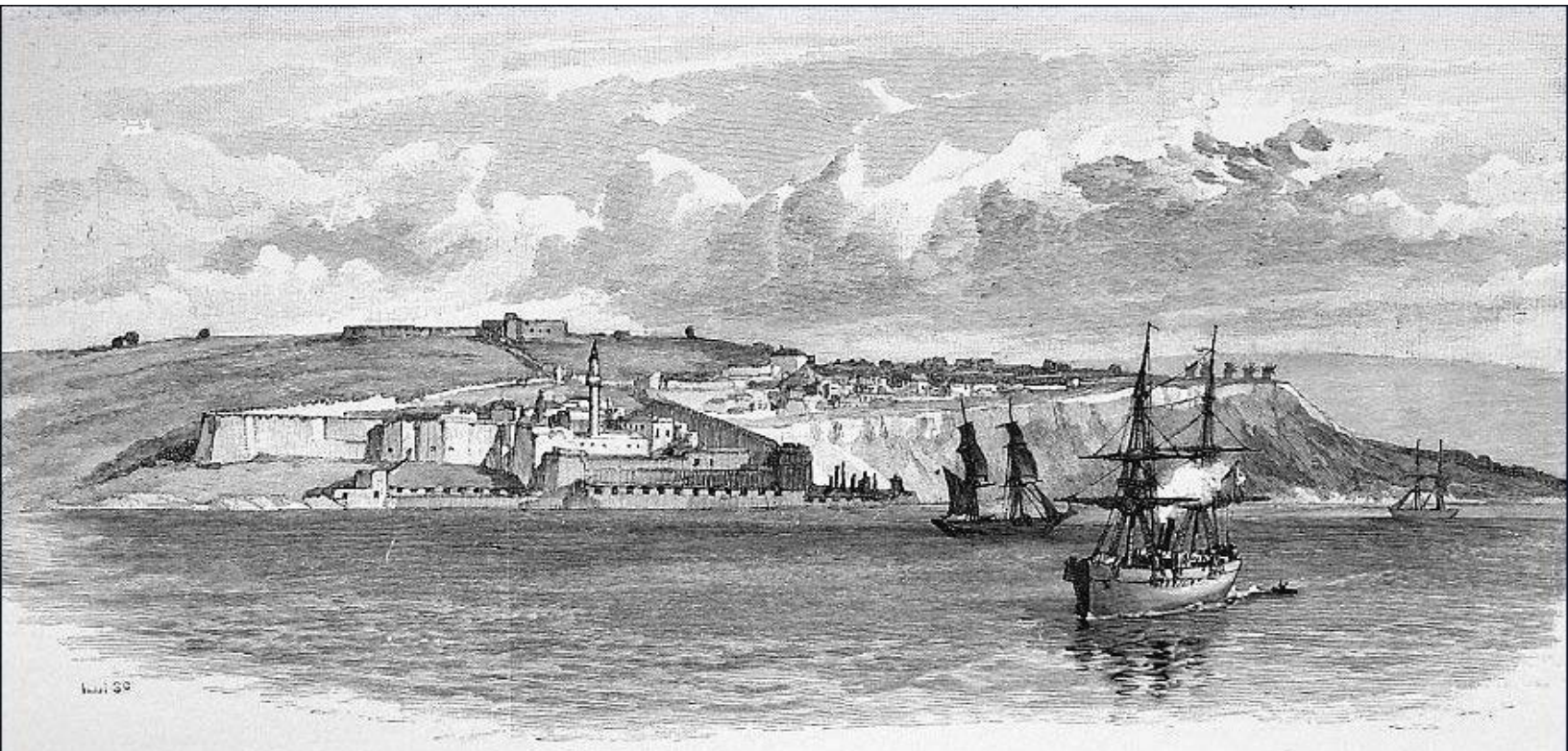
Le Administrateur



N° 15398

Constantinople le 23/10 Juillet 1911

STENIA



Castle of Europe, Dardanelles.

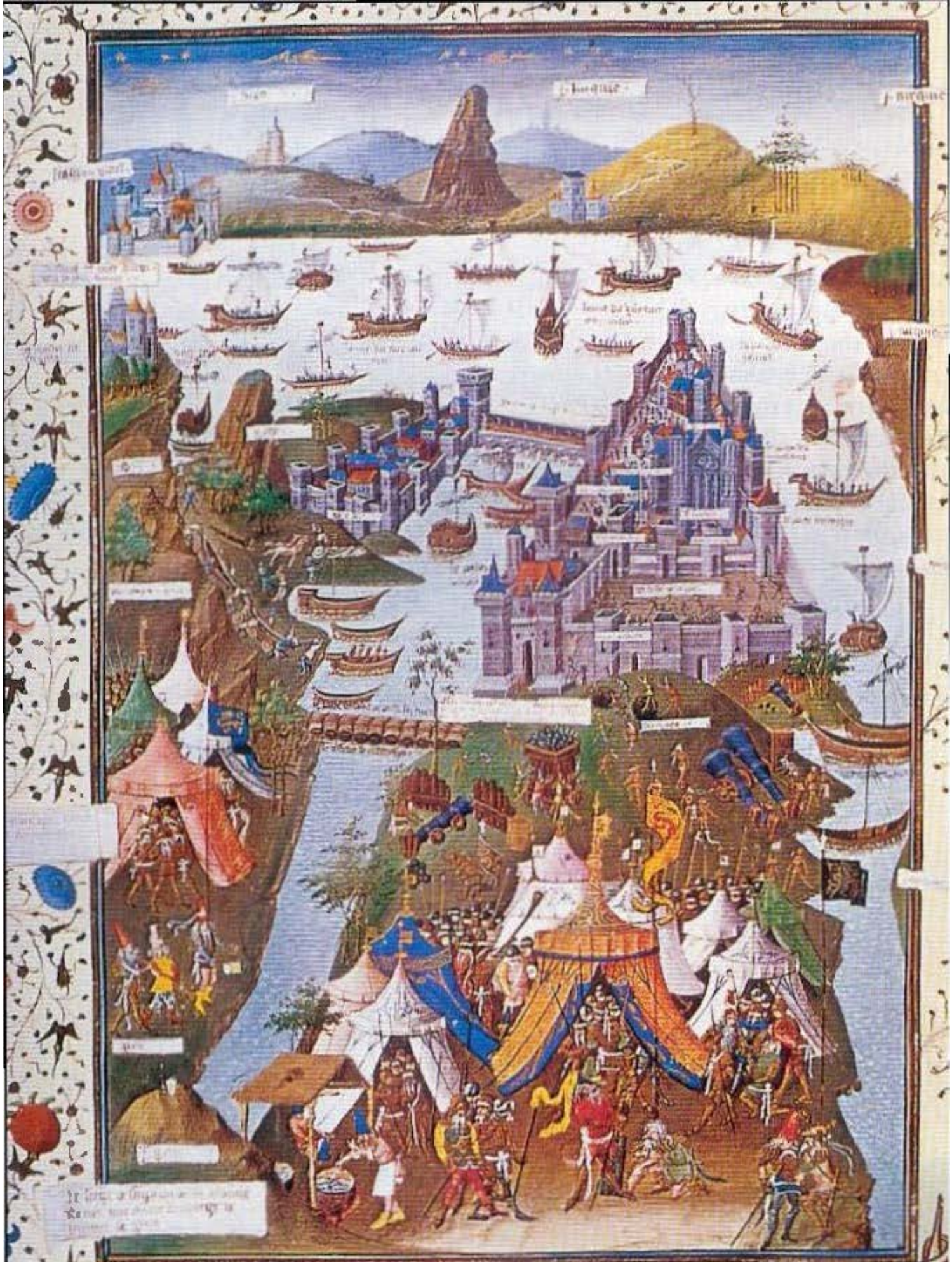

عموم
ممالك محروسة شاهانه
بحر سفيد
بحر مديترانه
صحراى كبير


La ROMÉLIE et les Environs de CONSTANTINOPLE.
MER DE BULGARIE
MER NOIRE
MER DE BITHYNIE
MER DE MARMARA
CONSTANTINOPLE
ROMELIE
ASIE MINEURE
EGIO-PELAGO OU ARCHIPEL
SEPTENTRION
MIDI
OCCIDENT
ORIENT




عثمانلی دخان جمعیتی
٤٠
پارہ

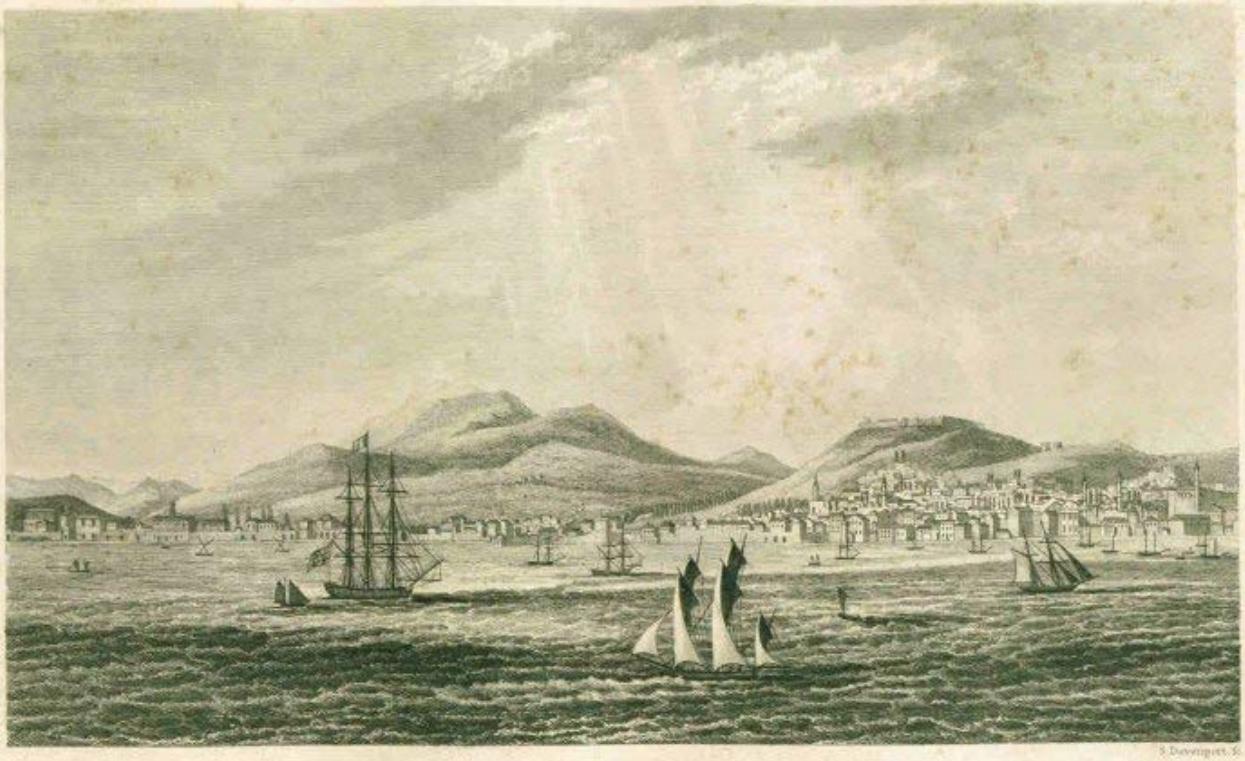

عثمانلی دولت تمسکاتیدر
اون پاره
١٠



Le siege du grant turc auec .ij. de ses pncipaulx cõseilliers



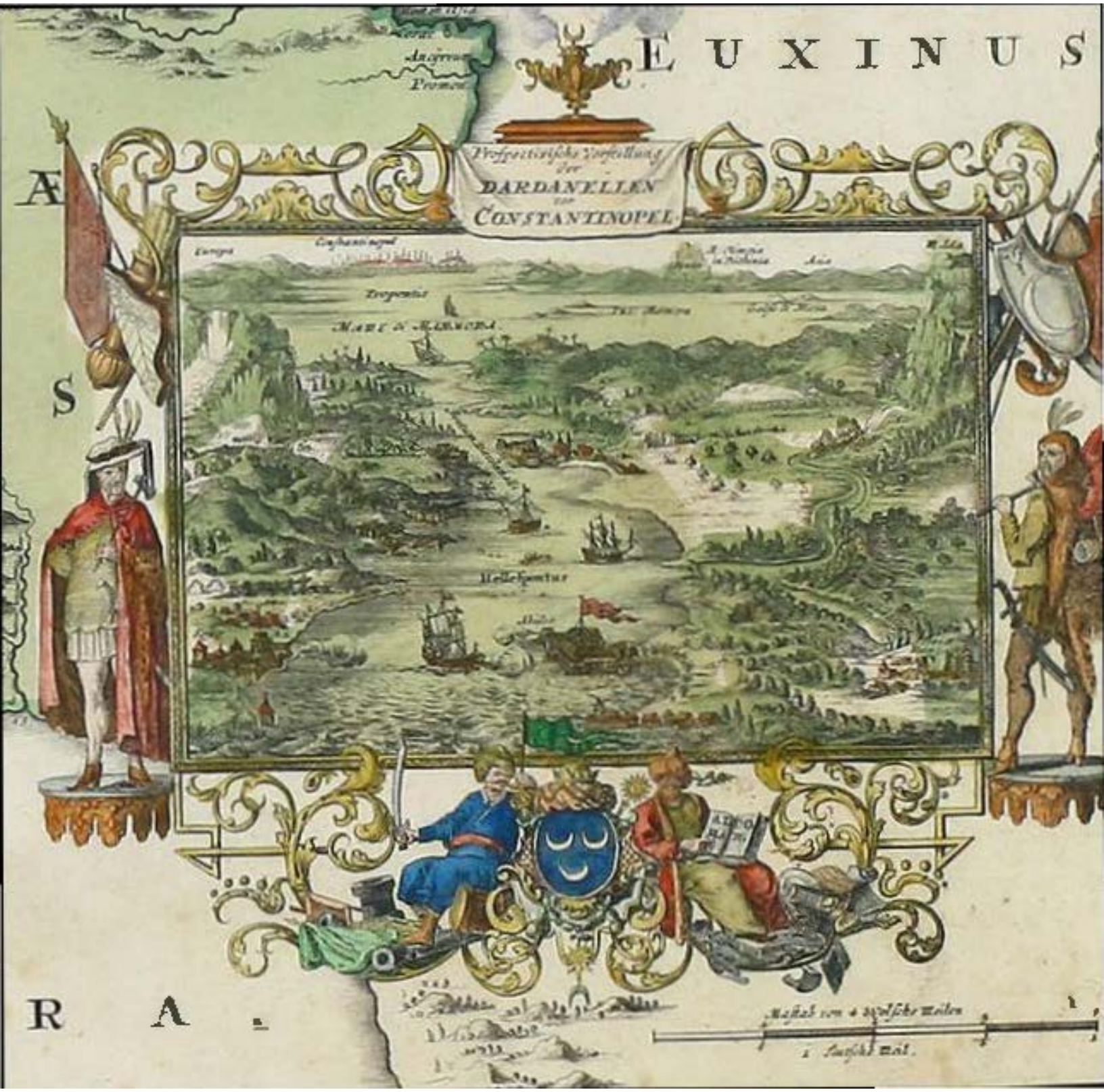

VEDVTA DI COSTANTINOPOLI PER TRAMONTA



SMYRNA.


SMYRNE


جنگ دریایی سلطانیه خانه نمانده باربارس خیرالدین پاشا مرحوم ایله آندریا دوریا
Bataille navale. Barbarousse Hairredine contre Andrea Doria


EUXINUS
Perspectivische Vorstellung der
DARDANELLEN
und
CONSTANTINOPEL
Constantinopel
Troyanische
Hellespontus
Meilen
Æ
S
R A

VEUE DES DARDANELLES DE CONSTANTINOPLE





THRACIA ET BVLGARIA CVM VICINIIS.


Diverse viſte delli
Dardaneli del Strecio
come delle Città e
Caſtelli nel
Arcipelago.
Iacobus Porters ex Ant



Gli Dardanelli.

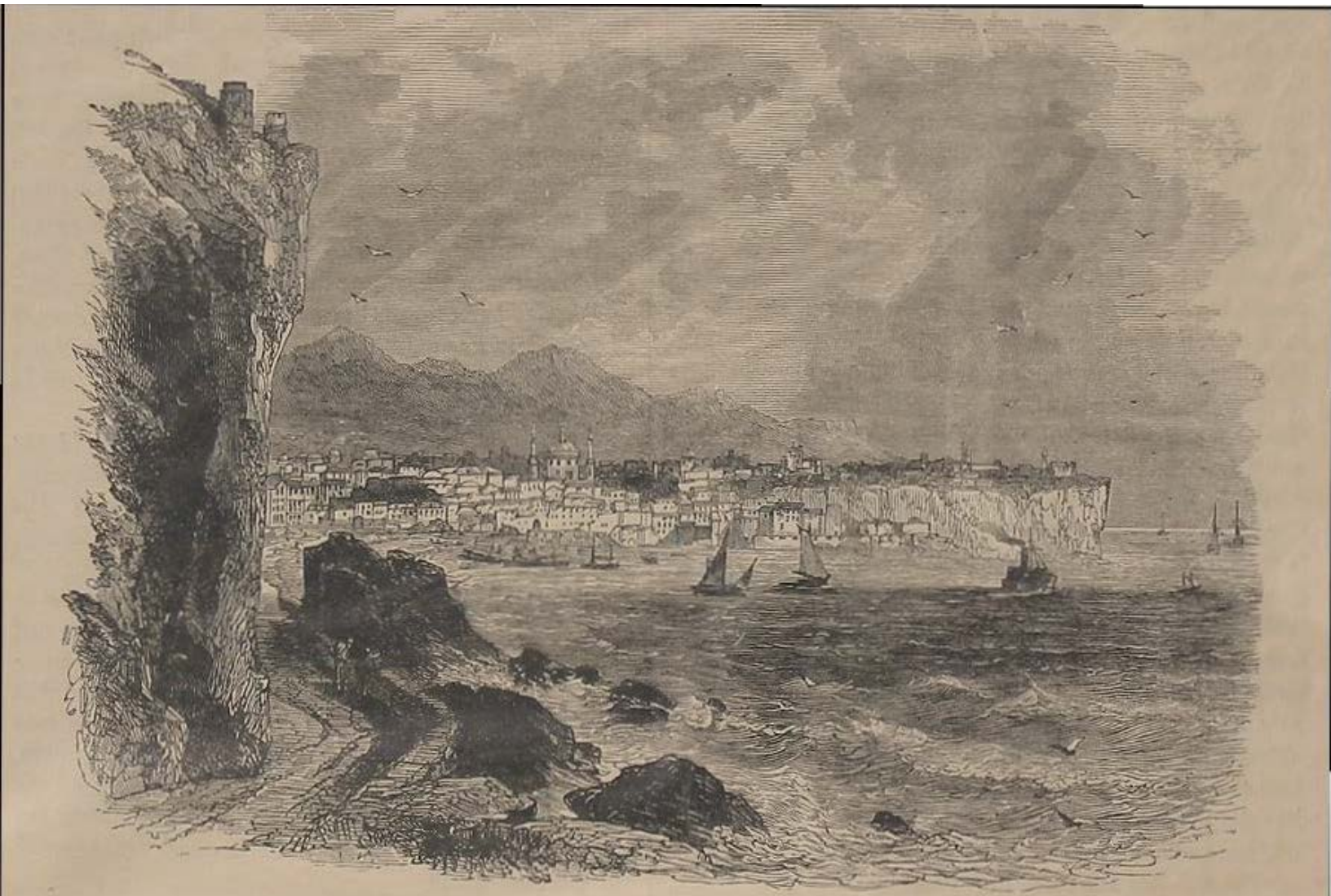


A. den Berch Olimpus. B. Propontide oft de marmorische zee. C. marmorische eylanden. D. Gallipoli. E. de Dardanellen. F. Hellespon. G. het nieuw Casteel van Asia. H. het nieuw Casteel van Europa. I. de have van Siget. K. de ruvinen van Troyen. L. den Berch Ida. M. Constantinopel.

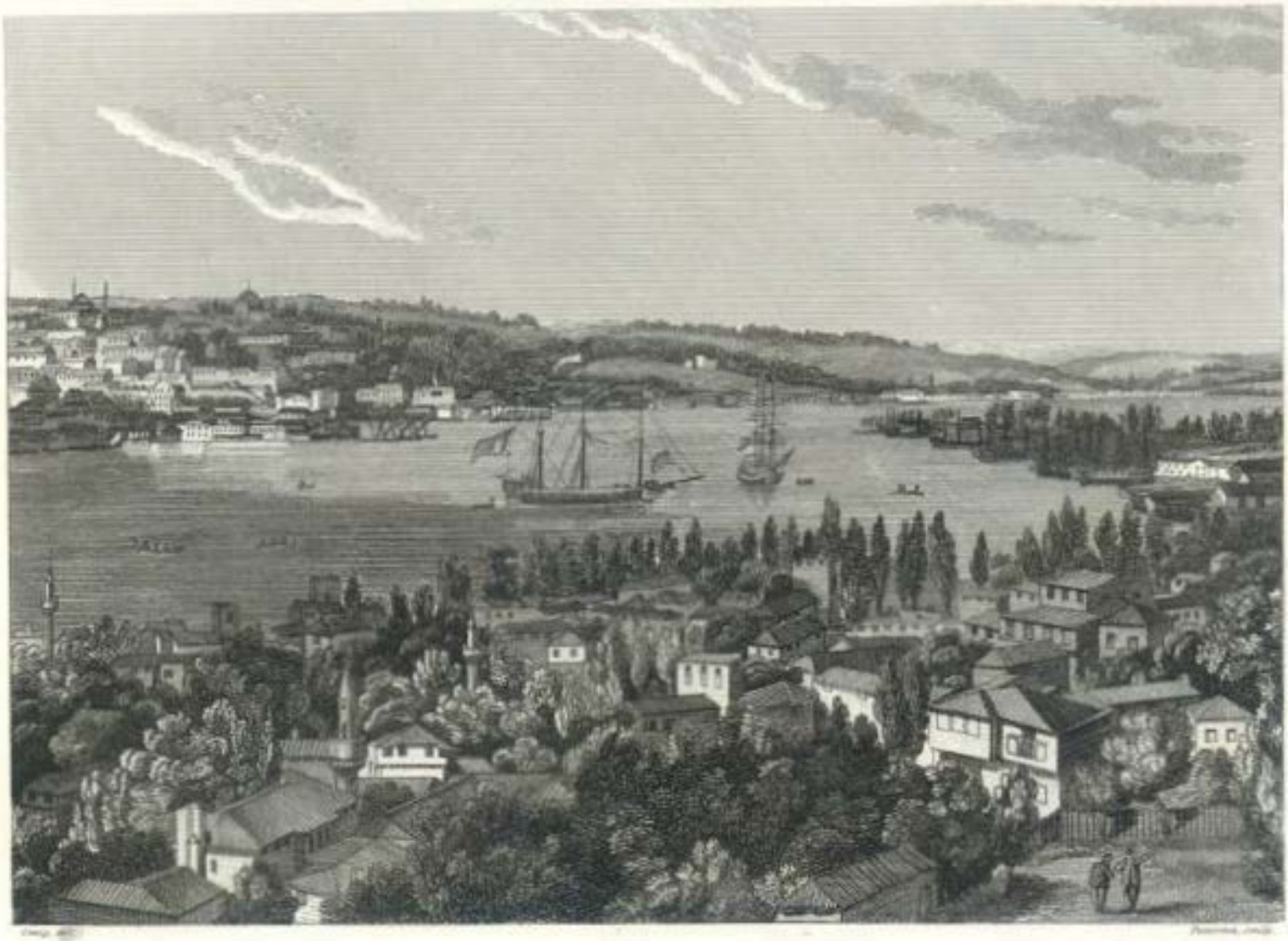
Pieters. ex. op. De Veven. Mert. Ant.



Gli Dardanelli.



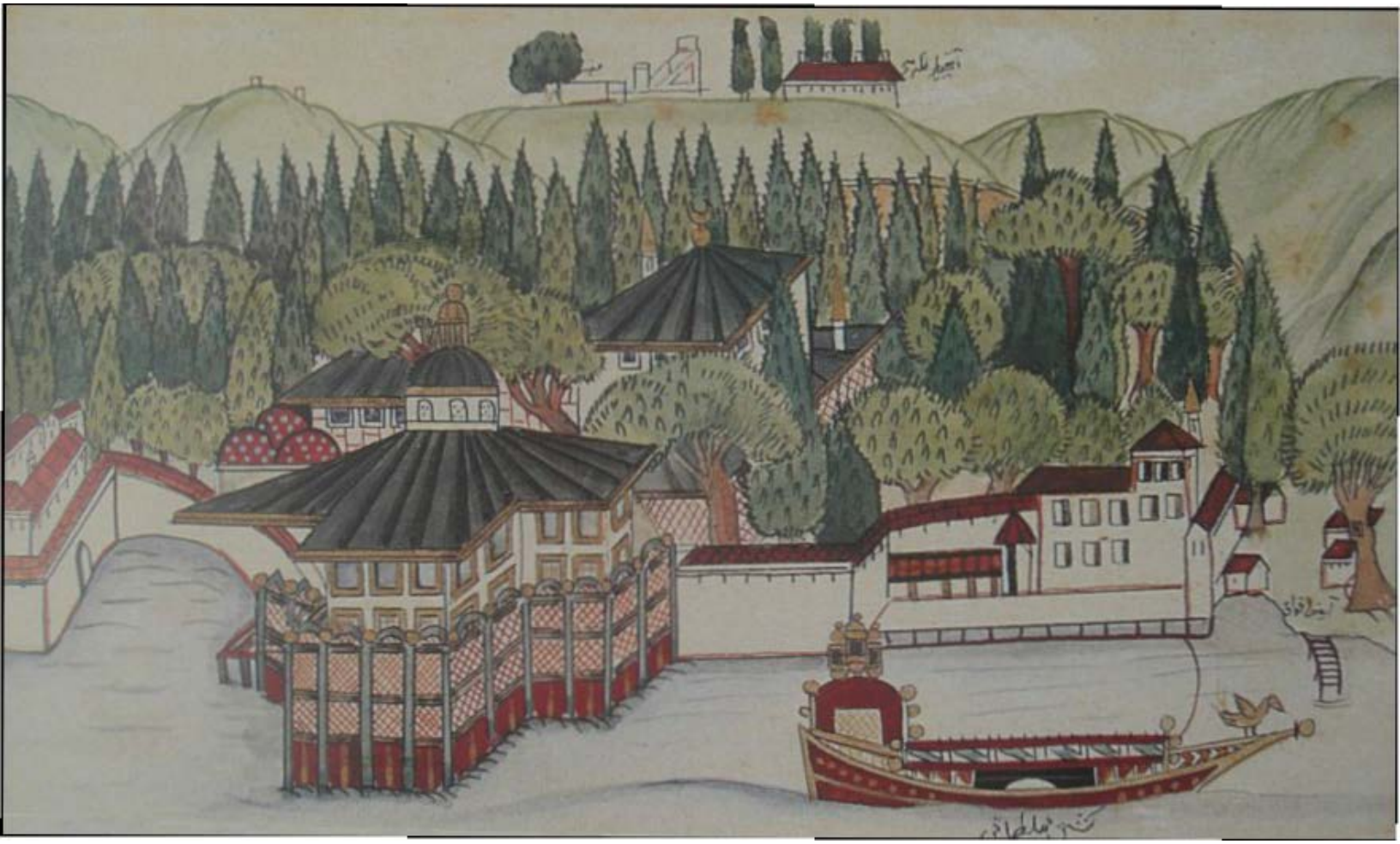
TREBIZOND.



VIEW OF CORTLANDTHOPLE.

From the Artistic House, looking towards the Block Tree


40
50
60
Septen
70
trio.
80
90
100
Valachia.
Slauonia.
Danubius flu.
Georgiani
TARTARIÆ
PARS.
Mar Ma:
giore
Mar de
Bachu.
Ragusa
Constantino
poli
Italia.
Trebisonda
Nicomedia
Troia
Tauris
Alexandre
ta
Carpar
Thau
Frat flu.
Cyprus
Candia
Aleppo
Damasco
Asichia
Hierusalem
Perſiæ reg.
Occi:
dens.
Orie:
ens.
30
Caroberio
Golfo Perſico
Smal mons
Meſurata
Alcairo
Barcha.
Egipto.
Elcor
Conga
Arabia Felix.
Mar di Mecca.
C. Rasal
gate
20
AFRICÆ PARS.
Coſir
Zidem
Zibit
Aden
MARE
INDICVM.
TVRCICVM
IMPERIVM.
Nilus flu.
Abiſſini.
10
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dies.
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100



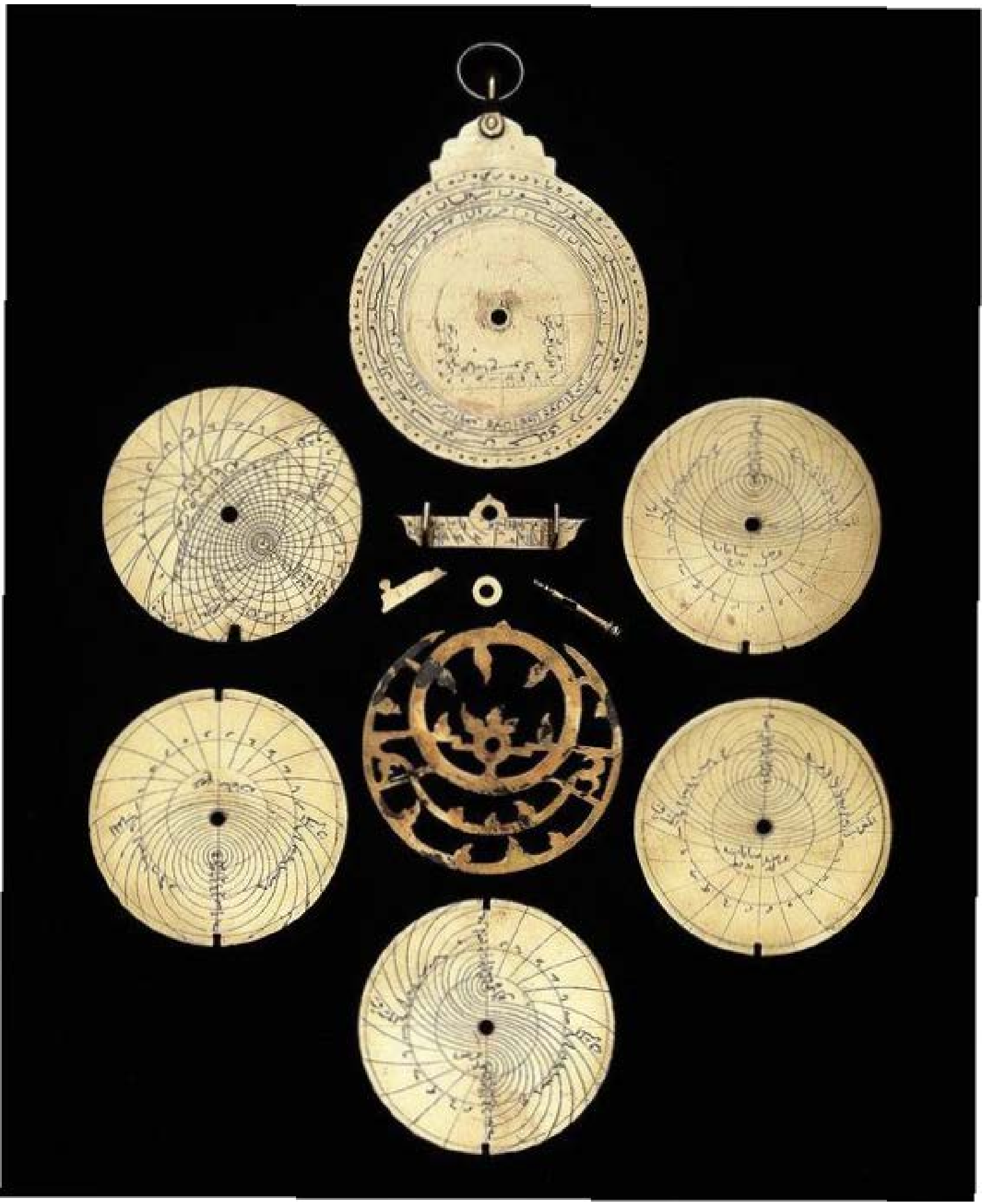

PERA
Gymnasium
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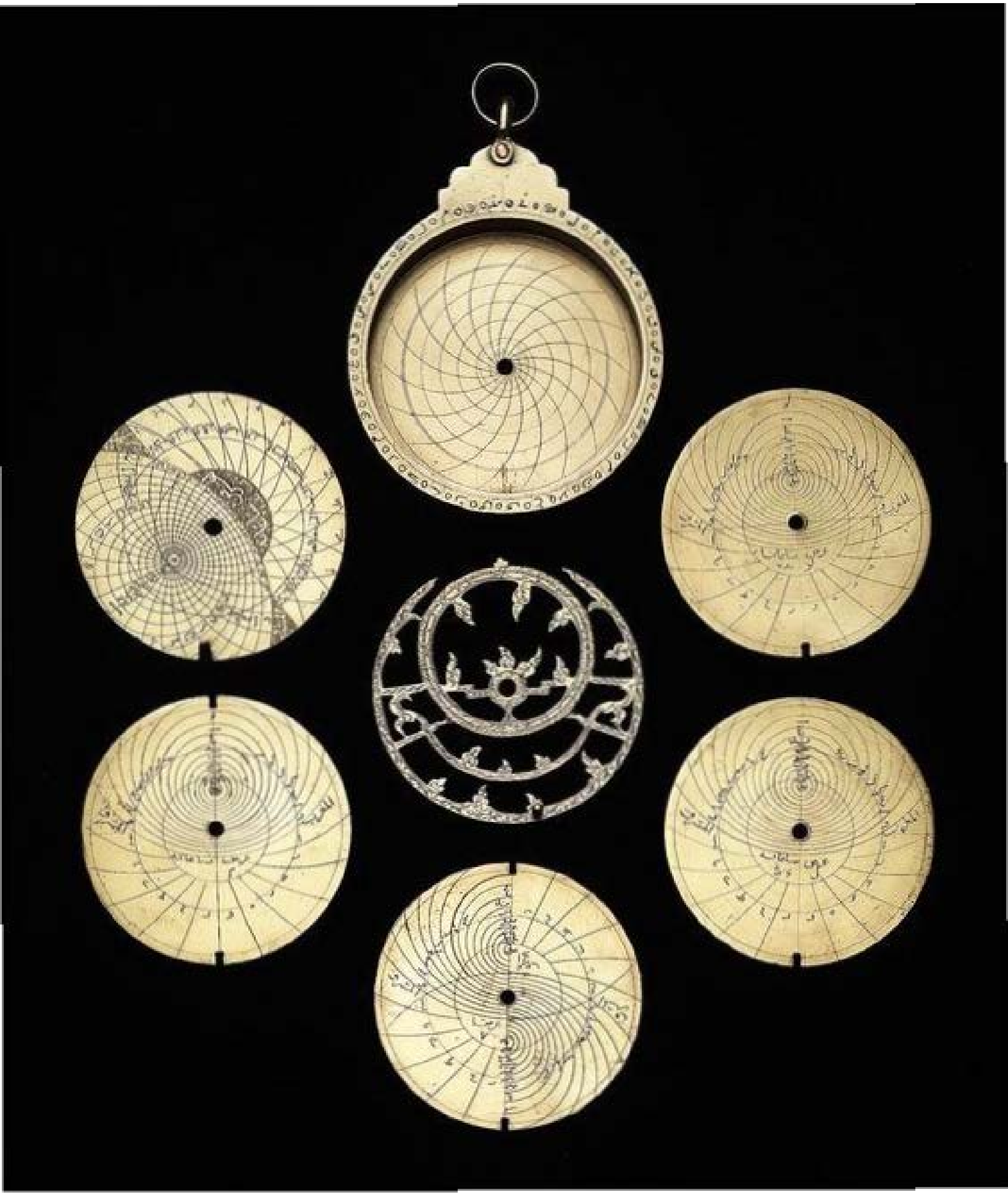


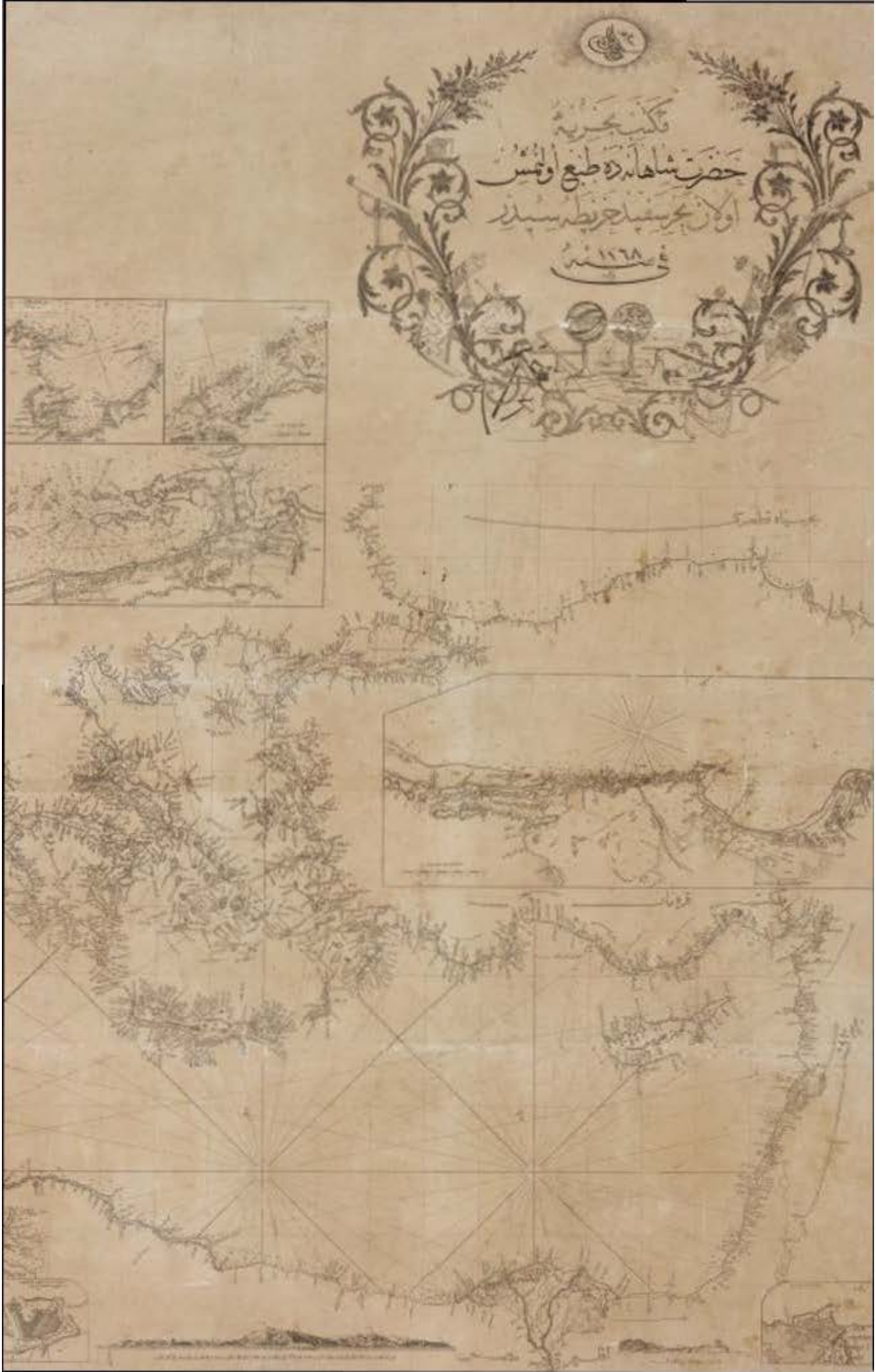











فکسبحریه
حضرت شاهانه ده طبع اولنمش
اولان بحر سفید خریطه سیدر
فی سنه ۱۱۶۸

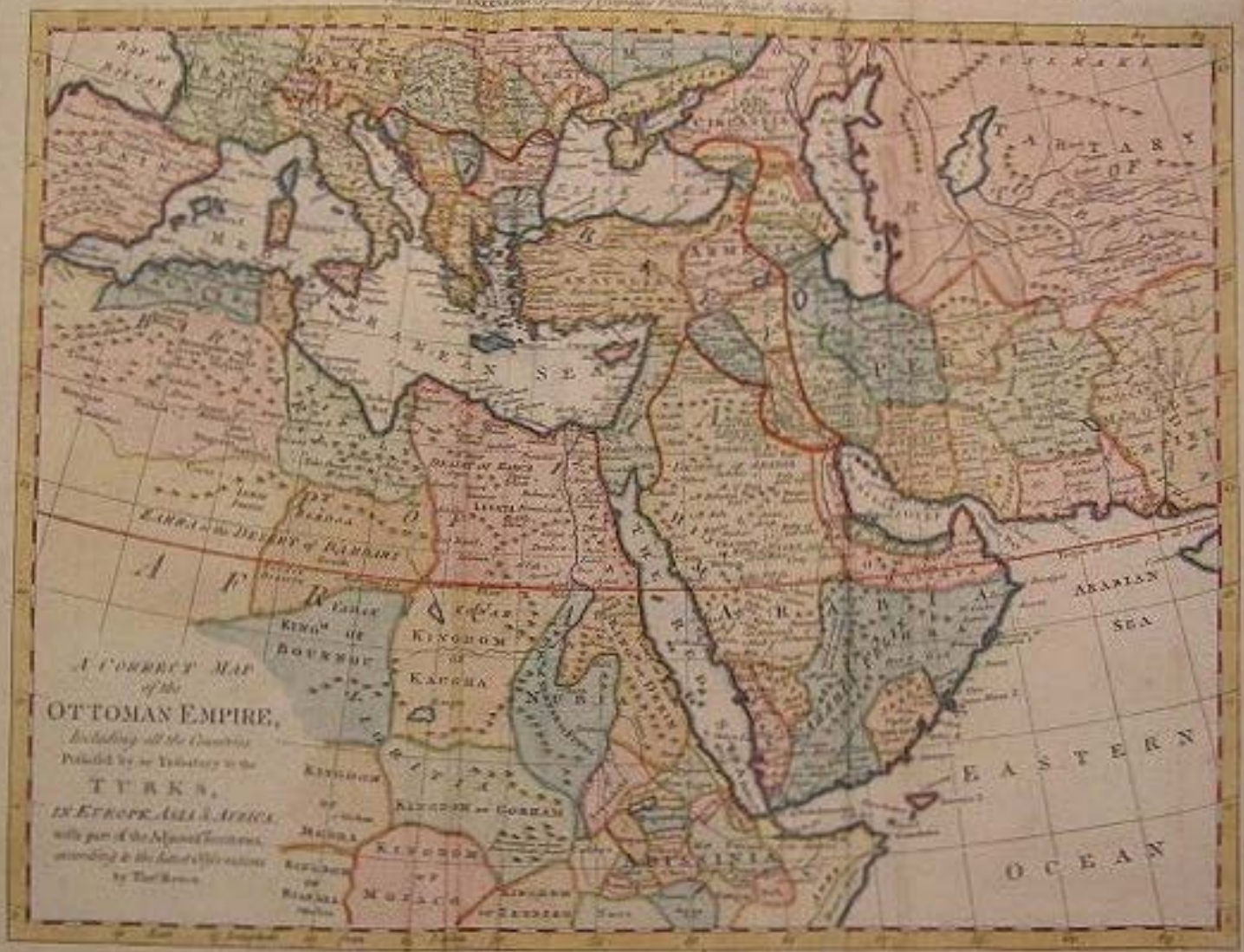




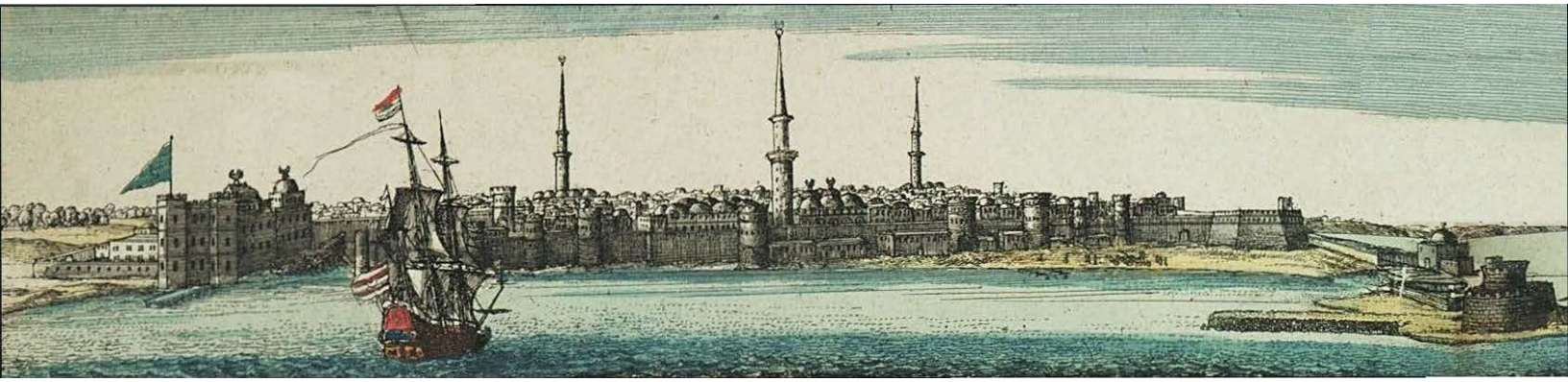
مفصل زوم ايلي وبالقان خريطه سي

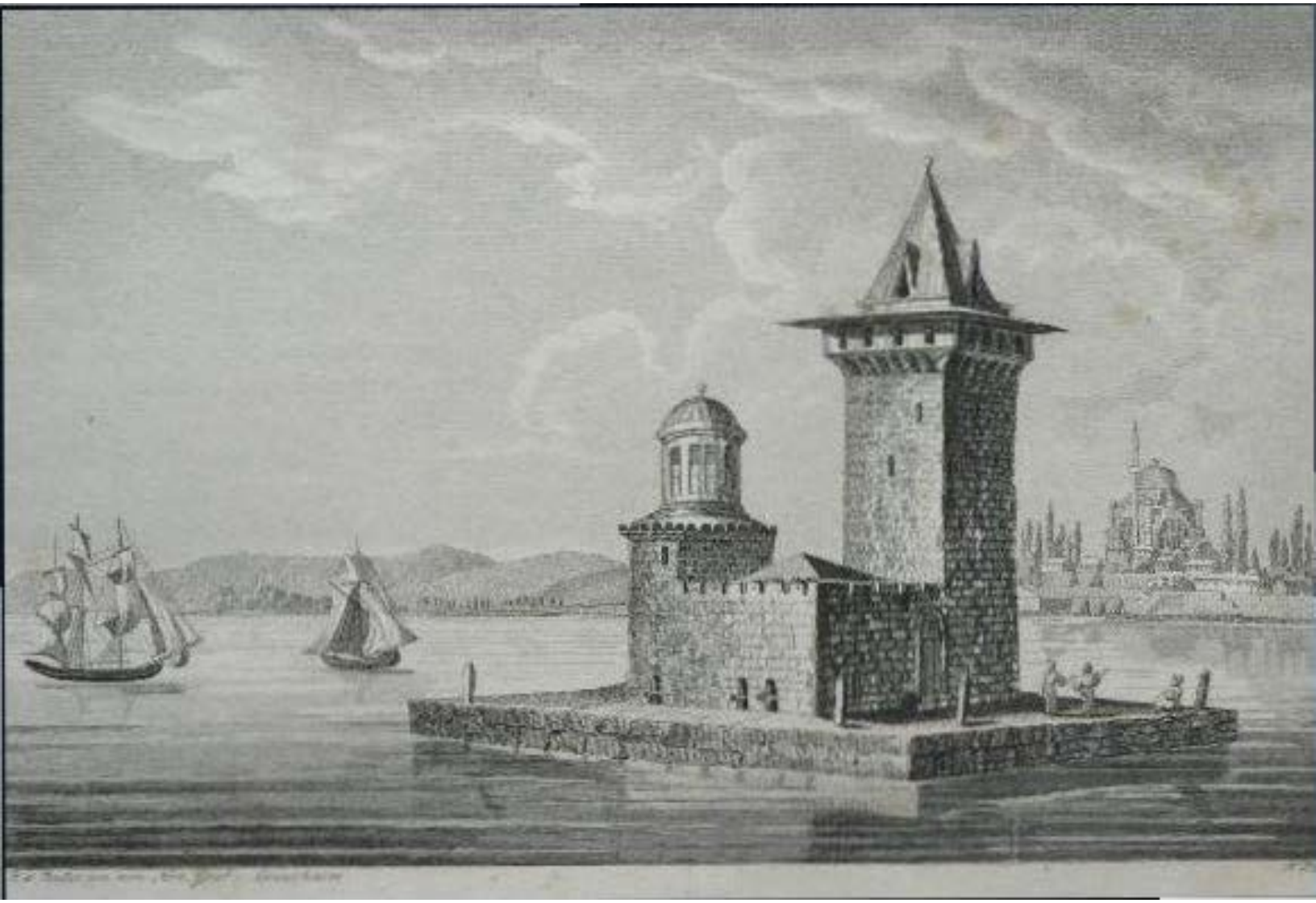





A CORRECT MAP
of the
OTTOMAN EMPIRE,
Including all the Countries
Possessed by or Tributary to the
TURKS,
in EUROPE ASIA & AFRICA
with part of the Adjacent Territories
according to the latest Observations
by Thos Kitchin
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
TARTARY
PERSIA
ARABIA
ARABIAN SEA
EASTERN OCEAN
ABYSSINIA
KINGDOM OF KAFFRA
KINGDOM OF GORAM
KINGDOM OF MOZACA
KINGDOM OF ZANGUEBAR
KINGDOM OF BORNOU
KINGDOM OF DARFOUR
KINGDOM OF NUBIA
KINGDOM OF MAGNA
KINGDOM OF BARKA
LIBYA or the DESERT of BARKA
DESERT of BARKA


The Names of the Places.
Generosis ac Nobilissimis Dominis
PRIMIS OFFICIALIBUS
et Commissariis Regiæ Classis
A Mapp of
The Citie and Port of
TRIPOLI
IN BARBARY.

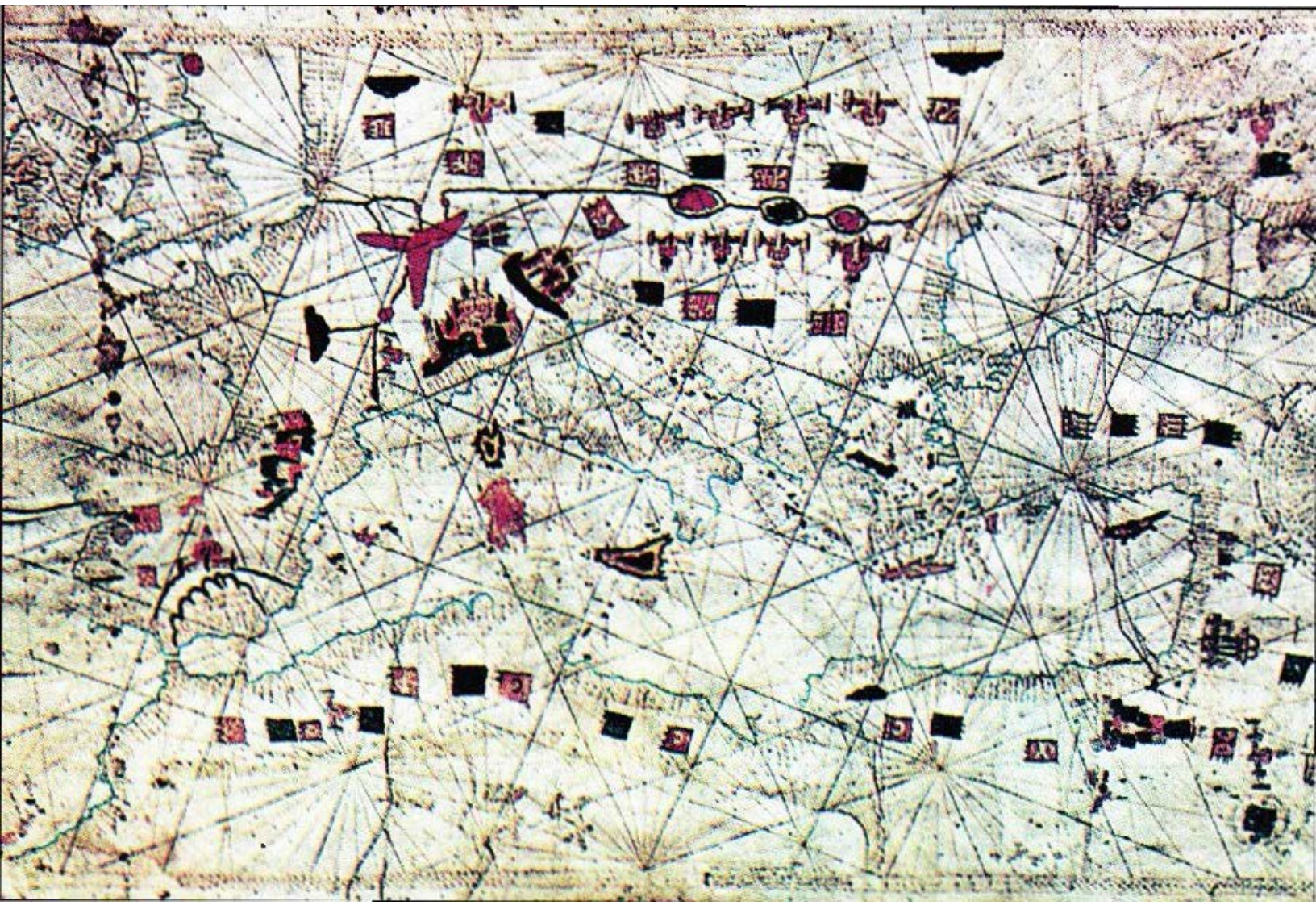




La saincte cité de Ierusalem iadiz metropolitaine du royaume des Iuifz, & maintenant colonie du Turc.

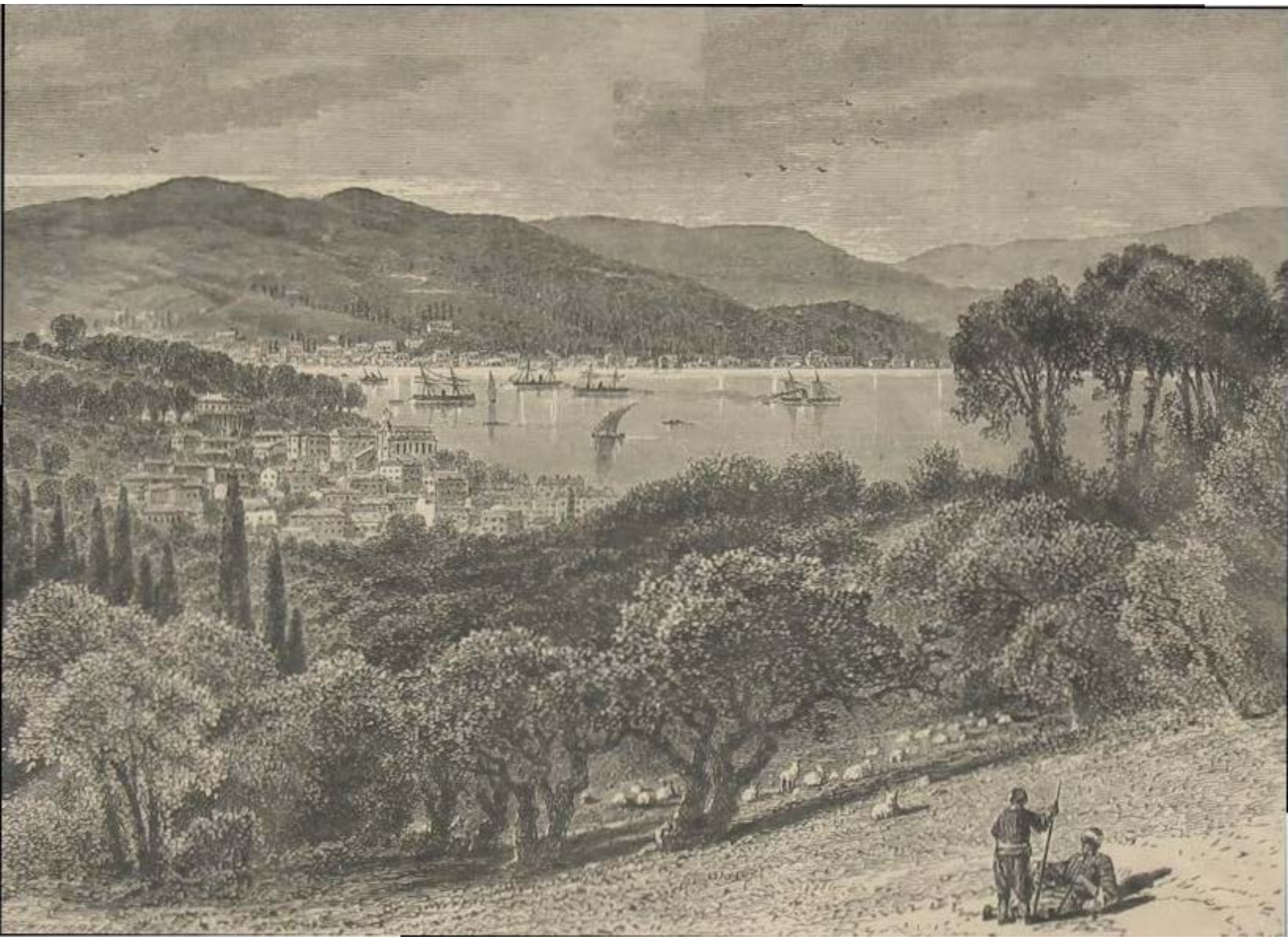

Ierusalem
Templum Salomonis
Templum Domini
Templum Salomonis
Templum Salomonis
Templum Salomonis

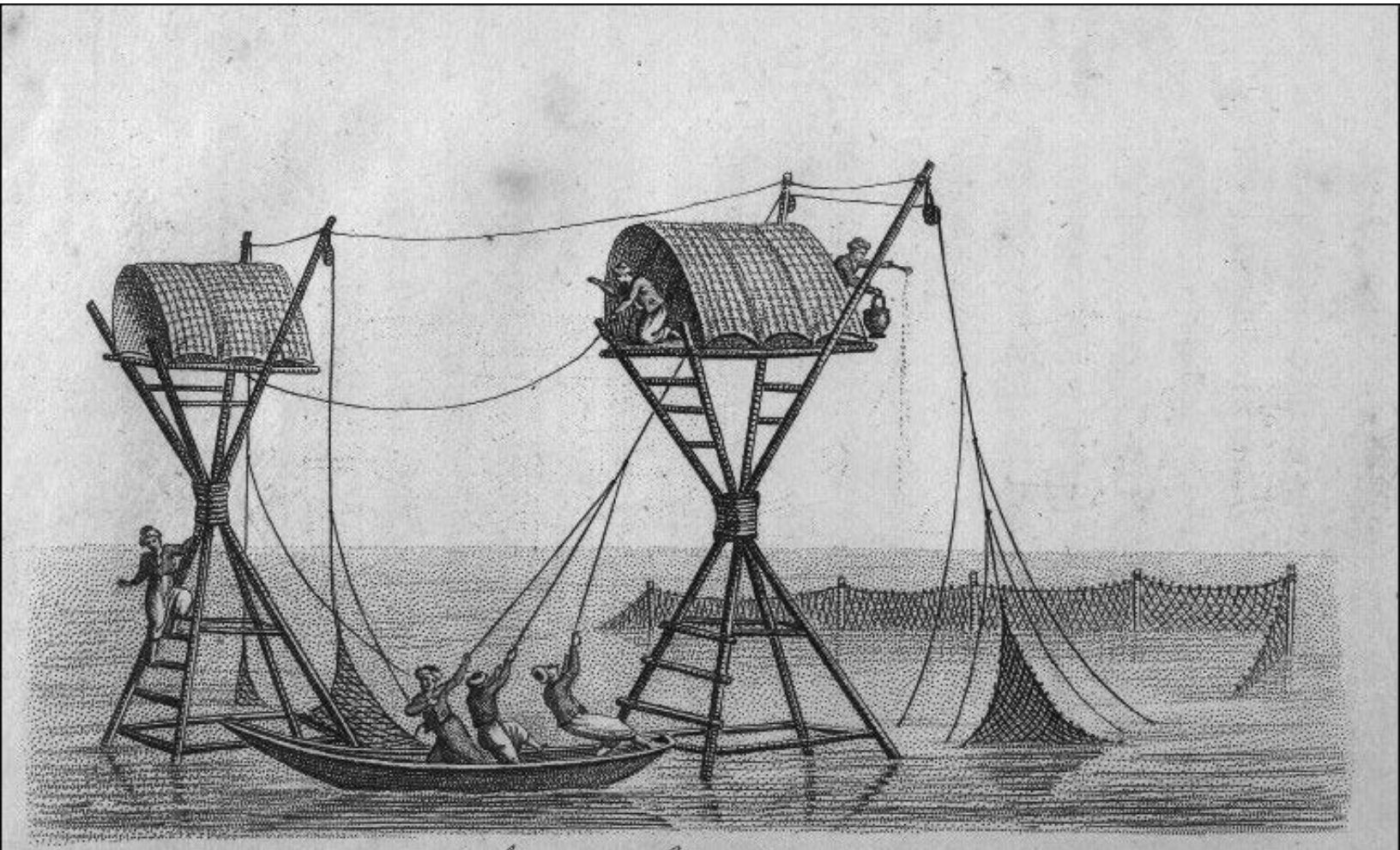






Konstantinopel und das Goldene Horn.
(Nach Photographie.)





Soumouk, Pêcherie.

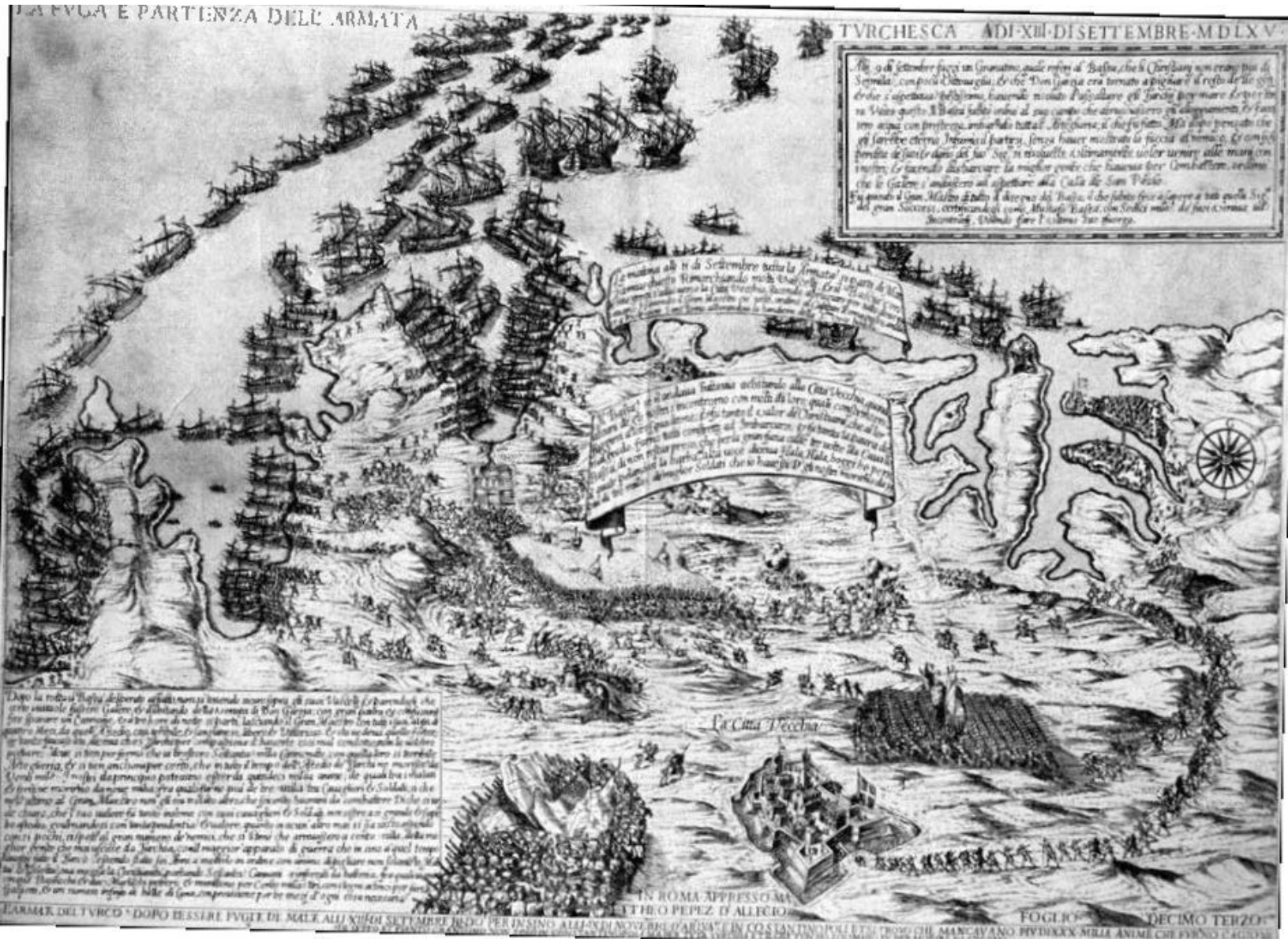




Levendy, Ramuz. Levendy,

Marin Grec. Marin, Soldat de Marine.


غروش
غروش
غروش
غروش



L'ARMATA DEL TVRCO DOPO ESSERE FVGITE DI MALTA ALLI XIIIJ SETTEMBRE IN DO PERTINSINO ALLI XXIIJ NOVEMBRE D'ARIVATE IN COSTANTINOPOLI ETIN TVTTO CHE MANCAVANO PIV DI XXX MILLA ANIME CHE FVRNO CACCIATE

IN ROMA APPRESSO MA ETHEO PEPEZ D'ALLICO

FOGLIO DECIMO TERZO


LA VENVTA DEL GRAN SOCCORSO ADI VII DI SETTEMBRE DEL M D LXV
Bonamonte
Gale
Cala di San Paolo di dove il Re d'Algeri con quaranta Galere lasciò fatta la guardia tutta la notte per tener in terra che smontasse dom Garcia senza partire
S. Elmo
Luchiano
Pt delle Salpe Vecchie
S. Maria Pelpidolce
S. Maria della Grotta
Il Porto del Mugnano dove l'Armata Turchesca si ripose
IN ROMA-APPRESSO MATTHEO PEREZ DE ALECIO FOGLIO DVODECIMO


LA PRESA DI SANT' HERMO ADI XXIII DE GIVGNO NEL M D LXV
IN ROMA APPRESSO MATTHEO PEREZ D'ALLECIO FOG.° QVINTO
M D LXVII







Kaïk turc aux Eaux-Douces d'Europe.

Salut de Constantinople.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY, ELIZABETH, N. J.

101





Constantinople. Les Quais de Galata.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY, ELIZABETH, N. J.

Editeur Max Pruchtermann, Constantinople. 1140. Photogr. Abdullah.


بحر منجمد شمالی
آسیا
اسکیمو
قنادا
شمالی امریقا
جمائر متفرقه
بحر اطلانطیق
پاناما برزخی
آمازون
برہ زیلیا
جنوبی امریقا
آرجانتین
آسیه المرکزیه
ممالک متحده غازون
آمریقا

Tome II. Planche 47.



Vue de la Ville de Ténedos.



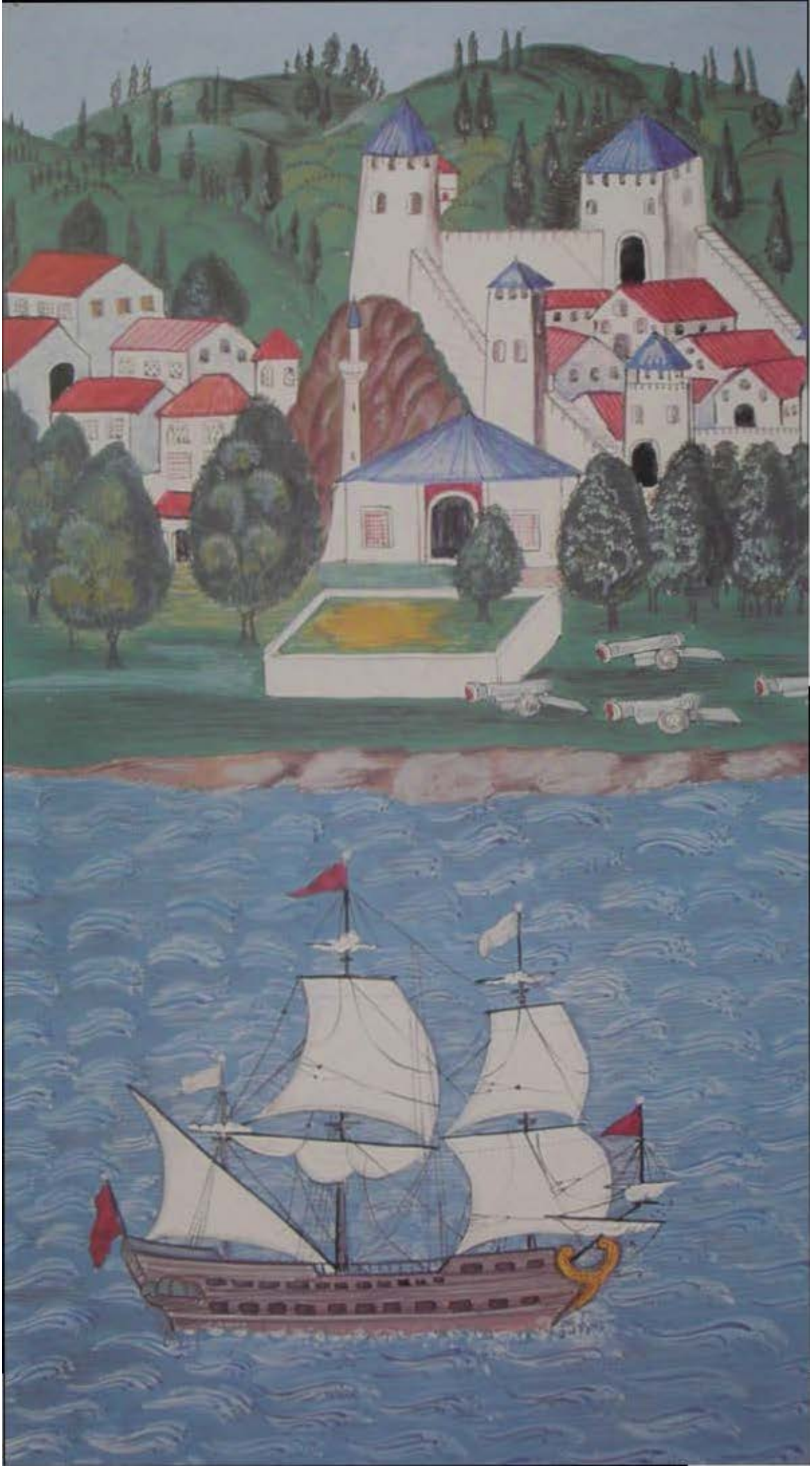


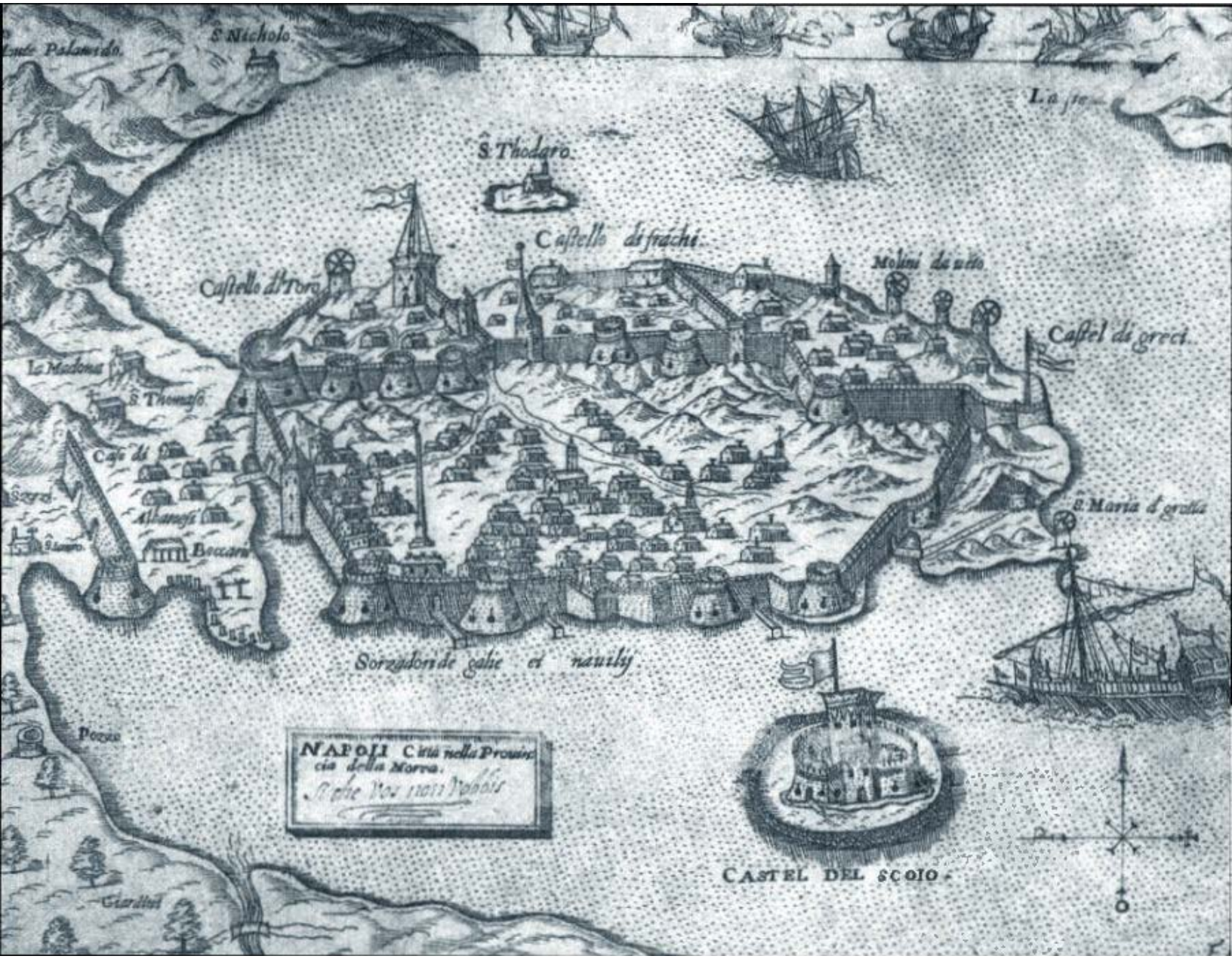










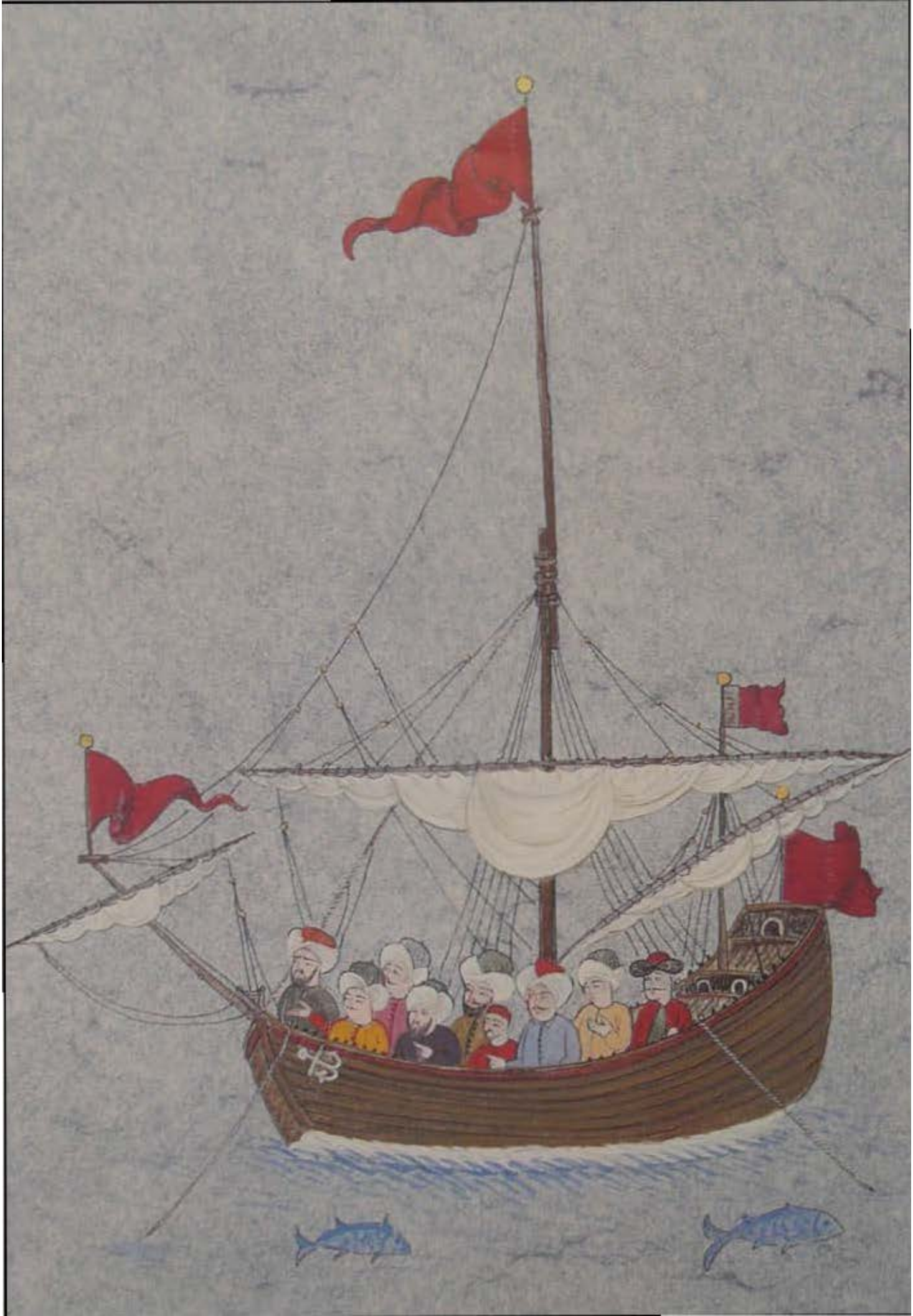

S. Nicholo.
S. Thodaro.
Castello di frachi.
Castello di Toro
Molini da uento
Castel di greci
La Madona
S. Thomaso
Case di
Albanesi
Beccarie
S. Maria di gratia
Sorzadon de galie et nauilij
Pozzo
NAPOLI Citta nella Provincia della Morea.
CASTEL DEL SCOIO.



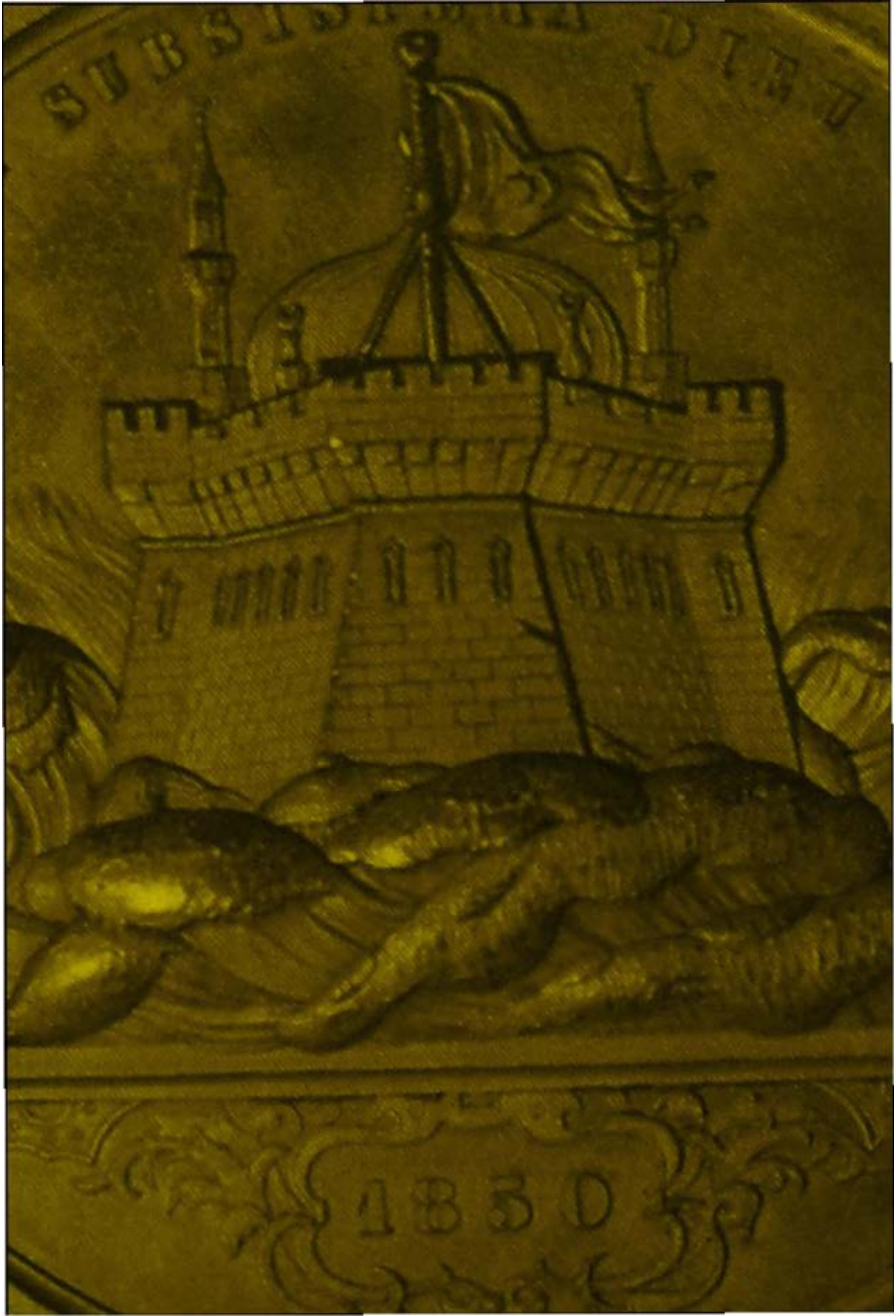
Vue des quais et de l'entrée du port

Salut de Smyrne

Edition E. I. Dumont (Société autrichienne), Smyrne




PART OF RUSSIA
ASIA
BLACK SEA
BULGARIA
ROUMELI
ASIA MINOR
EUROPEAN DOMINIONS of the OTTOMANS, OR TURKEY IN EUROPE.


1850



Vue de l'Isle de TENEDOS, dans l'Archipel


PONTUS EUXINUS Hodie MARE NIGRUM
Vulgo
DAS SCHWARTZE MEER
MARE MEDITERRANEUM
MARE BARBARICUM
Mare Lybicum
ASIATICUM
Golfo di Sidra
Inſ. Creta
Mare Rubrum
ARABIA DESERTA
ARABIA FŒLIX
MARE ARABICUM
RUSSIÆ PARS
STATUS POLONICI
IMPERIUM TURCARUM
Septentr.
Meridies
Occidens
Oriens



Constantinople from the Swedish Minister's House.

TURKEY in EUROPE.

British Statute Miles

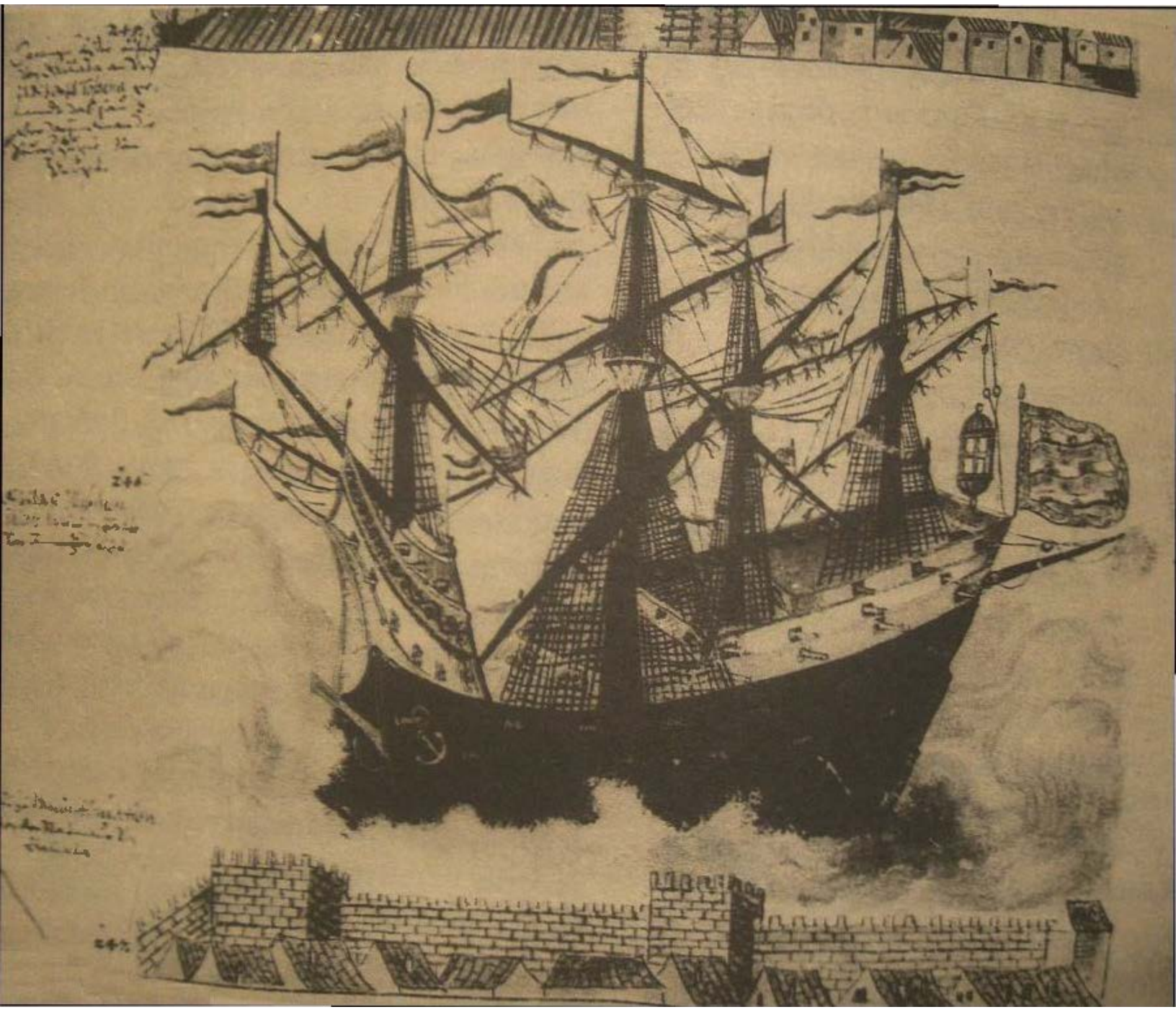
18 21 Longitude E. from Greenwich 24 27 30

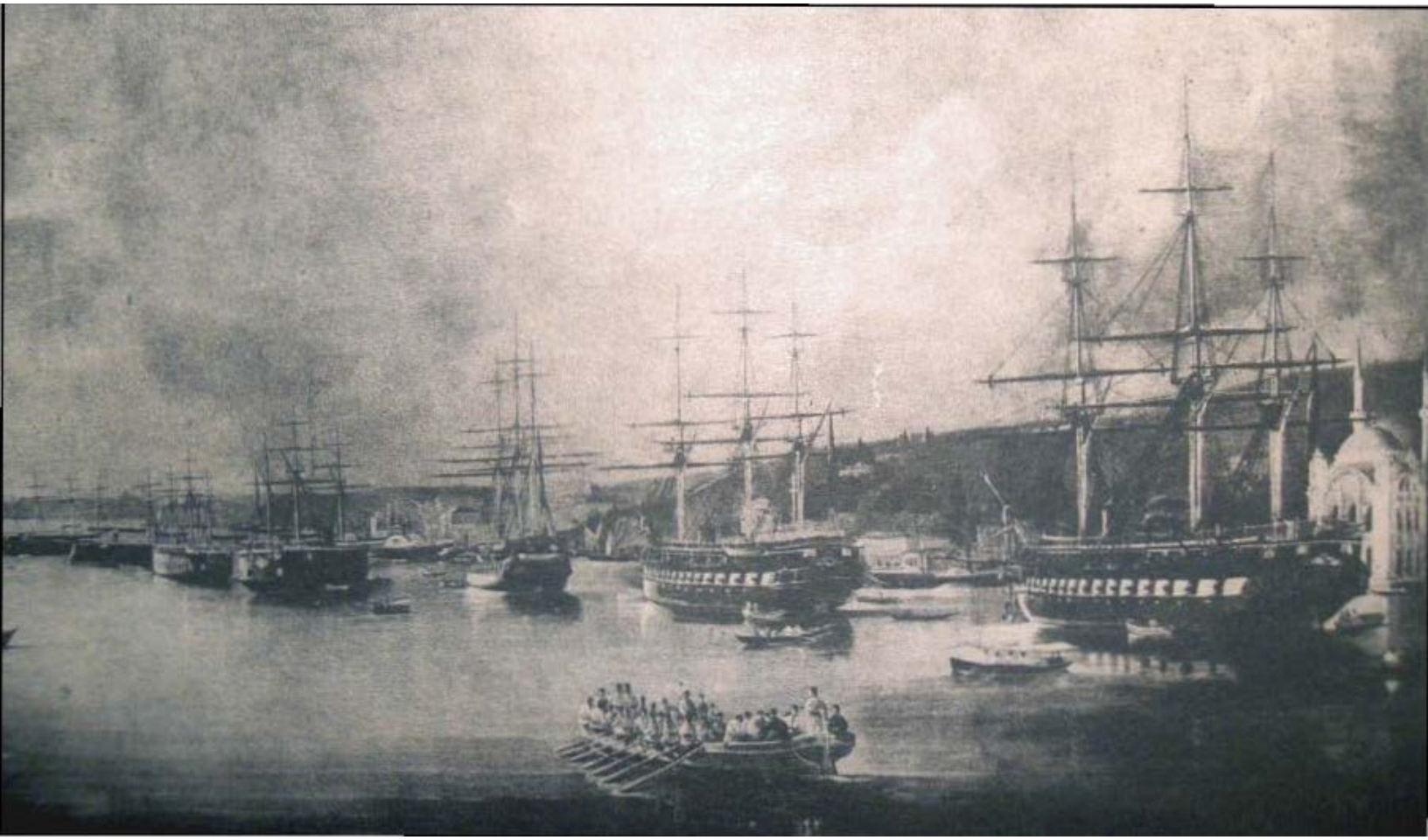
Published by John Thomson & Co.ª Edinburgh.





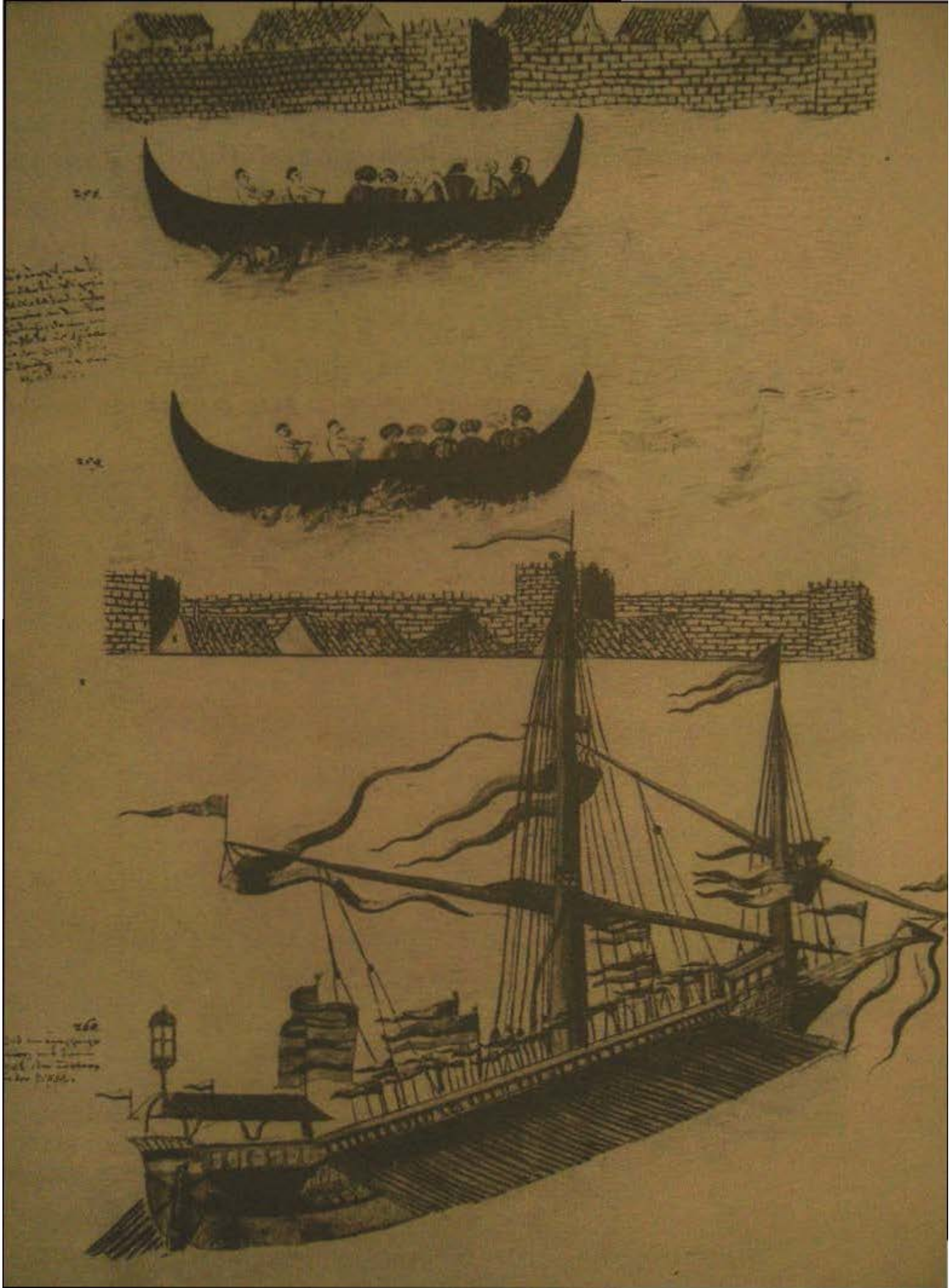

Constantinople
Corne d'or. Yacht impérial „Ertougrul".

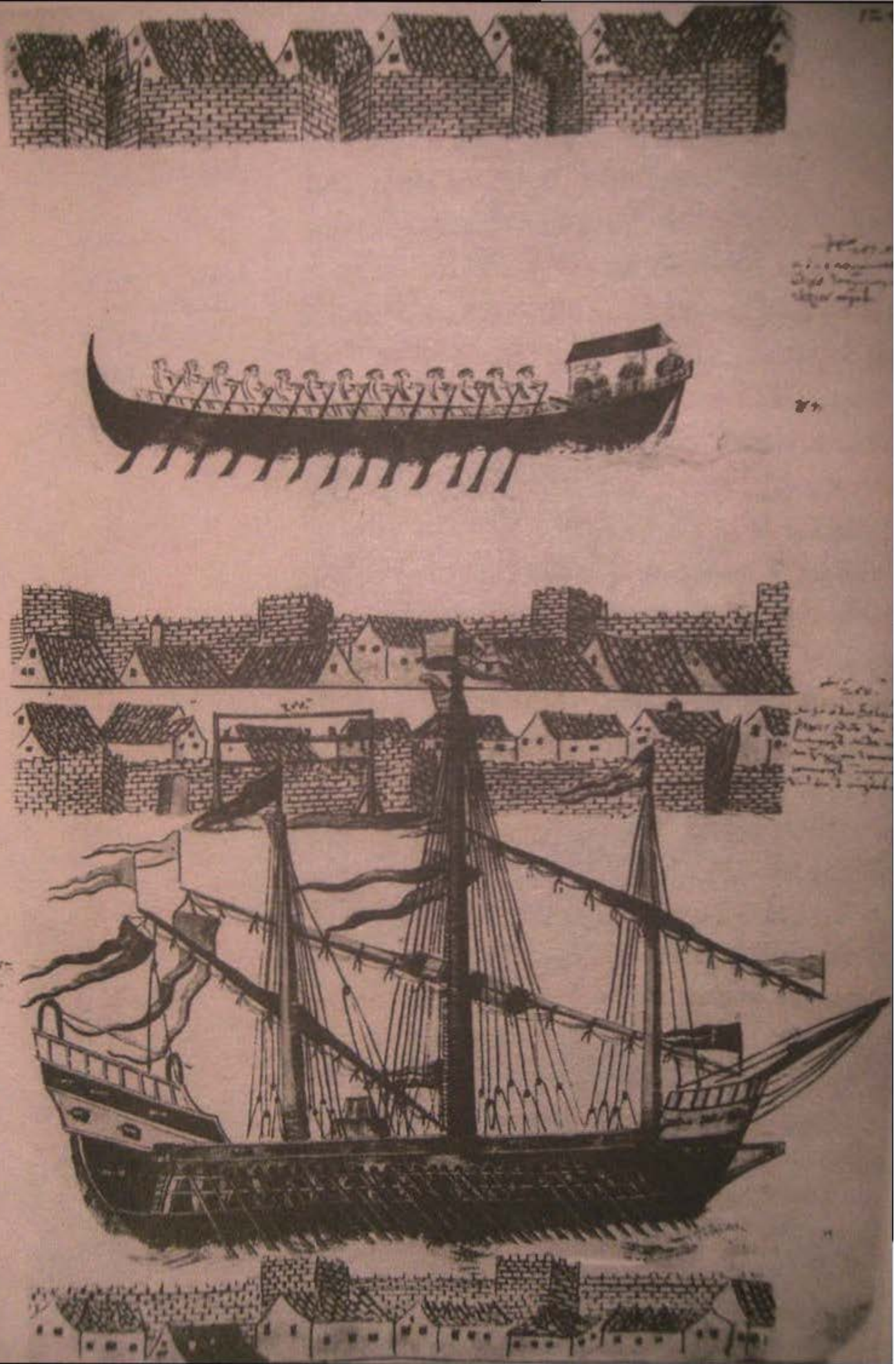


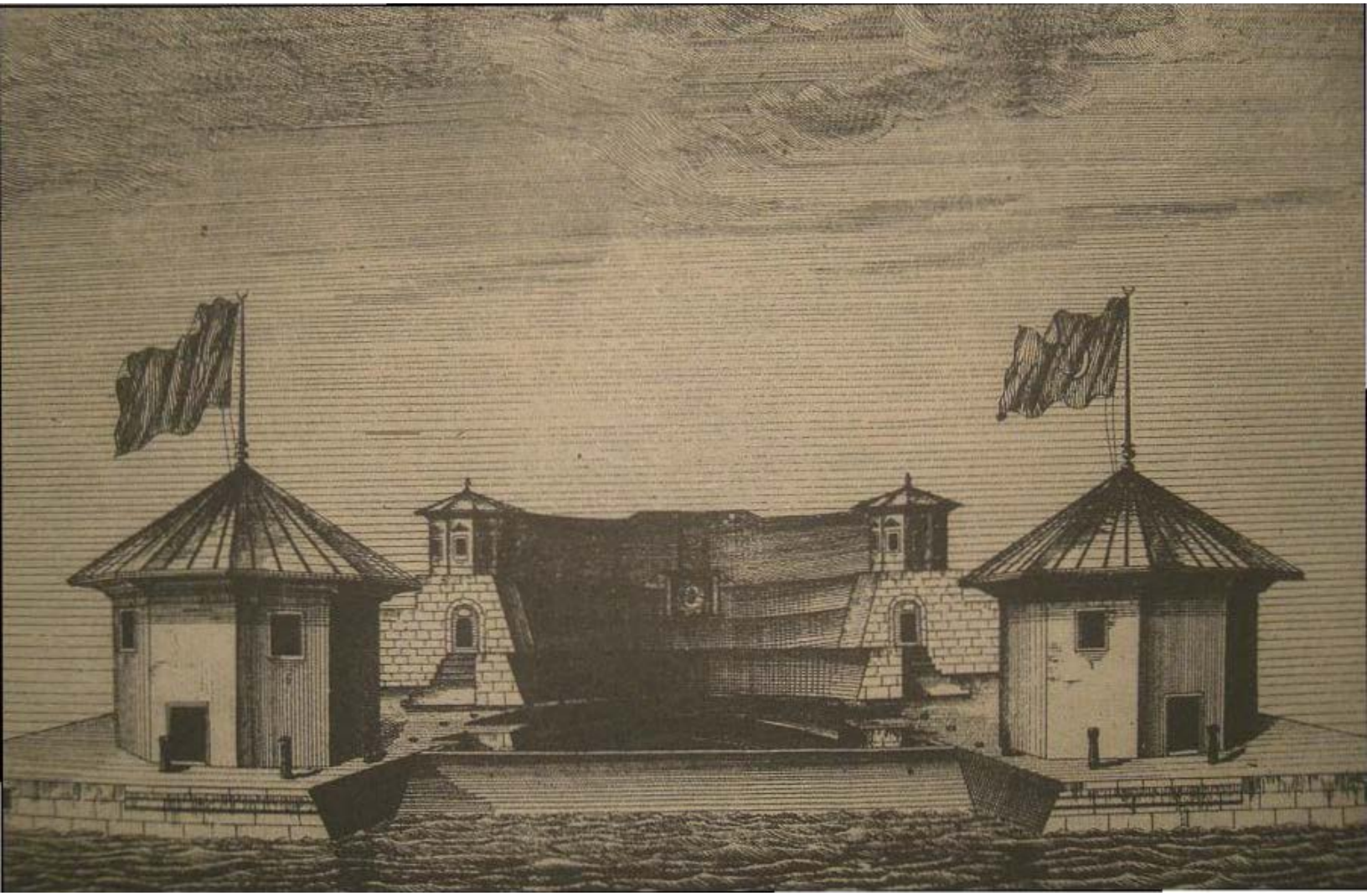


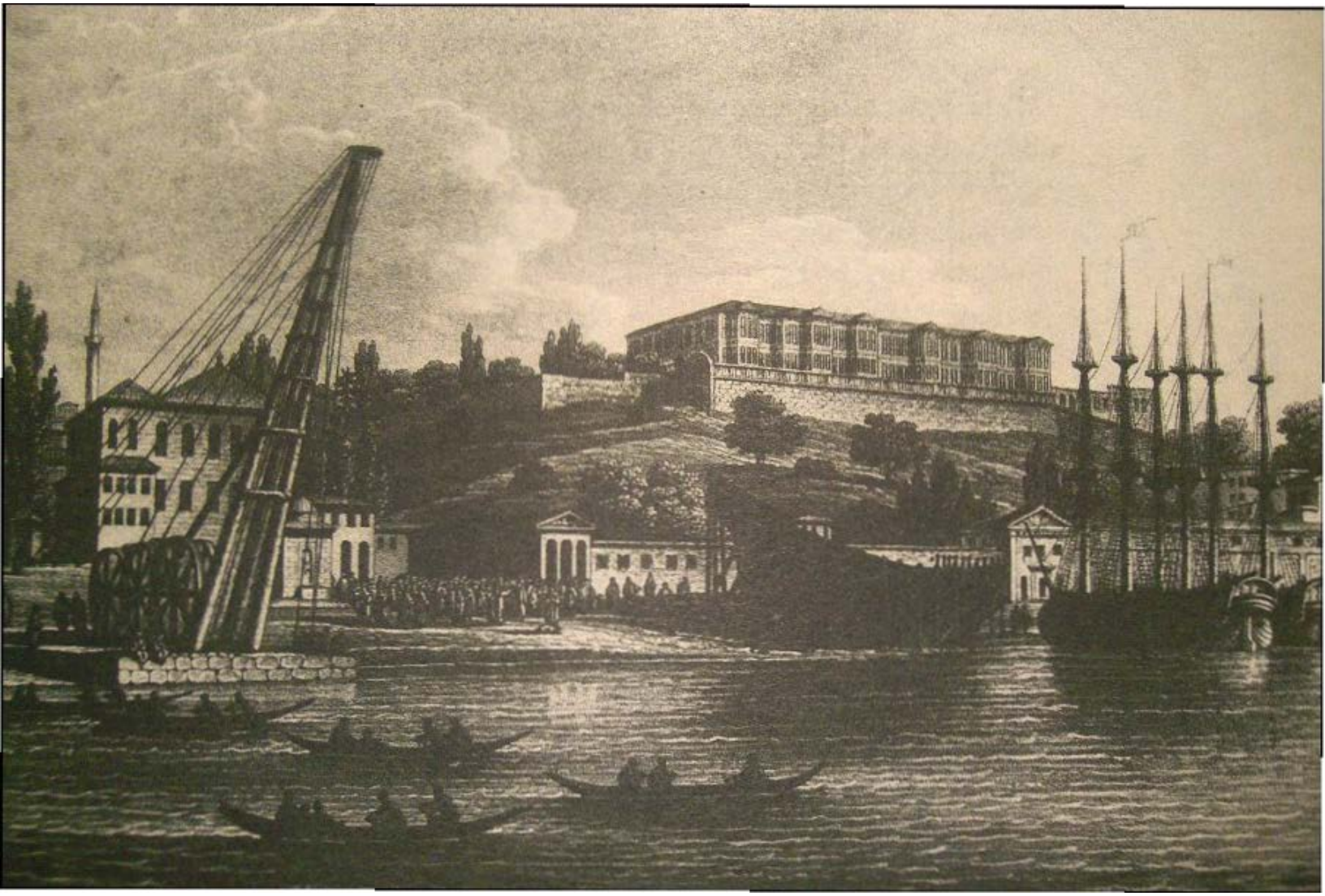




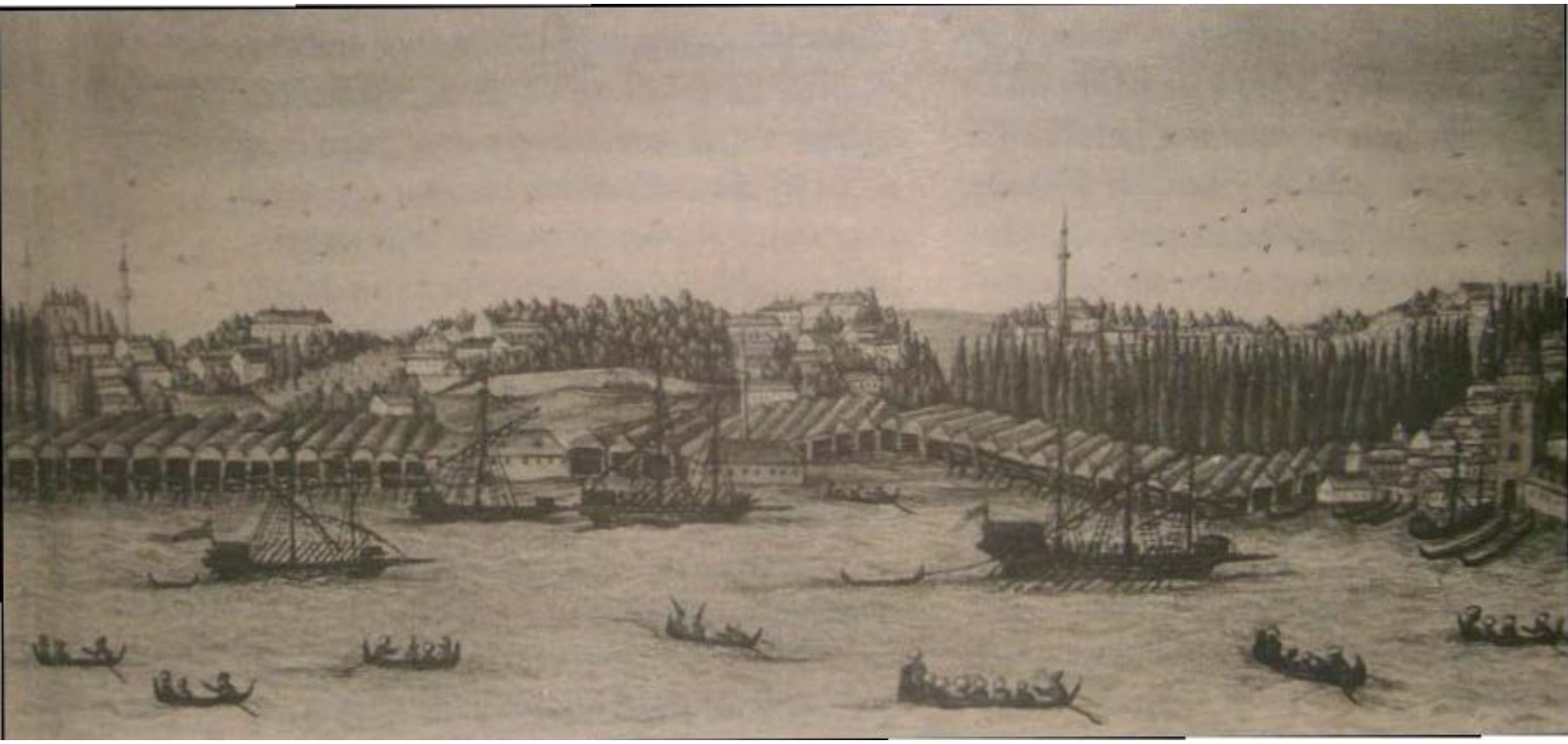


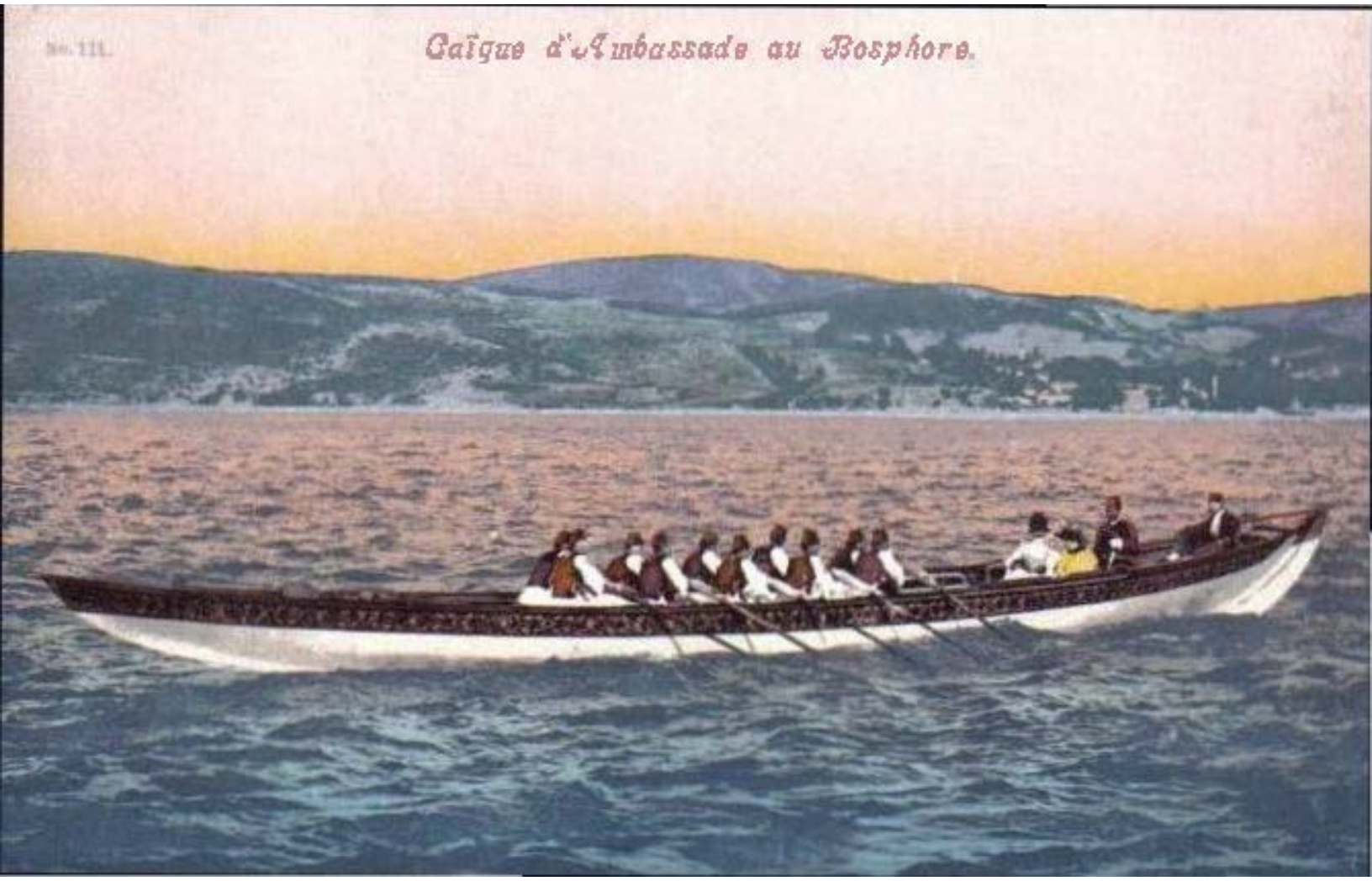




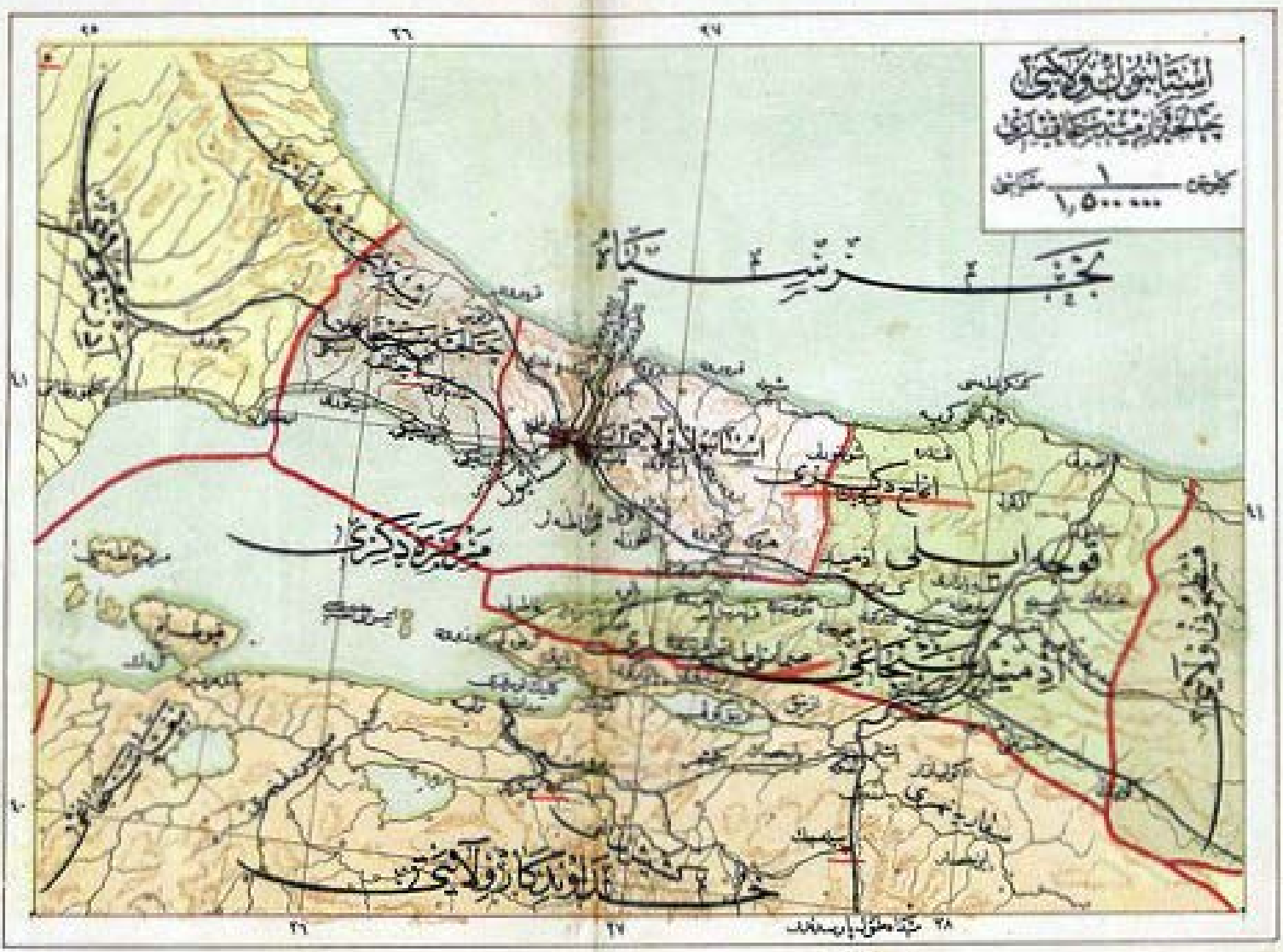







No. 111.
Caïque d'Ambassade au Bosphore.


NIEUWE KAART
van het
TURKSCHE RYK
gelegen in
EUROPA, ASIA
en AFRICA.
t AMSTERDAM
by ISAAK TIRION.
DE MIDDELLANDSCHE ZEE
DE ZWARTE ZEE
DE CASPISCHE ZEE
DE ROODE ZEE
PERSIE
ARABIA
GELUKKIG ARABIA
T RYK YEMEN
T RYK SENNAR
T RYK VAN TRIPOLI
BARBARIE
DE WOESTEINE VAN BARBARIE
ABISSINIA of ETHIOPIE
T RYK ABEL
of ZEILA
T RYK GORHAN
T RYK DAUMA
Medra
BERDOA
BOURNOU
NUBIE
T RYK CASUM
T RYK VAN ZANFARA
T RYK VAN
T RYK
T RYK TIGRE
GEORGIA
ARMENIA
TURCOMANIA
SYRIA
PALESTINA
Cyprus
Candia
Sardinia
Corsica
Malta
Gulf van Venetien
Gulf van Lepanto
Gulf van Satalia
Gulf van Scanderoon
Gulf van Arabia
Gulf van Persia
Gulf van Mecca
Gulf van Aden
Gulf van Zeila
Gulf van Suez
Gulf van Cairo
Gulf van Alexandria
Gulf van Tripoli
Gulf van Tunis
Gulf van Algiers
Gulf van Gabes
Gulf van Sidra
Gulf van Bengasi
Gulf van Sidra
Gulf van Bengasi
Gulf van Sidra
Gulf van Bengasi


İSTANBUL VE ÇEVRESİ
1/1.500.000
İSTANBUL
ADAPAZARI
TEKİRDAĞ
EDİRNE
KIRKLARELİ
ÇATALCA
İZMİT
BOLU
ZONGULDAK
BİLECİK
ESKİŞEHİR
KÜTAHYA
BALIKESİR
ÇANAKKALE
MANİSA
AFYON
UŞAK
DENİZLİ
AYDIN
MUĞLA
ANTALYA
ISPARTA
BURDUR
KONYA
KARAMAN
ADANA
İÇEL
HATAY
KAHRAMANMARAŞ
KAYSERİ
NİĞDE
AKSARAY
NEVŞEHİR
KIRŞEHİR
YOZGAT
ÇANKIRI
KASTAMONU
SİNOP
SAMSUN
TOKAT
AMASYA
ÇORUM
GİRESUN
ORDU
TRABZON
RİZE
ARTVİN
GÜMÜŞHANE
BAYBURT
ERZİNCAN
SİVAS
MALATYA
ELAZIĞ
TUNCELİ
BİNGÖL
MUŞ
BİTLİS
VAN
HAKKARİ
ŞIRNAK
SİİRT
BATMAN
DİYARBAKIR
MARDİN
ŞANLIURFA
ADIYAMAN
KİLİS
GAZİANTEP
KARS
IĞDIR
AĞRI
BAYAZIT
ARDAHAN
ÇILDIR
ÖRENCİK
ADALAR
KARADENİZ
MARMARA
EGE
AKDENİZ

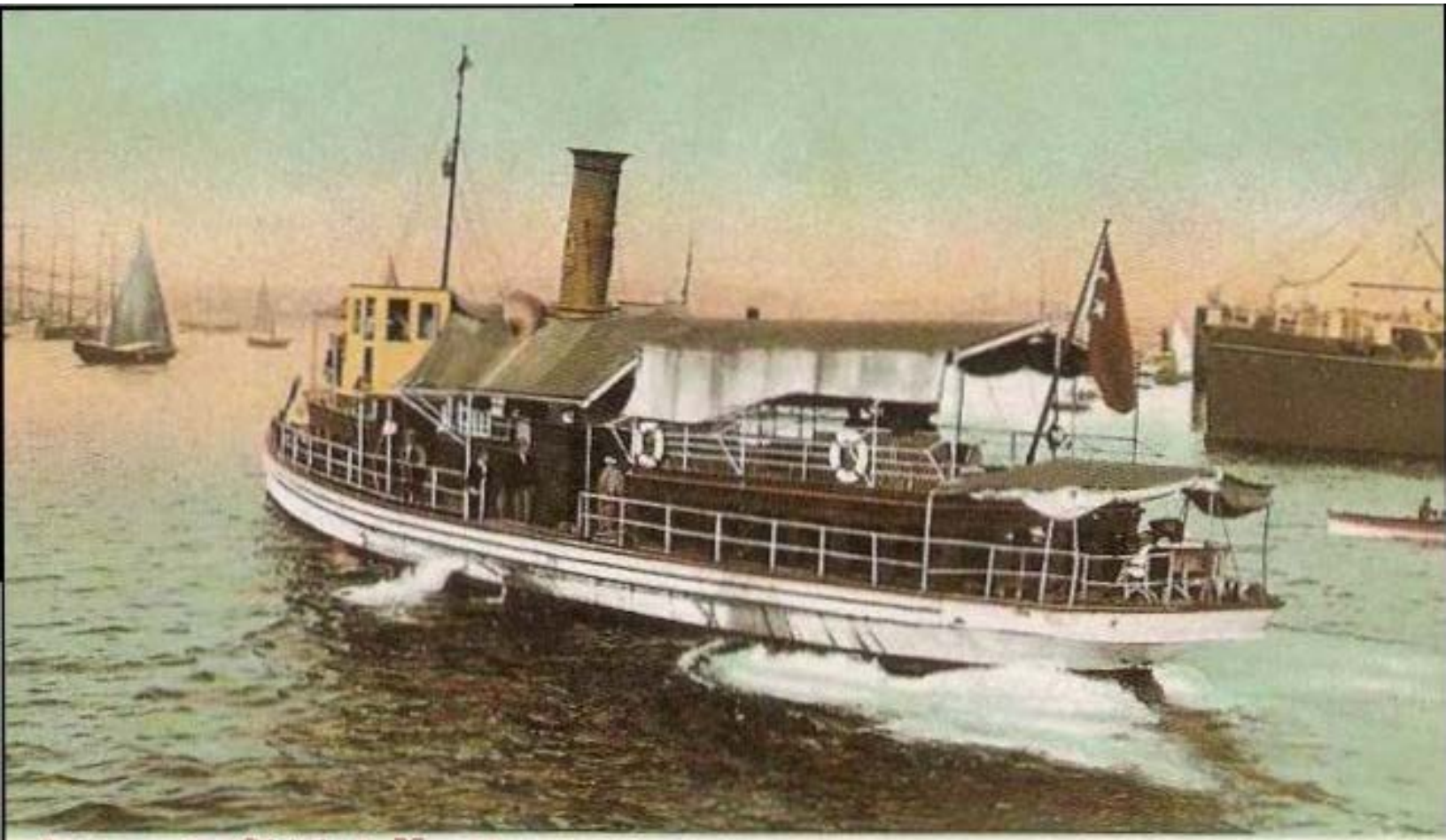












Bateau du Chirkel No. 57.


TURKEY
MERCHANT
FLAG



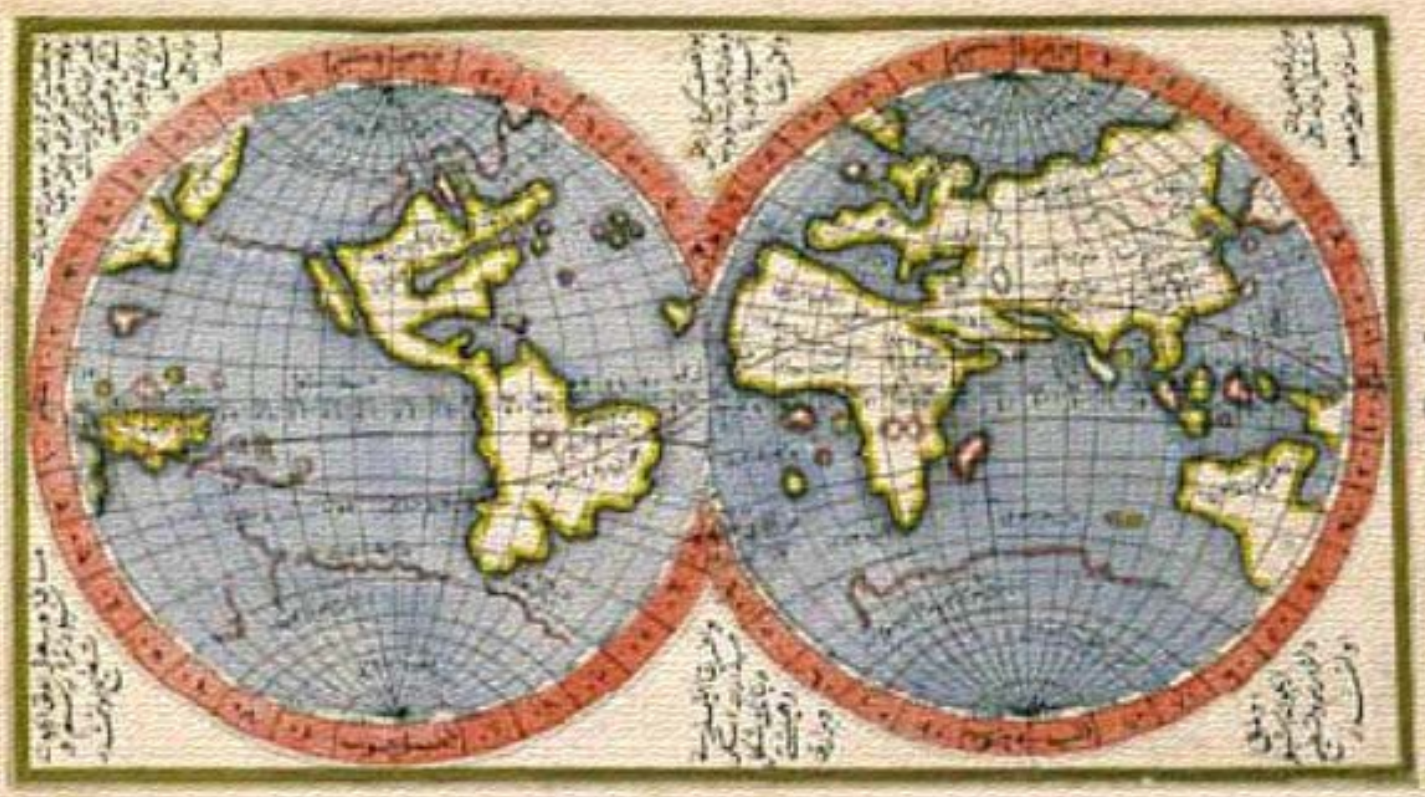
CONSTANTINOPLE.

LE MONDE ILLUSTRE

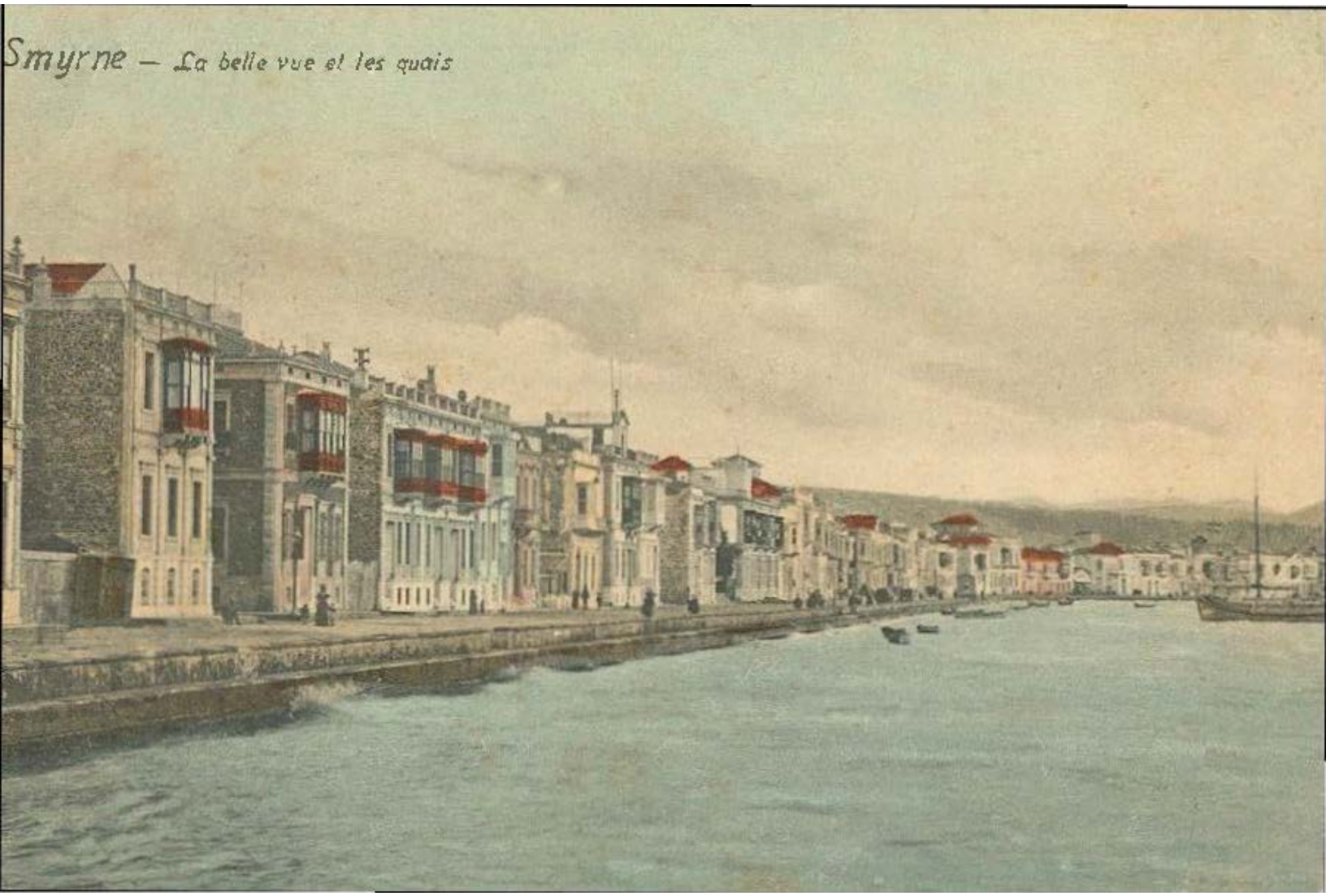
JOURNAL HEBDOMADAIRE








Roumeli Hissar.
Constantinople
روم ایلی حصاری


Smyrne – La belle vue et les quais


Fanaraki. Mer de Marmara. Constantinople.



S. J. Daponte, Smyrne. No. 5554.




1903




فرمانده جبه هزار انجی روس قرار دارد در بین
قعر دریا به بر رگ





THE TURKISH FLEET LOOKING FOR PREY



FIGHTING THE GREEKS OFF IMBROS ISLAND



A TURKISH DIVISION LOOKING FOR THE ENEMY

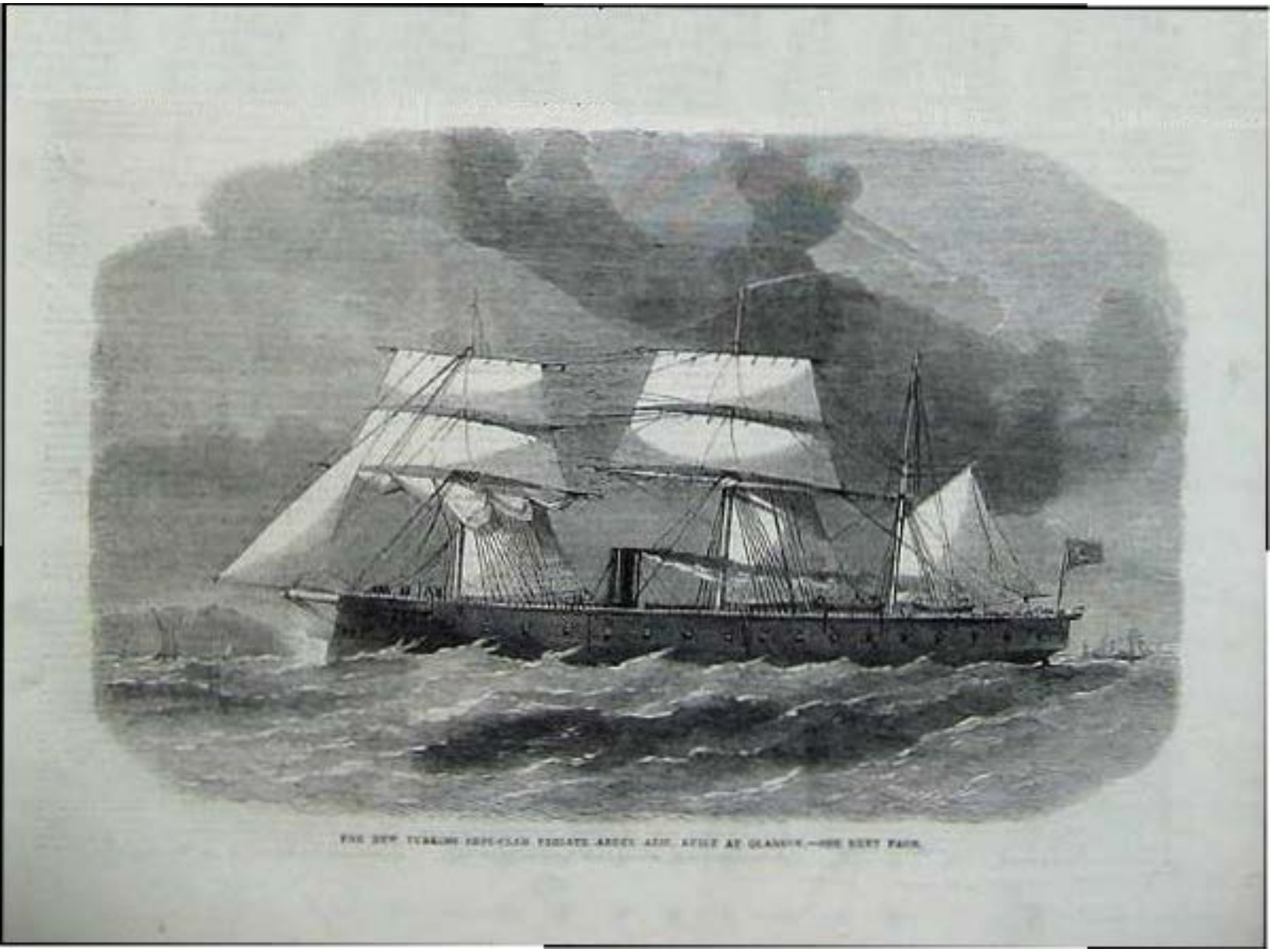


THE TURKISH CRUISER MEDJIDIEH AND A DESTROYER FLOTILLA CHASING THE GREEK FLOTILLA OF TEN BOATS



THE HAMIDIEH STEAMING HOME WITH A WOUND ON HER STARBOARD BOW

While the Peace Congress has been sitting in London the Turkish and Greek fleets have been [illegible] at one another at intervals, though with no very serious results. In the middle of December the Turkish fleet left the Dardanelles and engaged the Greek fleet off Imbros Island at a range of seven miles, the Greeks withdrawing after an hour's firing, during which a Whitehead torpedo holed the Hamidieh and killed one Turk. Last week the Turkish cruiser passed through the lines of Greek destroyers during a fog and bombarded the powder magazine on the island of Syra. Finally, on Saturday, an engagement was reported off Lemnos, in which the Turks were said to be defeated.



THE NEW TURRETED SEPOY-CLASS FRIGATE ARGUS AND ATTILE AT GLASGOW.—SEE NEXT PAGE.



GUEUZE
BELLE·VUE

TRIPOLIS TURK
TRIPOLIS TURC
Pavillon de marine XVIII'e
Scheepsvlag van de XVIII'e



THE DEFENCES OF THE BOSPHORUS: FORTRESSES OF ANADOLI KAVAK, ASIATIC SIDE.
FROM A PHOTO BY OUR SPECIAL ARTIST.


GRAN Statt
vnd Schloß.

LA GUERRA D'ORIENTE

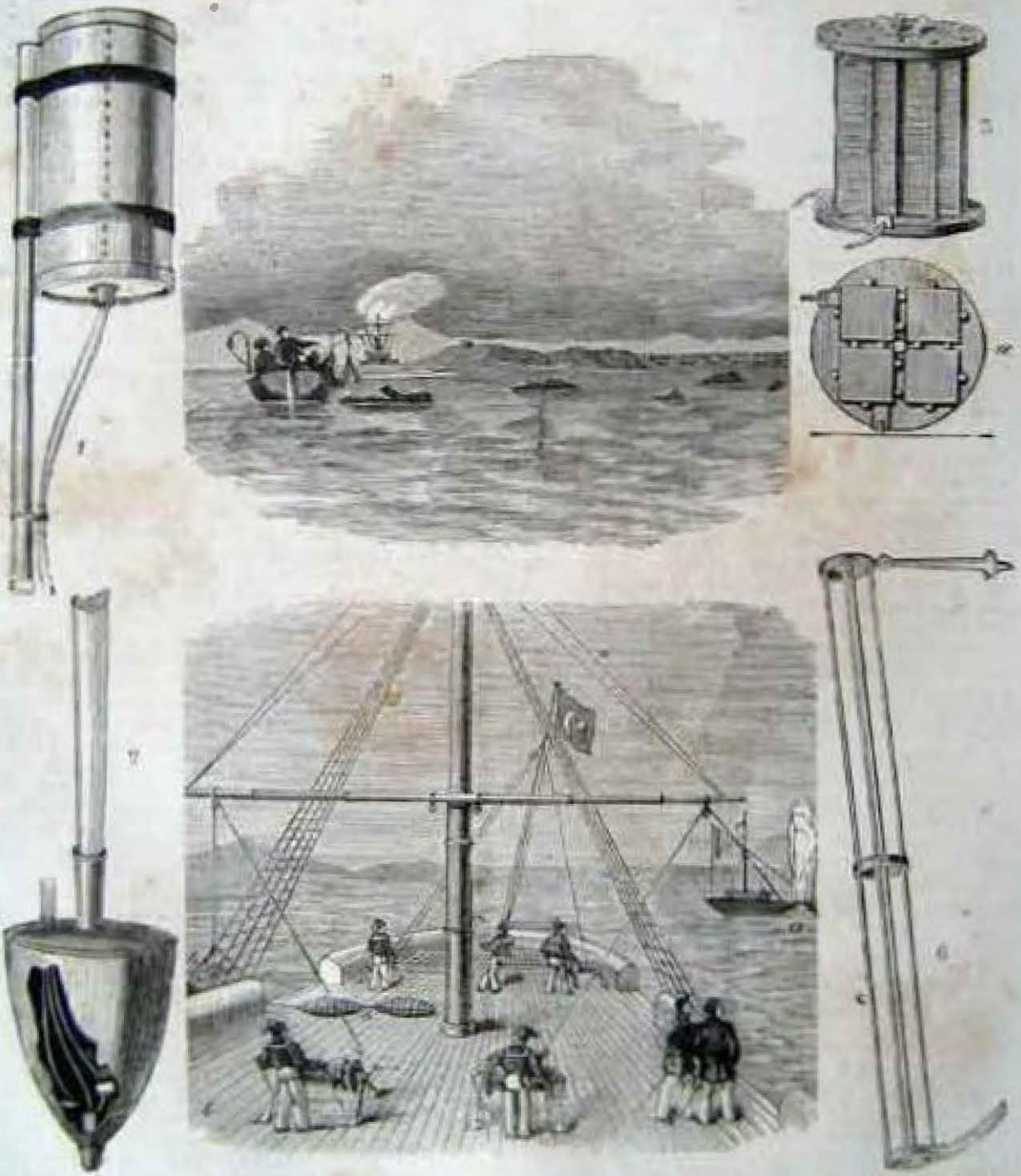
CRONACA ILLUSTRATA

1877 1877

Lire 12 — N. 53. — Ottobre 1877. — Chi manda lire 18

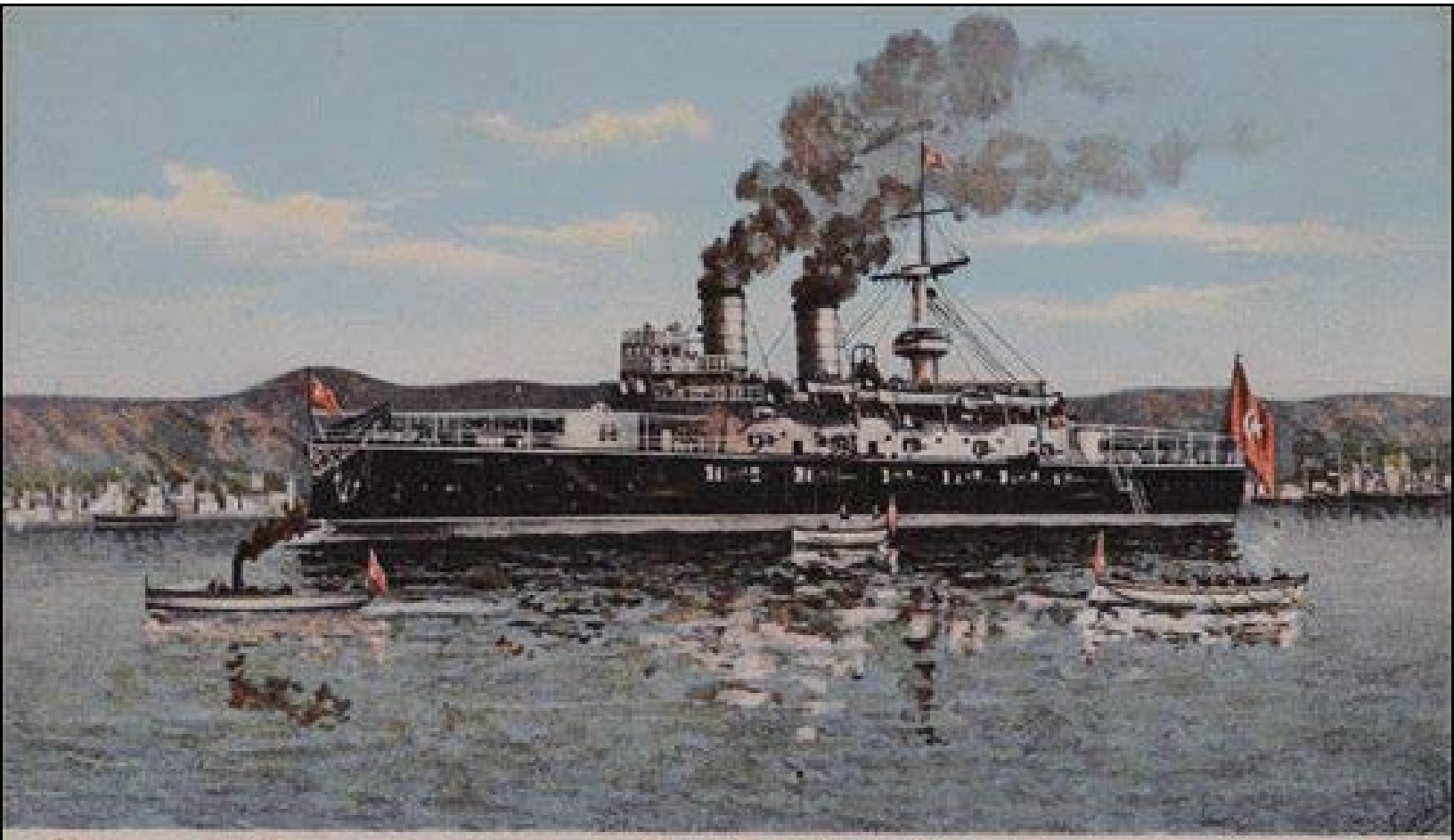
Grande Carta Geografica — Centesimi 15 il numero — LA GUERRA D'ORIENTE DEL 1877

Frd. Treves, Milano, N. 2 Galleria II



1. Torpedine semovente a per palombaro. — 2. Torpedine ad urto con meccanismo elettrico, detta torpedine Thornycroft. — 3. Immersione di torpedini in 20 fasce. — 4. Coperta di rame misto e scoglio torpedini Harvey — cadere il detritore a, scoppio di torpedine b, torpedine attaccata alla fune. — 5. Batteria elettrica da palombaro composta di 6 elementi a, piano inferiore. — 6. Sbarramento per due fasce di rame.

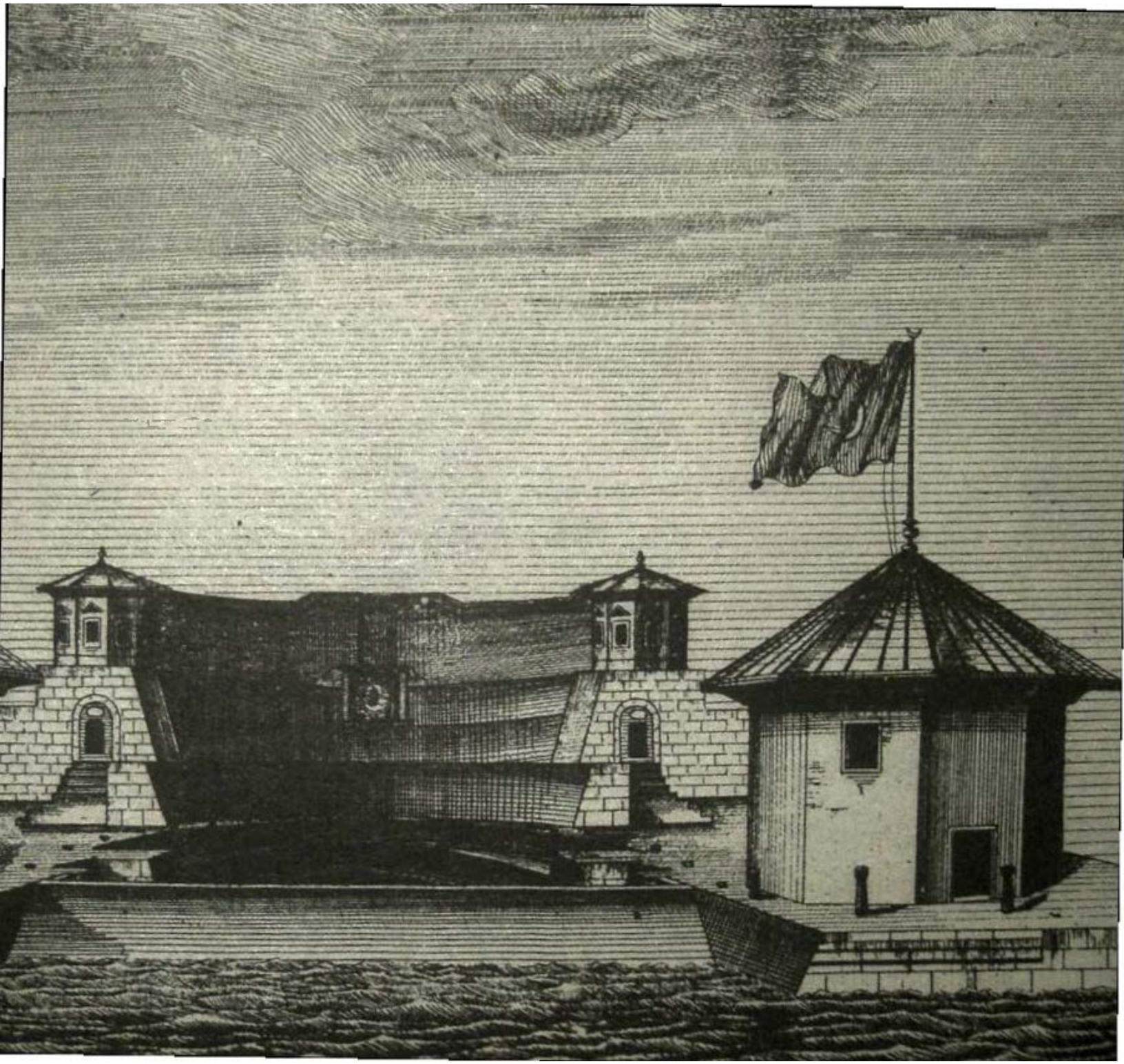
LA GRANDE TORPEDINE DELLA MARINA AMERICANA.



Salut de Constantinople.

Mesoudié, bateau de guerre turc.





Pl. 27



Dessiné par Jacques Vasse

Vue de Constantinople

Pl. III.



Dessiné par Nicolas Forest.

Pointe du Sérail, à Constantinople.


1830



CONSTANTINOPLE.—VIEW FROM THE SERASKIER TOWER.



La pointe du Serrail vûe du Palais de l'Ambassadeur d'Angleterre à Pera.



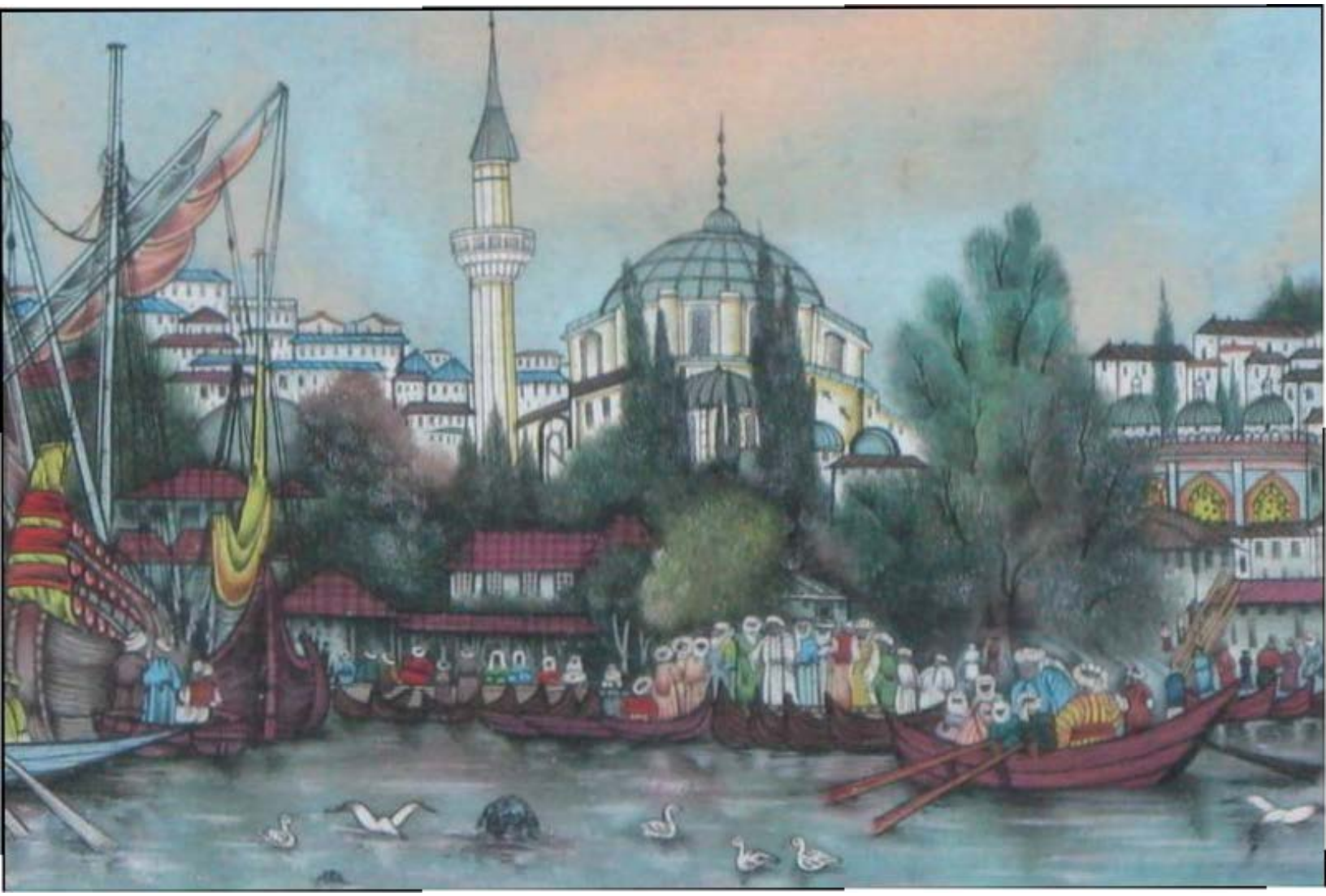

Constantinople. Vue Générale de la Corne d'or.
63
MB



Souvenir de Constantinople.

Fener-Bagtché.

323 Editeur Max Fruchtermann, Constantinople.




VEUE DE LA VILLE ET DU PORT DE CONSTANTINOPLE
LE BOSPHORE DE THRACE

ASIA MINOR









TURKEY IN EUROPE

B L A C K S E A

M E D I T E R R A N E A N S E A

TREBISONDE

ARABRIR

ARASH

ALEPPO

DIAR MODZAH

KARAMANIA

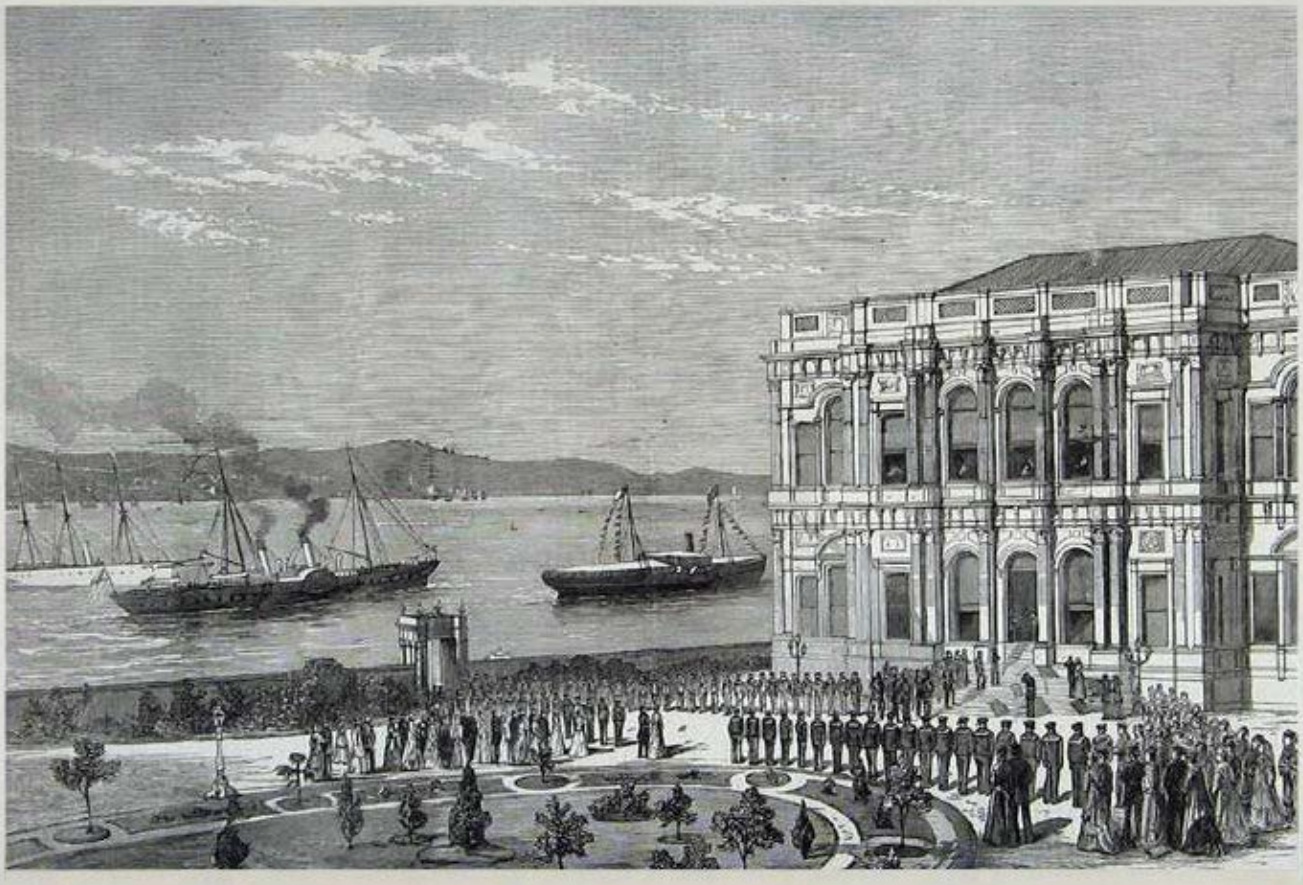
JOHN TALLIS & COMPANY LONDON & NEW YORK

TURKEY IN ASIA




TRANSILVANIE
MOLDAVIE
BESSARABIE
VALAQUIE
SERVIE
BOSNE
ROMANIE ou ROMELIE
MACEDOINE
ARCHIPEL ou MER BLANCHE autrefois MER ÆGEE
MER NOIRE autrefois PONT EUXIN
MER DE MARMORA autrefois PROPONTIS
PARTIE DES ESTATS DES TURQS EN ASIE ou ASIE MINEURE
ESTATS DE L'EMPIRE DES TURQS EN EUROPE
BEGLERBEGLICZ ou GOUVERNEMENTS
CYCLADES
ISLES
ISLE DE RHODES
MER DE CANDIE
MER DE SCARPANTO
MER DE SATALIE
GOLFE DE
MER DE SAPIENZA







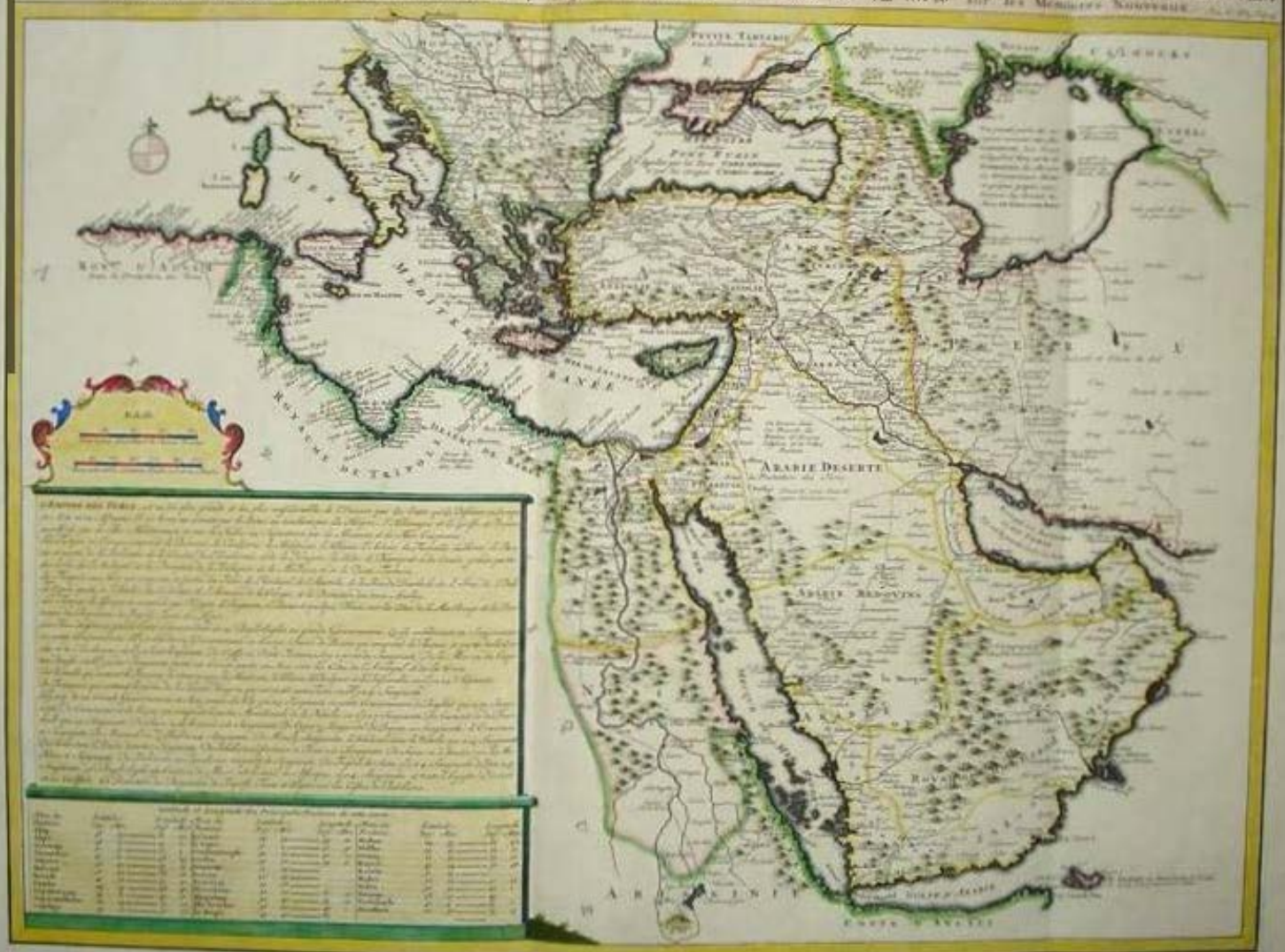
THE SALIH BAZAAR PALACE, CONSTANTINOPLE, LATELY OCCUPIED BY THE PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES.—see page 421

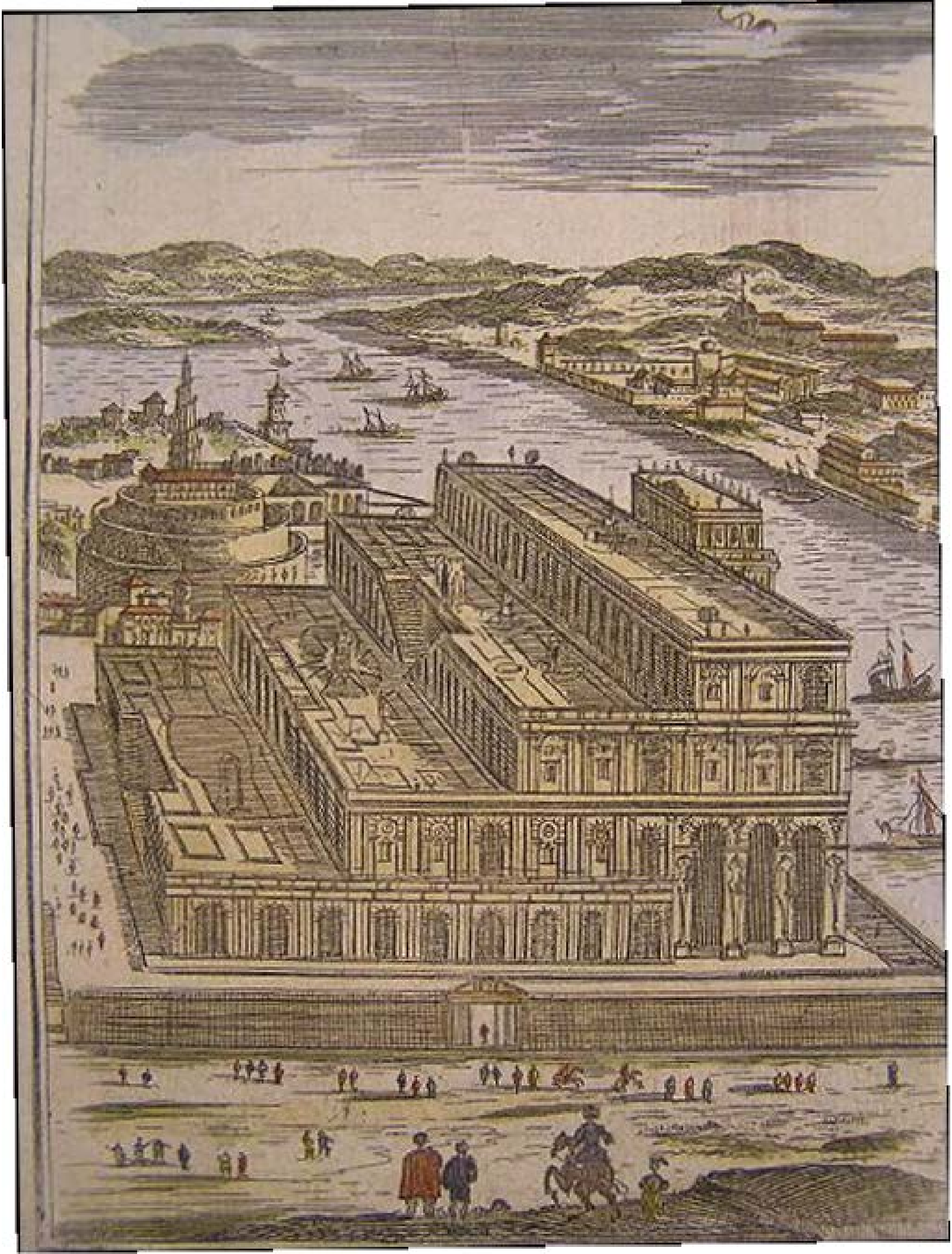


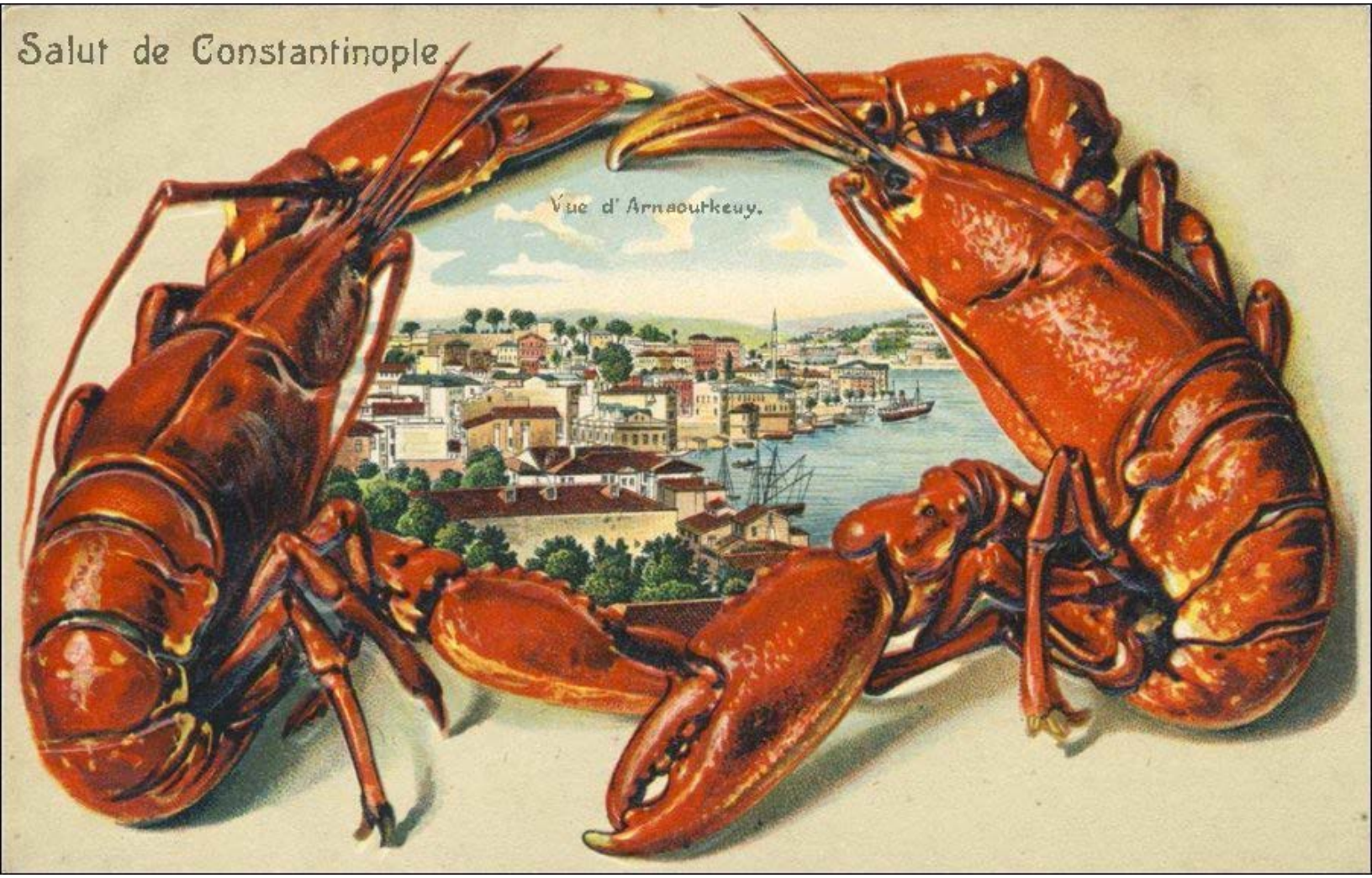


CARTE DE L'EMPIRE DES TURCS EN ASIE & EN AFRIQUE, DIVISÉ DANS TOUTES SES PARTIES,

Avec une Table de la Longitude & Latitude des principales Positions de cette Carte, le tout dressé sur les Mémoires Nouveaux






Salut de Constantinople
Vue d' Arnaoutkeuy.

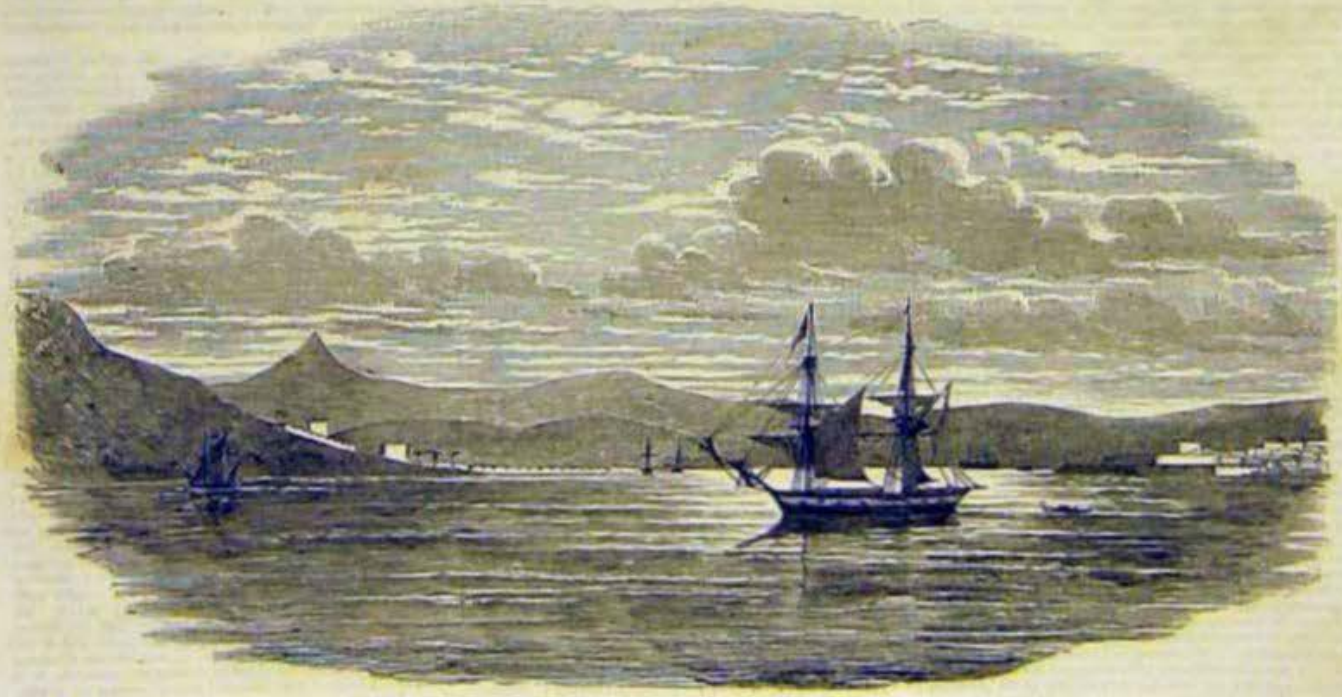


ABDUL 'L MEDJID, SULTAN OF TURKEY.—FROM AN ORIGINAL PAINTING IN THE POSSESSION OF THE TURKISH AMBASSADOR.

out for instance, to ascertain yet the Sultan is serious. It is related that, not long ago, to introduce the novelty of a small peak or cue to his fez. The true Mussulmans were aghast. The Pontiff Sheikh of Islam remonstrated—such a hat was against the Koran; and the Sultan had to submit: the peak disappeared. But, next day he invited the head of religion to ride out with him; and they rode westward — straight towards the setting sun. The Sultan pointed out every object to the Sheikh; the Sheikh was courteously observant. In order to see, however, he had to put up his condemned hand at right angles with the forehead, to shelter his eye from the rays of the sun. The Sultan noticed this, and struck the hand of the holy man heavily with his whip. The holy man was reminded that the Koran forbade peaks to hats; the holy man was corrected, and the peak re-appeared on the Royal fez. By so successful a reading of the Koran, the Sultan has been enabled to indulge himself in his favourite wine—champagne. It is well known that his father died from drinking brandy, to which, consequently, he has a medicinal as well as orthodox aversion. His theory is that the Koran forbids fermented liquors; but that champagne is not fermented, and is, consequently, not illegal drink; and this reading has been highly applauded by the ladies of the seraglio, with whom Abdu'l-Medjid passes more time than should be spared from Government. Of a handsome person, but not of a robust constitution, he avoids martial exercises, and takes more delight in archery matches than in reviews. Gifted, however, with great perception, the Sultan has been fortunate in the choice of men to whom he has entrusted the care of the army and navy. He seeks the best men from all countries, and the result is (that according to Mr. David Urquhart, who is, perhaps, more competent to speak on these questions than any man living, Turkey has nothing to fear from a campaign with Russia. The artillery has been formed, and is directed by Prussians; the infantry by the French; and the navy has long been under the command of Englishmen—formerly of Captain Walker, now of Captain Slade, both holding that grade in the British service. The Sultan, however, does all he can to collect efficient officers and ministers from the Turks; and he yearly sends over crowds of picked young men for this express object; to Paris for the Polytechnic School; to Liverpool for commerce; to London for ship-building; to Manchester for machinery. These students are equally divided between England and France; and the fact is significant as showing that the Sultan has no predilection for one country over the other. He is neither of a French party, nor of an English party; and Lord Redcliffe's great influence over him is merely the influence of a man of commanding ability, great knowledge, and great honour. If he were a Frenchman, the Sultan would follow him with the same fidelity.

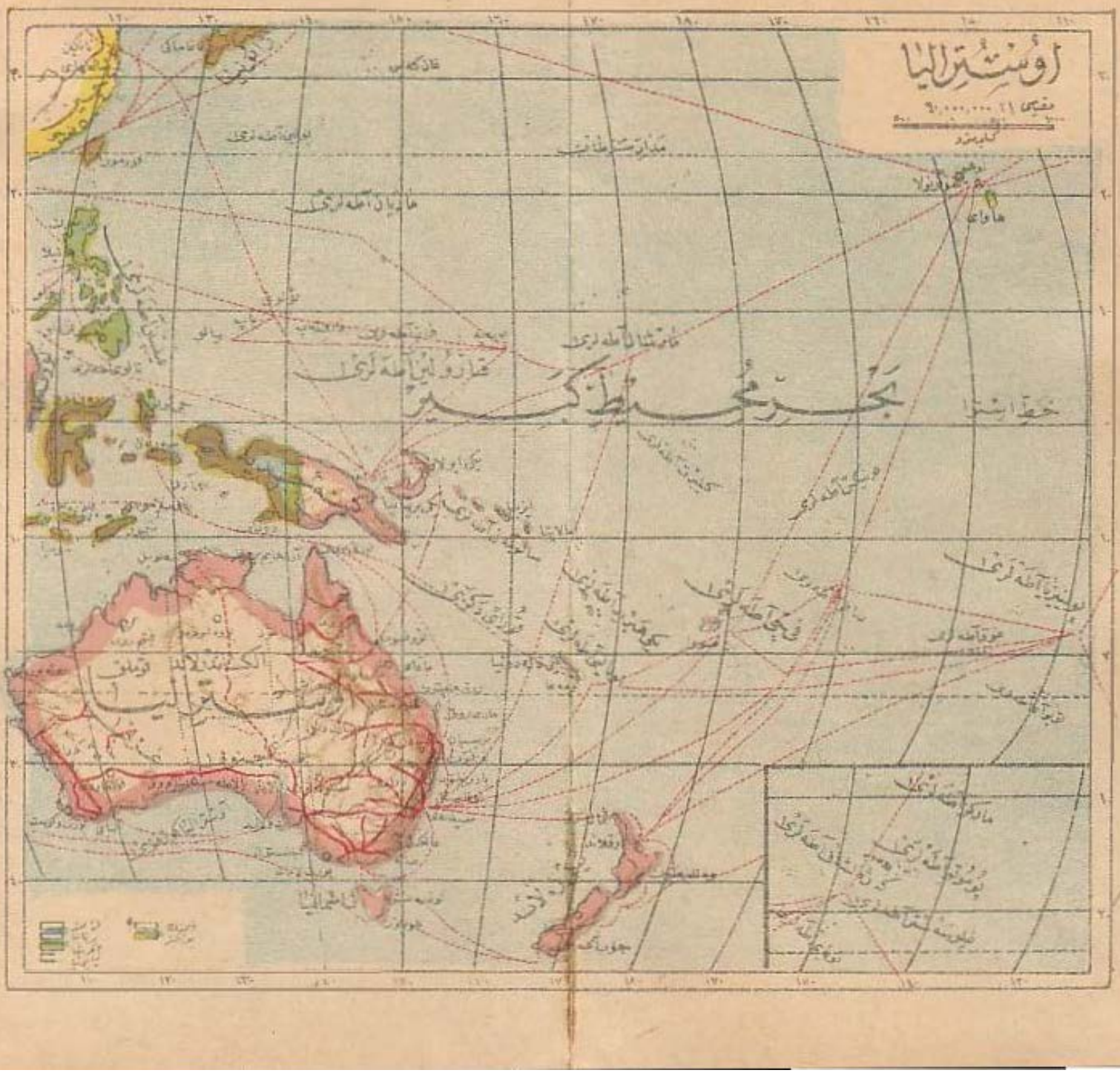
CASTLES OF THE DARDANELLES.

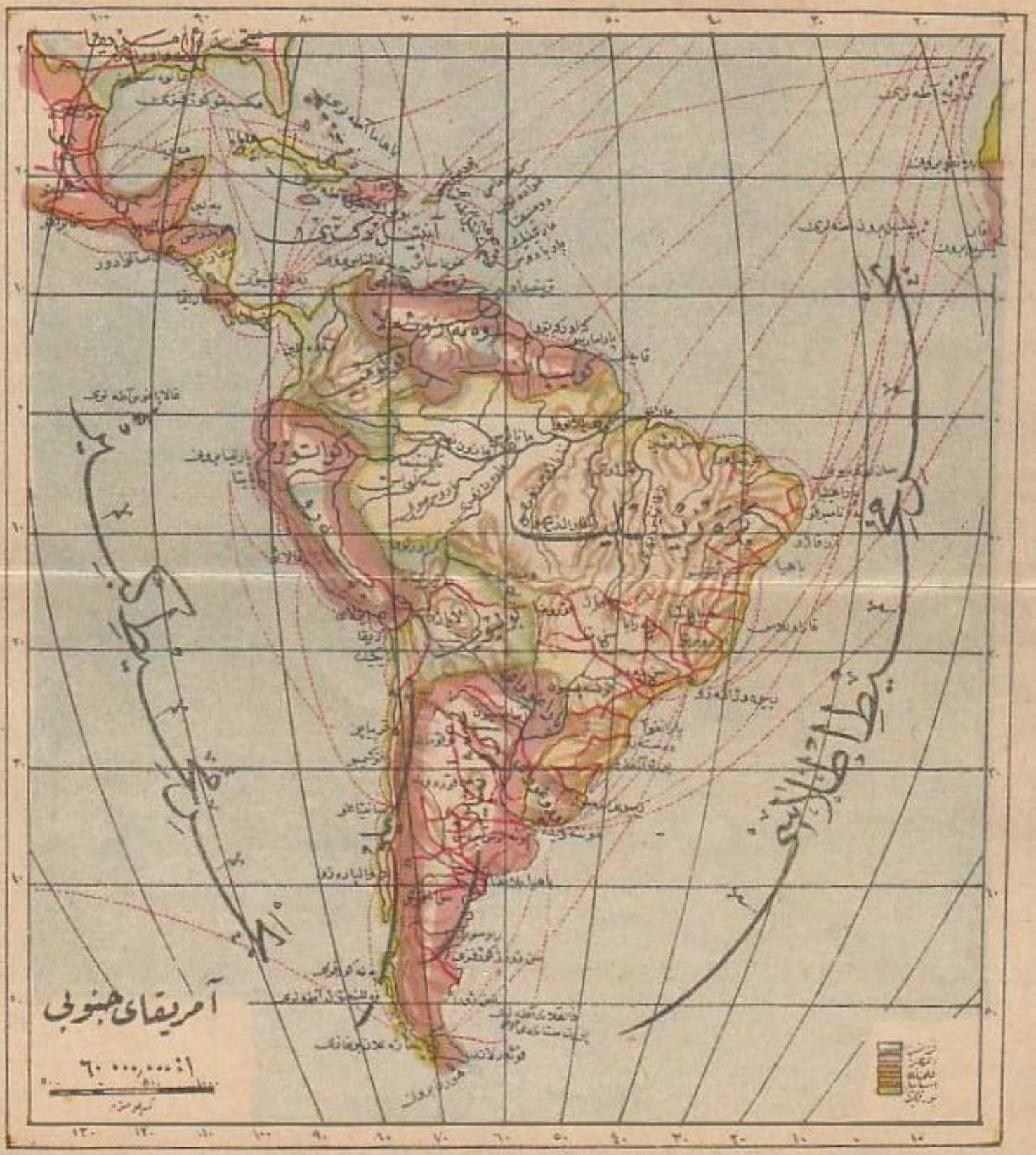
We append a View of the Castles of the Dardanelles. The European shore is on the left, and the Asiatic on the right. The fort and batteries on the European side are called Chenkhaver, or Kalidilar, "the lock of the Sea." The town and battery on the opposite side are called Chanak-Kalessi, or Sultanie-Kalessi. These batteries are effectively armed with ordnance of prodigious calibre, which threaten destruction to any ships that might approach the passage of the Dardanelles, from the Mediterranean. The Emperor Alexander used to call the Dardanelles the "key of my house," and it is unquestionably necessary to the march of Russian empire to have the right of free egress and ingress through the gates of the Dardanelles, which are the gates of the Black Sea. We cannot be surprised at the sensitiveness of Russia at the presence of a French and English fleet in the Turkish waters, when we remember that once in the Bosphorus the armaments of Russia in the Black Sea might be easily destroyed, while the forts and naval arsenals of Southern Russia might be blockaded and bombarded by the ships of the combined powers.



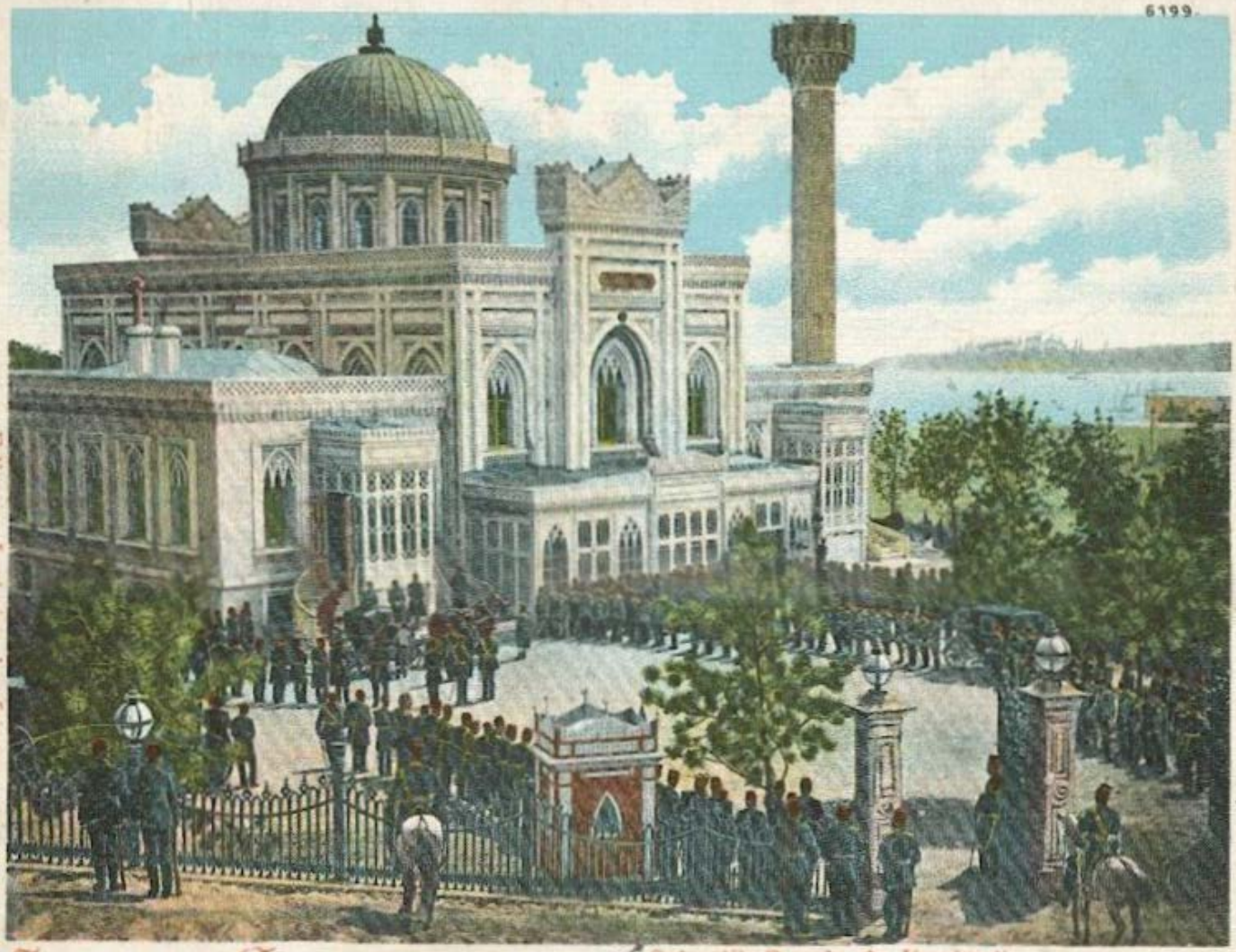
CASTLES AND FORTS OF THE DARDANELLES.


TURCICI IMPE/
RII DESCRIPTIO
SEPTENTRIO.
TARTARIAE PARS
MARE DE BACHE & CASPIVM ALIAS MARE ET HYRCANIVM
REGNI PERSIAE PARS, QVOD HODIE A SOPHIS GUBERNATVR
MARE MEDITERRANEUM
ARABIA DESERTA
ARABIA FELIX
AYAMAN
ORMVZ
ORIENS.
OCCIDENS.
MERIDIES.
Libyae deserta.
NVBIAE REGNI PARS.
AFRICAE PARS
DAFILA
BARNAGASSI
NVBRI PARS
MARIS
ITALIA.
AVSTRIA.
HVNGARIA.
SICILIA.
PARCHA
AEGYPTVS.


اوستراليا
مقياس ١ : ٩٠٠٠٠٠٠
كيلومتر
بحر محيط كبير
خط التاريخ
استراليا


آمریکای جنوبی
۱:۶۰٬۰۰۰٬۰۰۰


شمالی آمه ریقا
مقیاسی
۱:۶۰،۰۰۰،۰۰۰
کیلومتر



Salut de Constantinople. Selamlik-Parade de Vendredi.

8/3 1904

Editeurs Ludwigsohn freres.


Constantinople





Souvenir de

CONSTANTINOPLE.

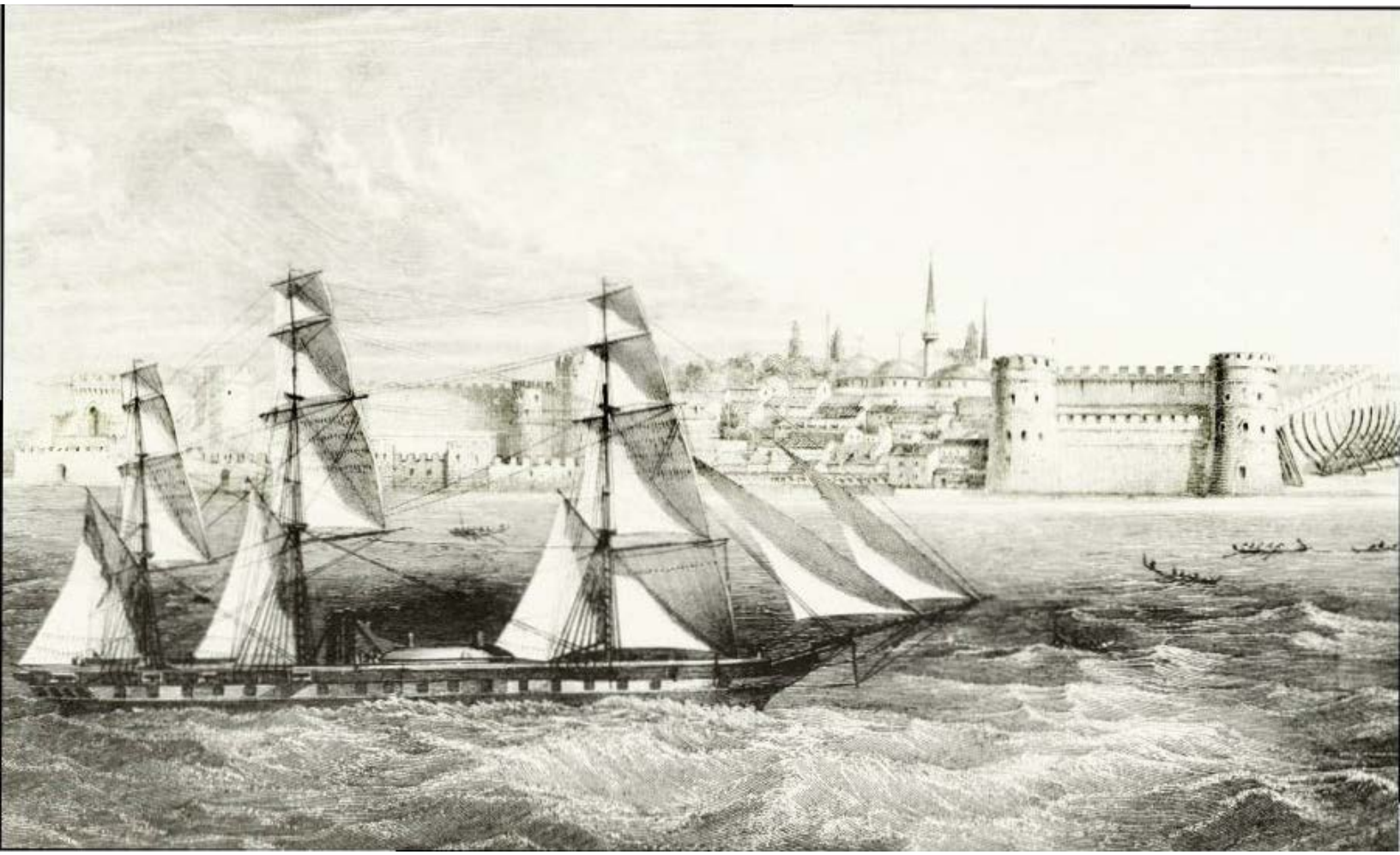
Max Frucht'ermann, Éditeur, Constantinople.

Emil Pinkau, Impr. à Leipzig. Fabrication spéciale pour cartes postales avec vues.





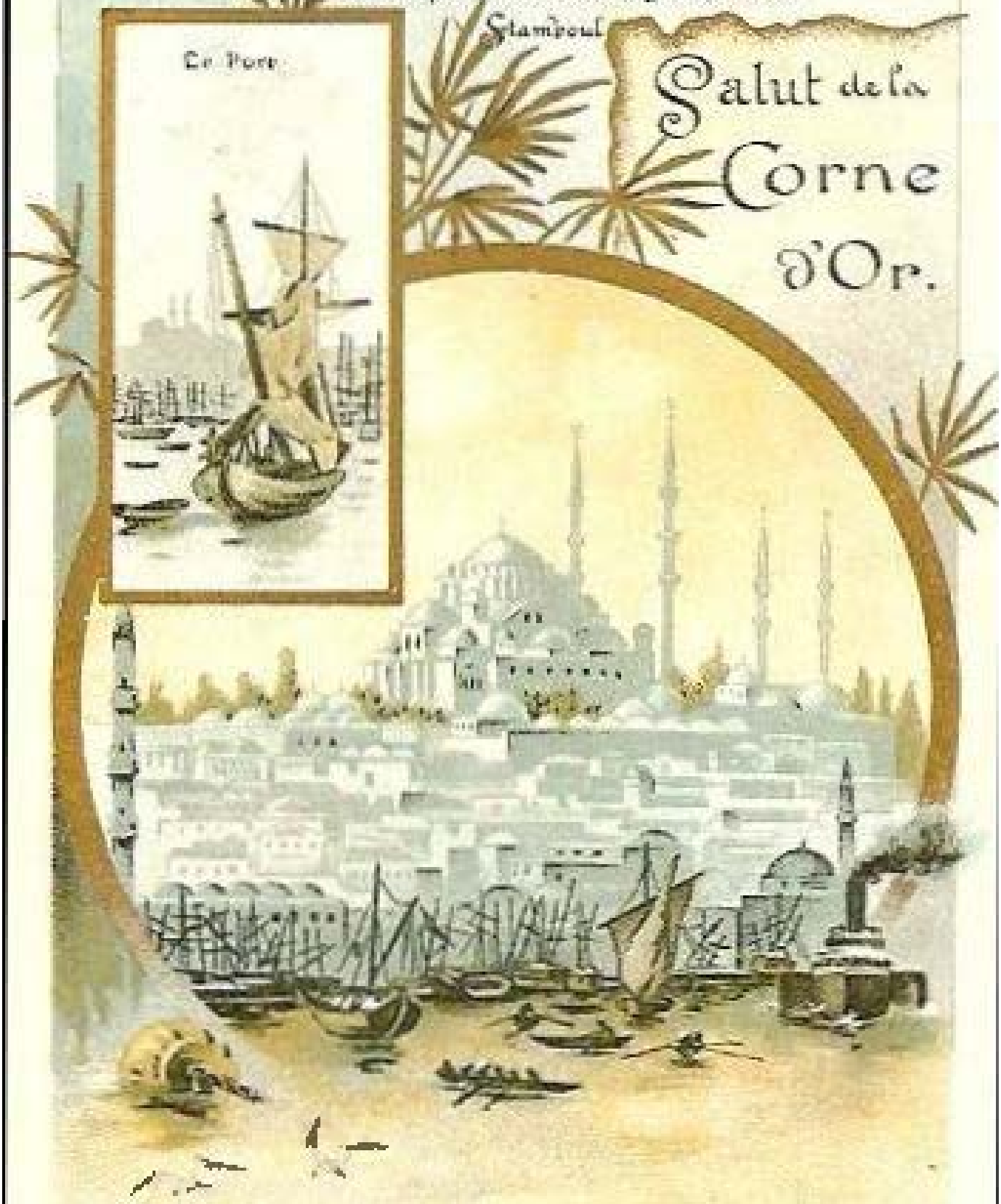


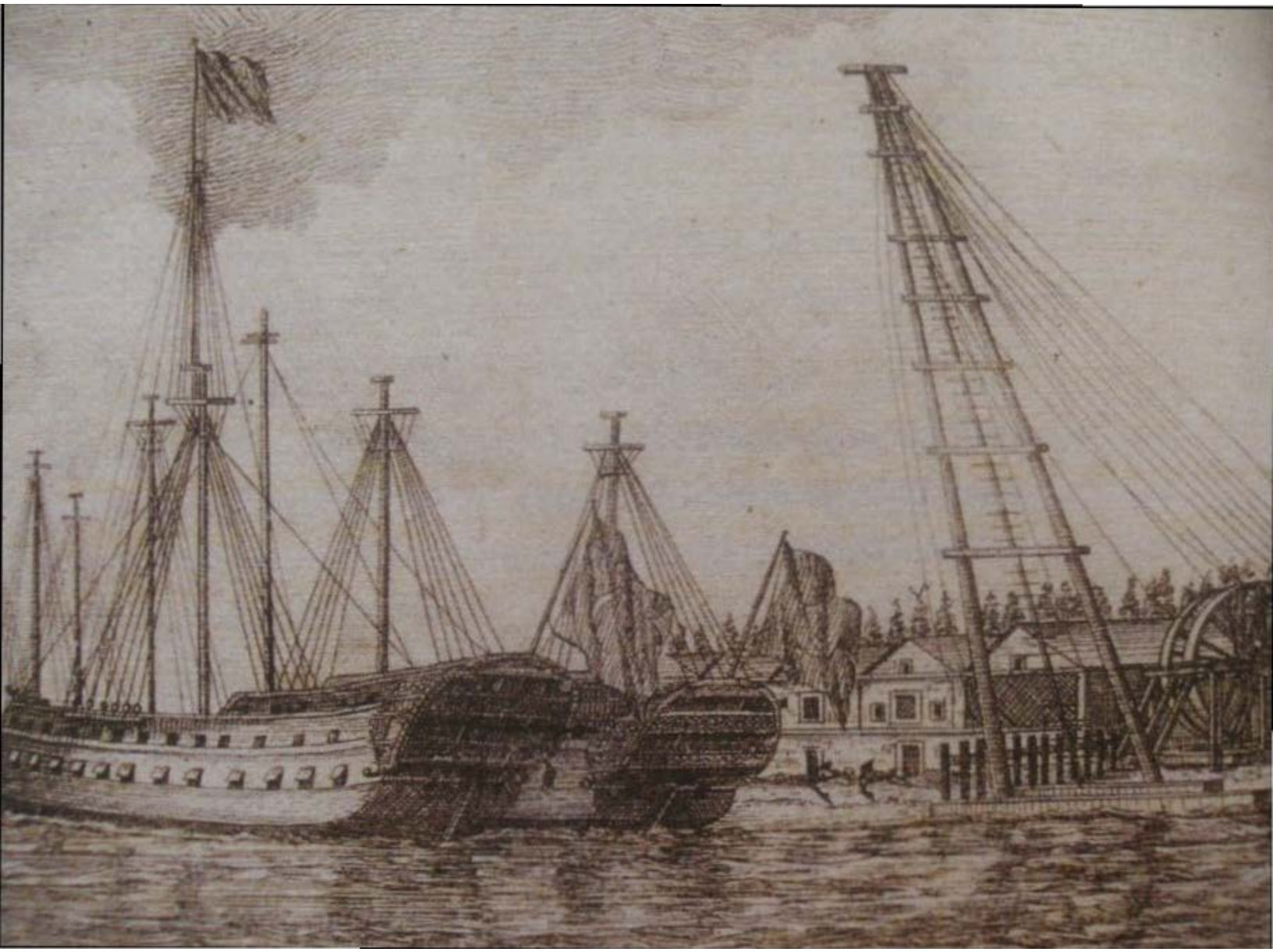


Mosquée du Sultan Soleïman
Stamboul

Le Port

Salut de la Corne d'Or.



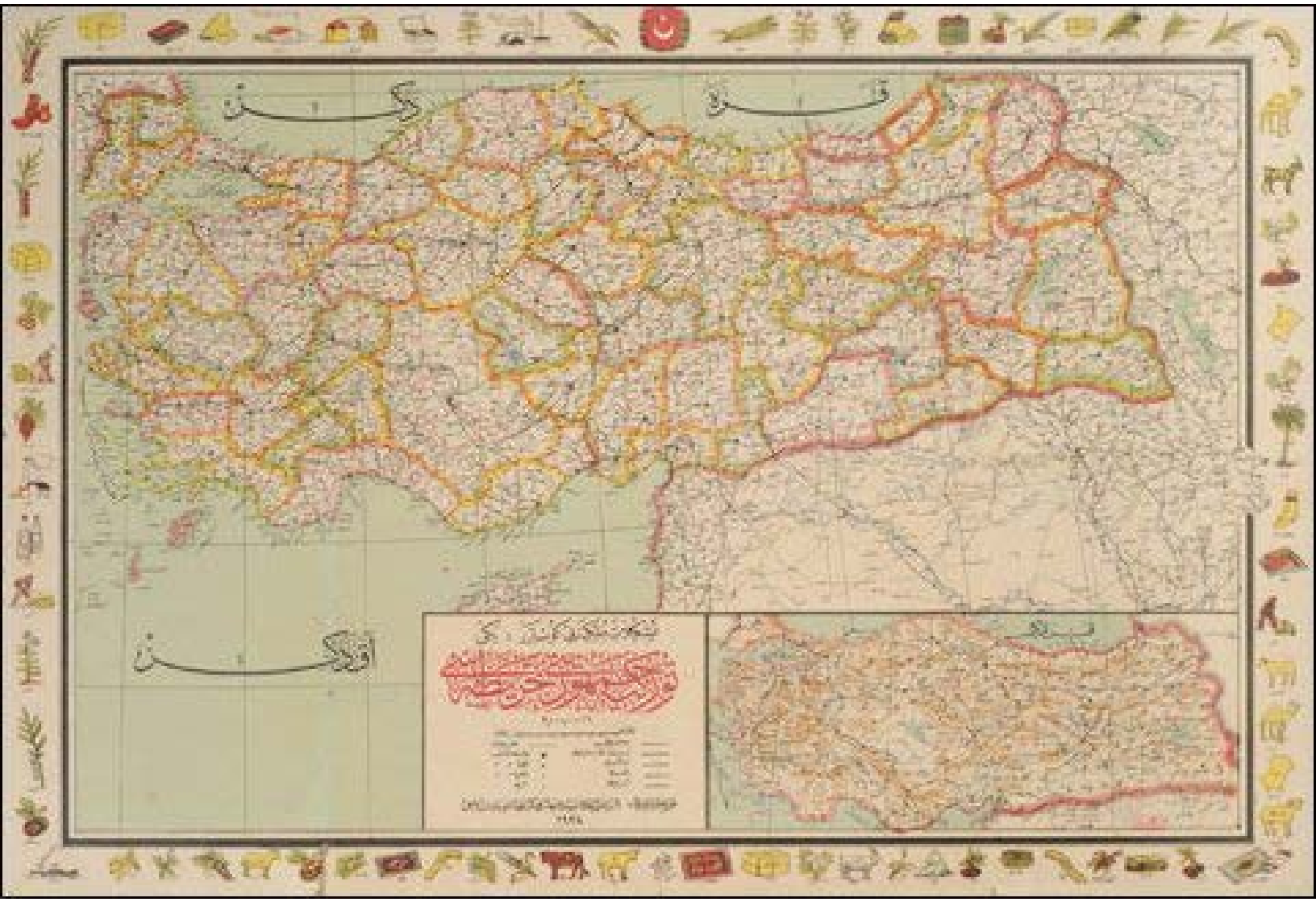



UNGHERIA
VALACHIA
BULGARIA
RUMELIA
MACEDONIA
MAR DI MARMARA
ASIA MINORE
MARE MEDITERRANEO
MARE DI GRECIA
DI VENEZIA
TURCHIA
IN EUROPA
DIVISA
NELLE SUE PROVINCIE
E GOVERNI
Dimostrata Positivamente



Habit of the Master of Ceremonies to the Grand Saignior in 1700.

Maitre de Ceremonies du Grand Seignear.




Constantinopel.

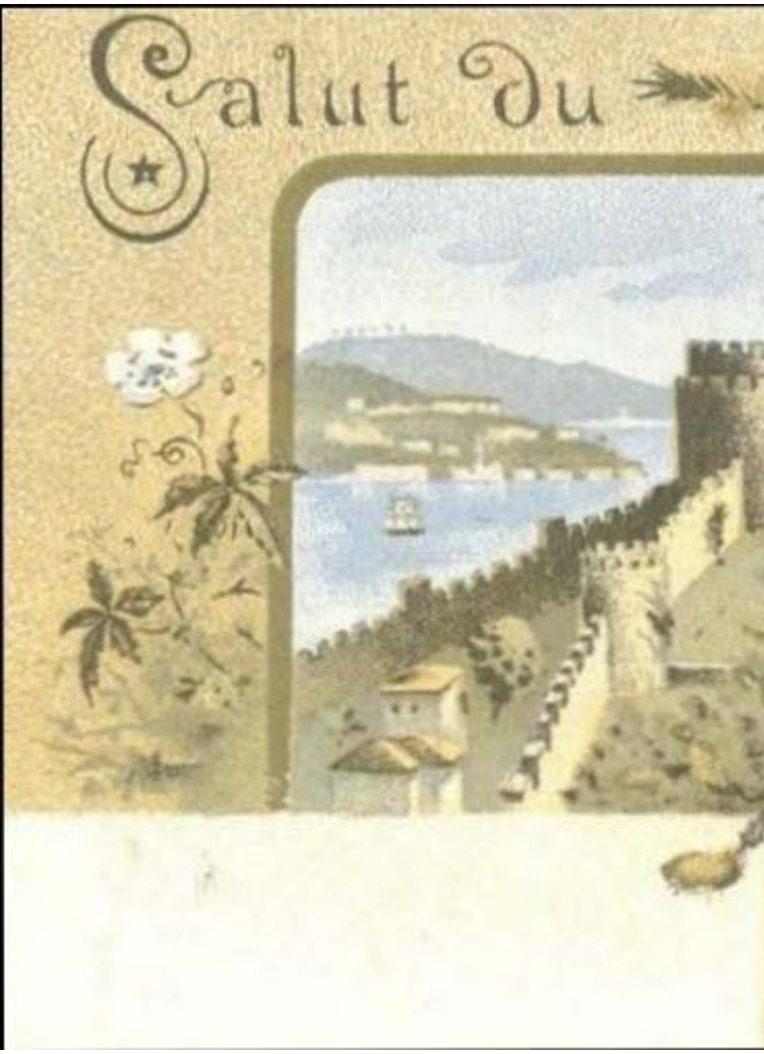


SMYRNA, FROM MOUNT PAGUS.


Salut de Constantinople
Vue du Palais Impérial sur la Corne d'Or

Salut du Bosphore

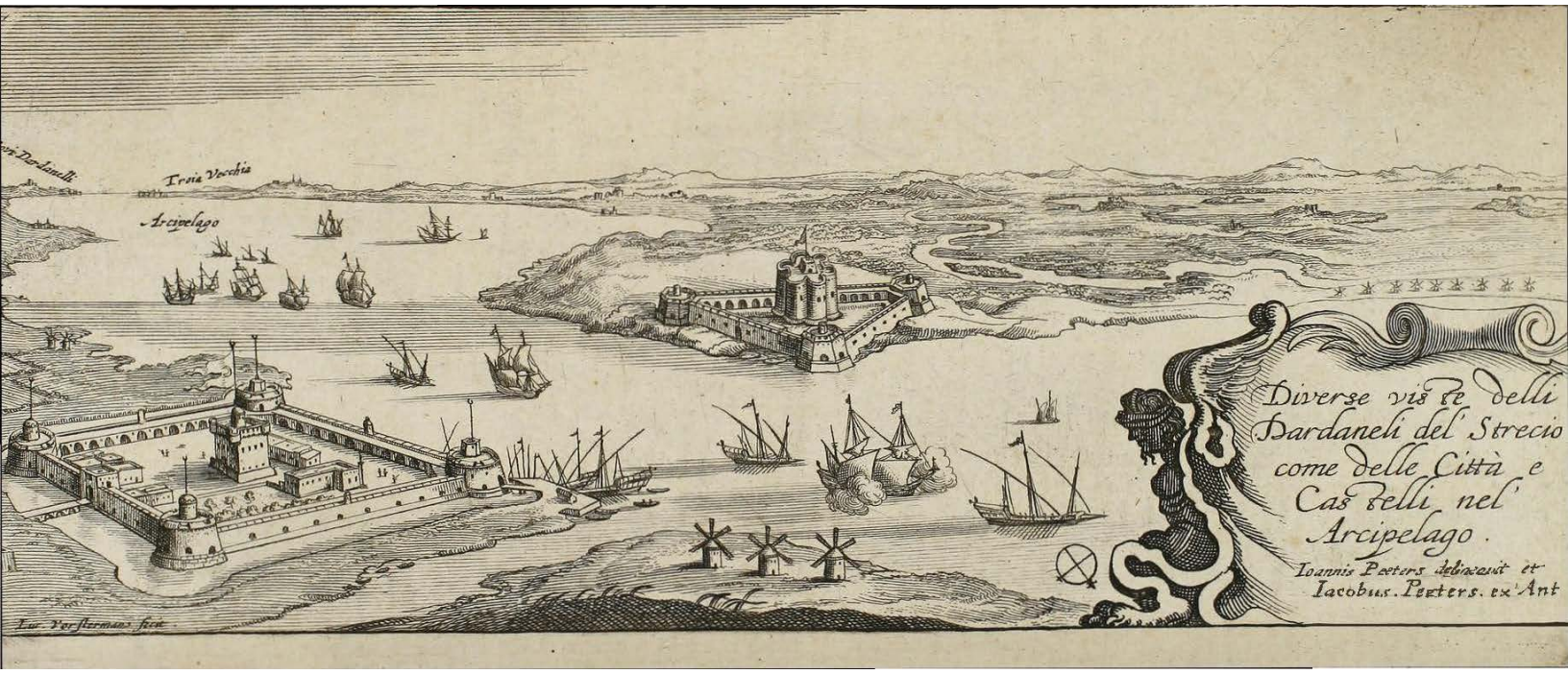
(Constantinople)

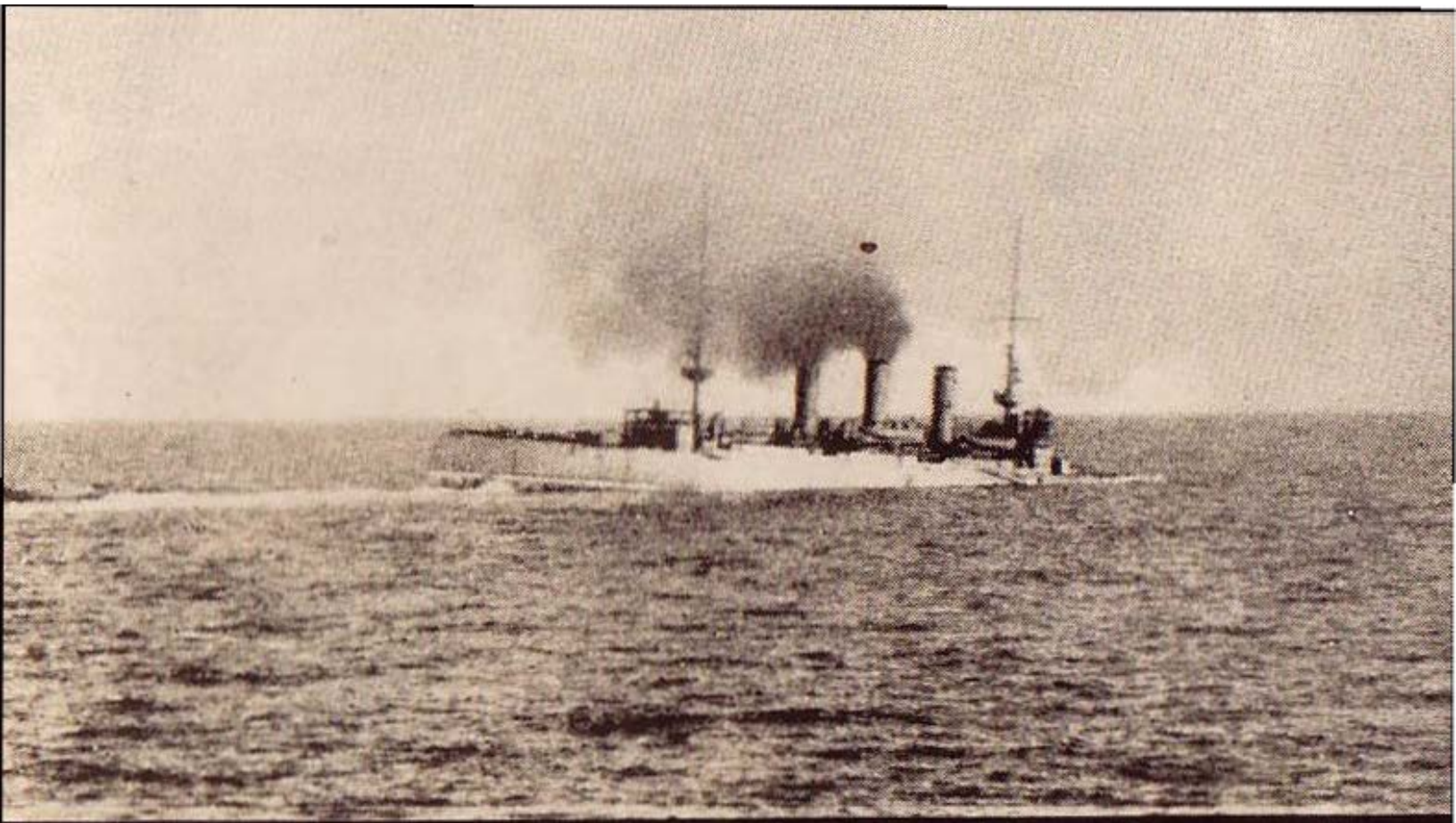


Roumélie Hissar

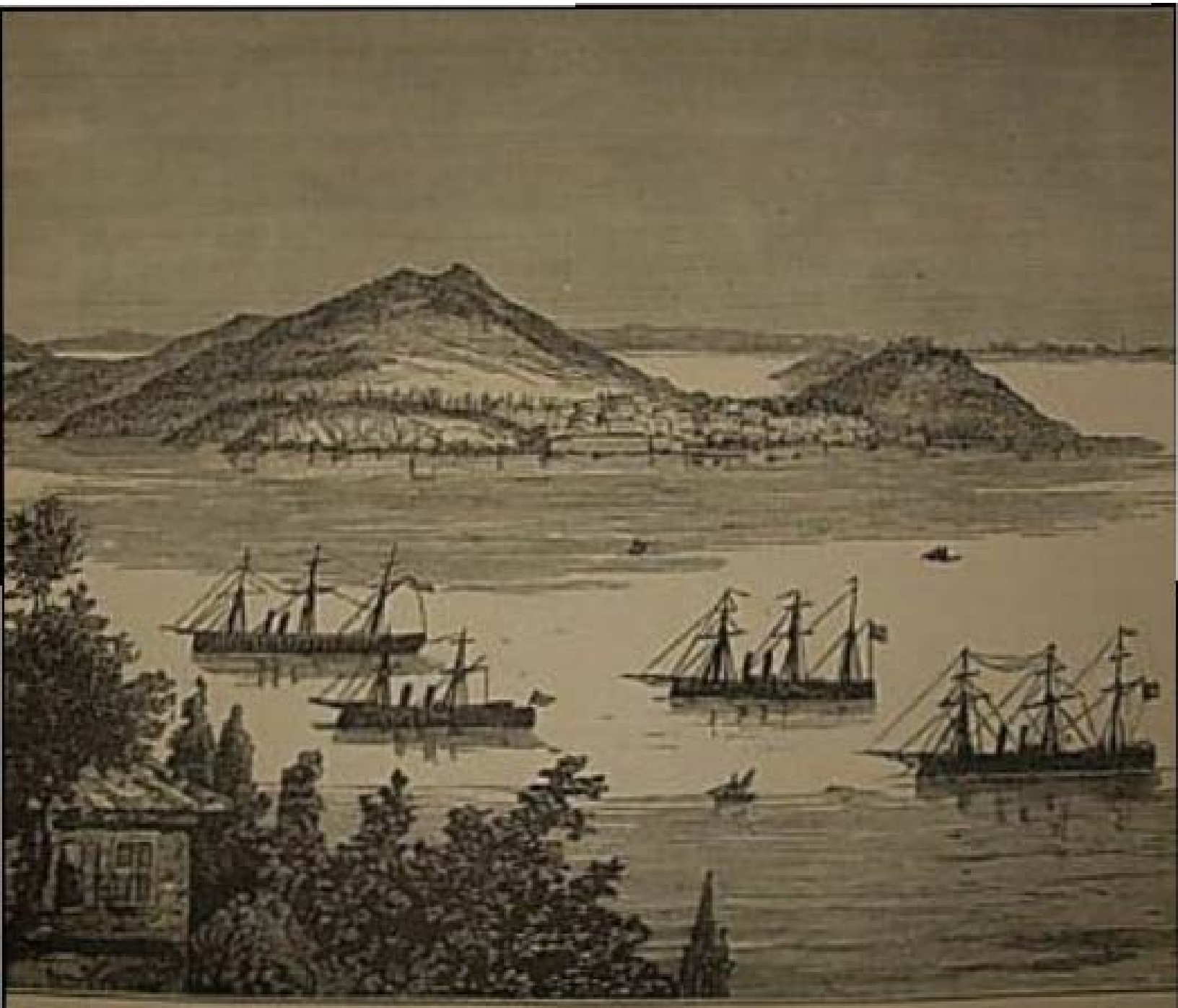


Palais impérial à Beglerbeg


Troia Vecchia
Arcipelago
Diverse viste delli Dardaneli del Strecio come delle Città e Castelli nel Arcipelago.
Ioannis Peeters delineavit et
Iacobus. Peeters. ex Ant



Поразения отъ мин. „Дръзки“ турски кр. „Хамидие“

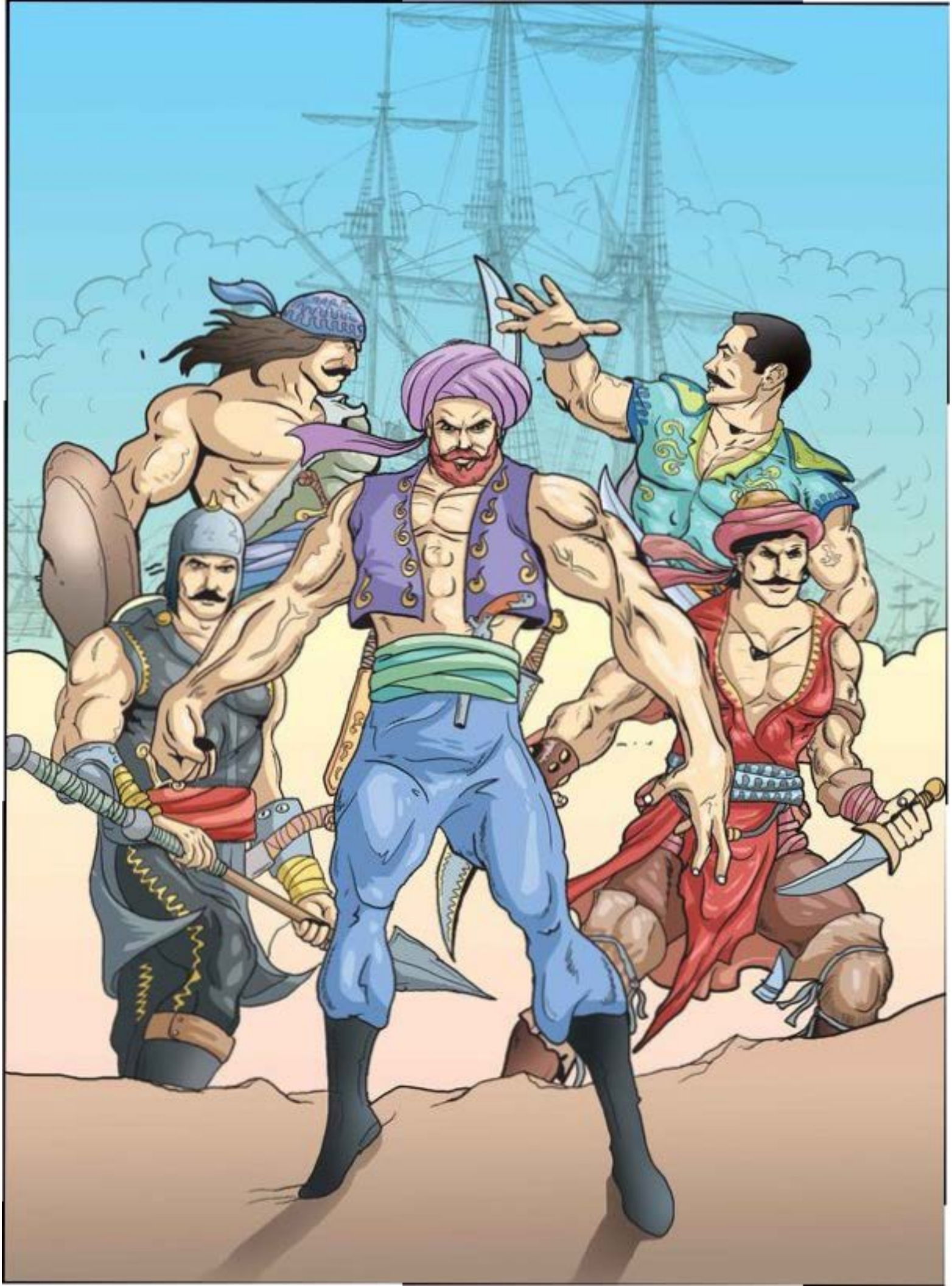


THE BRITISH FLEET OFF PRINCE'S ISLANDS.





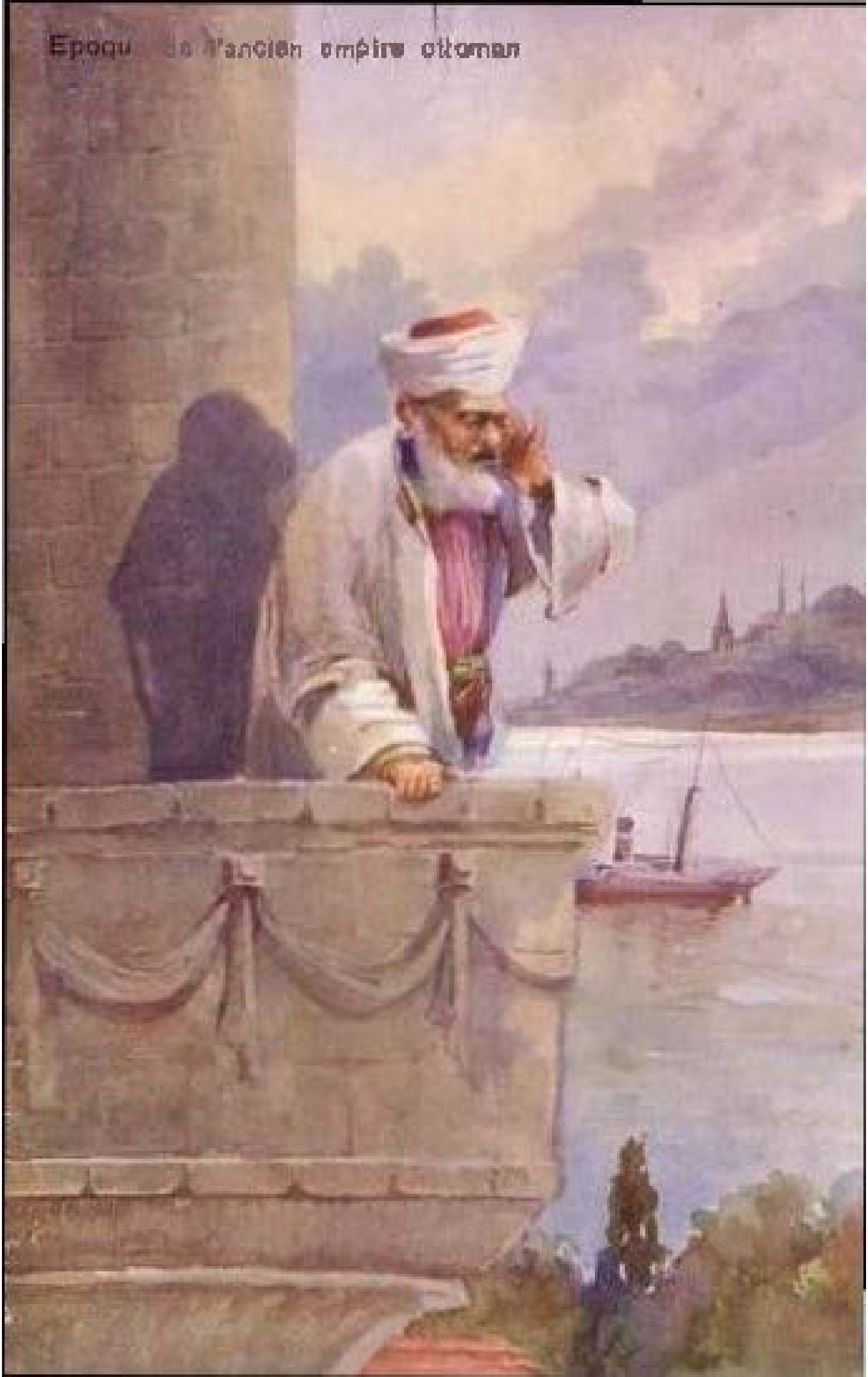
THE PORT OF HALKI, PRINCE'S ISLANDS, SEA OF MARMORA.





CONSTANTINOPLE AND THE GOLDEN HORN, FROM THE HEIGHTS OF EYUB.


Constantinople. Le Port


Epoqu de l'ancien empire ottoman


سنة ١٣١٤هـ

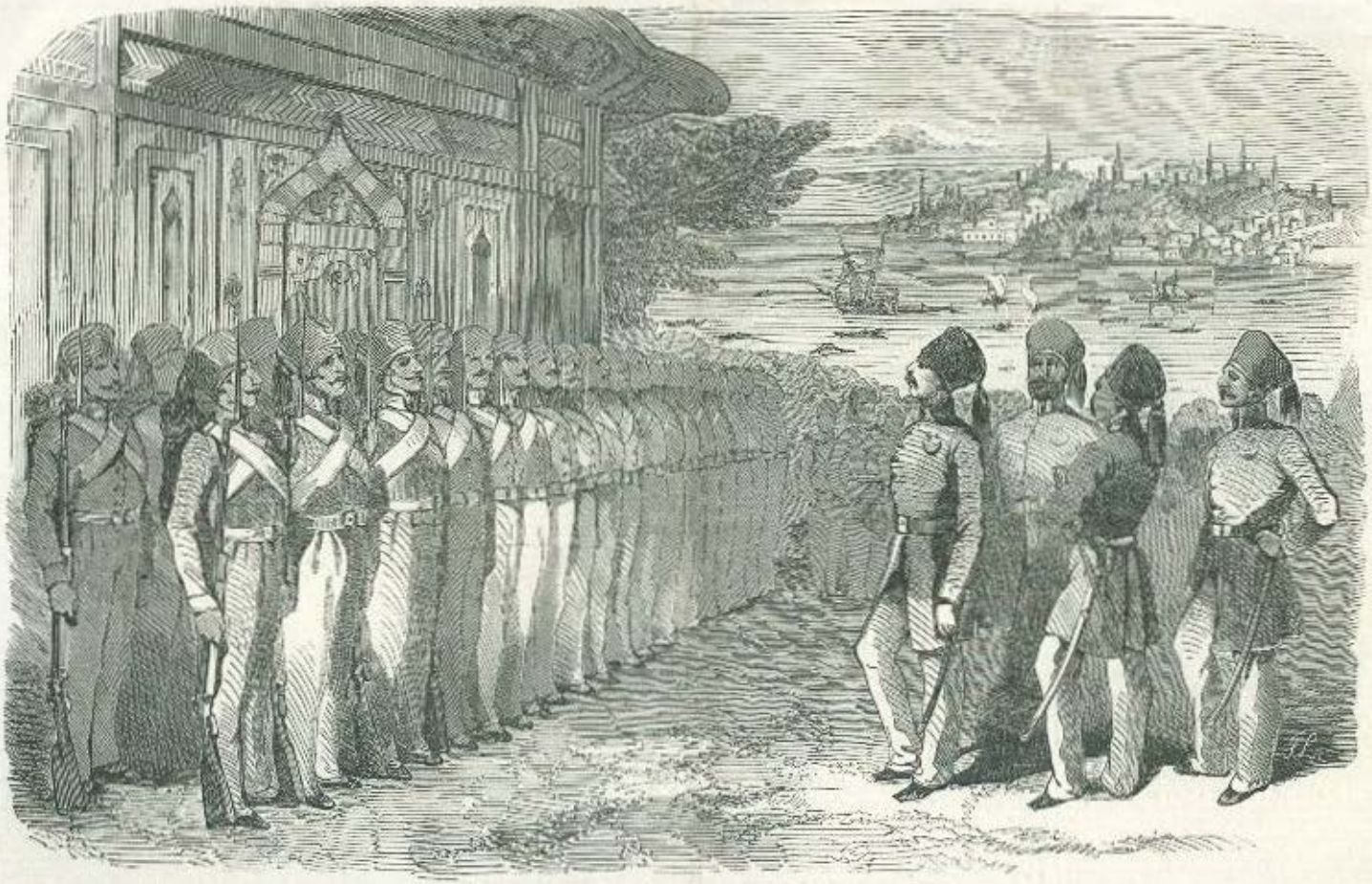
S. M. S. Breslau



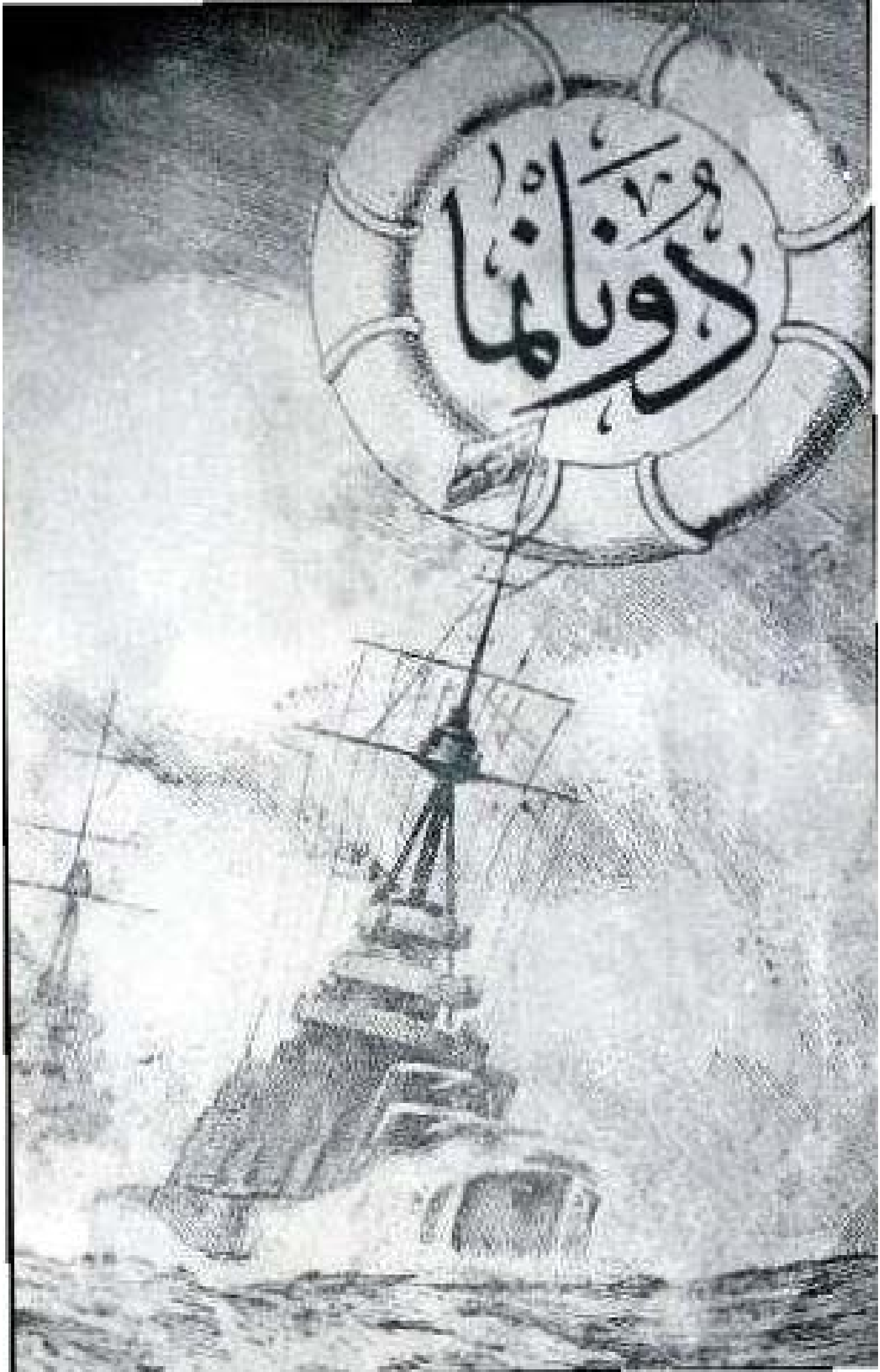
S. M. Panzerkreuzer Goeben







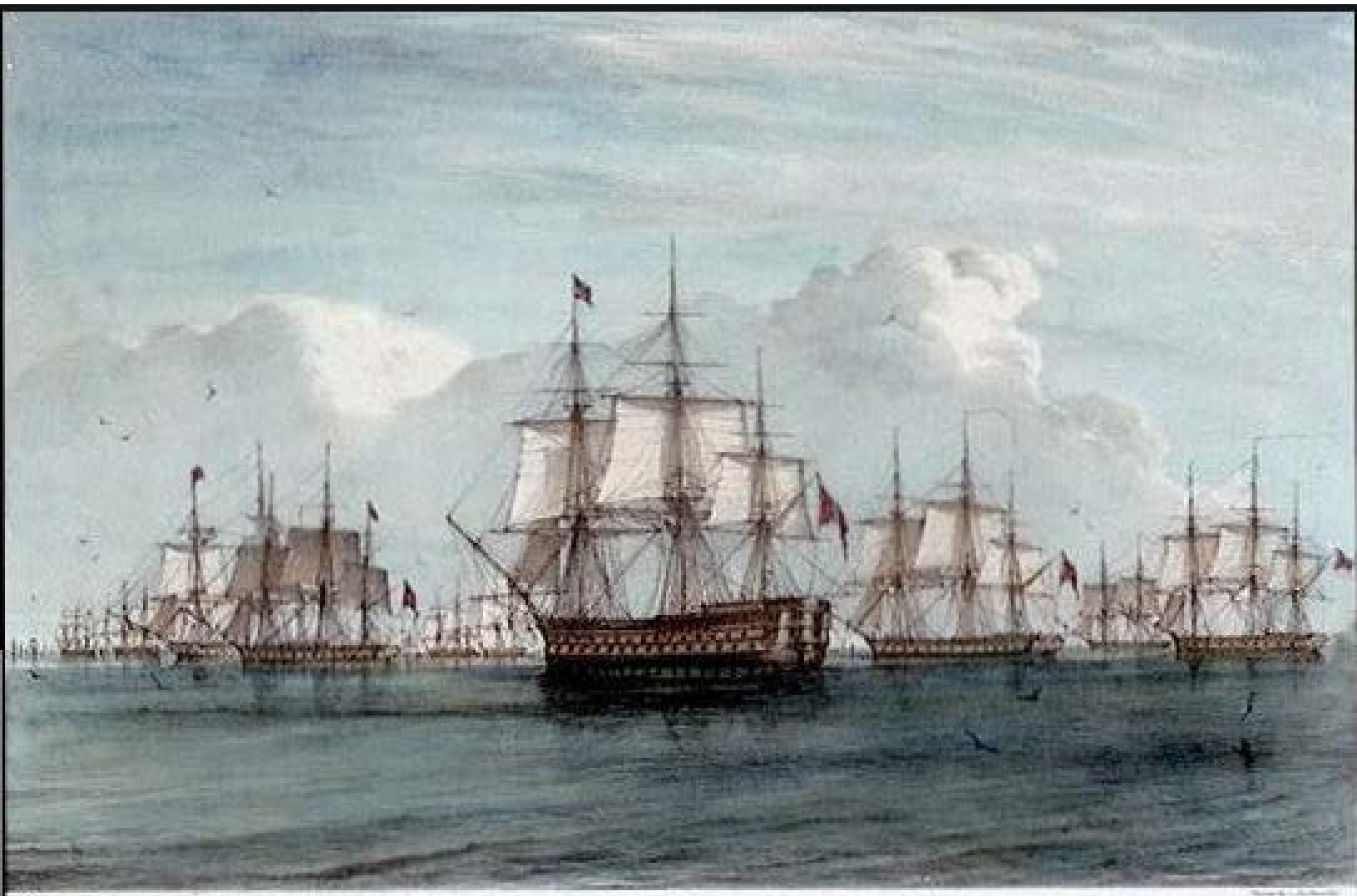
TURKISH SOLDIERS OF THE LINE ON DRILL.—FROM A SKETCH BY ALBERT SMITH.


رونانما



Ansicht von Konstantinopel. Nach einer Photographie gezeichnet von H. Kätz. (S. 15.)


R. Danube
R. March
R. Waag
R. Theiss
Czernowitz
R. Dniester
R. Buğ
Balta
Bessarabia
R. Pruth
Skaleni
Jassy
Moldavia
Bender
Ochakoff
Odessa
Kinburn
Akkerman
HUNGARY
Budapest
R. Mur
R. Drave
R. Körös
R. Maros
Transylvania
Save
Croatia
Temesvar
Banat
Hermannstadt
R. Aluta
Kezdhany
Galatz
Braila
(Brahilov)
Slobodzeia
Mouths
Kilia Channel
Sulina Channel
of the
St. George's Channel
Danube
Dubitza
Banjaluka
R. Save
Semlin
Belgrade
Ploeshti
Bosnia
Szabacz
Semendria
Dragashan
Slobodzeia
Wallachia
Bucharest
Silistria
Dobrudja
SERVIA
Widdin
R. Danube
Rustchuk
Kutchuk Kainardji
BLACK
SEA
Dalmatia
Sarajeva
Herzegovina
Novibazar
Nissa
Sistova
Plevna
Shumla
Varna
Bulgaria
Tirnova
Mitrowitz
Sofia
Kezanlik
Burgas
Ragusa
MONTENEGRO
Cattaro
Cetinje
Bocche di Cattaro
Antivari
Dulcigno
R. Bojana
ADRIATIC
SEA
Rumelia
R. Maritza
Philippopolis
Adrianople
Durazzo
Macedonia
Monastir
Dromo
Bosphorus
Constantinople
Rodosto
San Stefano
Vallona
Salonika
Gallipoli
Str. of Otranto
Ionian Islands
Epirus
Thessaly
Dardanelles
Prevesa
Santa Maura
Leukas
Ketolia
Salona
Boeotia
Scio
(Chios)
Smyrna
Cephalonia
Missolonghi
G. of Corinth
Athens
Tchesme
Zante
Morea
Corinth
Argos
Napoli di R.
Hydra
Spetsai
Cyclades
Petalidi
Messeni
Bay of Navarino
Modon
Sapienza
Cervi
Cerigo
Rhodes
Canea
Suda B.
Candia
Crete
OTTOMAN EMPIRE IN EUROPE
1792 - 1870
English Miles
50 0 50 100
REFEFERENCE
Ottoman Empire in 1792
1870 { Immediate possessions
Vassal countries
Greece .. Independent from 1832
Territory ceded to Russia in 1812
The part of this territory restored by Russia in 1856 to Moldavia
Territory ceded to Russia in 1829 and restored to Turkey in 1856
The Ionian Islands were ceded
Greece by Gt Britain in 1863



Turkish Vice Admiral
Patroon Bey

Turkish Rear Admiral

Turkish and Egyptian Fleet

The Army 84
Vice Adm[l] Sir Pulteney Malcolm
Capt[n] Norman

The Rodney 74
Capt[n] Hon[ble] Thomas Bladen Capel

The Asia 64
Capt[n] Watkins

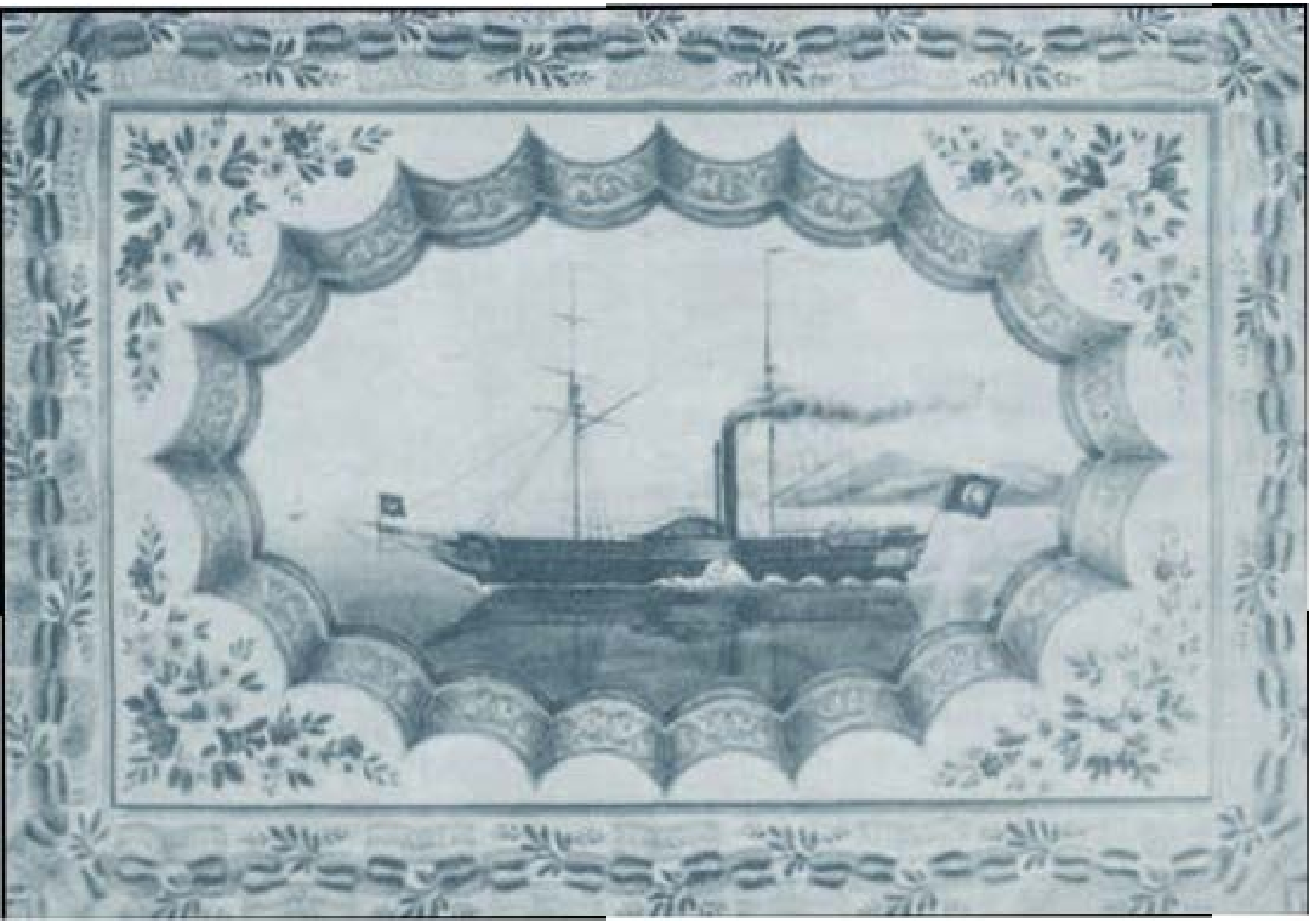
The Talbot 50
The Hon[ble] Capt[n] Agar



Costume- 1802 - Turkish



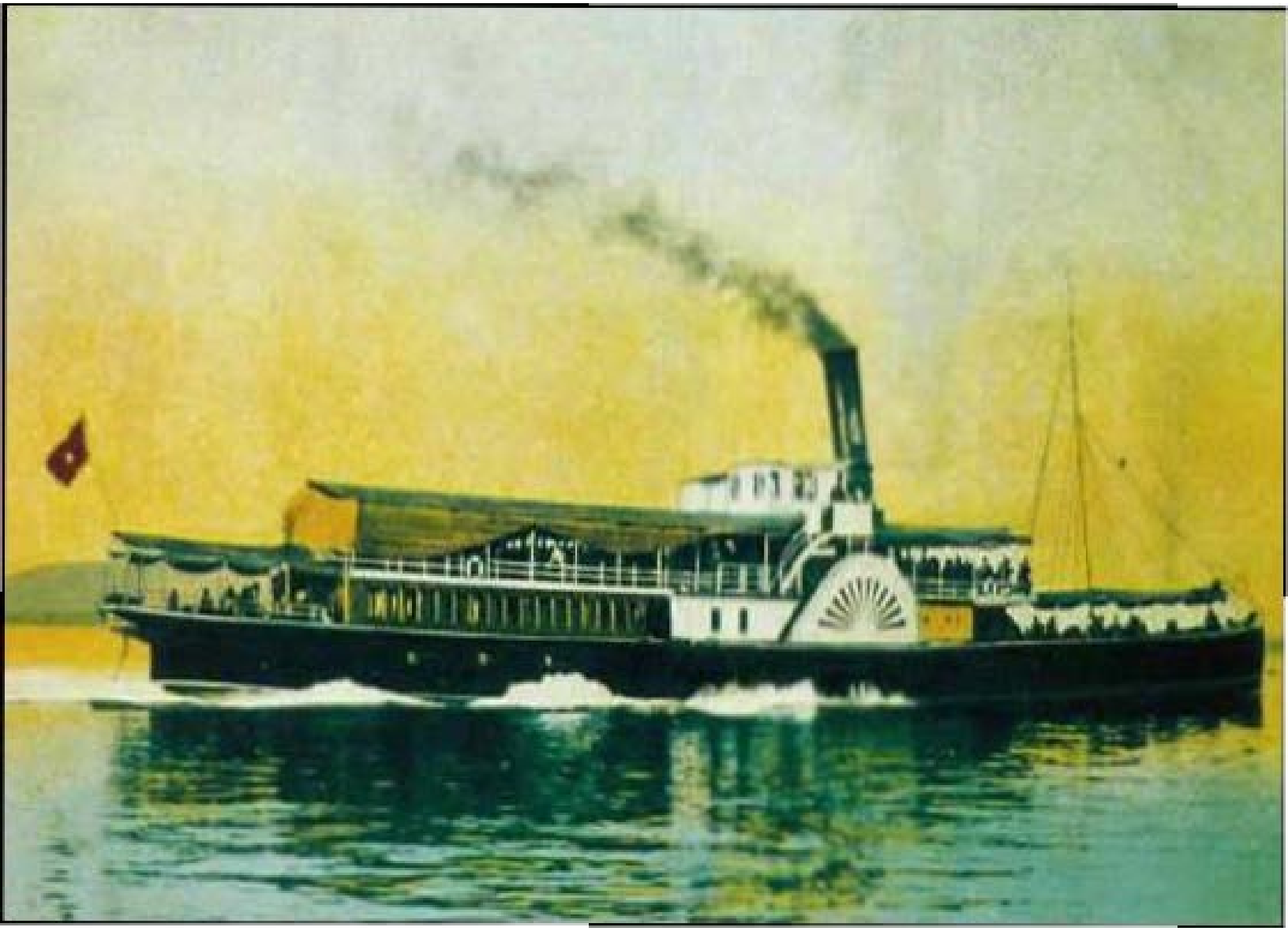
Άποψις Στρούγας Ἔξοδος Δρίνου ἐκ τῆς Λιμνοθάλασσης
Vue de Strouga Origine du Drin — Lac d'Ochrida





In der heldenmütigen Verteidigung der Dardanellen durch unsere türkischen Bundesgenossen: Türkischer Truppentransport vor Gallipoli.

Nach einem Temperagemälde für die Beilage „Illustrierte Zeitung“ von Georg Mayr.



Turkey



Ein Levanti, oder Türckischer Schiffs-Soldat.

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND



Turkye



Kapitan Bassa of Grand Admiral in
ceremonie Cleedinge.

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND

Turkse



VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND

Turkye



Gemeiner von der Sechtinpaper des Capudan-
Pascha.

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND

Turkije



Hauptmann der Section pion der Kapudan-Pascha.

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION

DRAPER FUND

Turkey



SOLDIER
Of the Arsenal

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND

Turkey

21



YOUSH BASHEE

Or, Captain of a Galeongree, or Man-of-War

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION

DRAPER FUND

Tsukze



SOLDIER
Of the Galeongeen, or Marine Corps.

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND

Turkey



YUSH BASHEE.
Or, Officer of the Galeonjees, or Marine Corps.

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND

Turkey



YOUSH BASHEE.
Or Captain of the Galeon Jeen, or Marine Corps

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION
DRAPER FUND

Turkey



YONSH BASHEE

Or, Captain of the Galeongees or Marine Corps.

VINKHUIZEN COLLECTION

DRAPER FUND



Tzaouch, ou Huissier du Capitan Pacha

COLLECTION GOMPEL Frres

TURQUIE



PROMENADE EN CAÏK

COSTUMES

DRAPEAUX

Cahier Appartenant

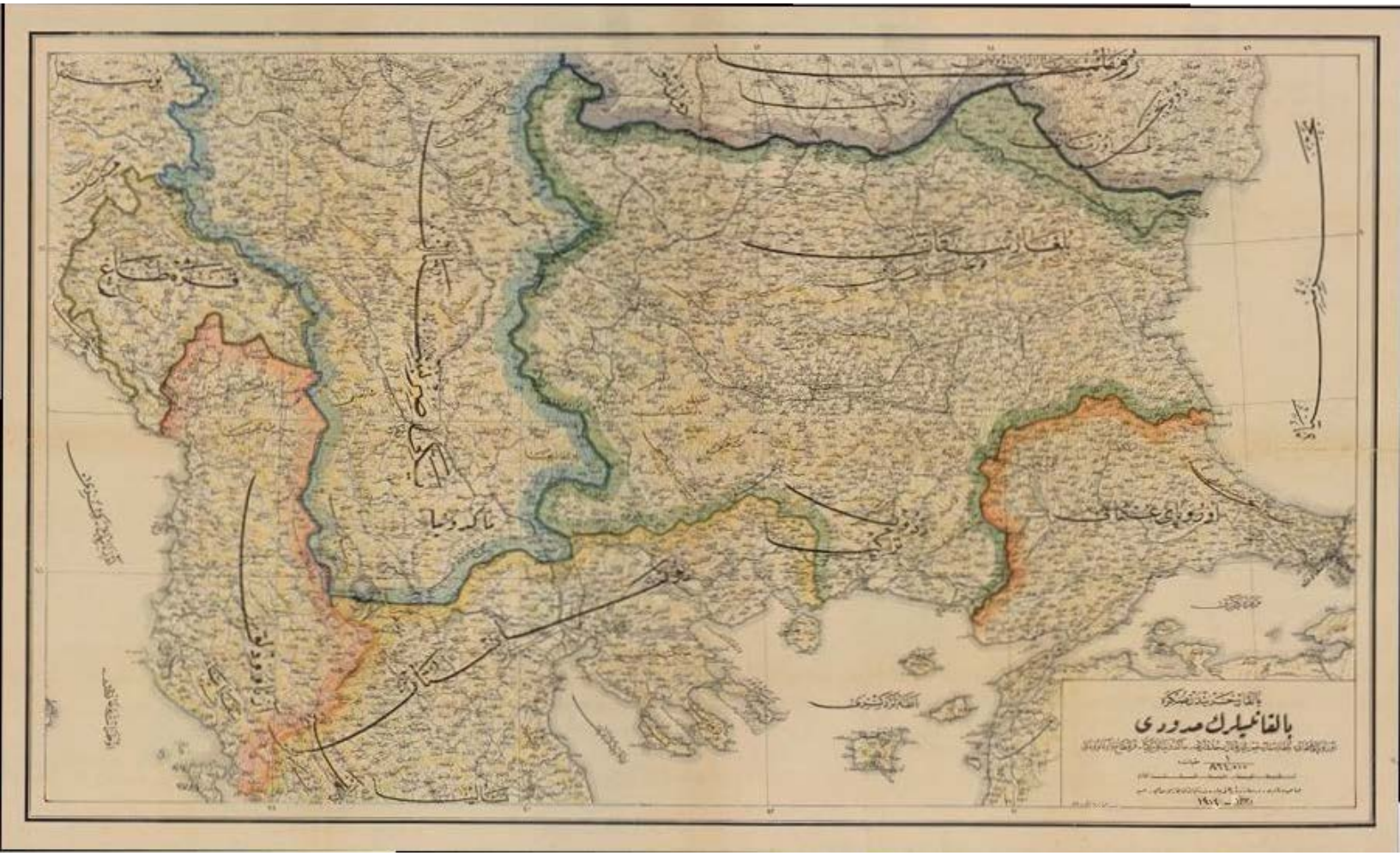
d c Vincent à B. Bernau

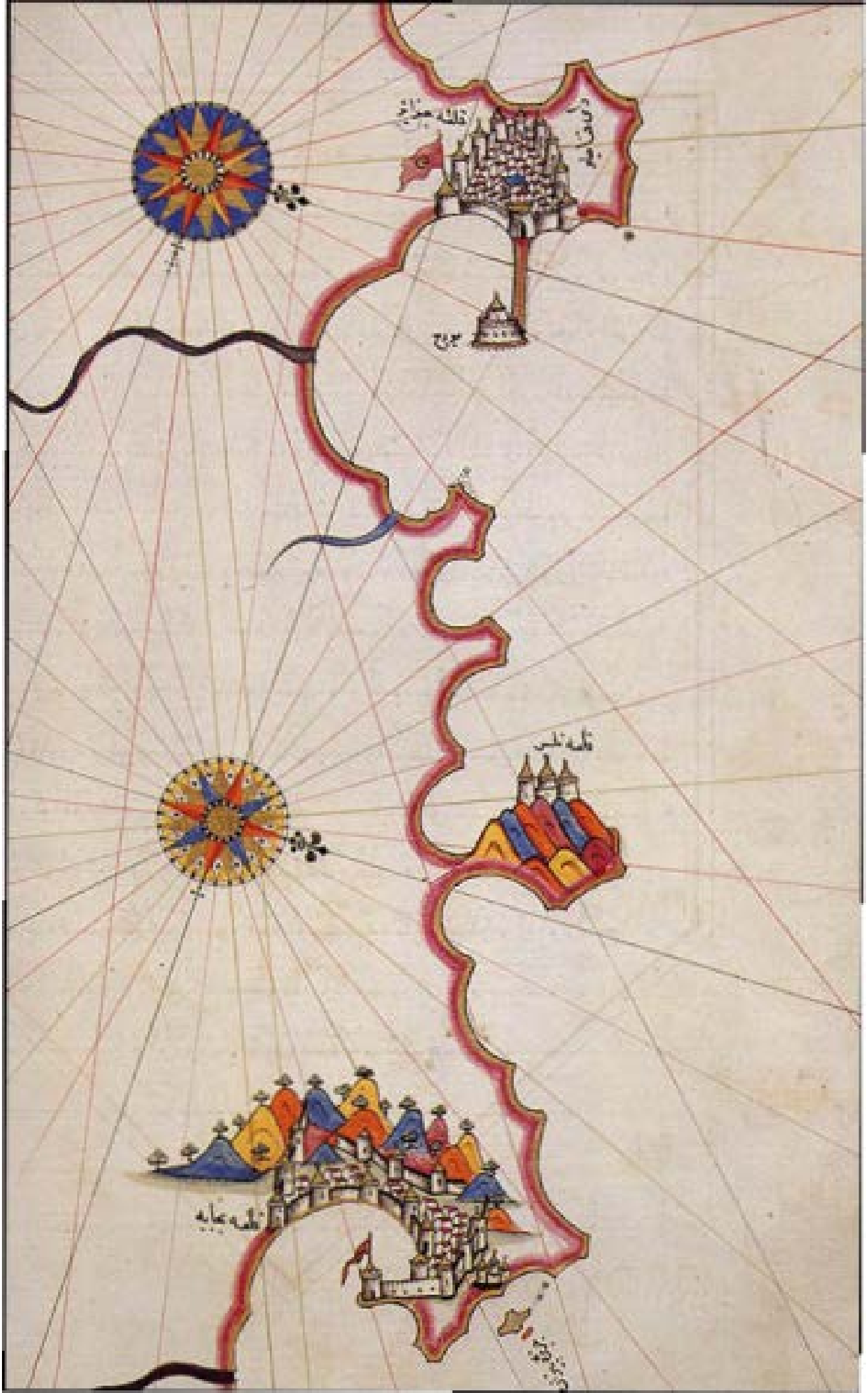
TIMBRES

MONNAIES

ORDRE DU CROISSANT

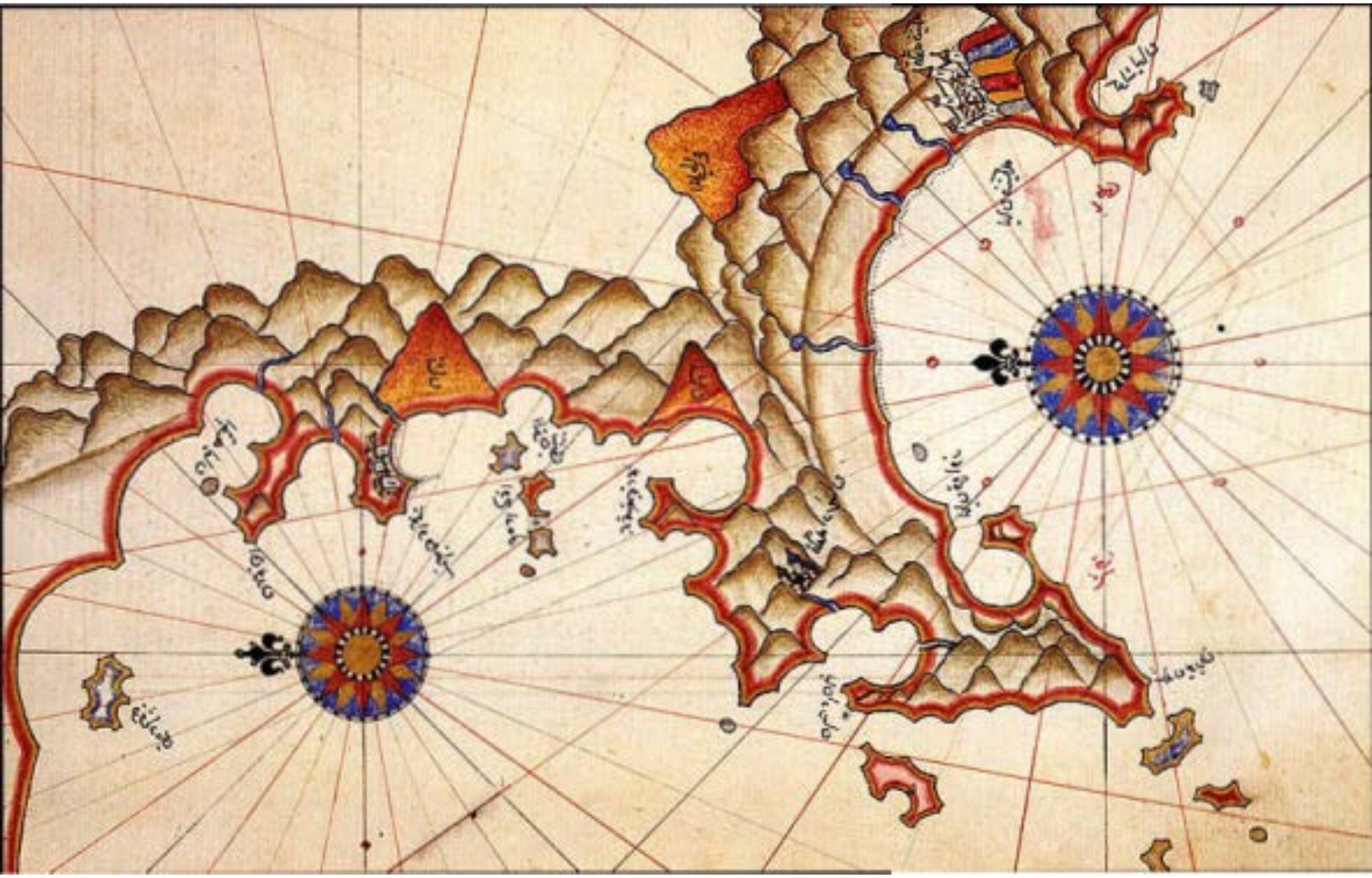
PROPRIÉTÉ DES ÉDITEURS. DÉPOSÉ


بالفانيلرك مدورى


قلعه جزائر
قلعه تلمسان
قلعه بجايه


شهر اسکندریه غرب
ستاره طاشی
نرسانه





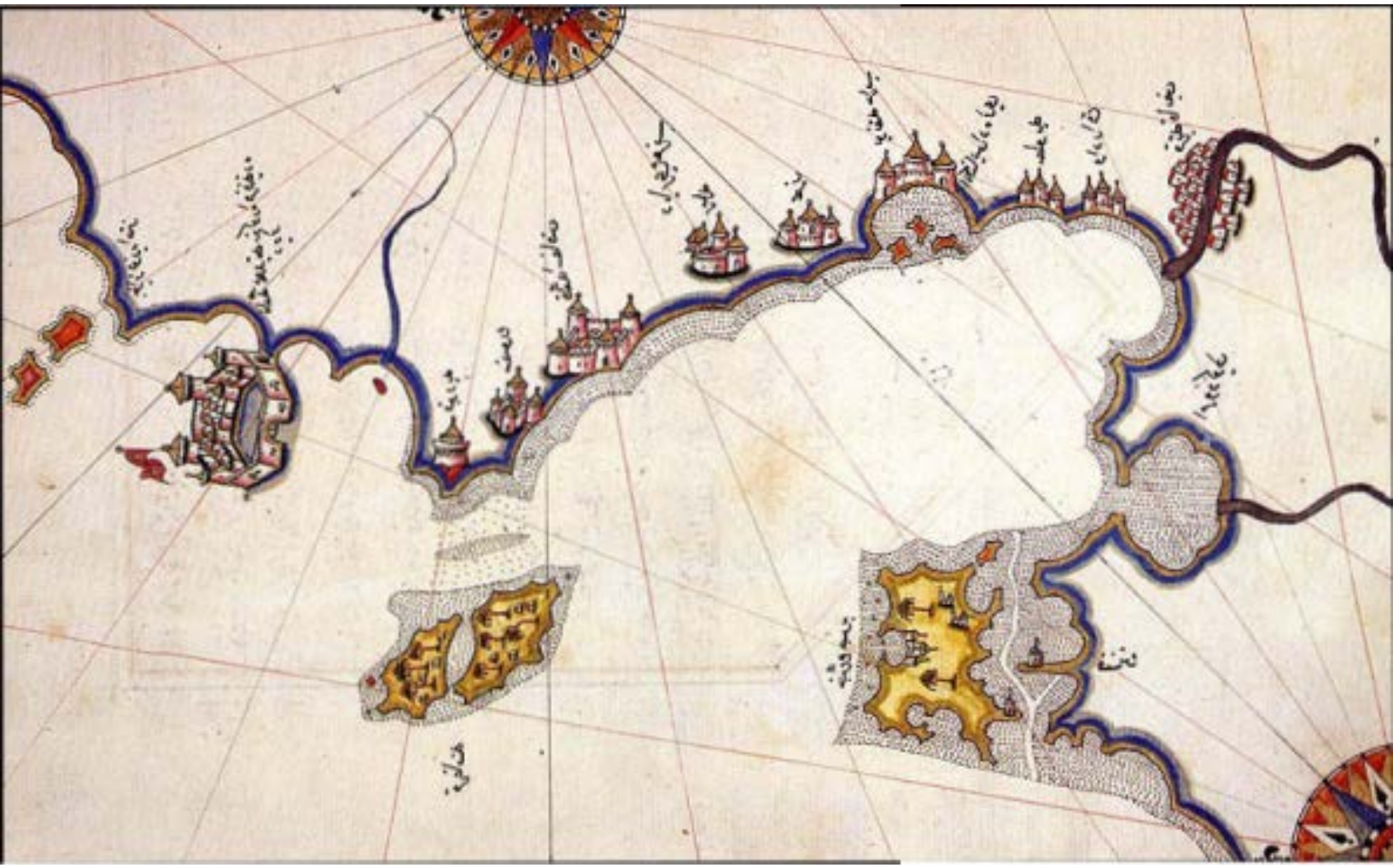


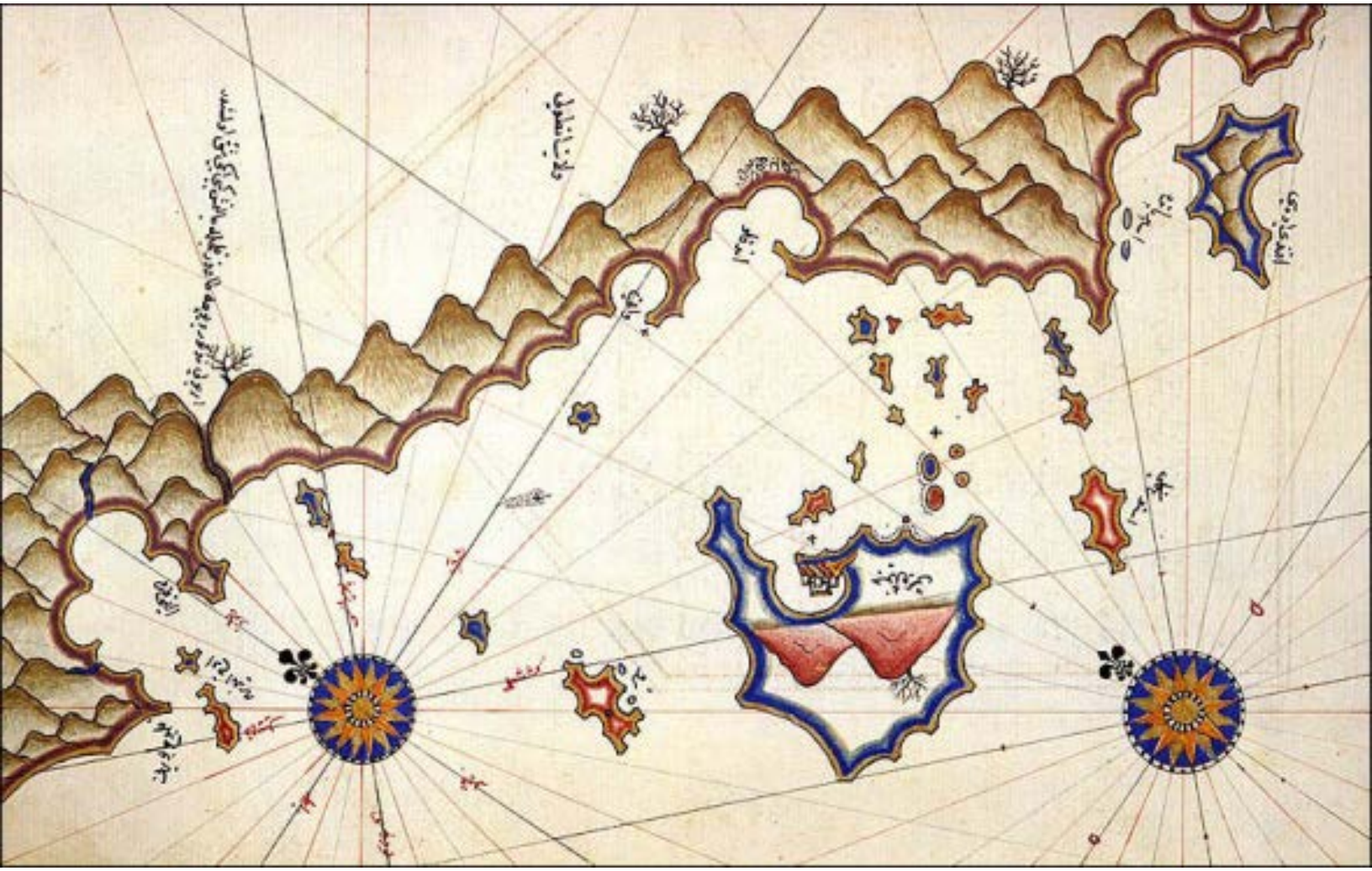






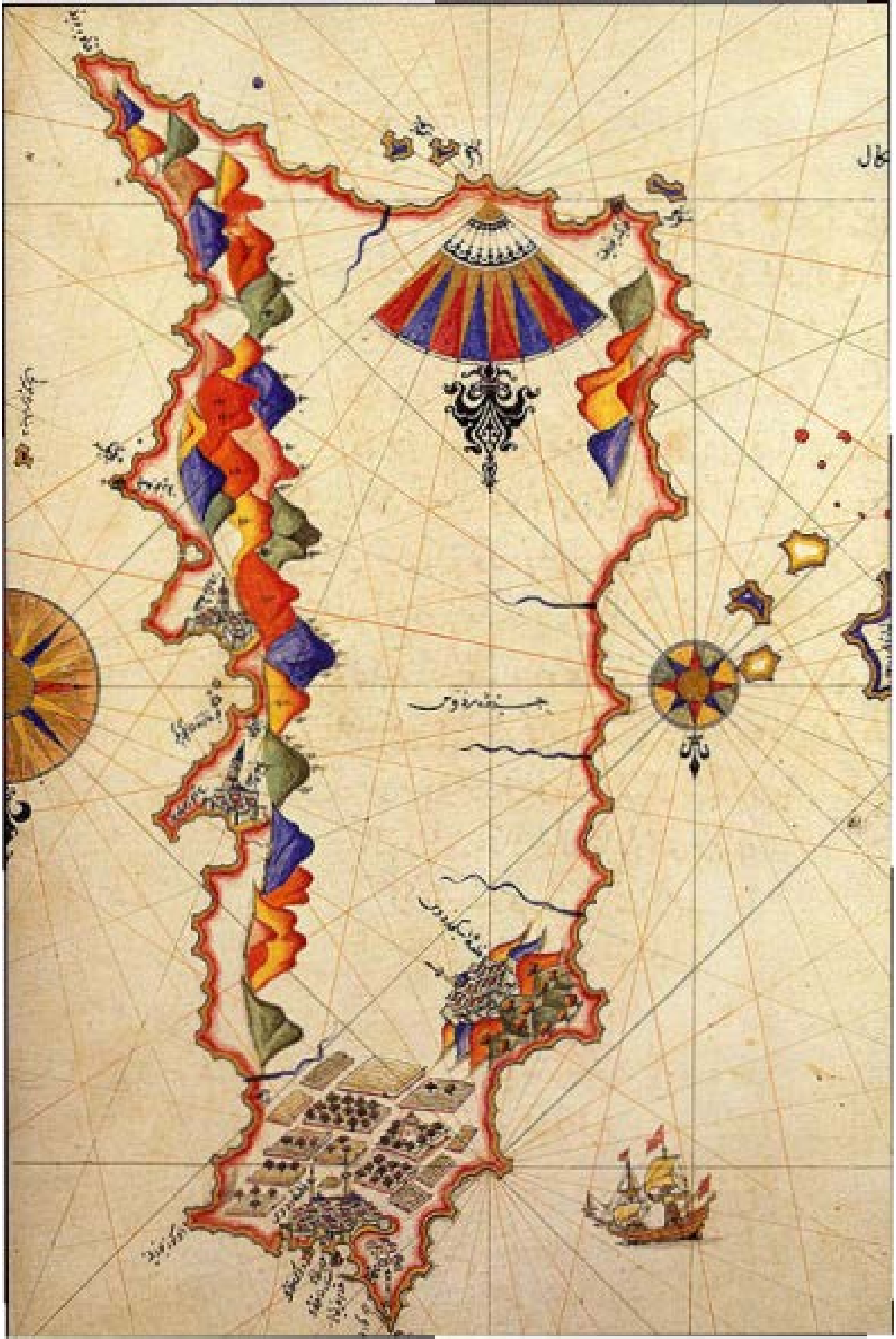






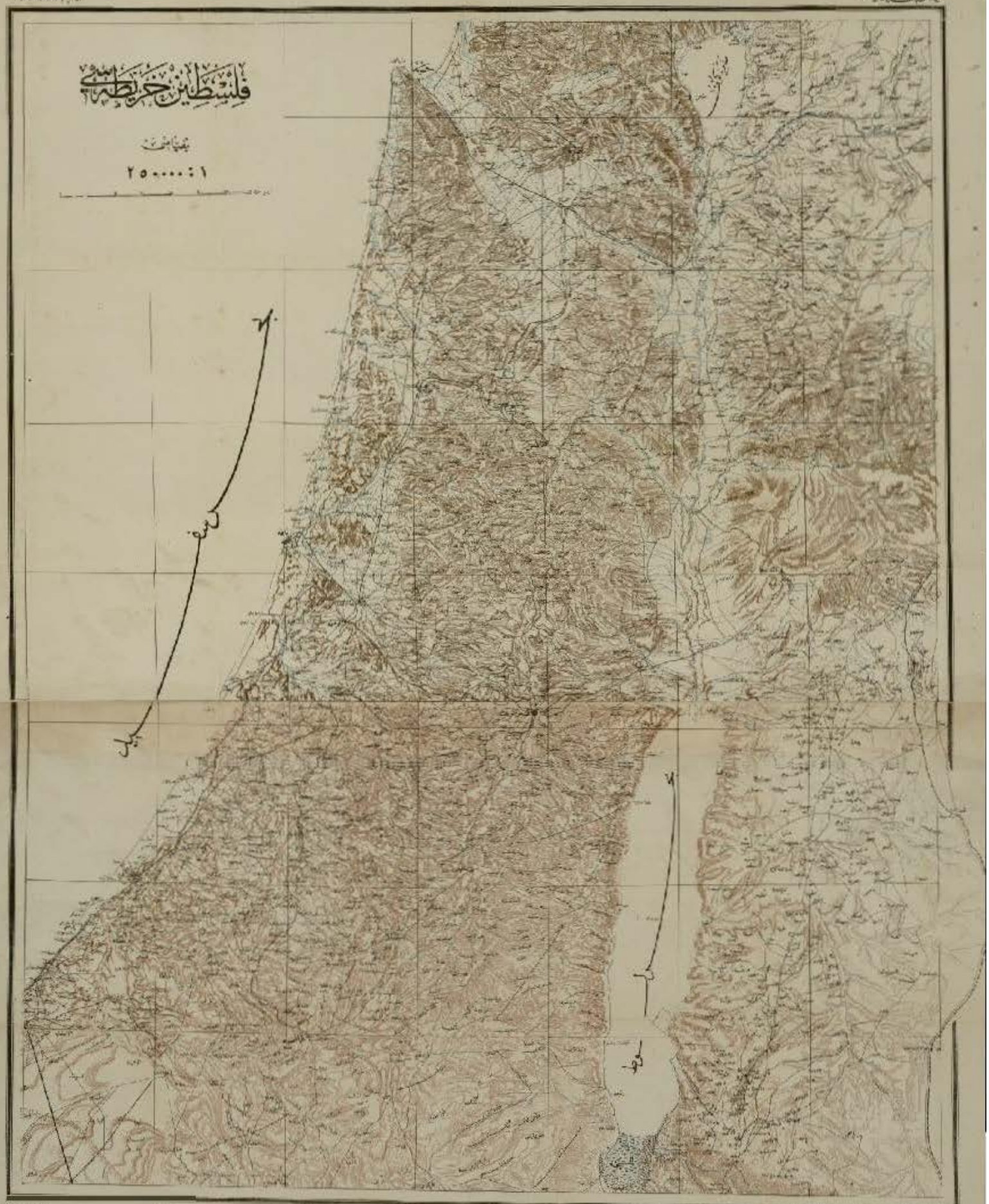



ولايت بوبه

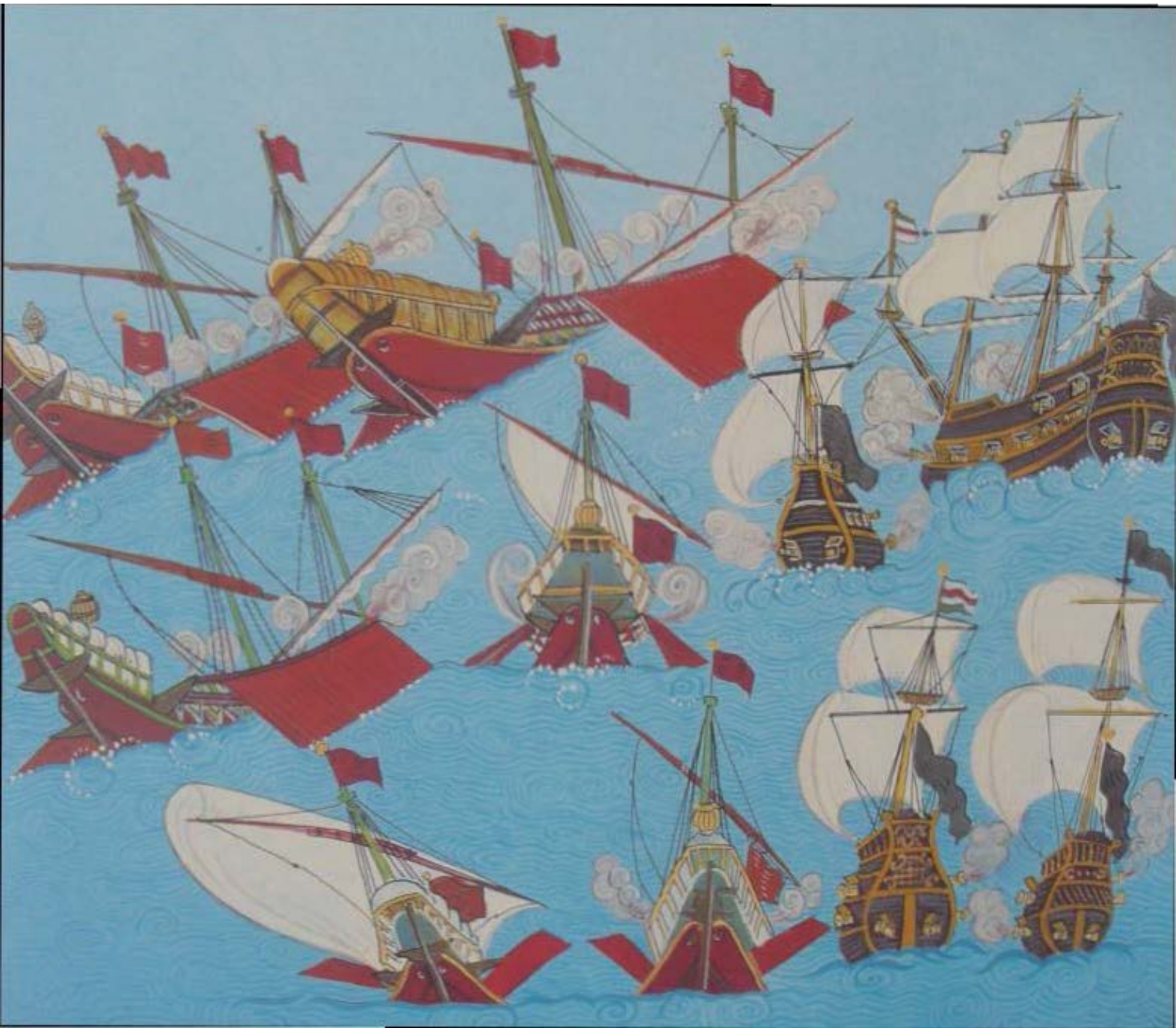


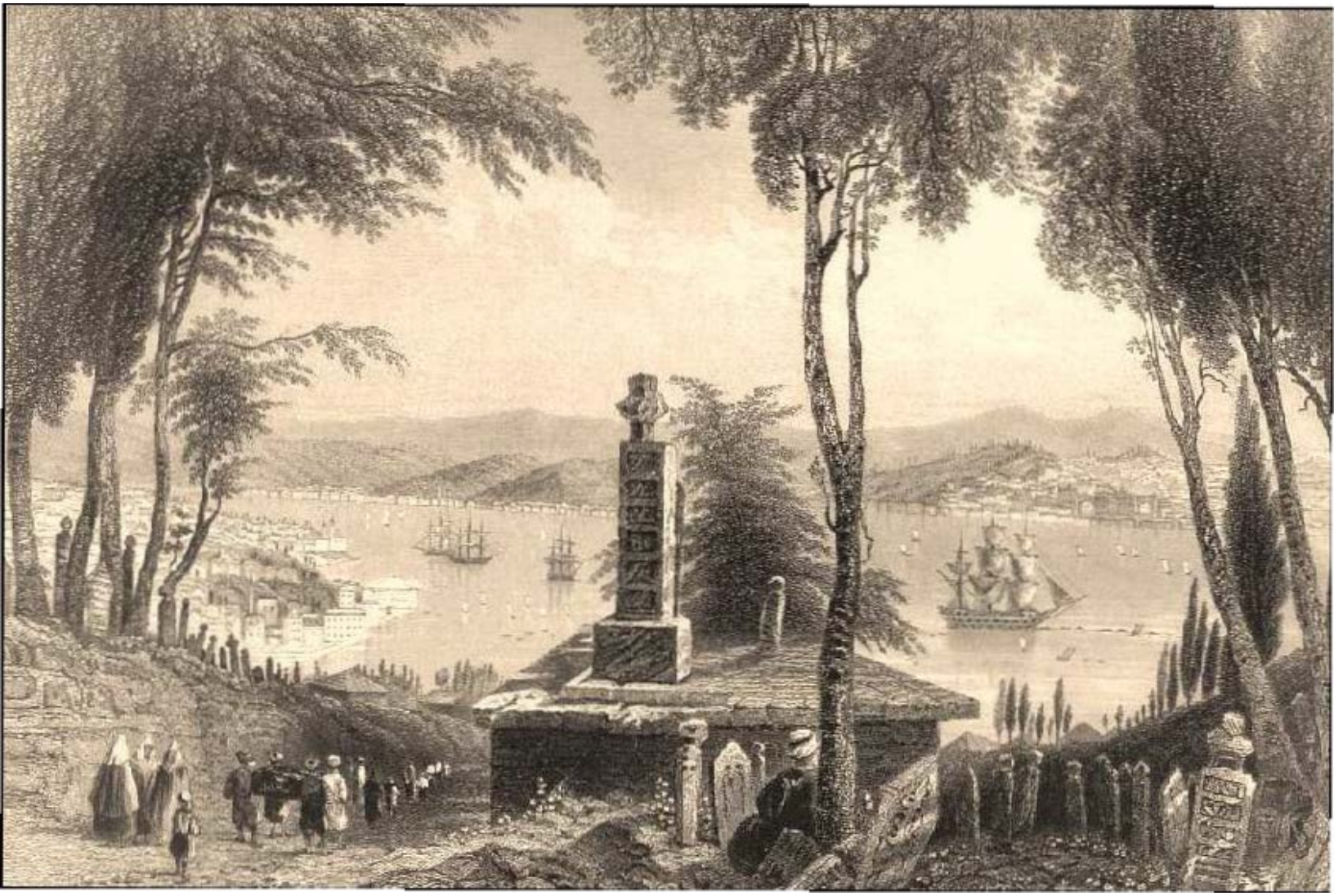



قرية طانطور
بالقرطان
قلعة مرسيليوس حرب
قداس
قزان
قرباب
بيكار
قرية بجورة


فلسطين خريطة مساحية
بمقياس
١ : ٢٥٠٠٠٠



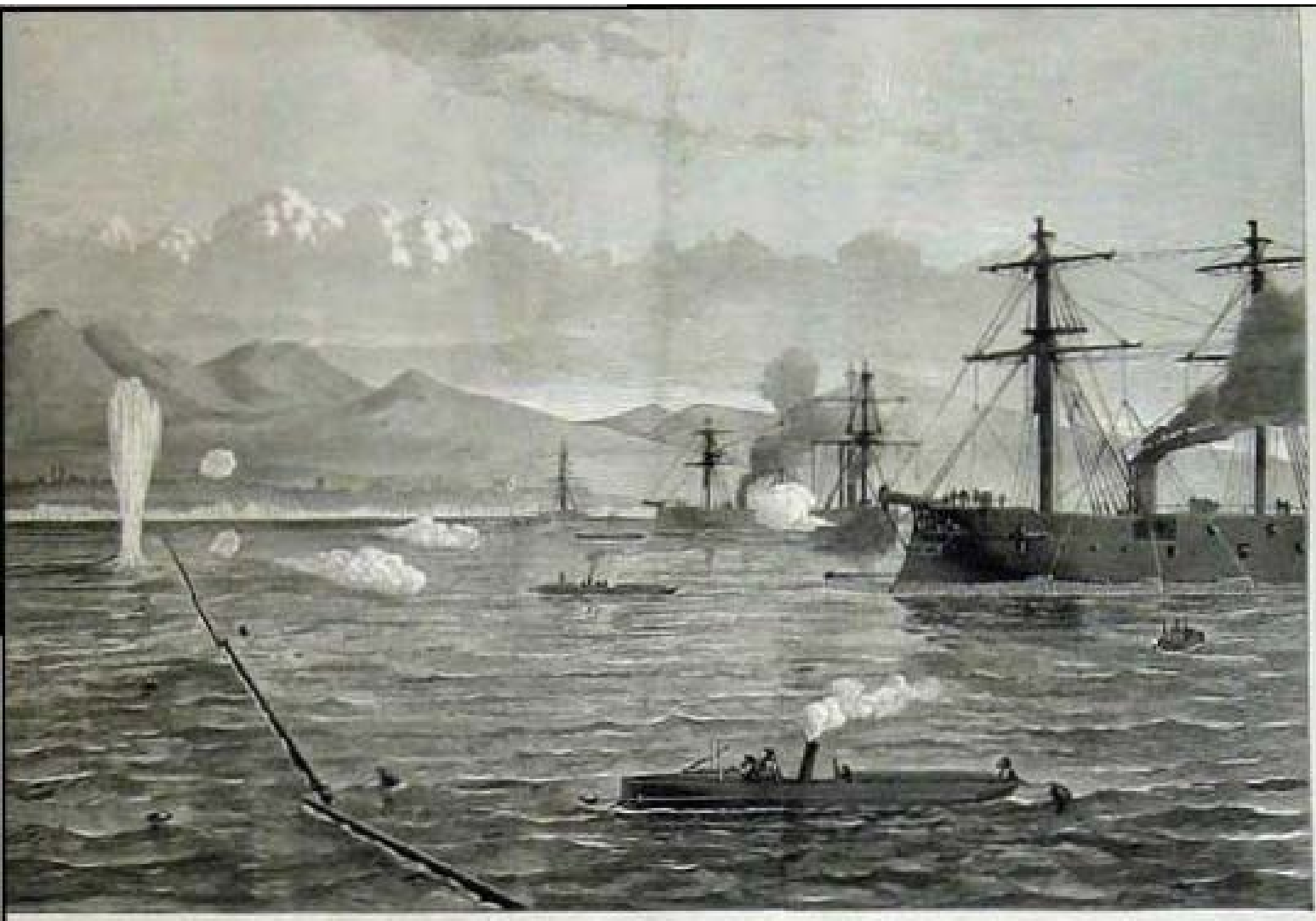





L'arrivée à bord du Messoudié de S. M. Le Sultan.
ذات شاهانه‌نك مسعوديه زرغليسنه
تشريفلرى
Constantinople.




CHARTE
vom
TÜRKISCHEN REICHE
in EUROPA
gezeichnet
von
Friedrich Haller v. Hallerstein
Nürnberg bei Friedr. Campe.
CROATIEN
SLAVONIEN
HUNGARN
SIEBEN BÜRGEN
MOLDAU
BESSA
RABIEN
DAS SCHWARZE MEER
BOSNIEN
SERVIEN
BANAT
DALMATIEN
ITALIEN
MACEDONIEN
ROMANIEN
ALBANIEN
THESSALIEN
ACHAIA
MORE A
PELOPONNES
See von Candia
CANDIA
ASIEN
DAS MITTELLÆNDISCHE MEER







LOADING THE BEEF-BOAT, GÁLATA

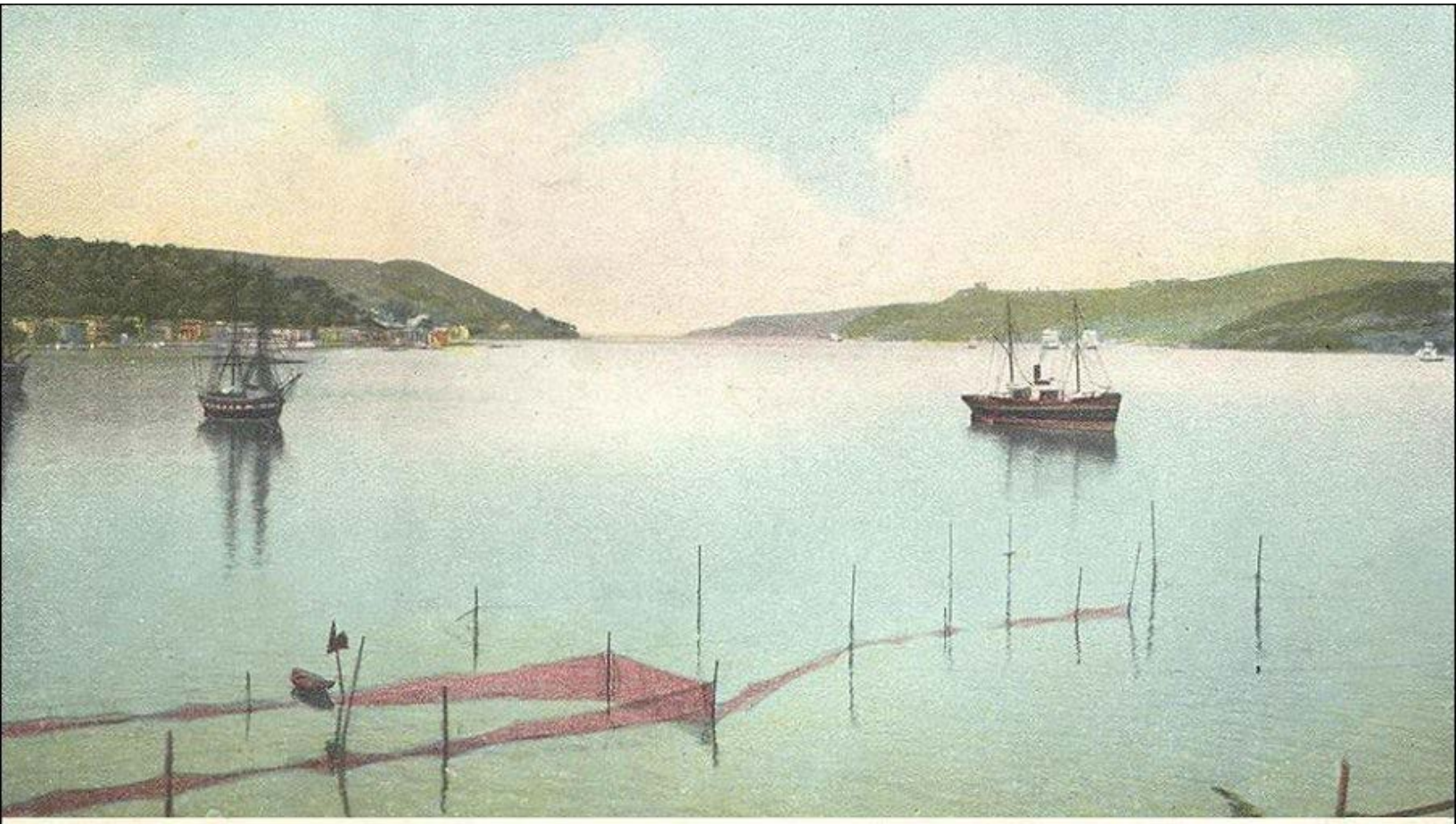

ELEGRI.



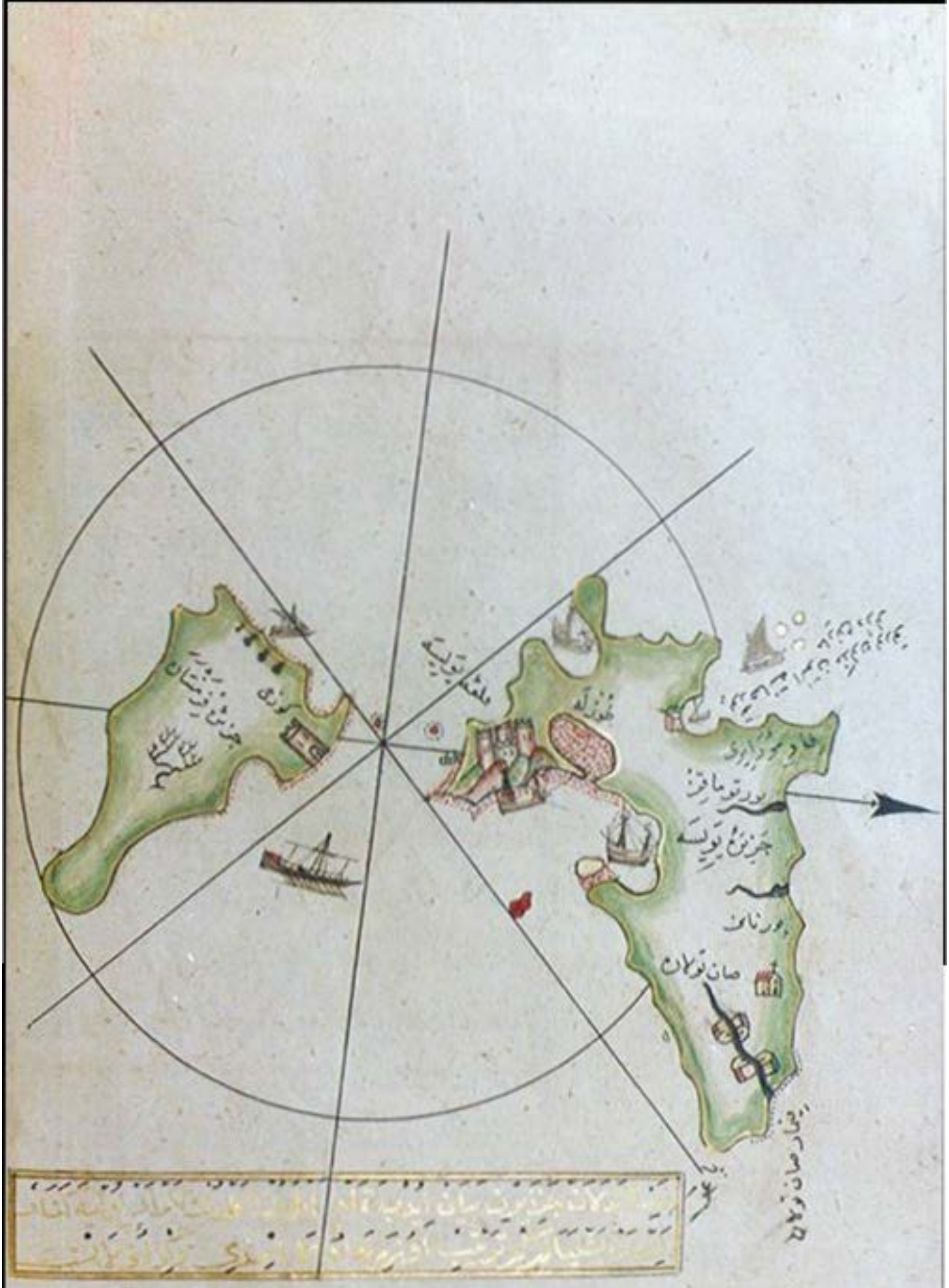
PART OF THE HARBOUR OF MACRI. PARTIE DU PORT DE MACRE.

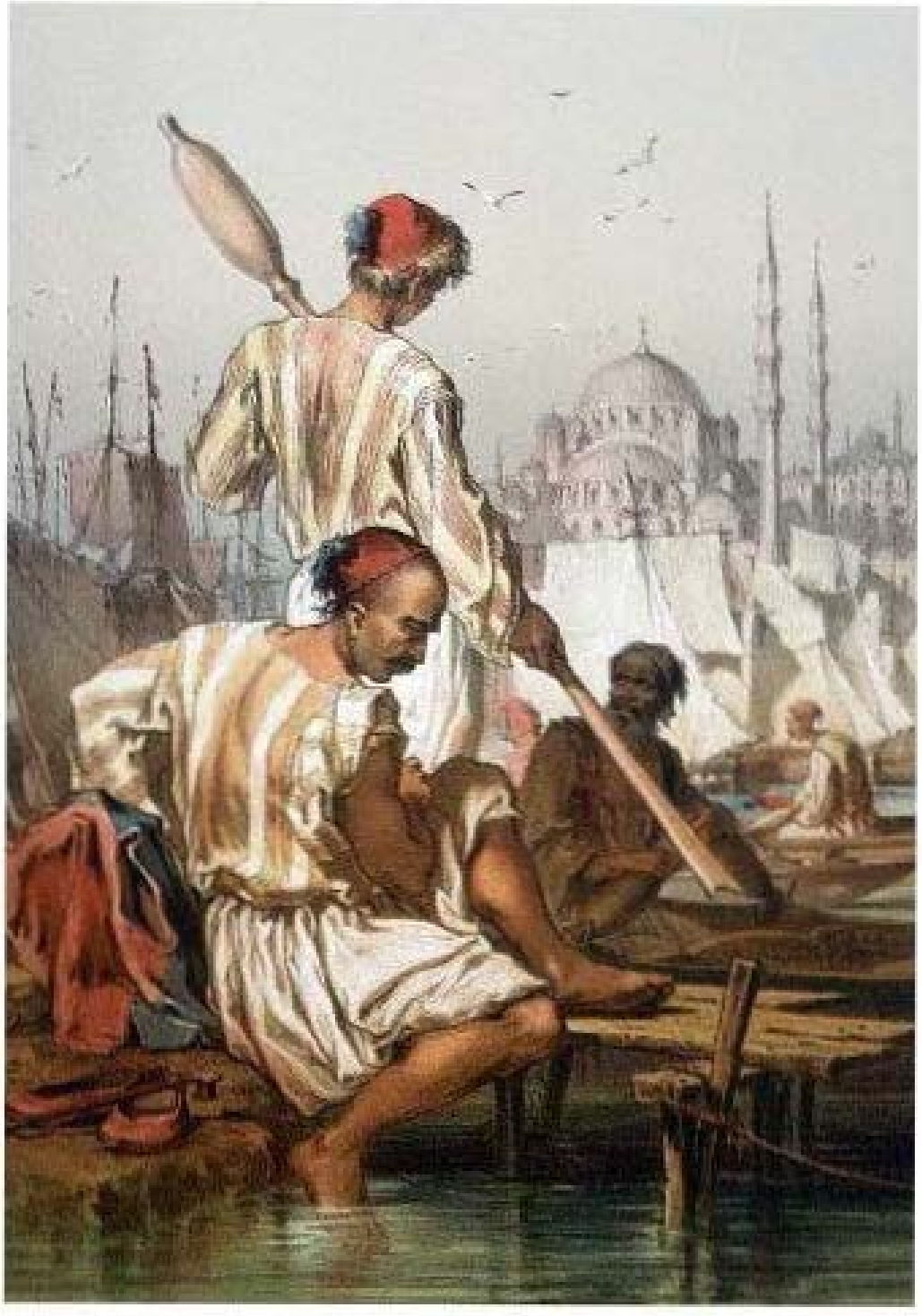

لايوفز

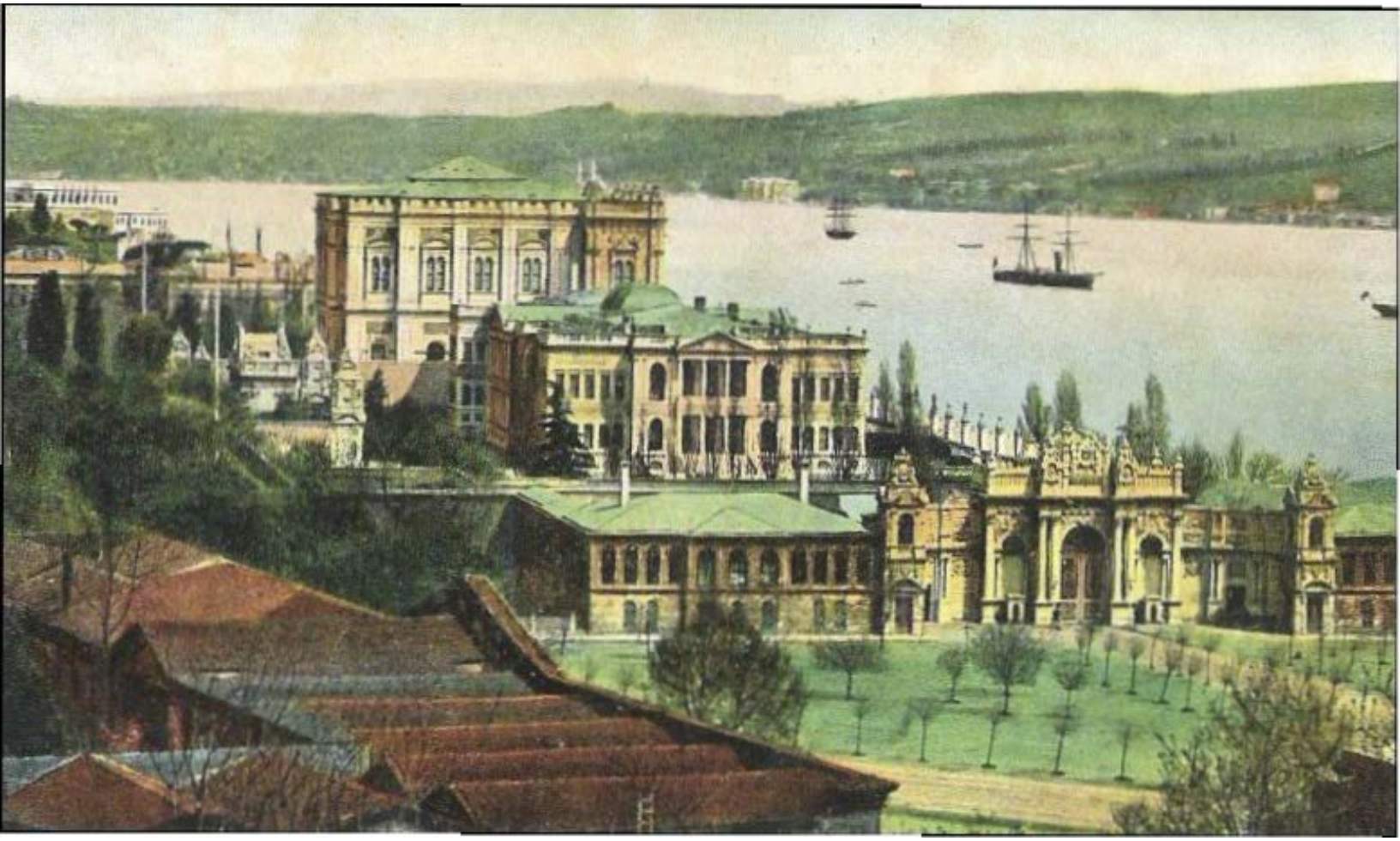
وقد تقدم الكلام على ذلك في الاسماء الحسنى عليه
وسلم بشرى المصطفى المجتبى المختار الكاتم
في بعض النسخ المتقدمة جعل تالو اورورفع المنصوب



Constantinople. Entrée de la mer noire.


جزیرهٔ قوزی
جزیرهٔ قوزلو
جزیرهٔ یولیسه
پورتوماقز
پورناف
صان تولان





Jüterbog I Hotel



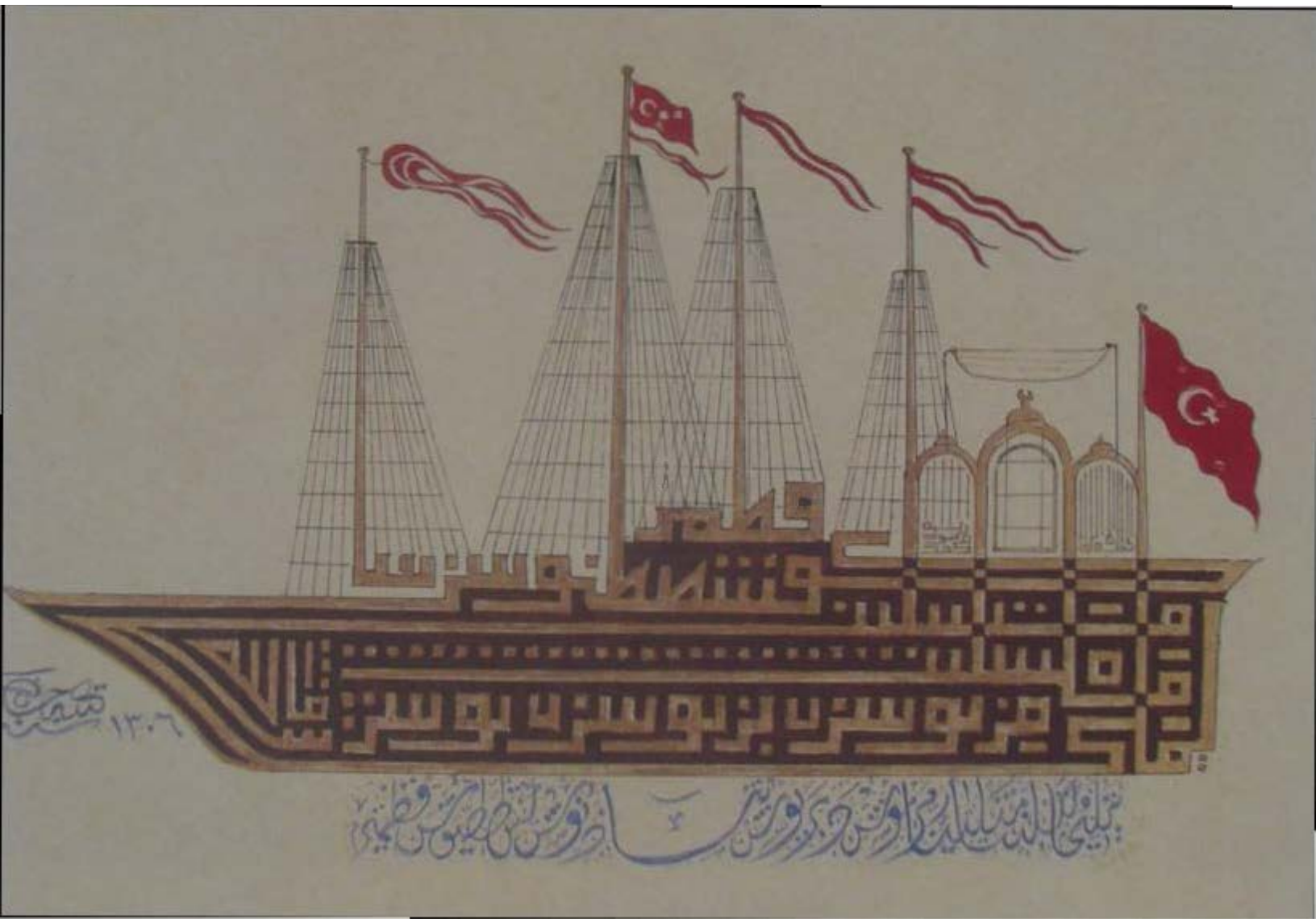


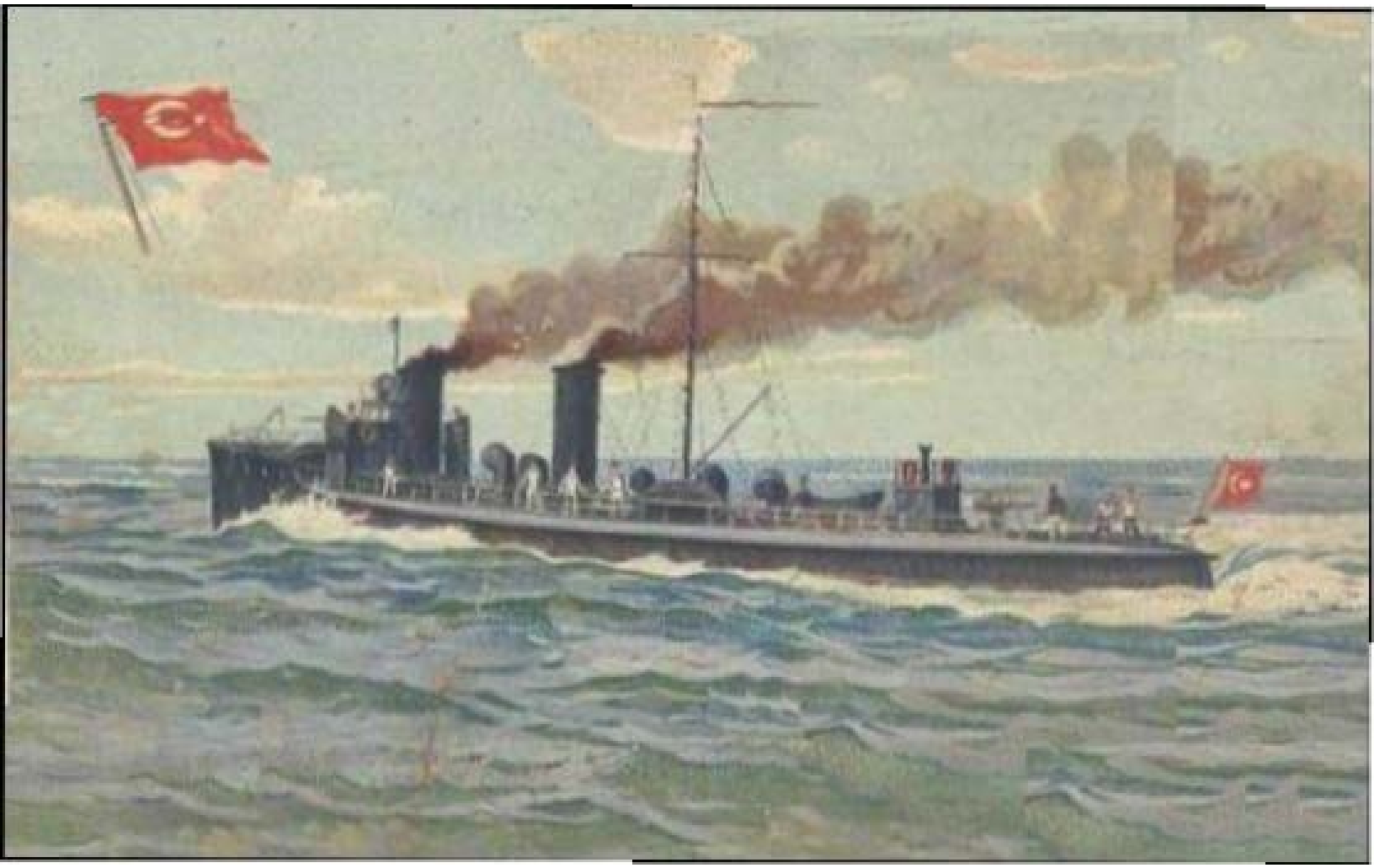
اشبو مهر
تقلید ایدن
نوفری

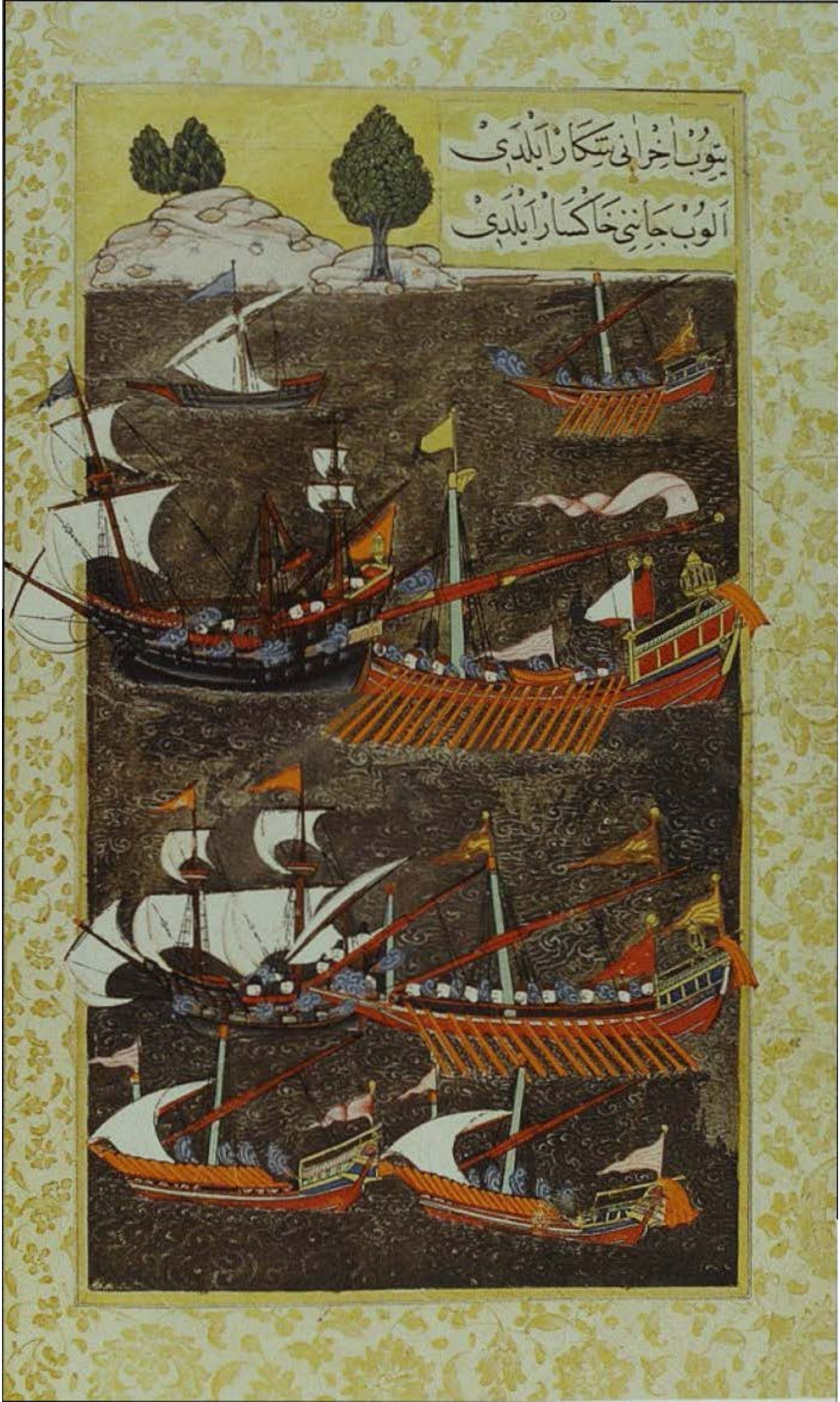
نظاماً مسئول
وخائن وطندر

۳








يوب اخرانى سكار ايلدى
الوب جانى خاكسار ايلدى

٦٩- الاسم المتصرف نوعان : موصوف وصفة

٨ ـ الموصوف

٧٠- الاسم غير المتصرف هو الذي يلازم صورة واحدة فلا يثنى ولا يجمع
ولا يصغر ولا ...

٧١- الاسم الموصوف هو لفظ يصلح لان يوصف او ينعت بغيره نحو :
... (رائع)

٧٢- الاسم

٧٣- الاسم






La Flotte Ottomane
عسكر عثمانی

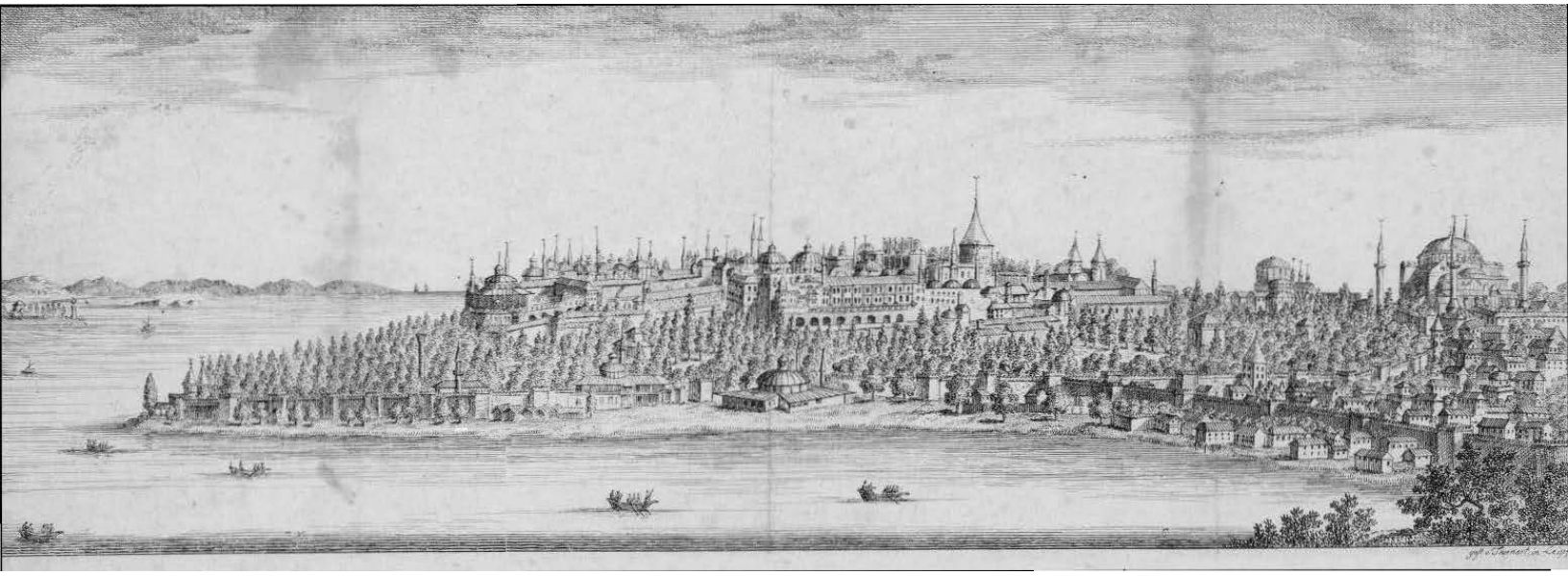


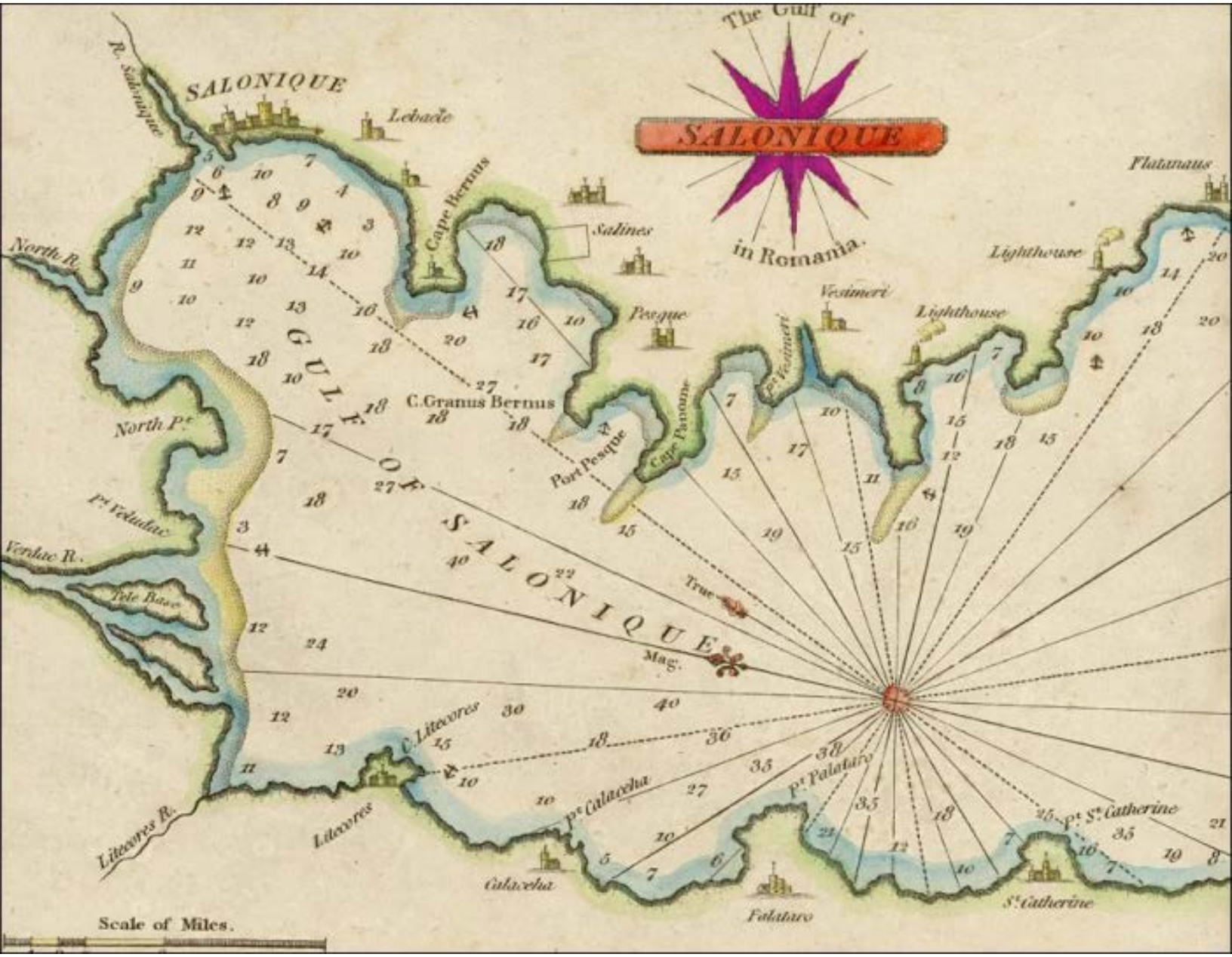



MALVASIA

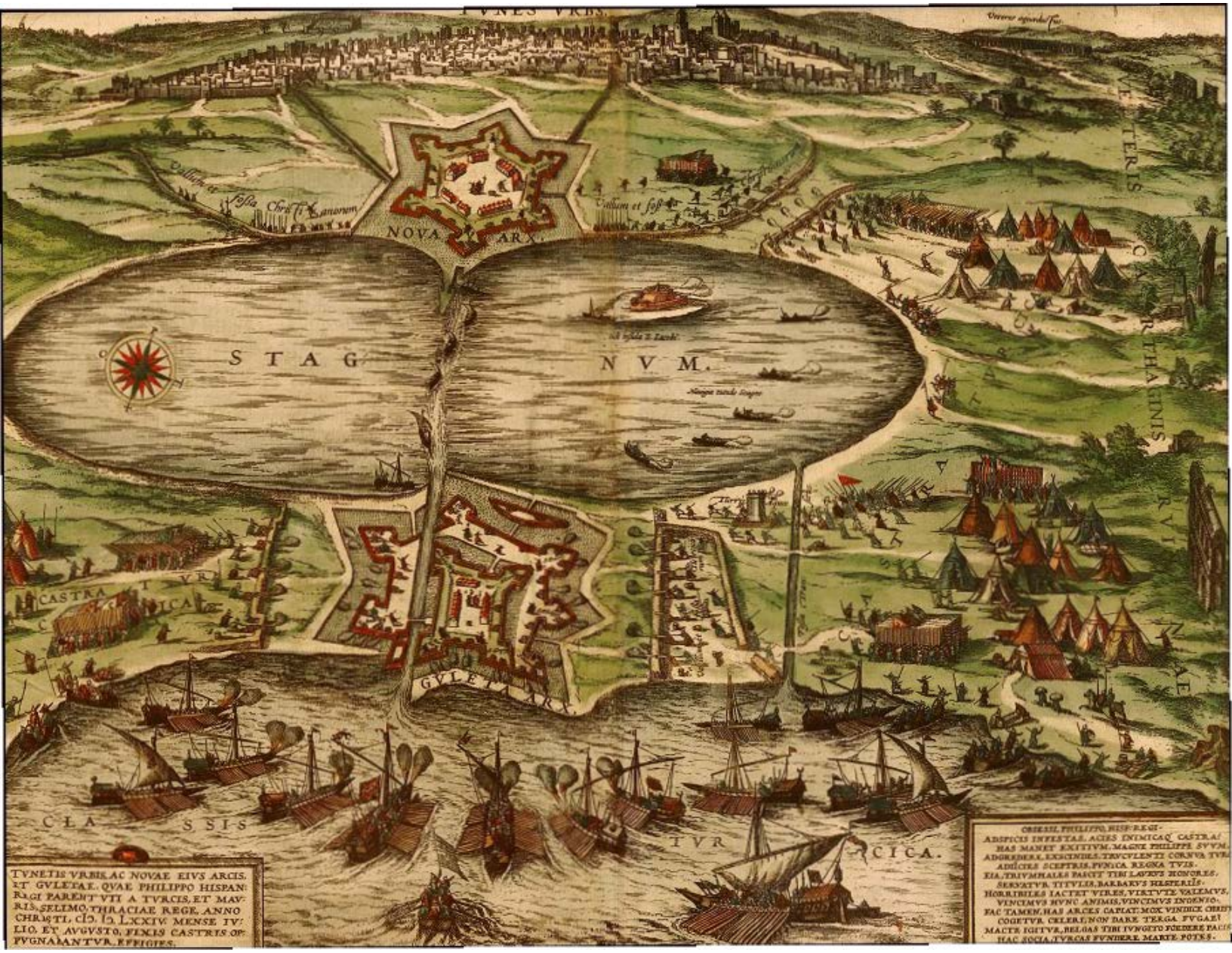

LEPANTO


NAVARINO




The Gulf of
SALONIQUE
in Romania.
R. Salonique
SALONIQUE
Lebadie
Cape Bernus
Salines
Flatanaus
Lighthouse
North R.
Vesimeri
Lighthouse
Pesque
Pt Vesimeri
GULF OF
C. Granus Bernus
Cape Panoune
North Pt
Port Pesque
Pt Veludac
SALONIQUE
Verdac R.
Tele Base
True
Mag.
C. Litevores
Pt Palaturo
Pt Calacelia
Pt St Catherine
Litevores R.
Litevores
Calacelia
Palaturo
St Catherine
Scale of Miles.


CHIOS.
CHIOS Maris Aegæi eiusdem nominis Insulae Ciuitas.



TVNETIS VRBIS AC NOVAE EIVS ARCIS. ET GVLETAE. QVAE PHILIPPO HISPAN: REGI PARENT VTI A TVRCIS, ET MAVRIS, SELIMO THRACIAE REGE, ANNO CHRISTI, CIↃ. IↃ. LXXIV MENSE IVLIO, ET AVGVSTO, FINIS CASTRIS OPPVGNANTVR. EFFIGIES.

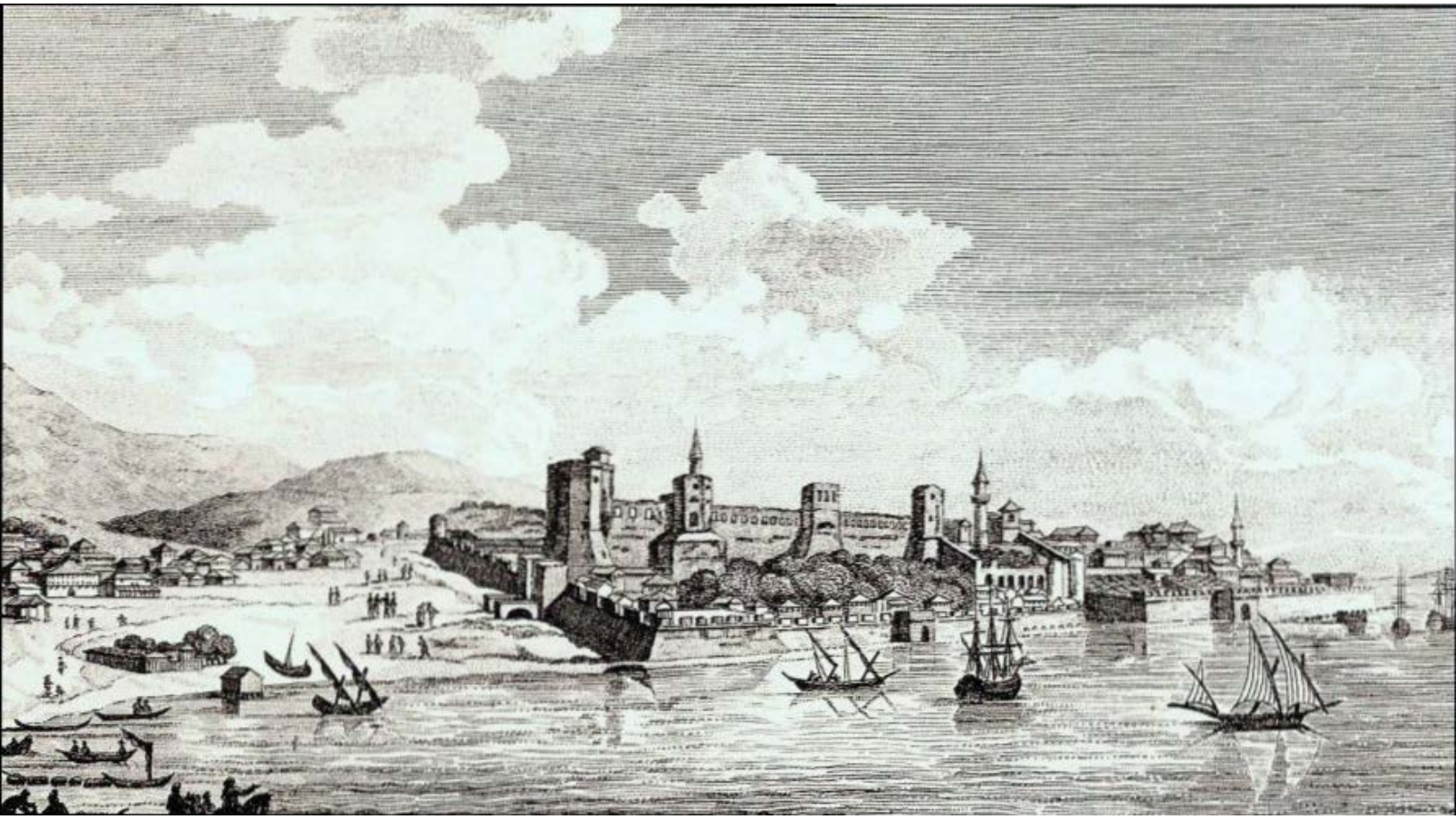
OMNIBVS PHILIPPO, HISP: REGI ADSPICIS INFESTAS, ACIES INIMICAQ CASTRA? HAS MANET EXITIVM, MAGNI PHILIPPE SVVM, ADGREDIERE, EXCINDES, TRVCVLENTI CORNVA TVI ADIICIES SCEPTRIS, PVNICA REGNA TVIS. EIA, TRIVMPHALES PASCIT TIBI LAVRVS HONORES, SERVATVR, TITVLIS, BARBARVS HELSTERIIS. HORRIBILES IACTET VIRES, VIRTVTE VALEMVS, VINCIMVS HVNC ANIMIS, VINCIMVS INGENIO. FAC TAMEN, HAS ARCES CAPIAT: MOX VINDICE OBRVTVS COGETVR CELERE, NON DARE TERGA FVGAE! MACTE IGITVR, BELGAS TIBI IVNGITO FOEDERE PACIS HAC SOCIA, TVRCAS FVNDERE MARTE POTES.


S. Laurenty.
Türckische Schiff.
S. Maria
Victoria.
S. Ioseph
Türckische Gallion.
NEE.

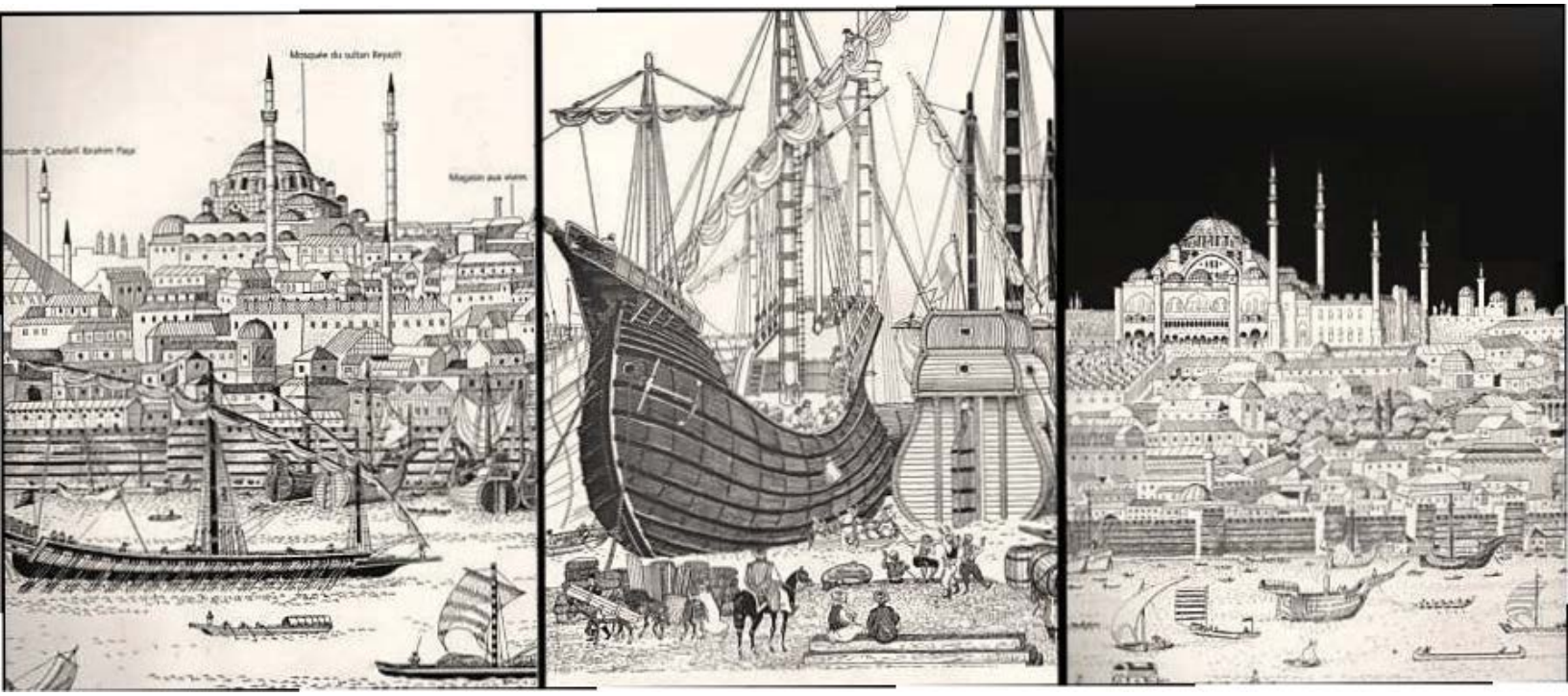

THE BOSPHORUS AND CONSTANTINOPLE.



Constantinopel.




POSTES OTTOMANES
PIASTRES


Mosquée du sultan Beyazit
Magasin aux vivres


CHEF DES HAIDES
OFFICIER DU DÉTACHEMENT DIT DE SALATA
CHEF DES OFFICIERS D'ORDRE DES BUREAUX DE L'AMIRAUTÉ
GRAND AMIRAL
CHEF DES OFFICIERS D'ORDRE ATTACHÉ AU GRAND AMIRAL
OFFICIER DE MARINE DU DÉTACHEMENT DIT DES MARINS NUS
SERGENT DU DIT DÉTACHEMENT




TREBISONDE.

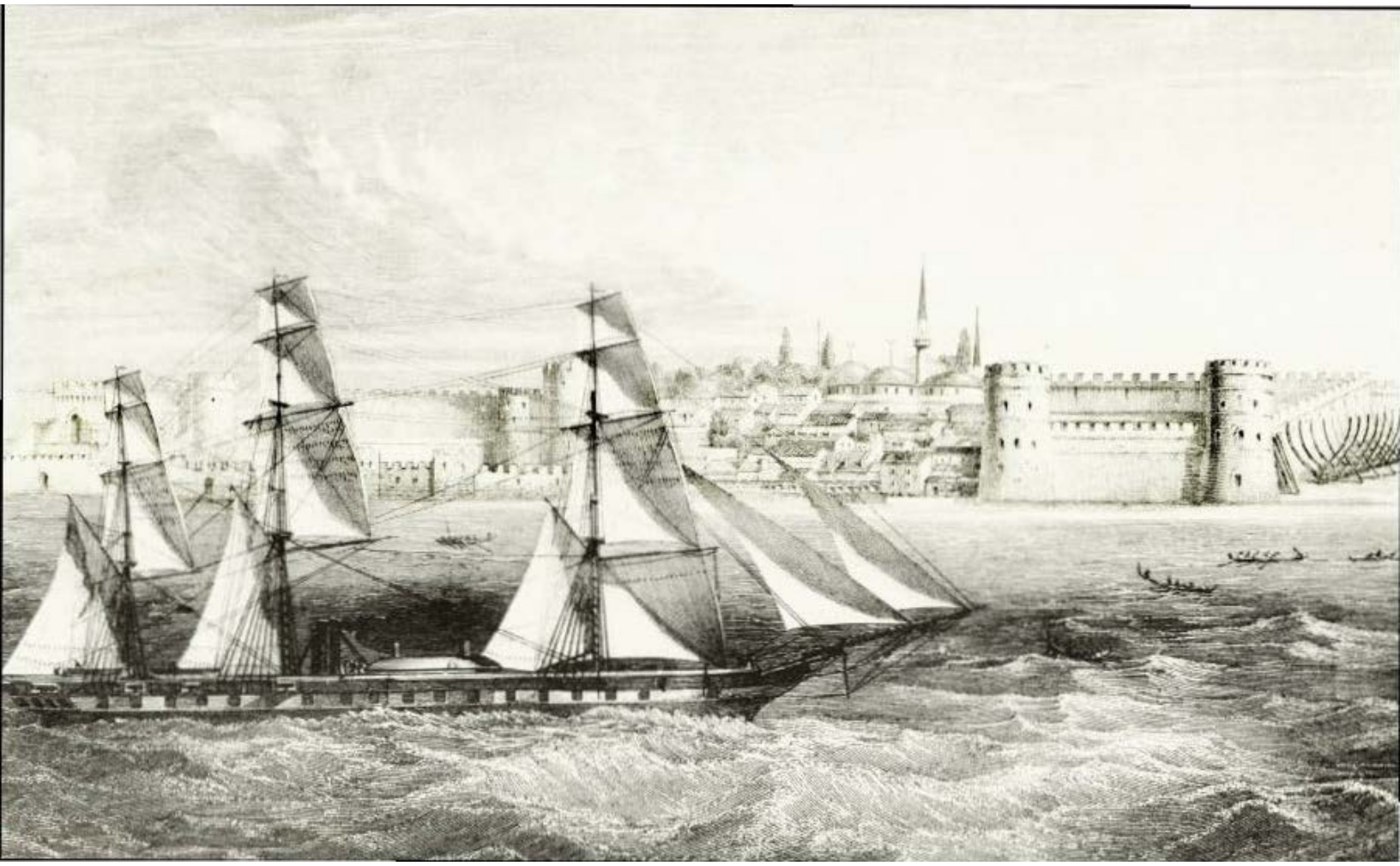






CANDIA WELCHE VON TÜRCKEN VNTER DEM COMANDO
ist ist von 25 May. bis auff dato den 20 7bris Anno 1667. und 1668.

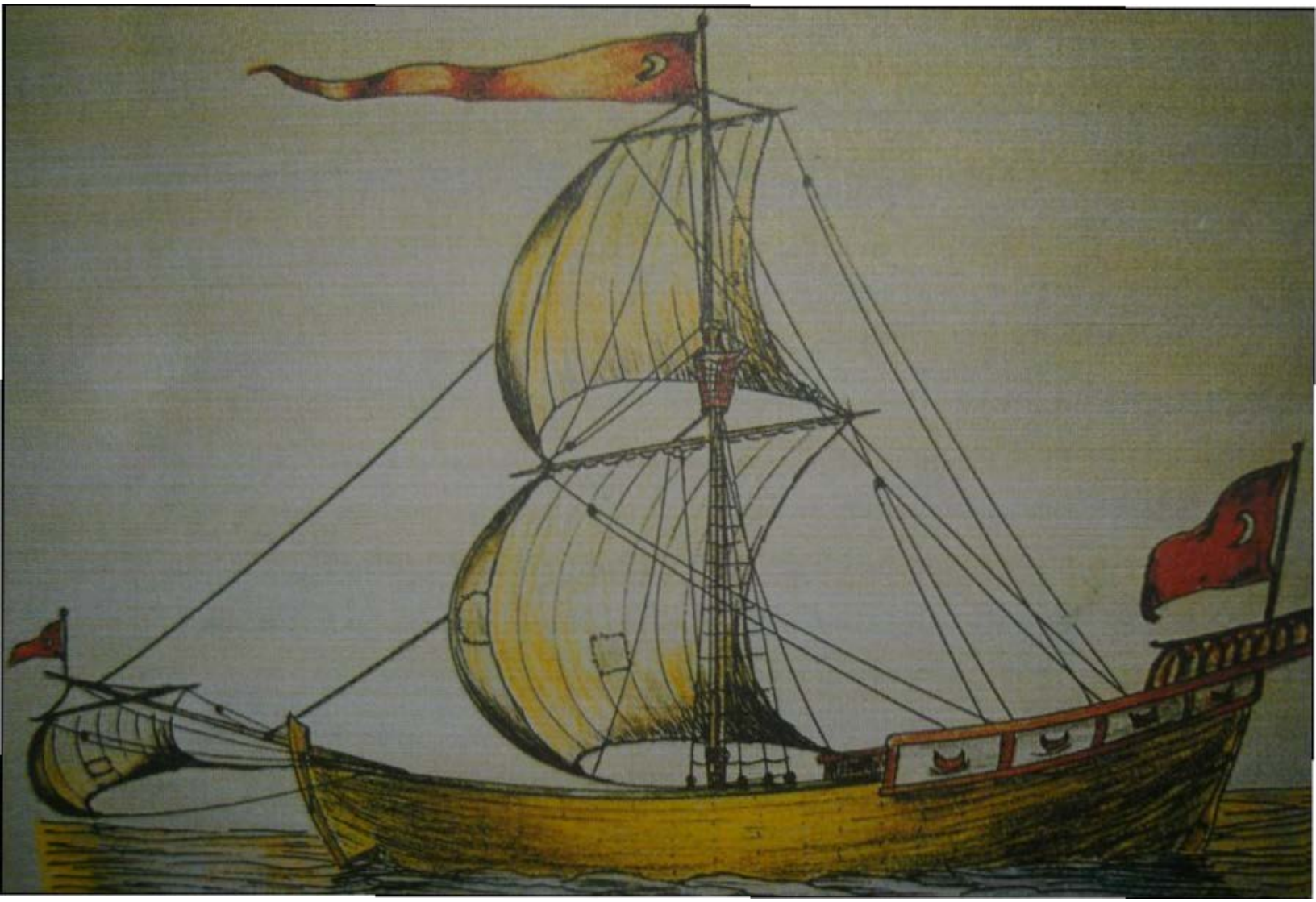
10 Batterey gegen dem Port
50 Padiglion und quartier Carlogli Comandant über die Canon.
51 Padiglion und g. des Ternassi bassa Aga über die Granizari.
52 Padiglion und g. des Bongi Agemlagn Sanjanchaff Aga über
53 Padig. und g. des Cadamistalu Bassa die Natolia. der Granizari
54 Padig. und g. des ersten Aga über die Granizari
55 Padig. und g. des Georgia Beg über die Granizari
56 Padig. und g. des Gran Visir
57 Padig. und g. des Tetrester Bassa von Constantinopel
58 Padig. und g. des Acmet Bassa Visir über das Feldlager
59 Padig. und g. des Sultsitar Aga über die Granizari
60 Padig. und g. der Baimelin Beglerbei
61 Anpischey und Pionnere der Feinder
62 Batterie des feindes gegen der Statt
63 Batterie welche ruinirt ist von den Canonen der Statt
64 Neue Batterie des feindes
65 Batterie des feindes gegen dem Meer
66 Thal genant Tefore alwo der feindt logirt
67 Vestung des feindes genant Candia nova
68 Die Statt welche der Gran Visir hat lassen abbrechen
69 Der Berg genant Gioue
70 Das Canard alwo man macht quarantina
71 Ritz genant Gerfire: 72 gran Visir
73 Die Venetianische Armada sampt den Päpstlichen Spanischen und Maltesischen Galeeren
74 Standta am Meer wo unsere Armada sich aufhelt




ORMVS.


ADRIANOPEL





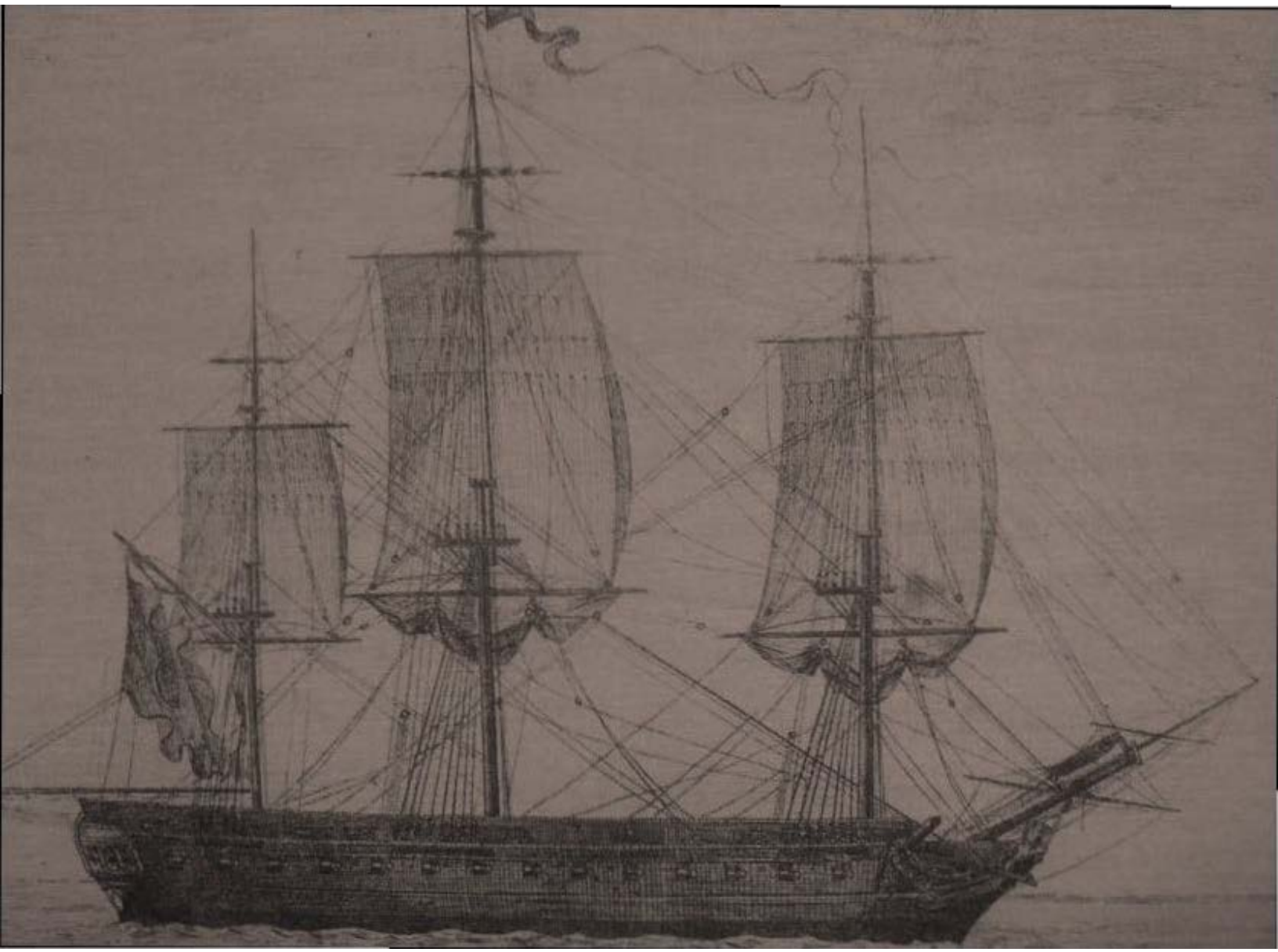




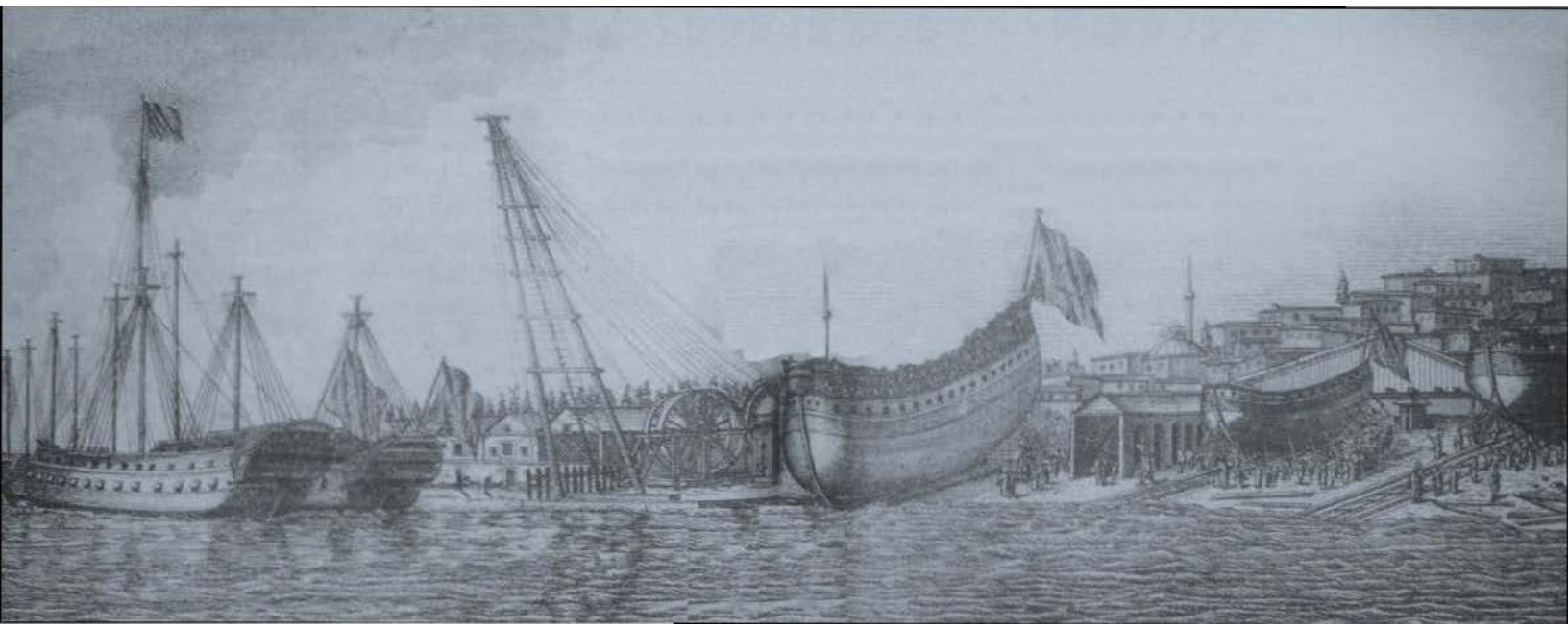


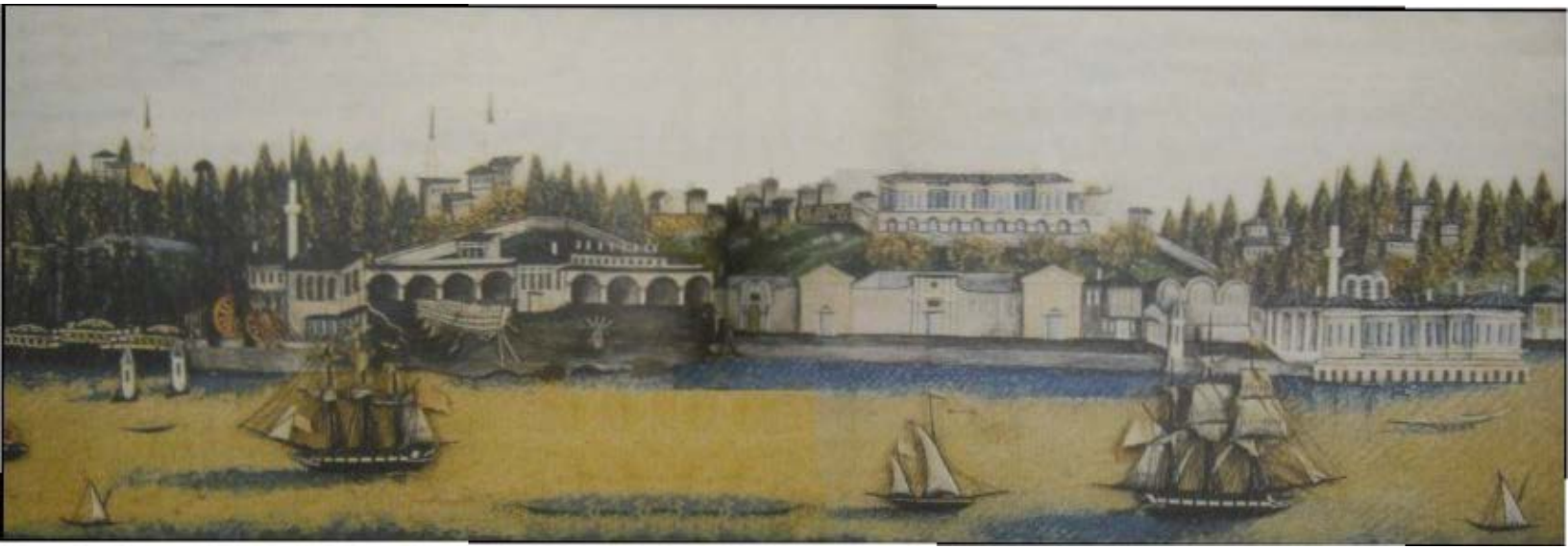
قبودانه

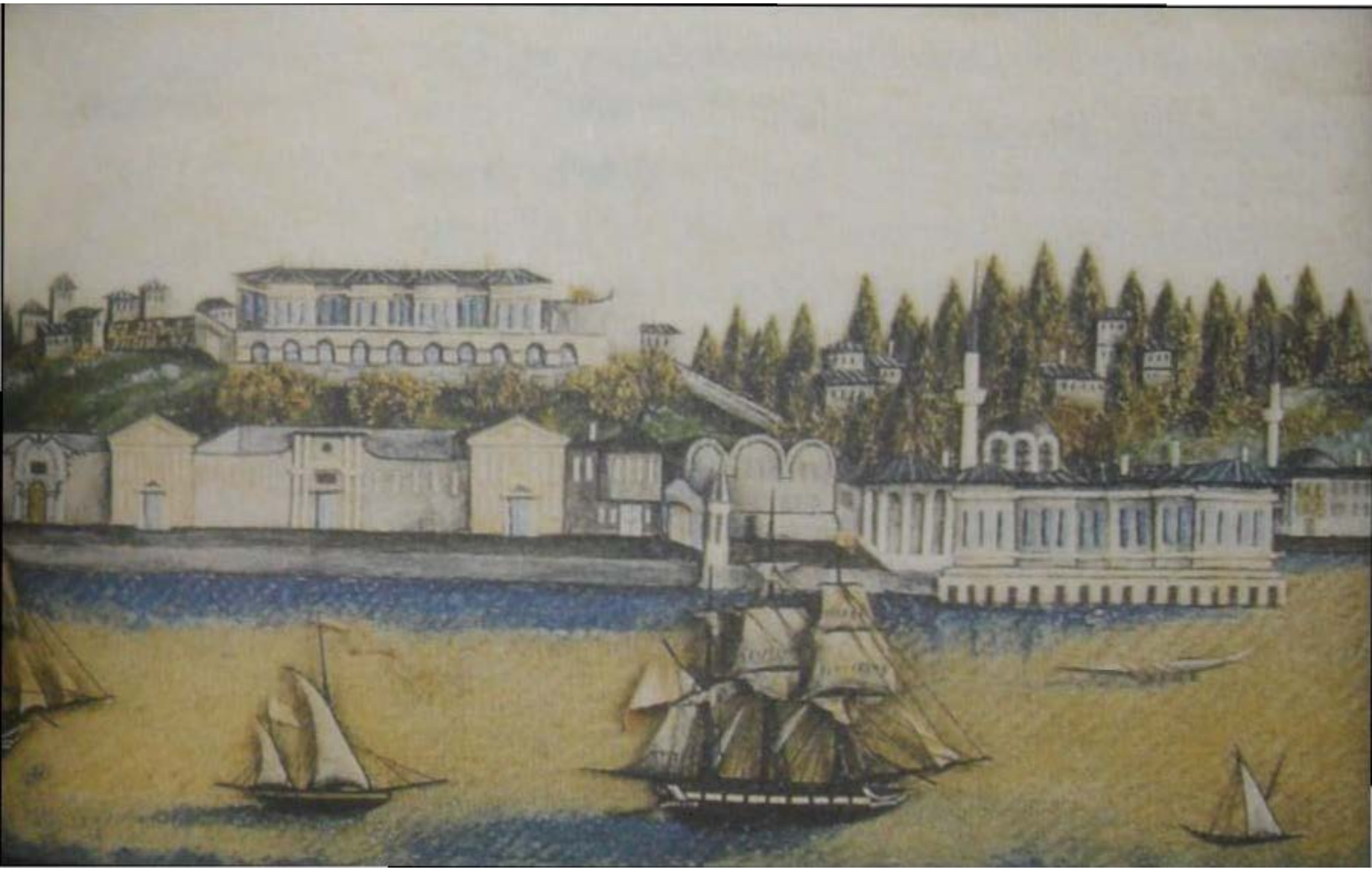

شهباز مجری

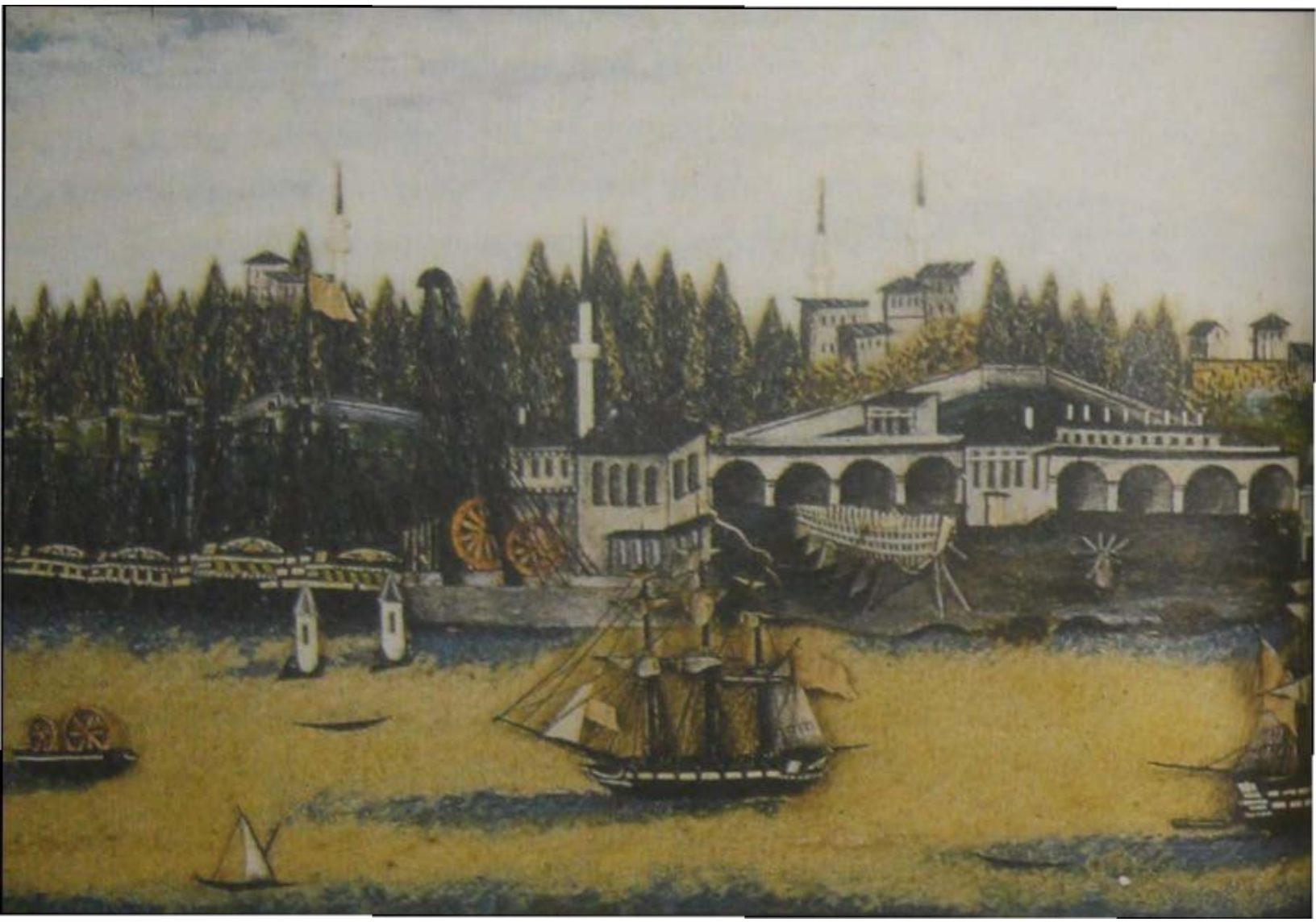


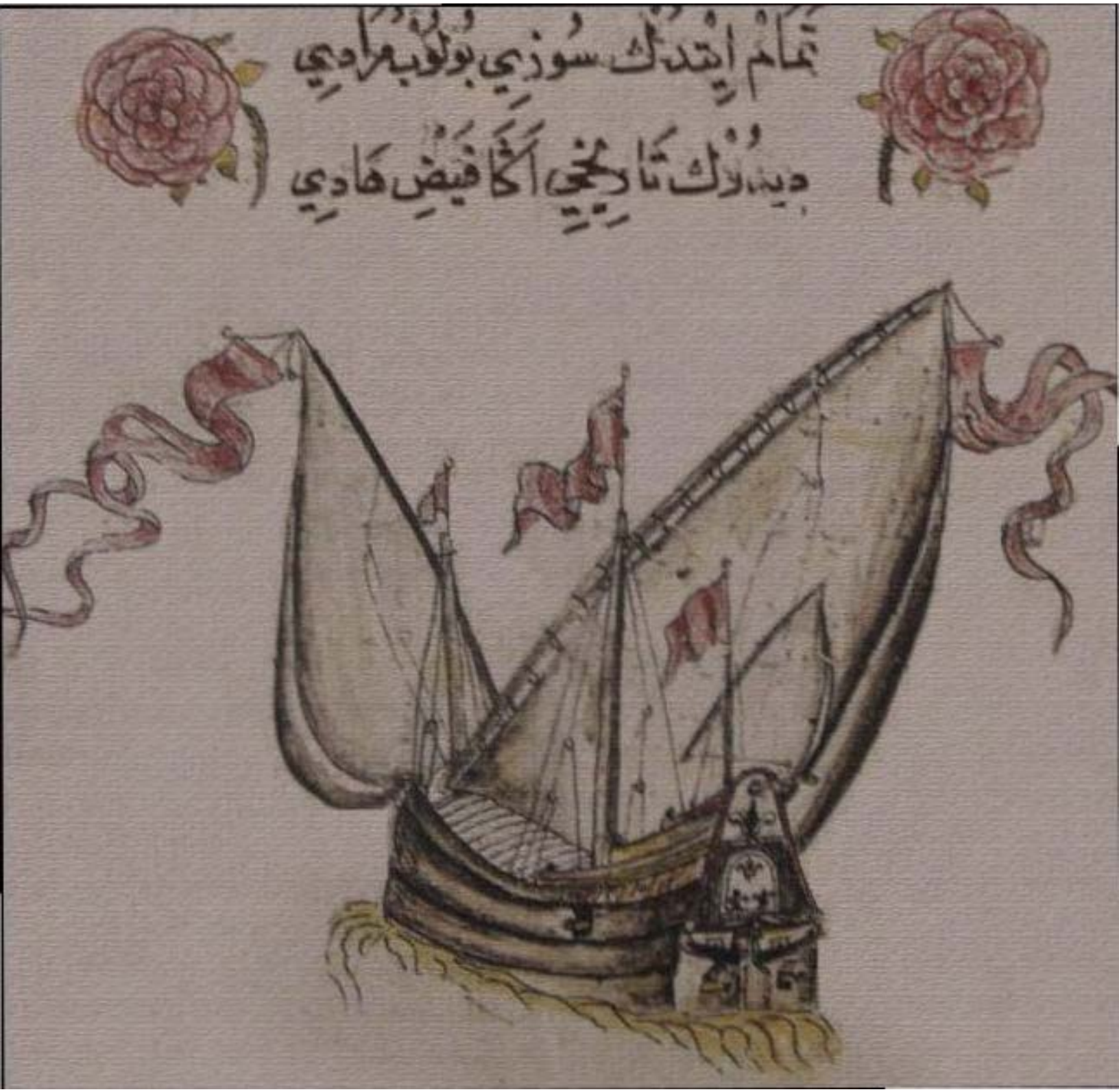











تمام اشتدك سوزي بولوبه مادي
ديدولك تاريخي اكا فيض هادي



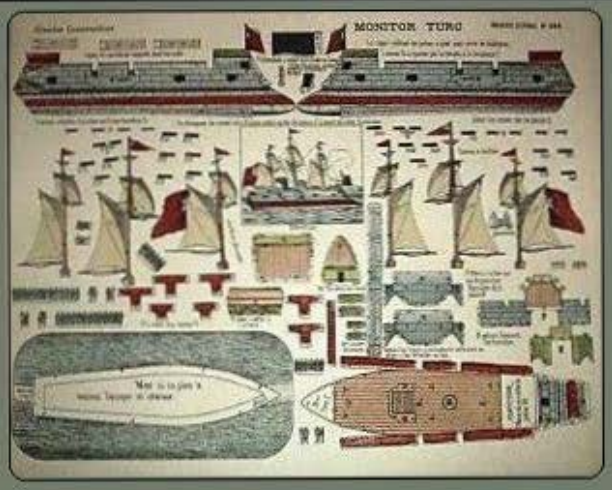
Türkischer Geschützter Kreuzer „Midilli"

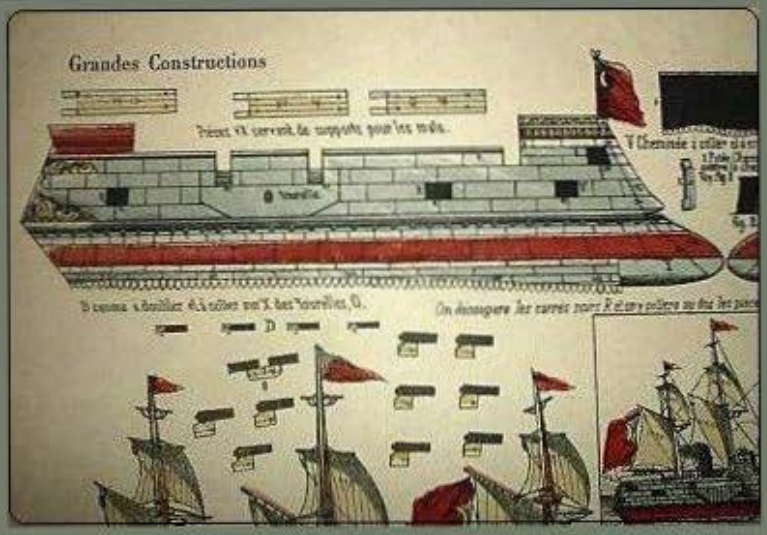
مدللی قروازوری

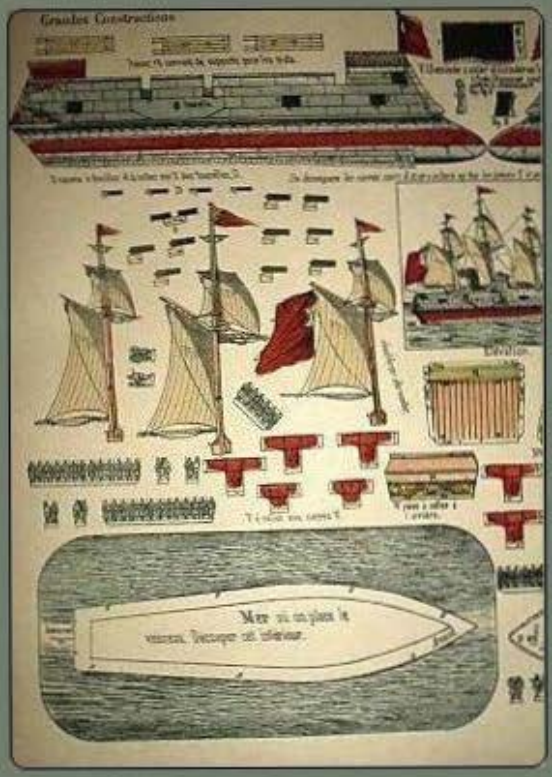


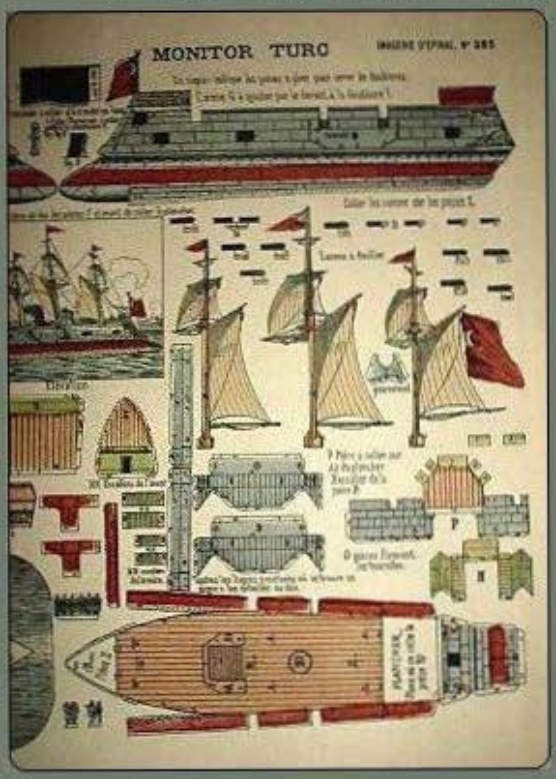

A View of
SMYRNA
The Citadel
The Ruins of the Theatre
The Church of St. Polycarp near the Circus

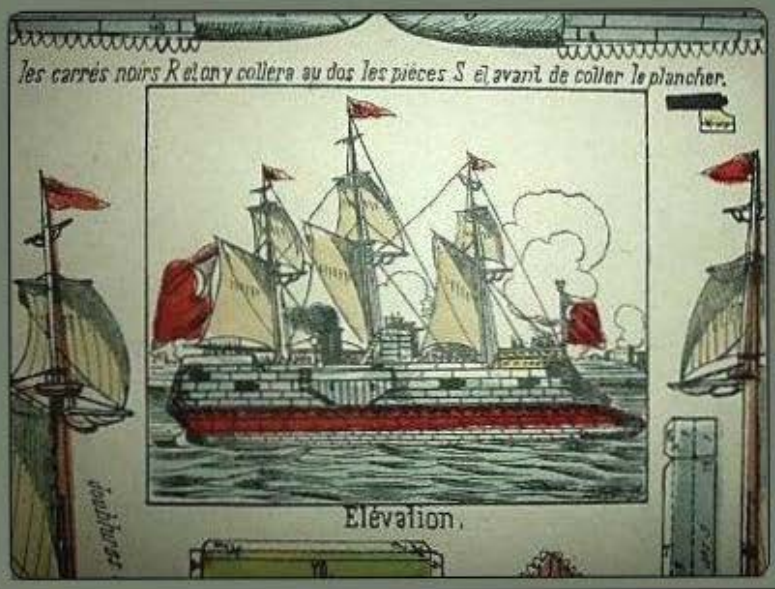


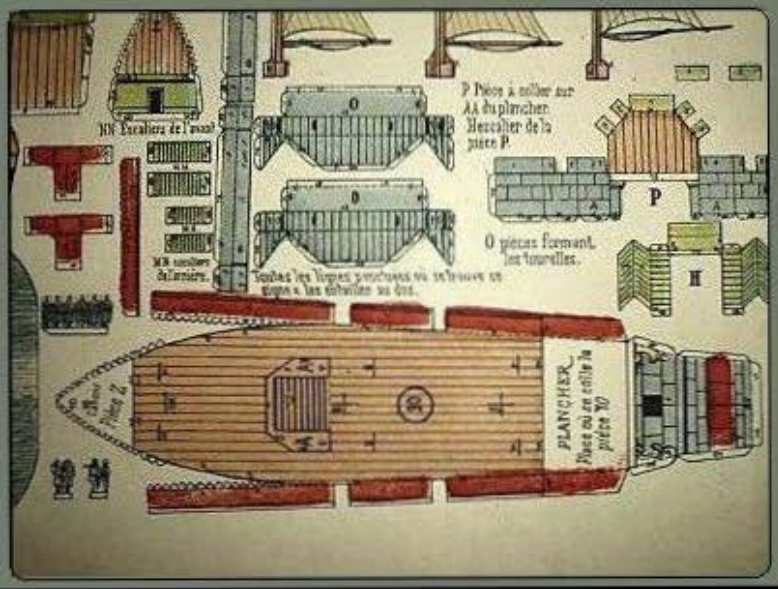

MONITOR TURC


Grandes Constructions


Grandes Constructions


MONITOR TURC


les carrés noirs R et ont y collera au dos les pièces S et avant de coller le plancher.
Elévation.


P Pièce à coller sur
AA du plancher
Recouvrir de la
pièce P.
O pièces formant
les tourelles.
PLANCHER.

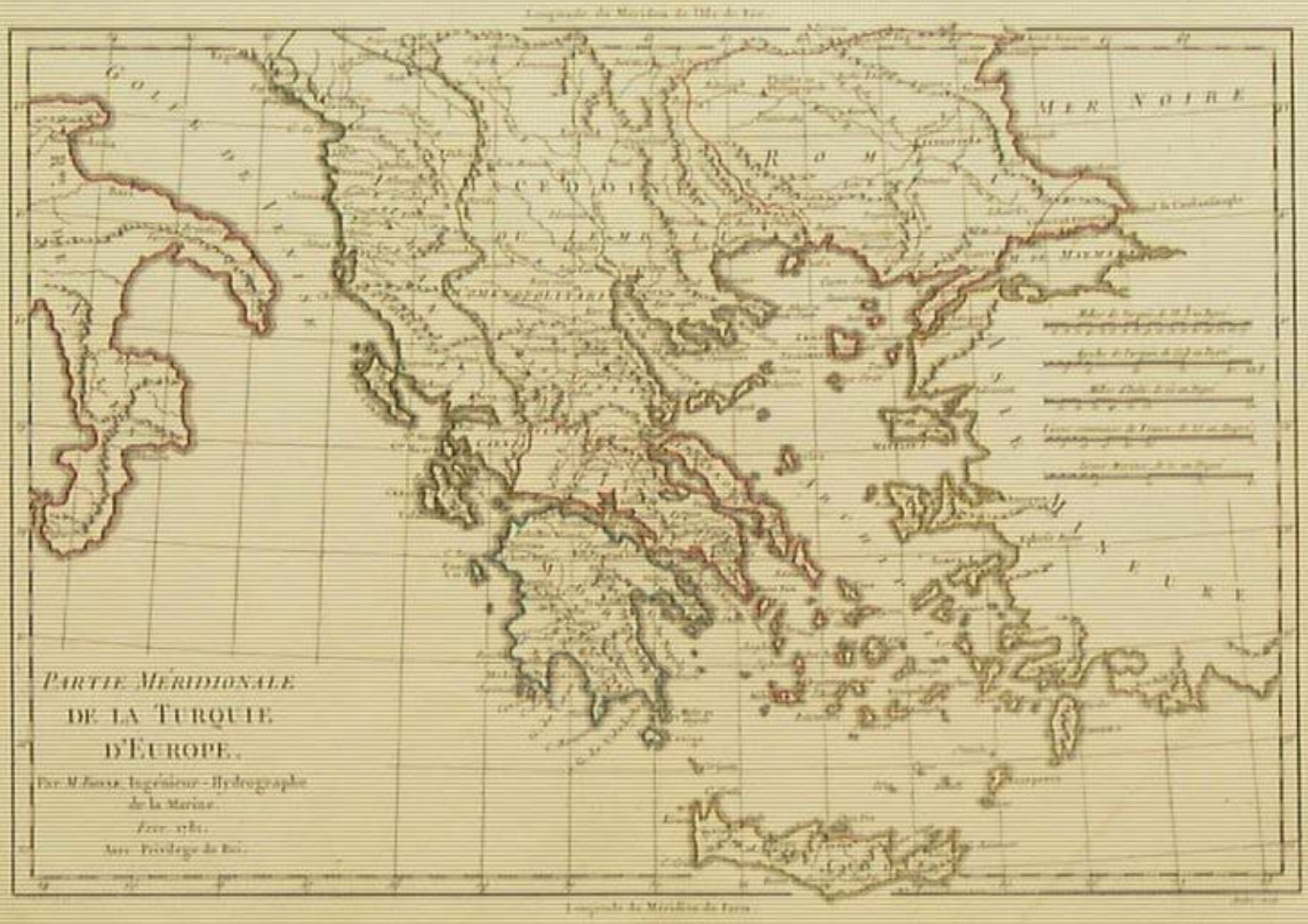
VÉRITABLE EXTRAIT DE VIANDE LIEBIG



CARAVÈLLE - BATEAU TURC

VOIR AU VERSO

SE MÉFIER DES IMITATIONS

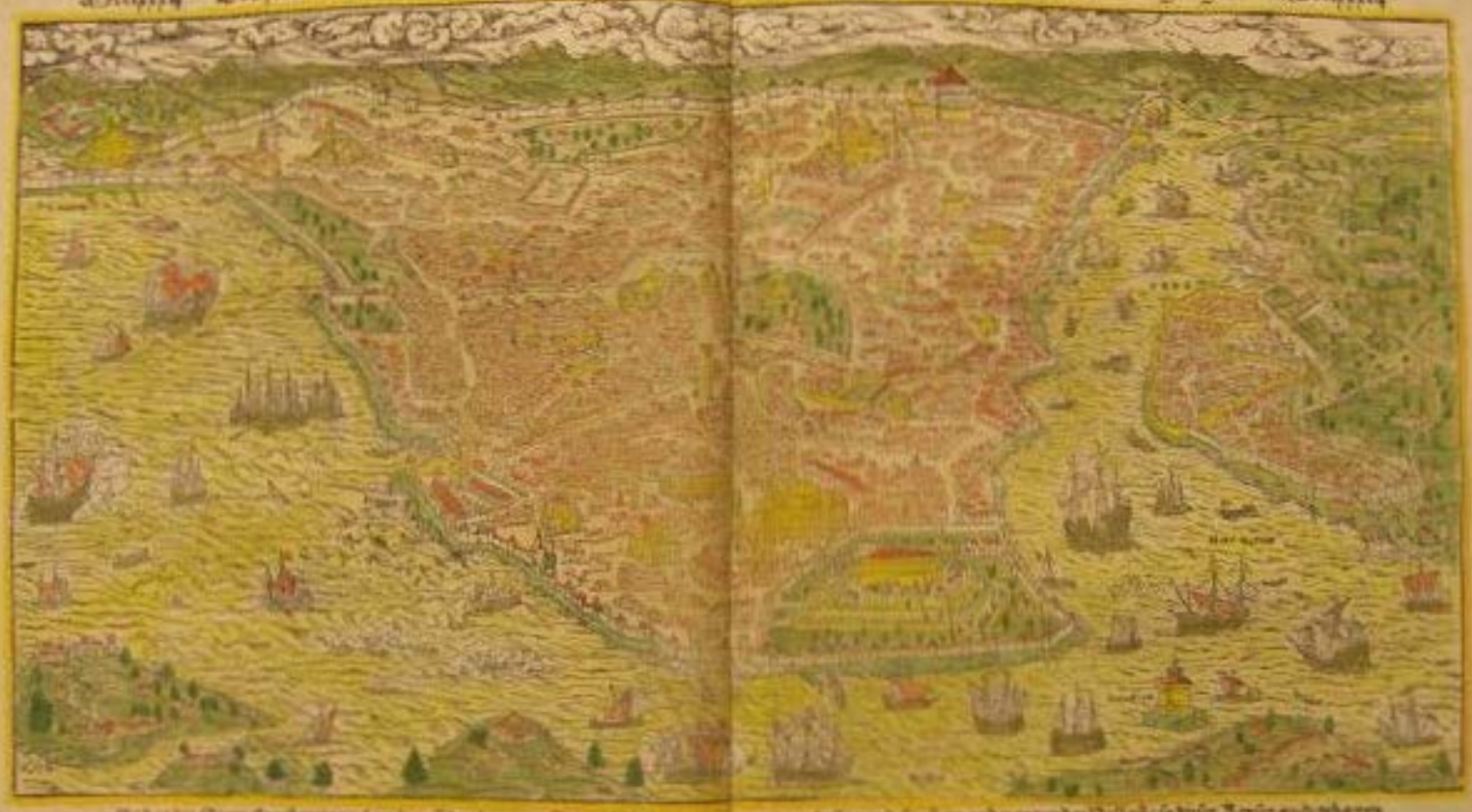

MER NOIRE
ROMANIE
PARTIE MÉRIDIONALE
DE LA TURQUIE
D'EUROPE.


RUSSIA
HUNGARY
MOLDAVIA
WALLACHIA
SERVIA
BOSNIA
ALBANIA
ADRIATIC SEA
ROMELIA
TURKEY
ASIA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
MAP OF
TURKEY
IN EUROPE
with the Ionian Islands





Declxxvij Constantinopel des Griechischen Keyserthumbs Hauptstatt/ im Lande Thracia am Meere gelegen. Declxxviij



Es hat die Statt Constantinopel noch auff den heutigen Tag viel alter
vnd vorfallener Gebew/ von Keyn Pierre ausgen: sonderlich aber stehet noch
gantz vnd der Christlich Tempel Sanct Sophie/ Patriarx Constantino Pole

hafft/ vnnd sonsten andere vermeldte Gebew/ so diese Statt auch geheret
hat/ stehen Sanct Sophien Tempel/ wie der gantz gestalt vnd weise
hie vbr.

Erklärung etzlicher fürnemen Oerter der Hauptstatt Constantinopel.



XVIII



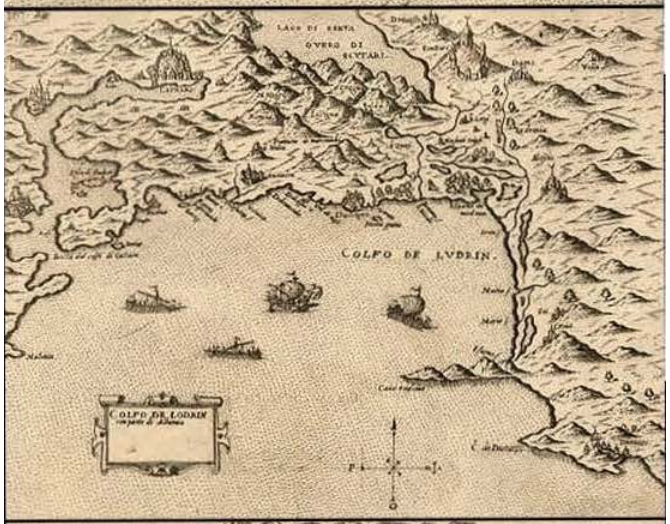
XIX



XX




DVRAZZO.
Golfo de Lodrin
Lodrin
Alessio
S. Maria
S. Nicolò

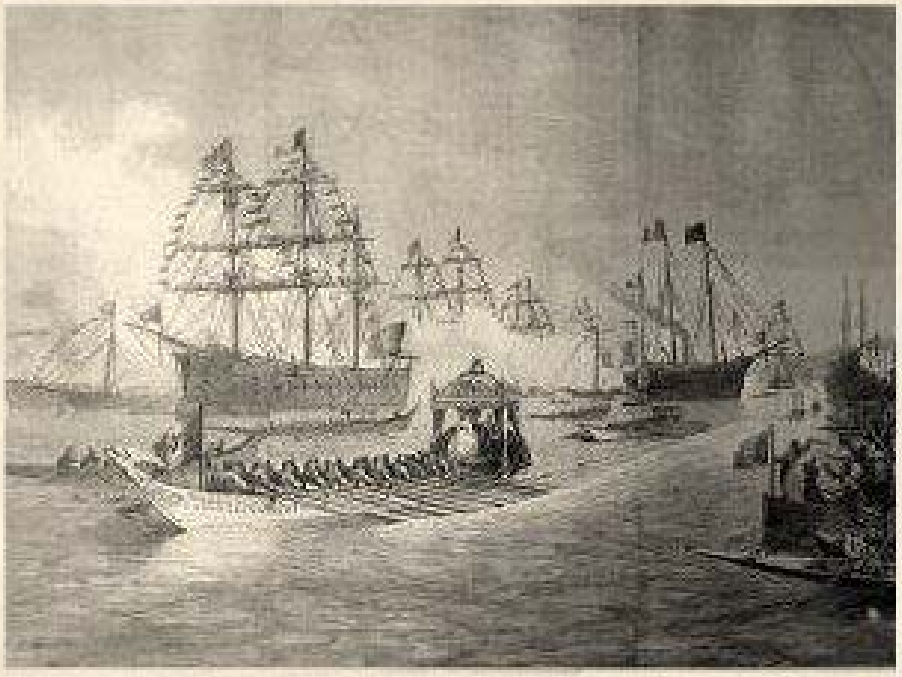

LAGO DI SCVTARI
OVERO DI SCVTARI
COLFO DE LVDRIN.
COLFO DE LODRIN
Malone
Mori
Cabo Rodoni
C. de Durazzo

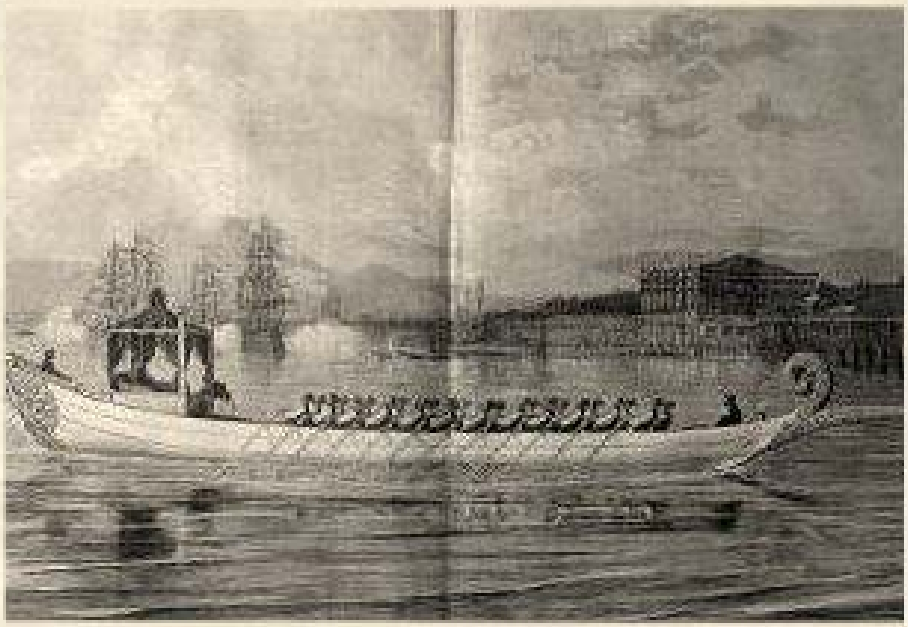

PROVINCIA DI ALBANIA
Golfo de Lodrin
Alessio
Croia
Durazzo
Malo
Cabo de Rodoni
CIMERA

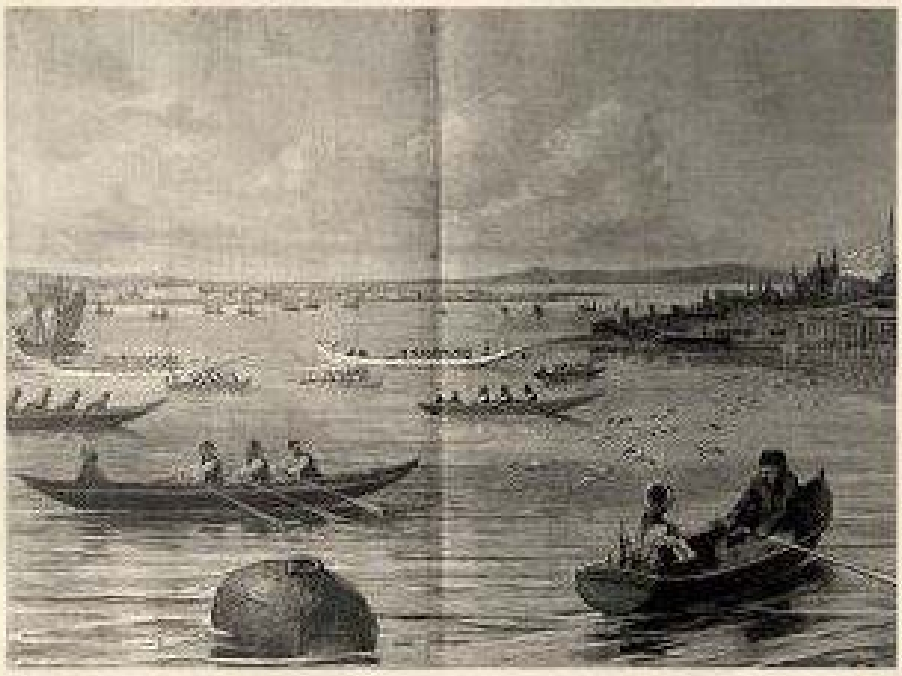

ASTEL NOVO
CITTA DI CATARO
Cataro
Ladrone
Scio de Prodoci



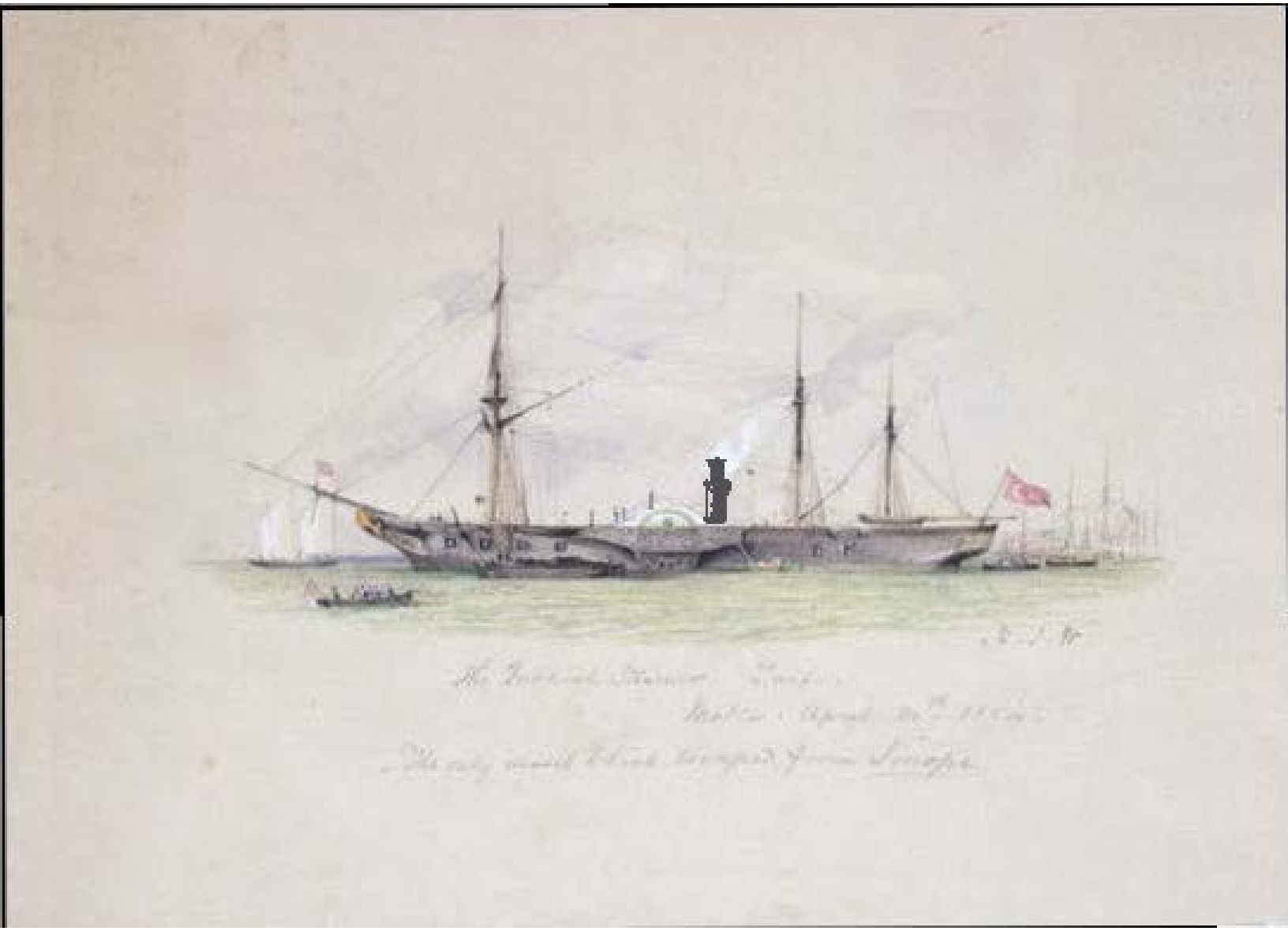
Army-Turkey. TROOPS FROM JERUSALEM ARRIVING AT STAMBOUL, CONSTANTINOPLE







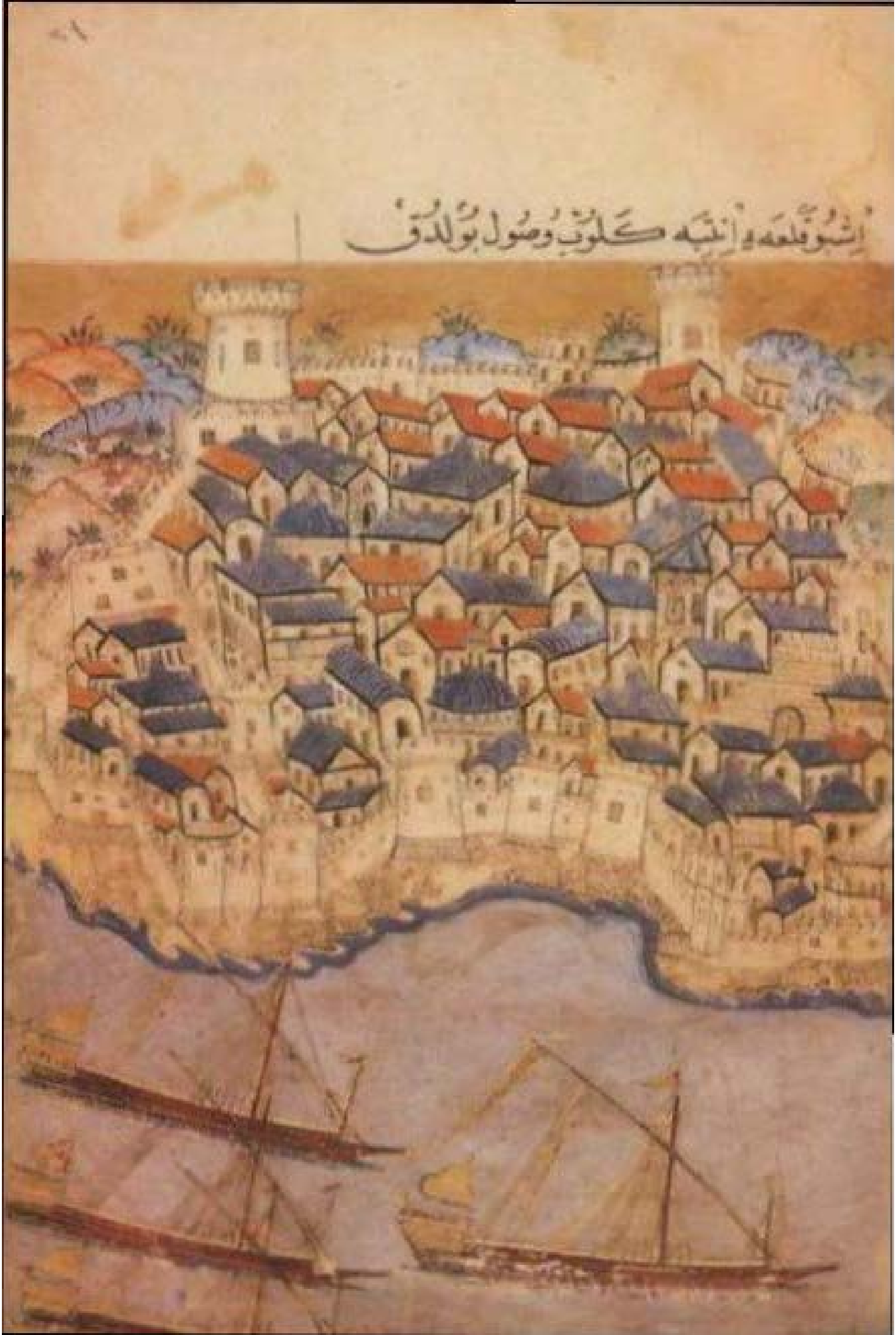

Prospect des Serallien.
Tab. 69.

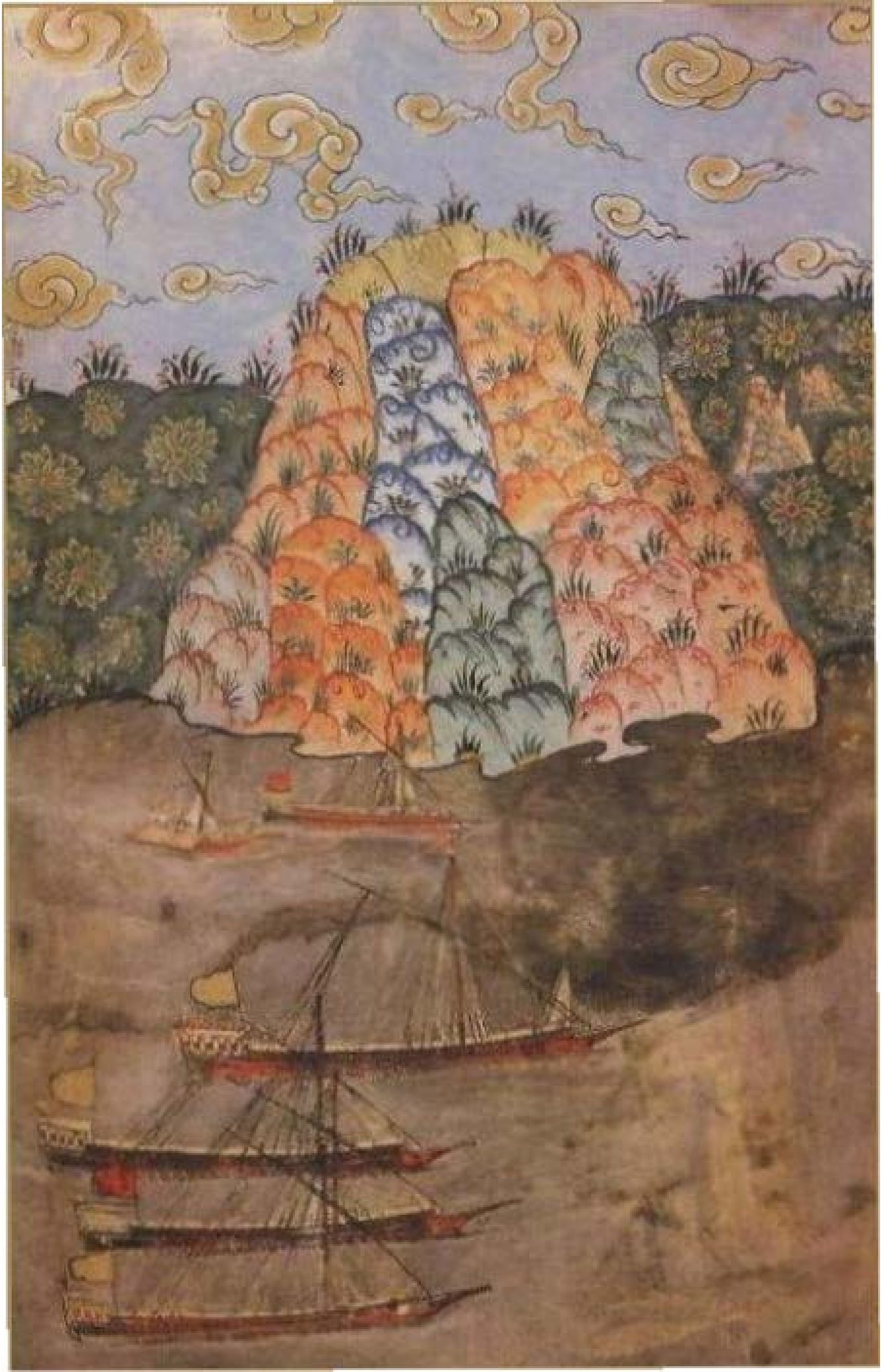


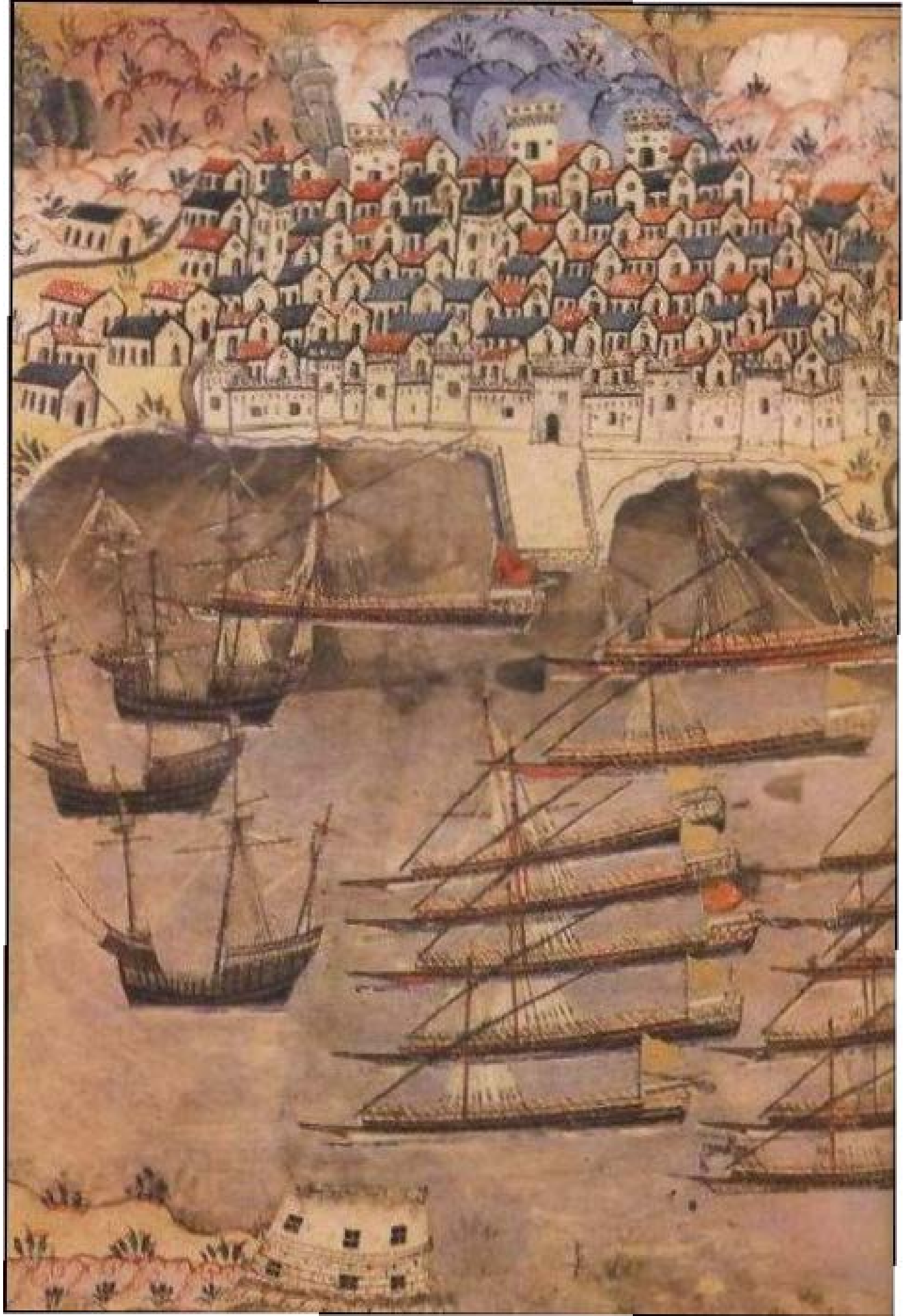


Konstantinápoly.

إشبو قلعه و إنبه كلوب وصول بولدق





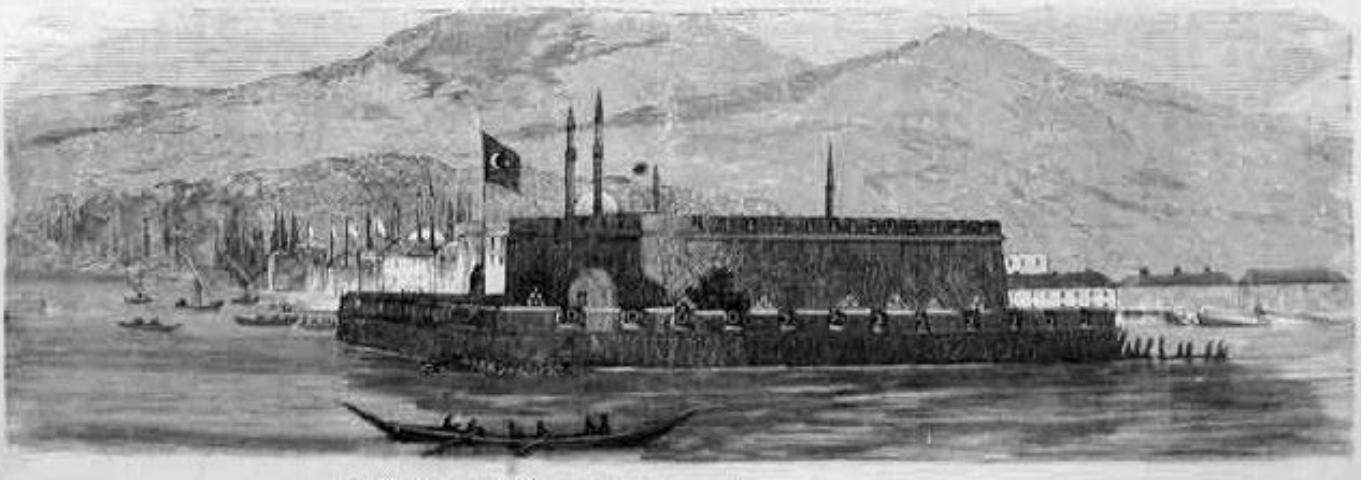



بوغاز اشديجك مملوء اولدقلرى
قتى الجنوب رجكه طولدقلرى

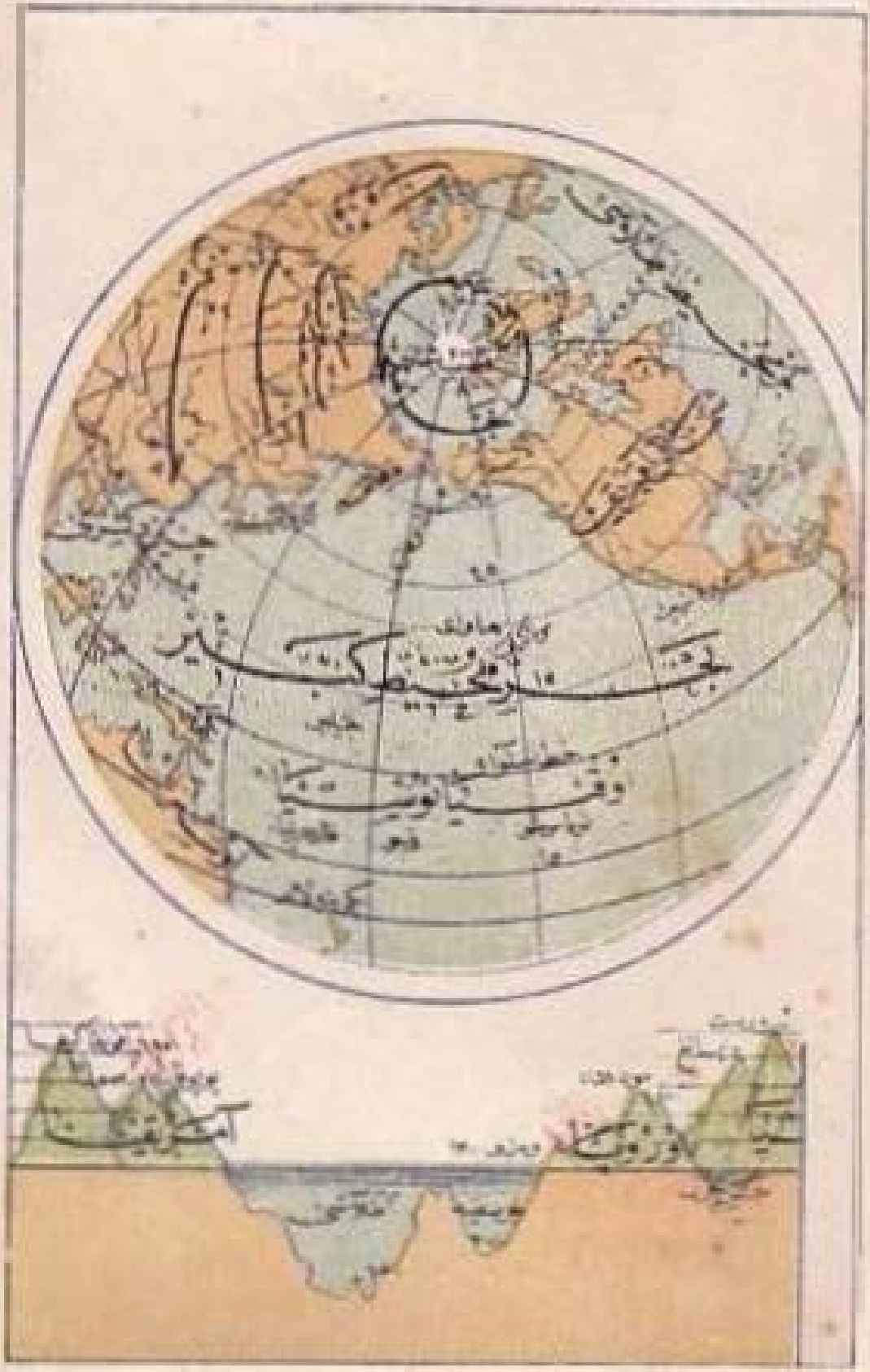

سلطان عثمان اول

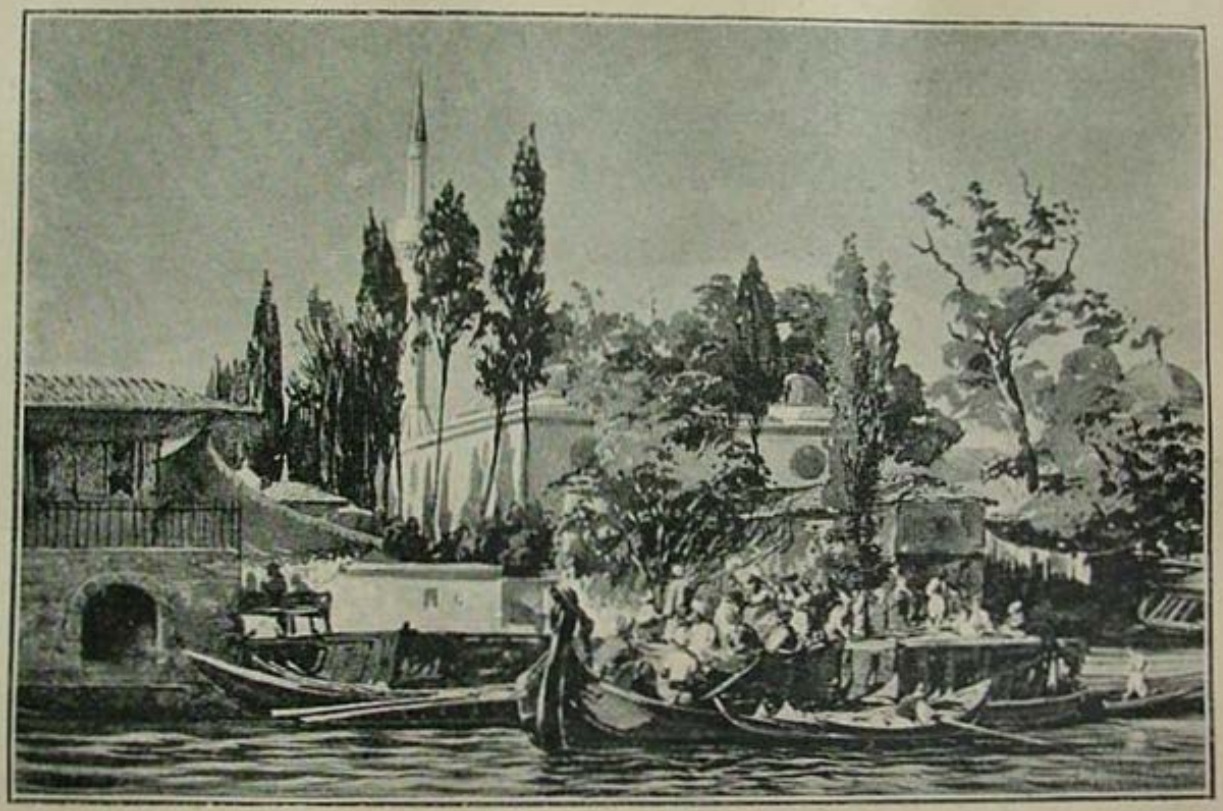


I CASTELLI SUL BOSFORO. — Kilid Bahr, sulla costa europea.

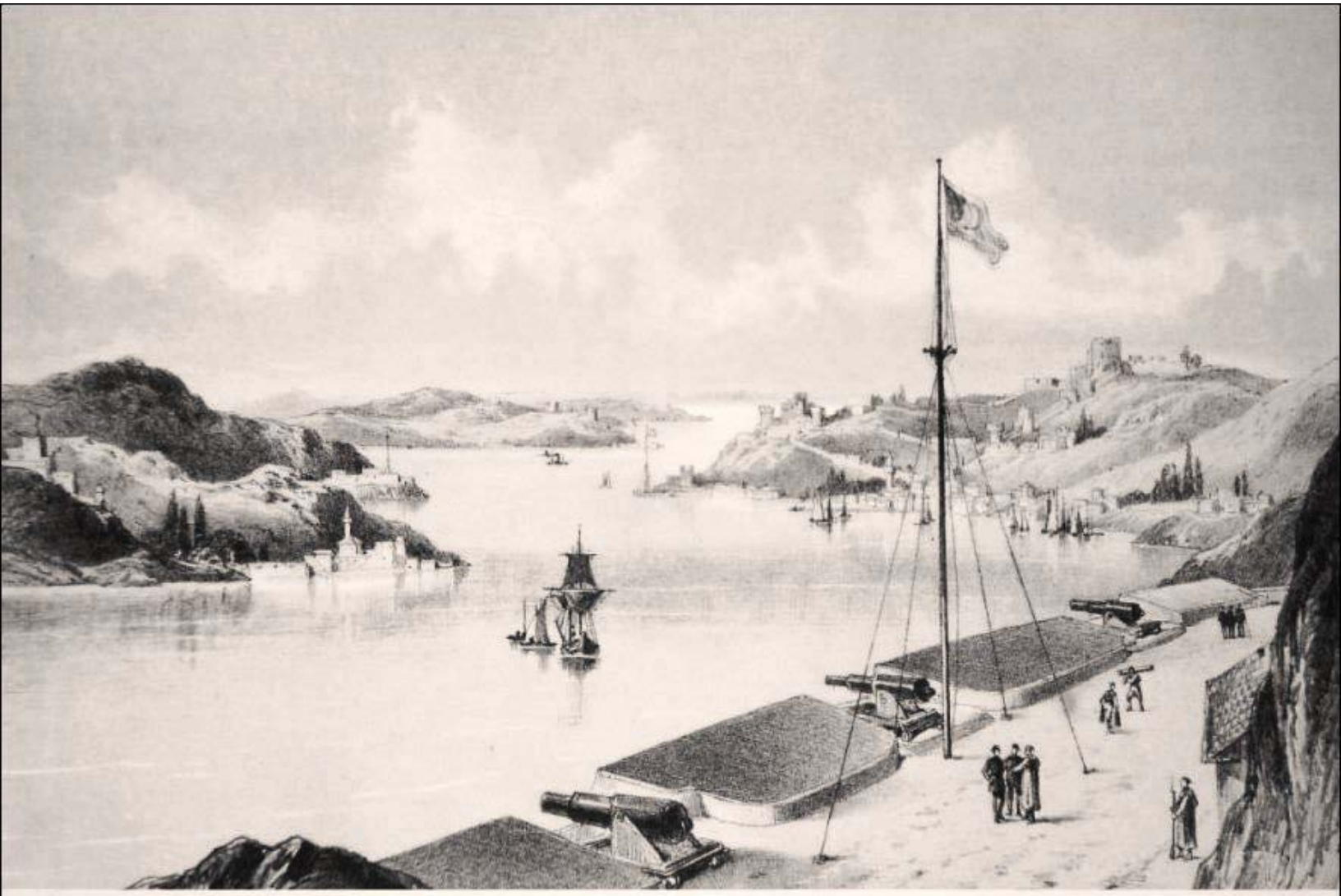


I CASTELLI SUL BOSFORO. — Chanak Kalessi, sulla costa asiatica.

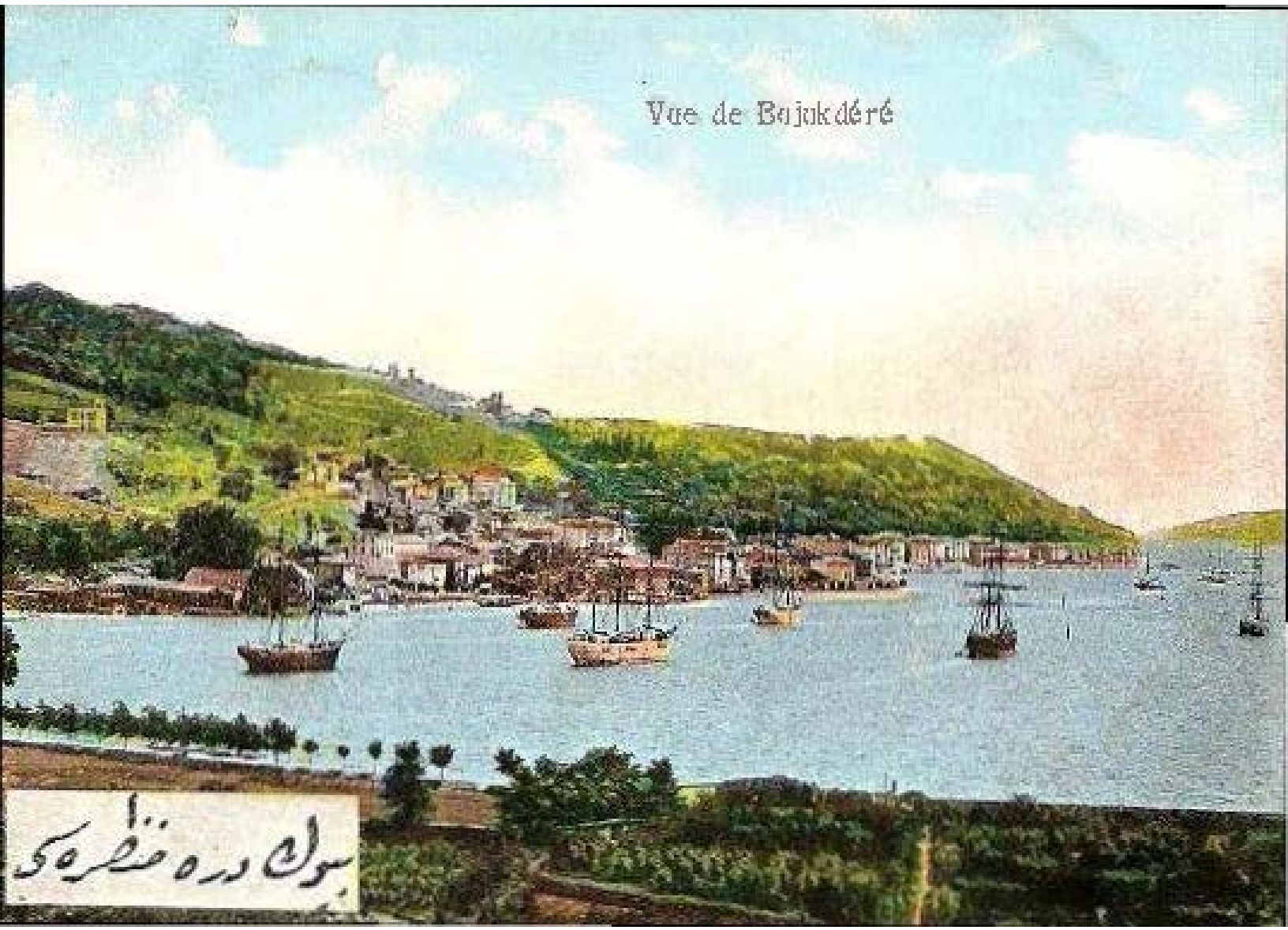




N° 20. — LE BOSPHORE. — Échelle de Bêchik-Tasch.

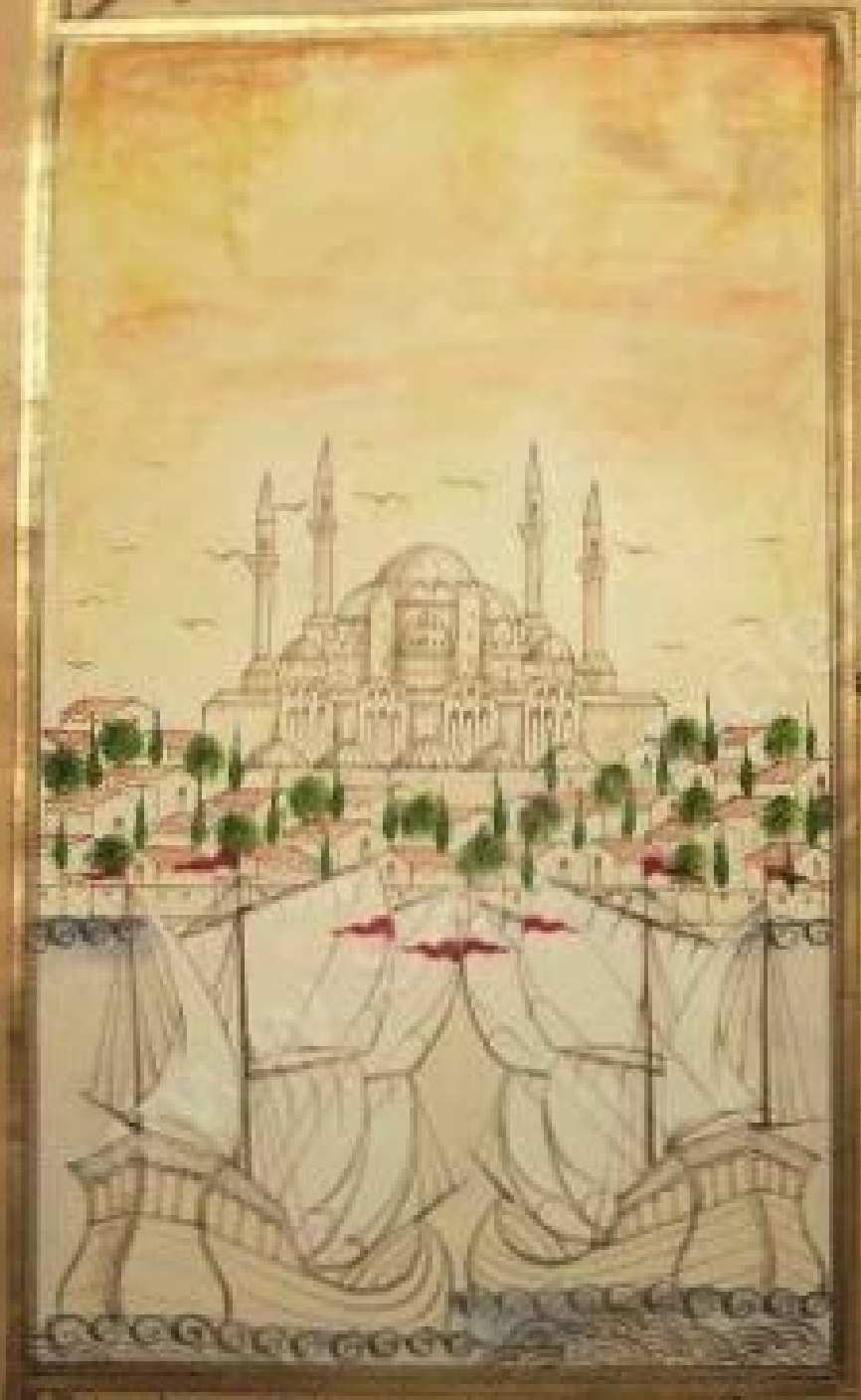


FORTS ON THE BOSPHORUS


Vue de Bajukdéré
بیوك دره منظره سی

باب البيع الفاسد



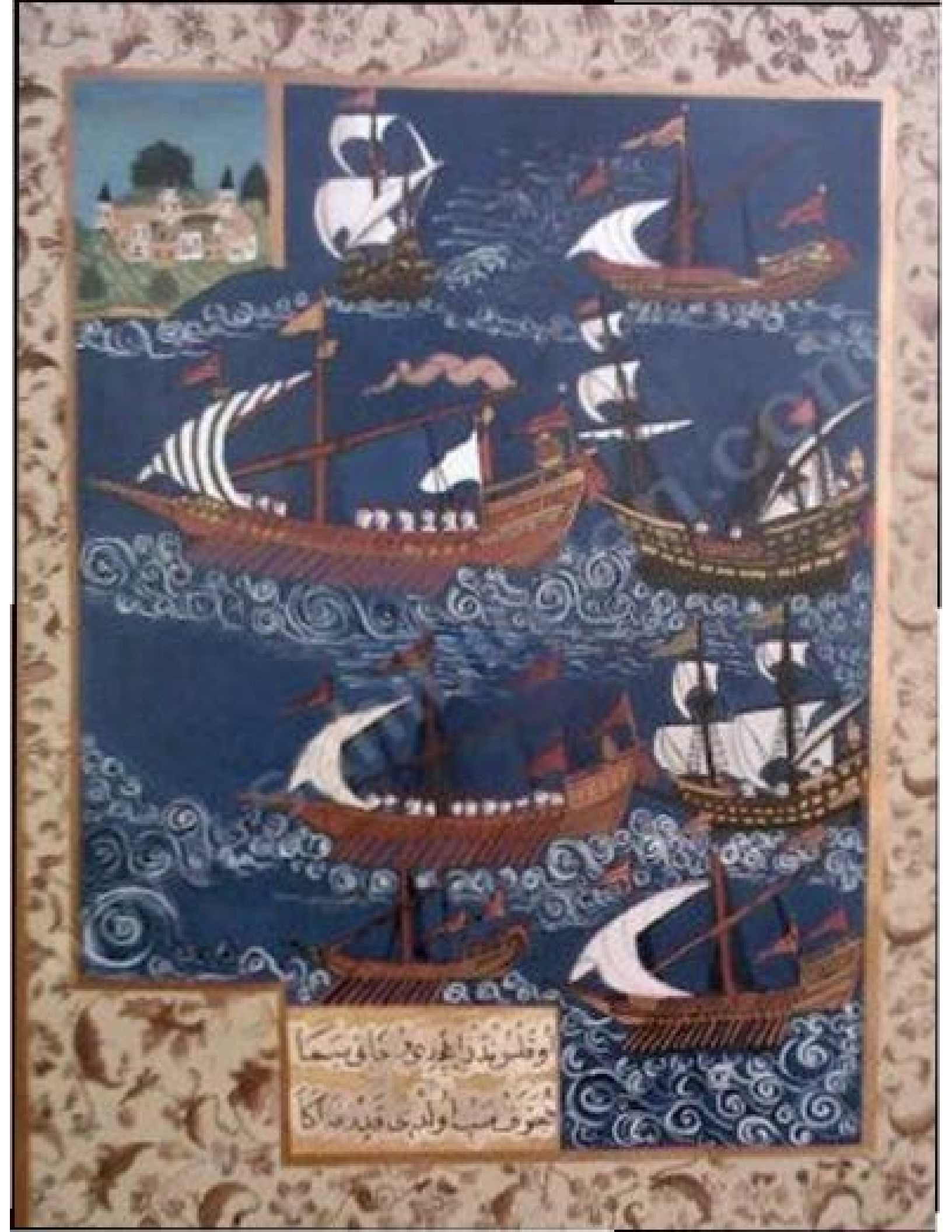






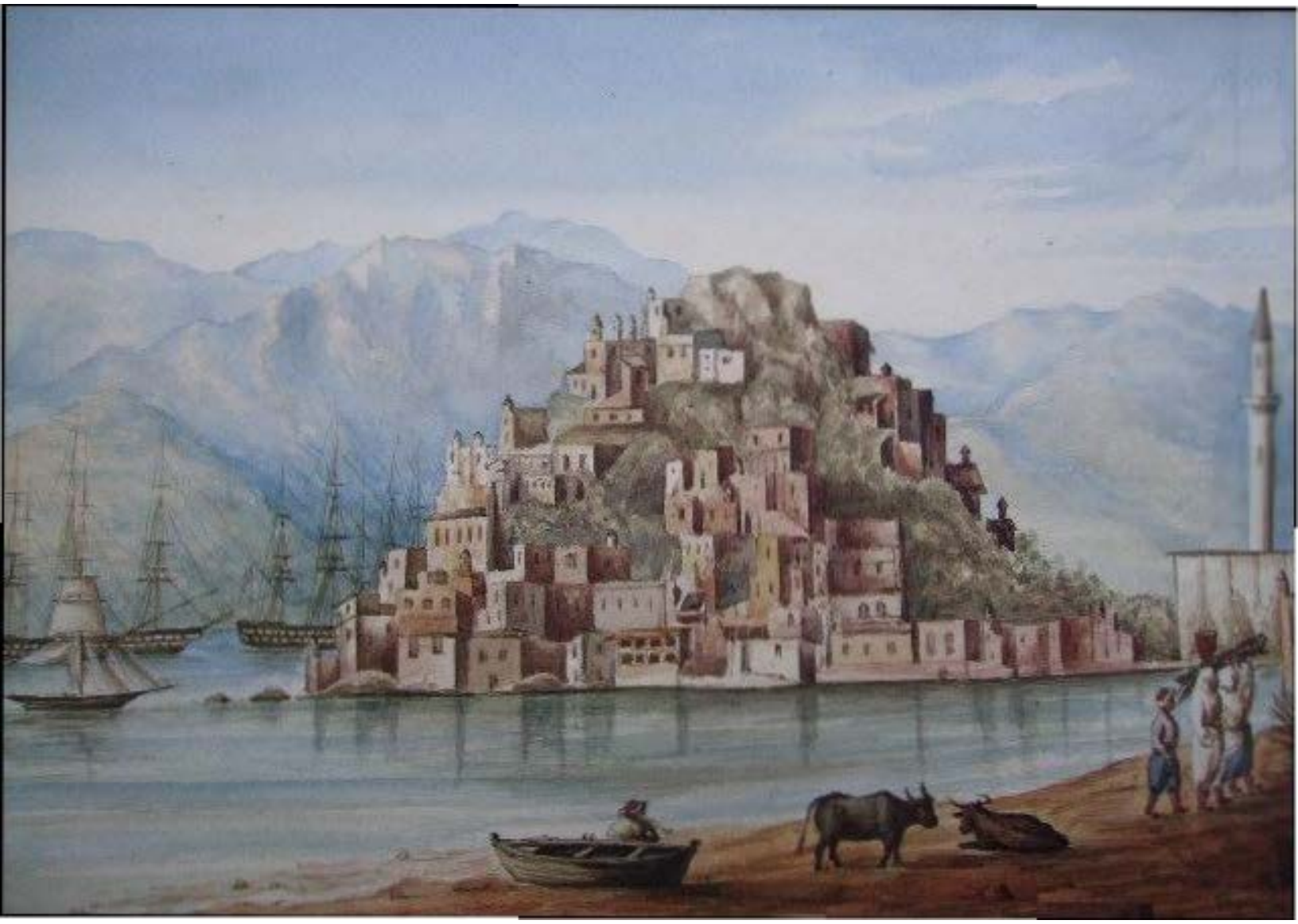



Prospect von Belgrad
Tomasovitz
Etska
Begi Flus
Martini
za
Betskeret
Theys Flus
Sablia
Or
Churuk
Paraga
M

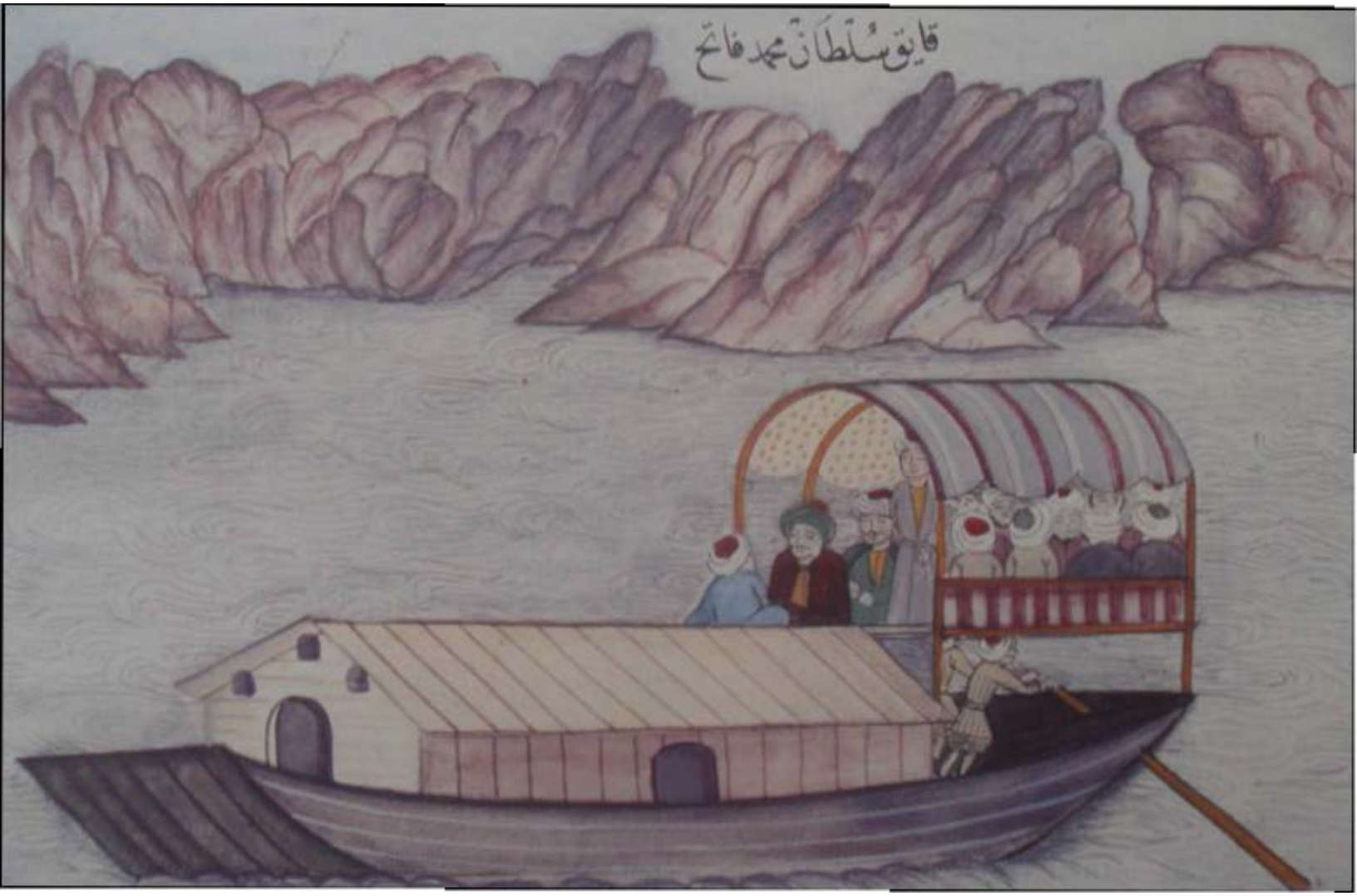



SCALANOVA

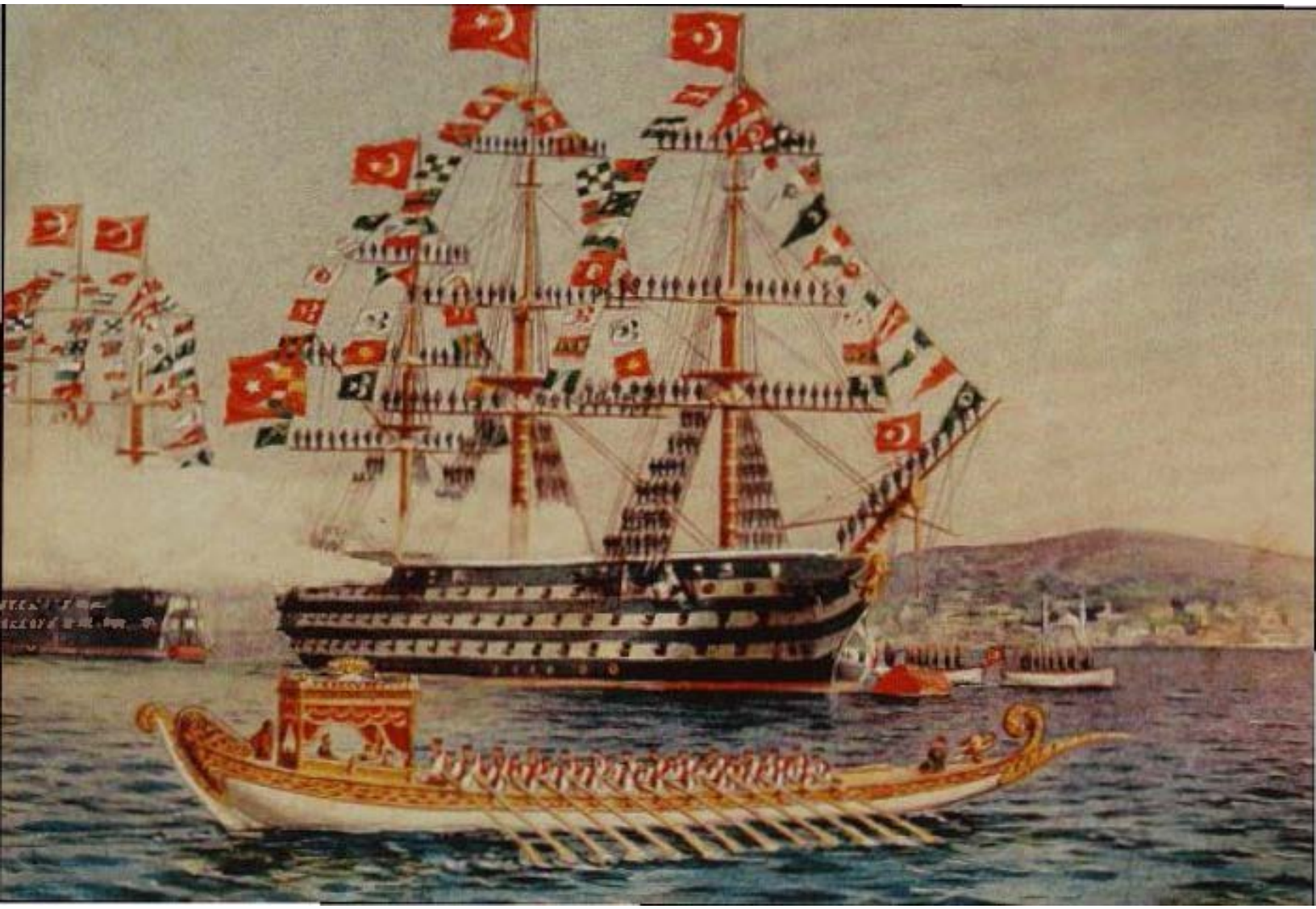

CONSTANTINOPLE - L'Arsénal






قایق سلطان محمد فاتح

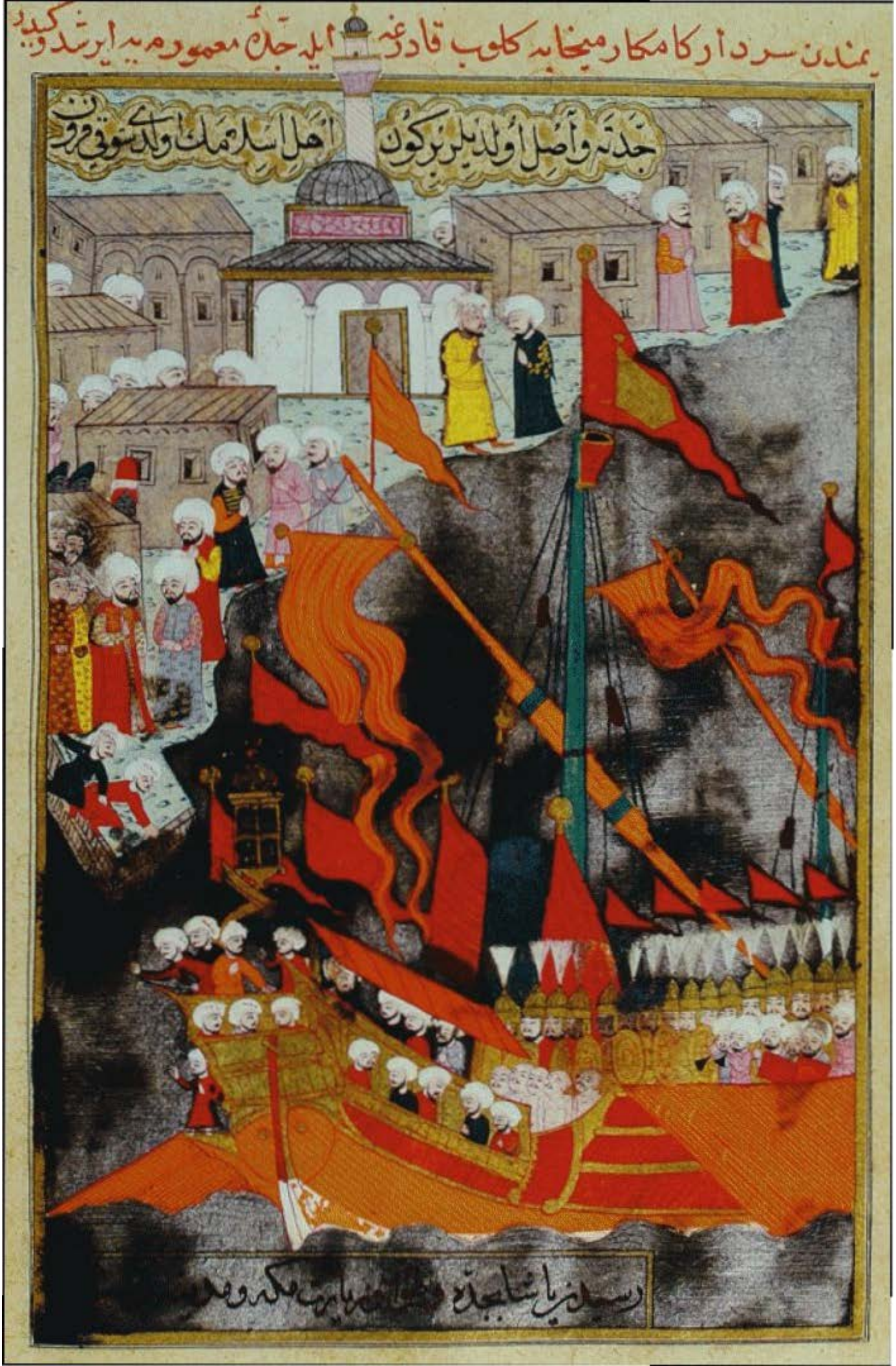




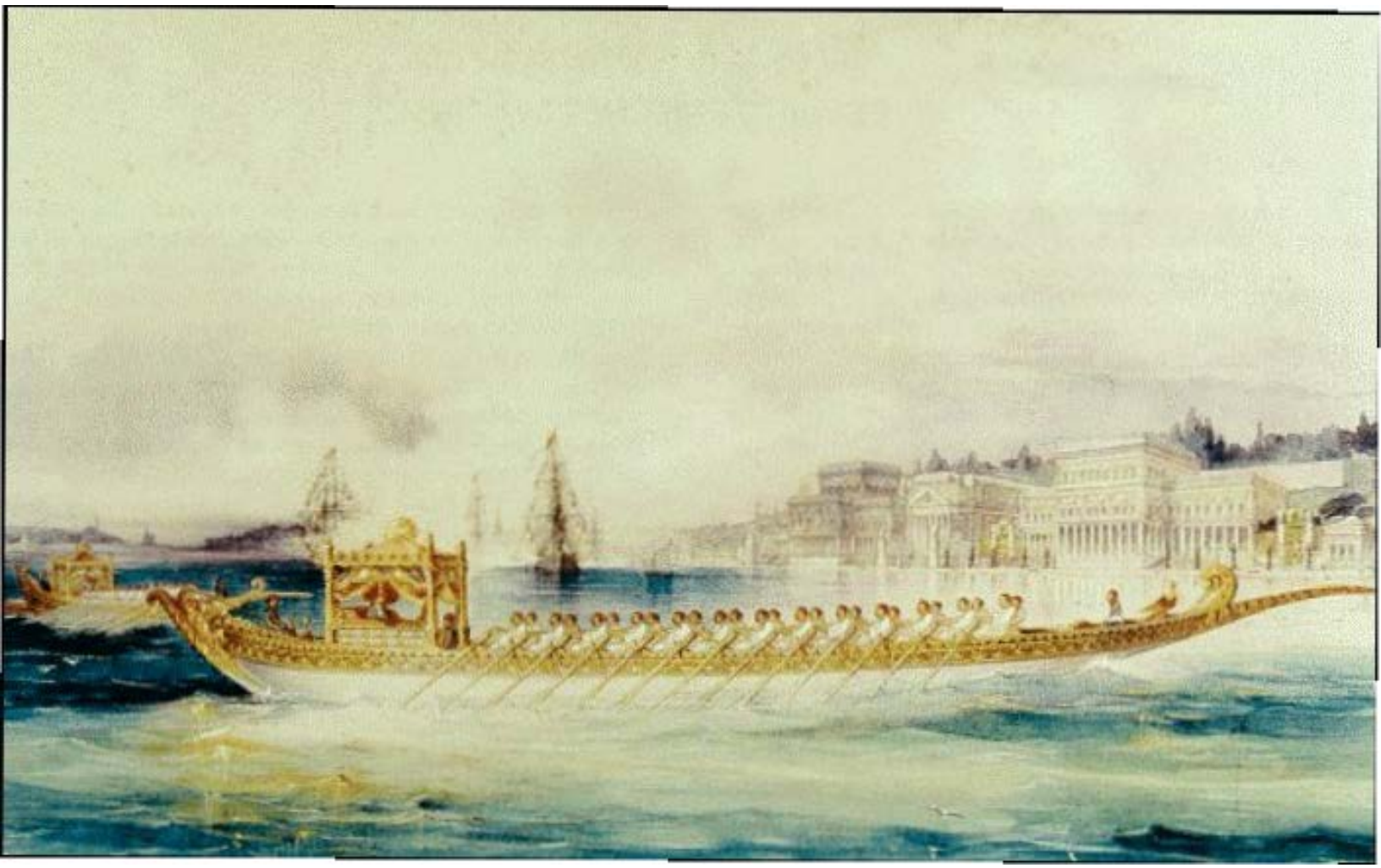


SCUTARI FROM ABOVE THE NEW PALACE OF BESHIK-TASH.

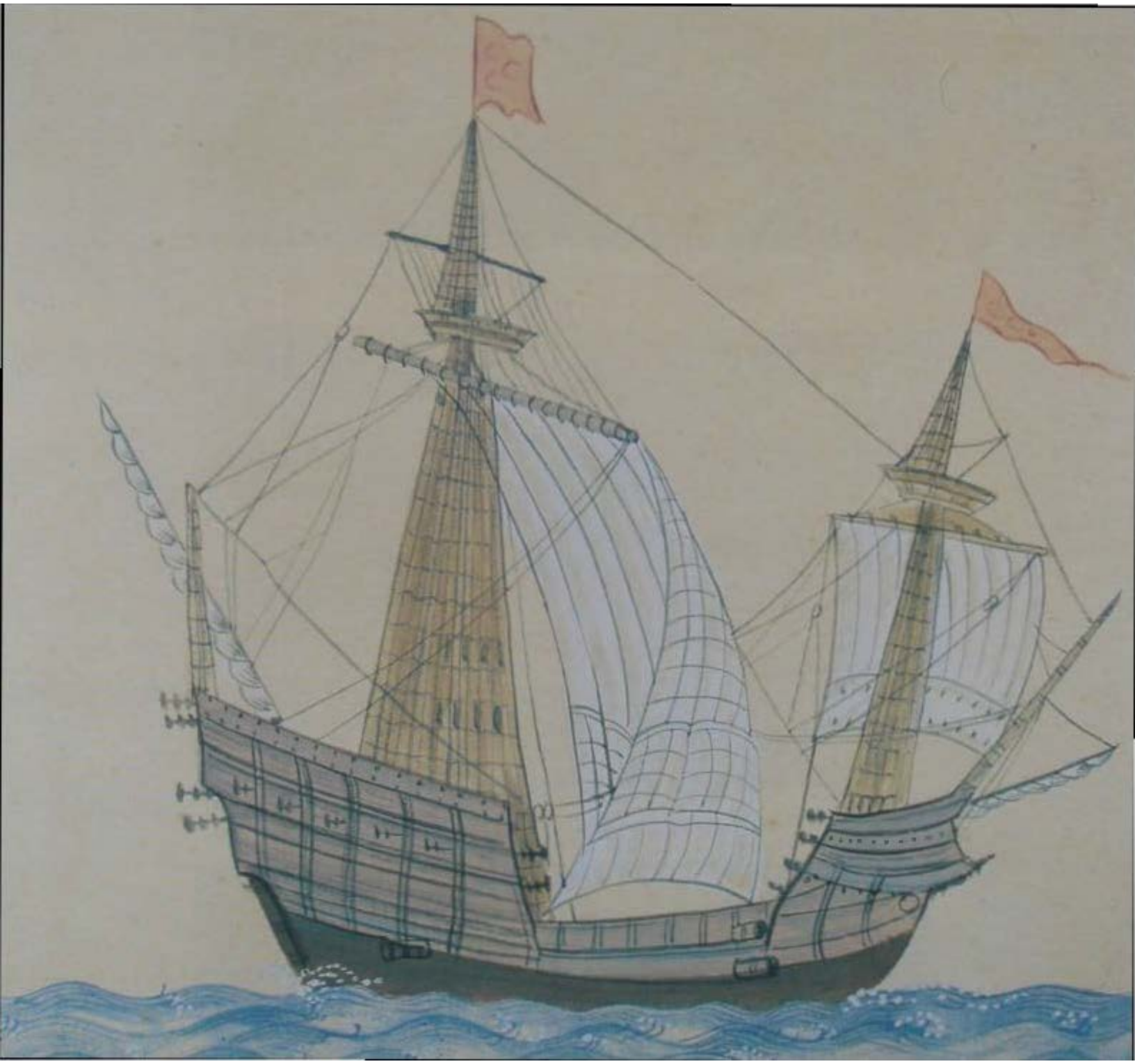



يمندن سرد ارکامکار میخابه کلوب قادرغه ایله حلّ معموده ایرشدوکیدر
جدته وأصل اولدیلر برکون اهل اسلامبولك اولدکسوقی وروب
رسیدن یاشلبجده

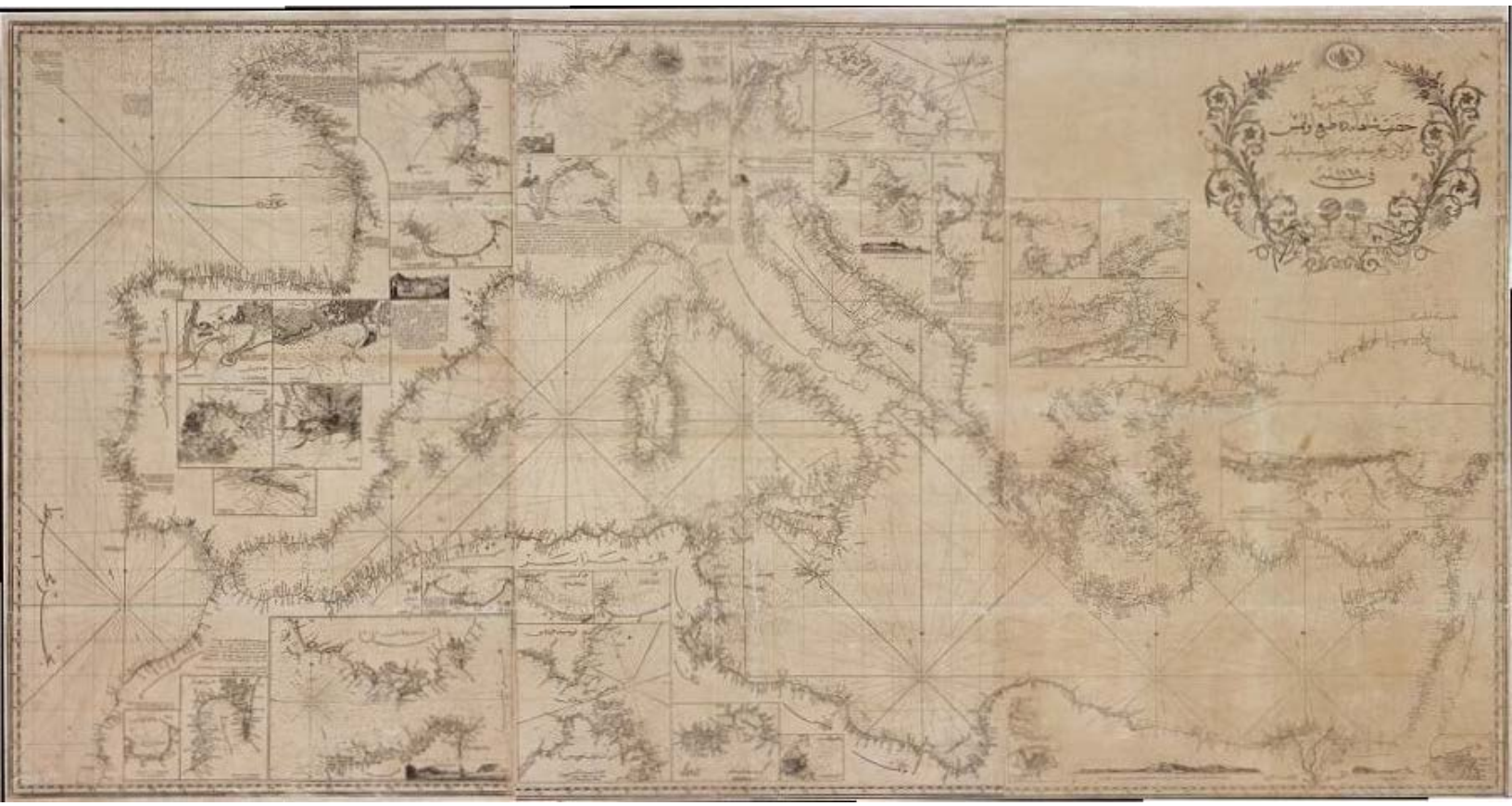

L'EMPIRE DES TURCS, en EUROPE, en ASIE, et en AFRIQUE.
MER NOIRE autrement MER MAIOU et autrefois PONT EUXIN
MER CASPIENNE
MER MEDITERRANÉE
MER DE LEVANT
CIRCASSIE
GEORGIE
ANATOLIE
ARMENIE
DIARBECH
MESOPOTAMIE
ARABIE DESERTE
ARABIE PETREE
ARABIE HEVREVSE
PERSE
ROYAV DE
EGIPTE
BARBARIE
BILEDVLGERID
PARTIE DAFRIQVE
NVBIE
ETHIOPIE
NIGRITIE
ZAARA
MER D'ALGER
PARTIE DV BILEDVLGERID

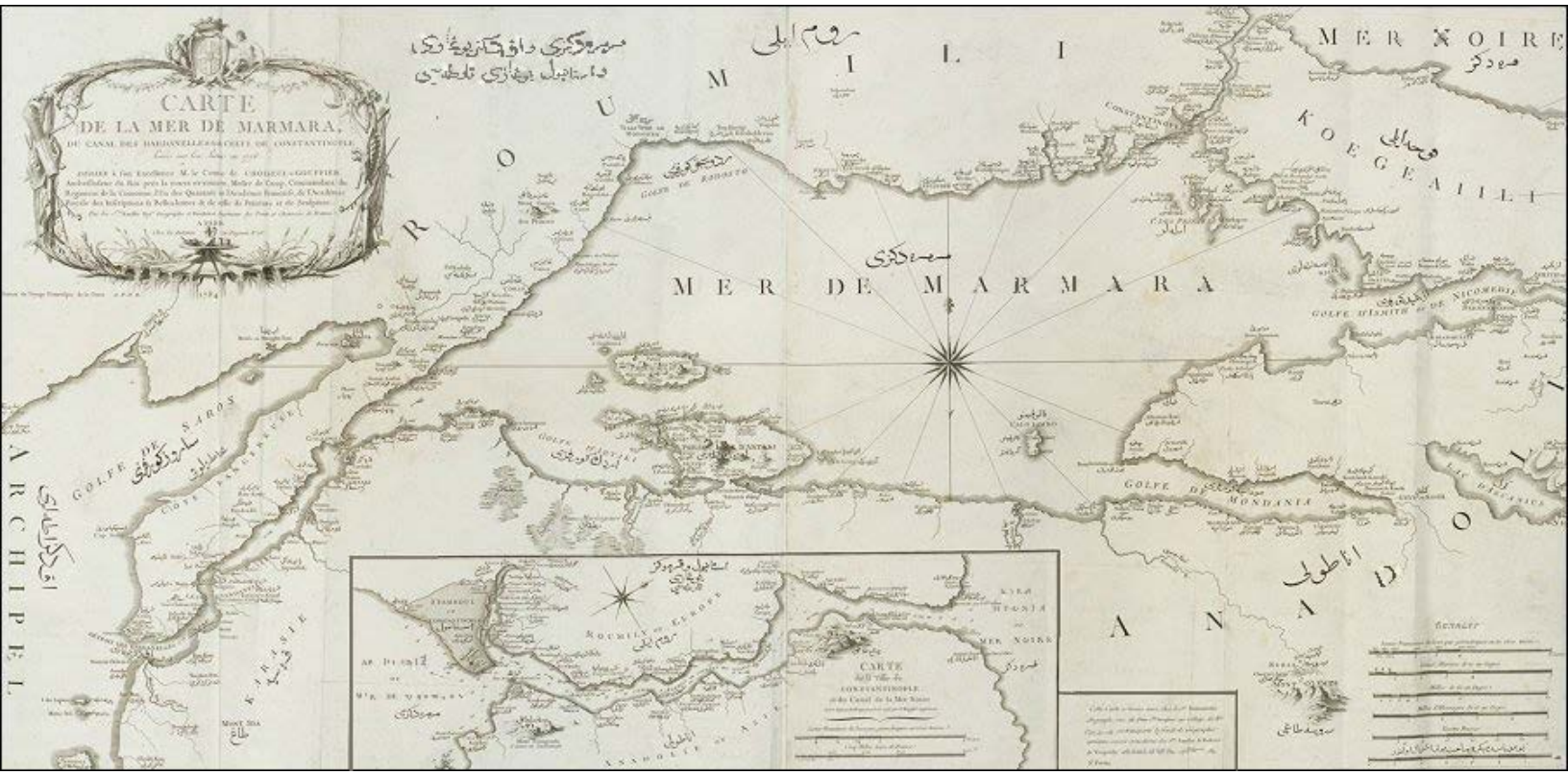











CARTE
DE LA MER DE MARMARA,
MER DE MARMARA
MER NOIRE
GOLFE DE NICOMEDIE
GOLFE DE MONDANIA
GOLFE DE SAROS
ARCHIPEL
ANADOLI
CARTE
de la Ville de
CONSTANTINOPLE
et du Canal de la Mer Noire

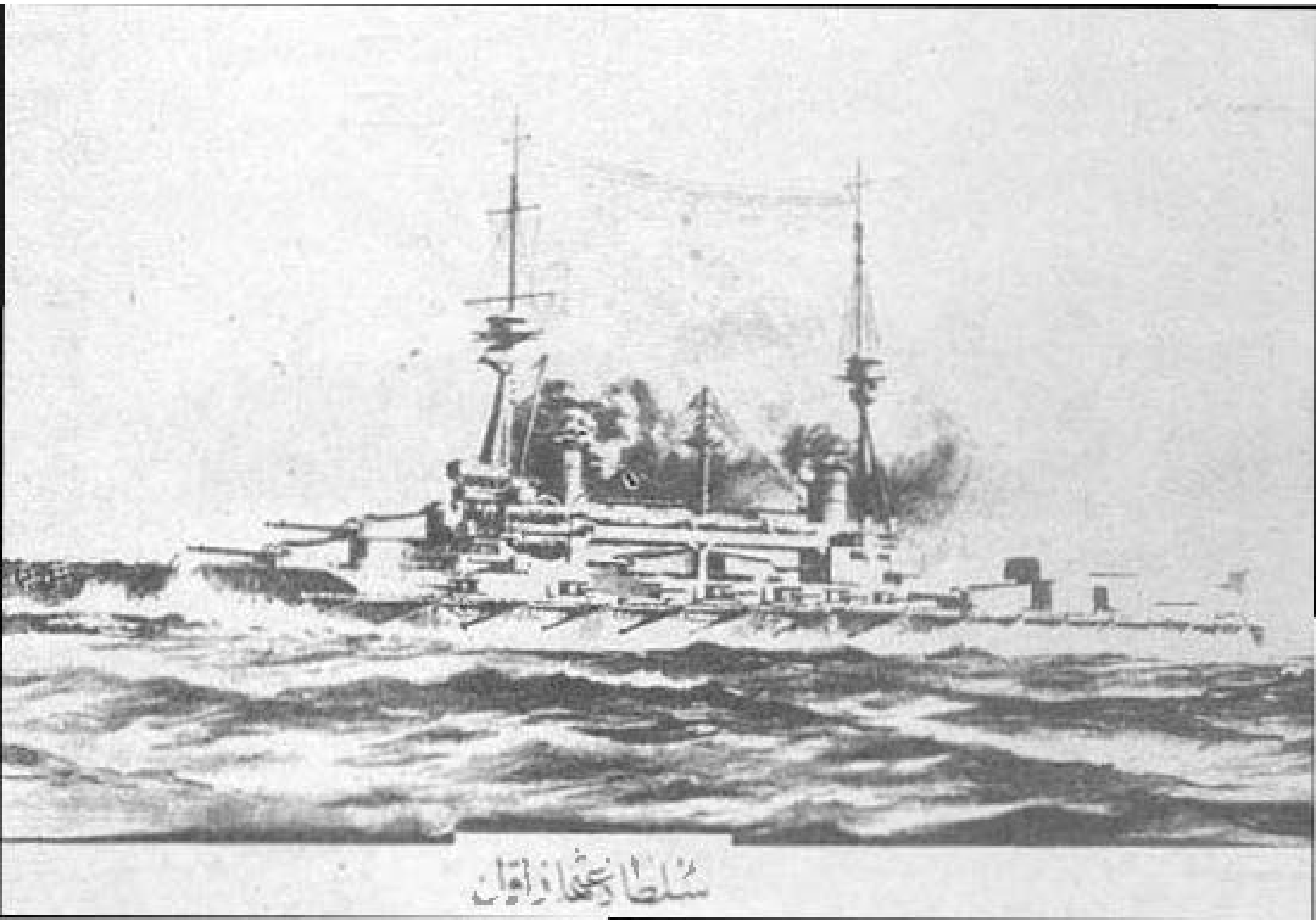


87. Vue du Pointe de Seraïl.

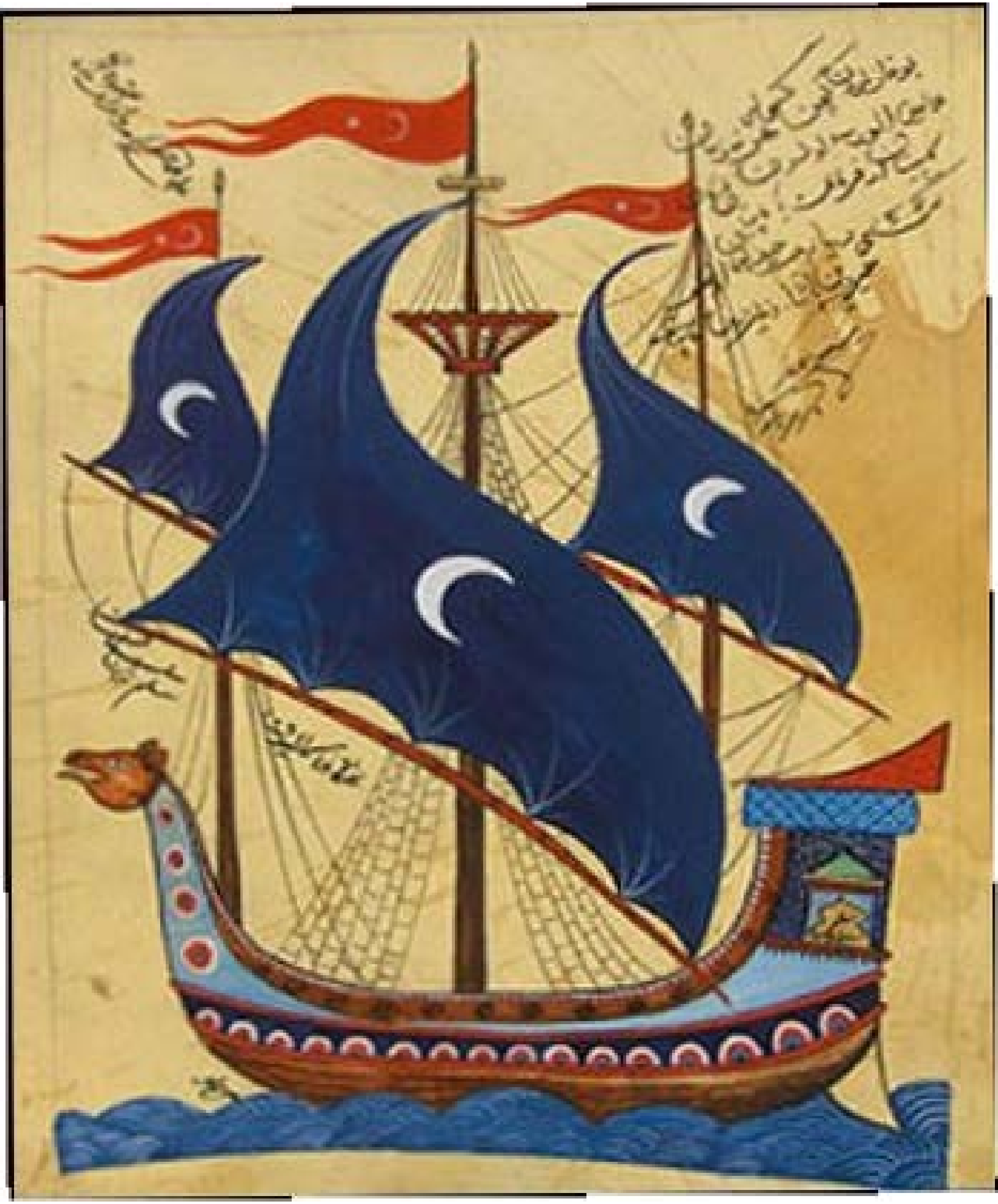
Editeur Georges Papantoine, Constantinople



BURNING OF THE OLD SERAGLIO, CONSTANTINOPLE.—SEE PAGE 251.



سلطان عثمان اول



Société Immobilière Ottomane de Constantinople

Société Anonyme Ottomane

Constituée en date du 12/25 Afal 1330/1914 conformément aux Statuts approuvés par le Ministre du Commerce et de l'Agriculture.

Capital Social : six cent mille Livres Turques

divisé en 120 000 actions de 5 Livres Turques chacune

Siège social à Constantinople

Part de Fondateur au Porteur

N° 13341

Le porteur du présent Titre a droit à la vingt-millième partie des droits et avantages attribués à ces Parts, conformément aux articles 37, 40 et 46 des Statuts.

Constantinople, *le 30 Juin 1914.*

UN ADMINISTRATEUR.




CHOCOLAT D'AIGUEBELLE
CORSAIRE MAURESQUE
BAB' AROUDJ



DER BOSPORUS

Aus d. Kunstanst. d. Bibliogr. Instituts in Hildb.

Eigenthum der Verleger



THE GOLDEN HORN, FROM THE CEMETERY OF EYOUB.

London, Published for the Proprietors by Geo. Virtue, 26 Ivy Lane, 1838.



Der NEUE PALLAST des SULTANS
in
DOLMABGHDSCHE AM BOSPORUS

Aus d. Kunstanst. d. Hist. Inst. in Hildburgh.

Lithographie d. Verfassers



CONSTANTINOPEL

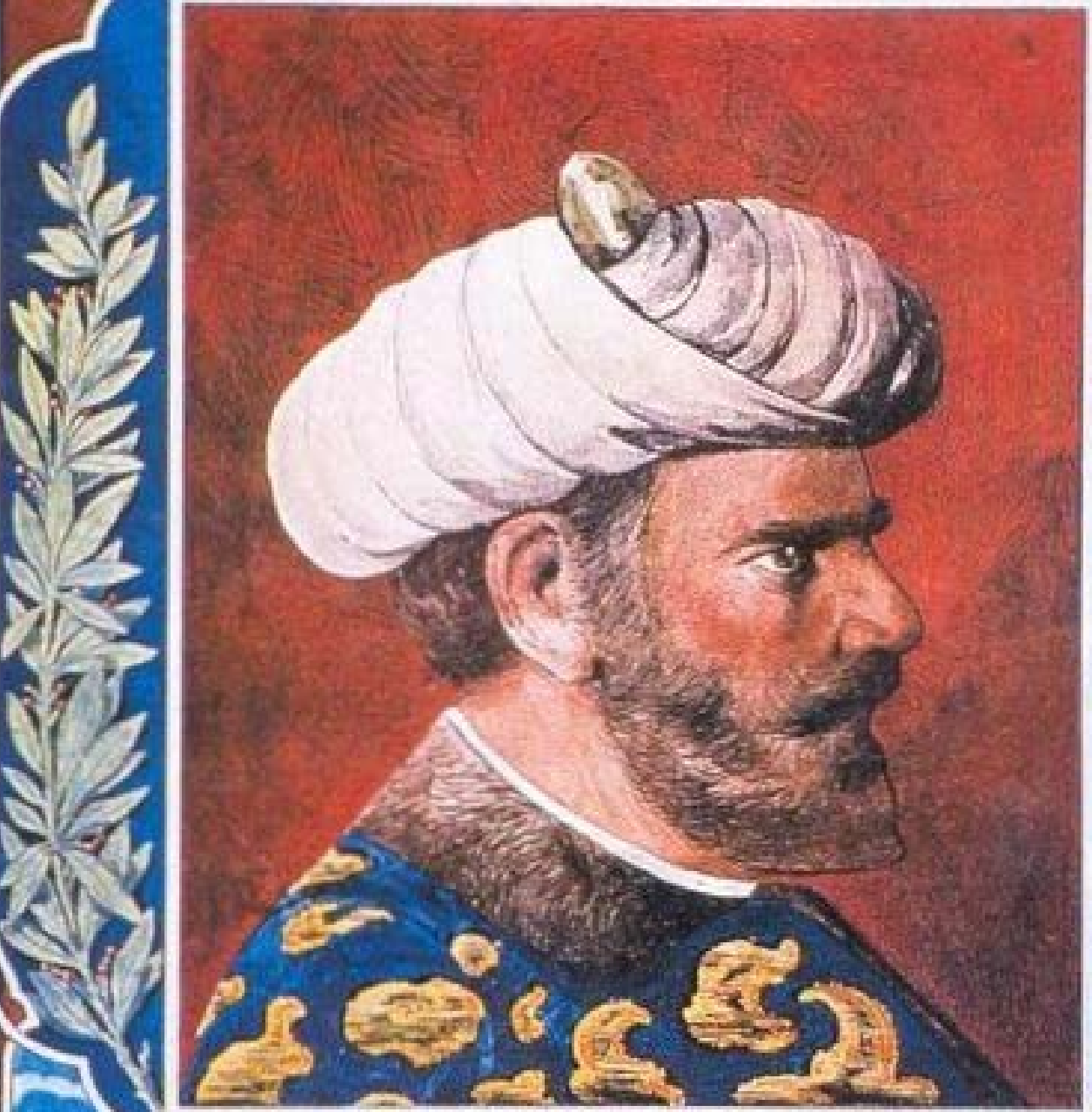
Philadelphia: N. A. Bibliographic Institution.



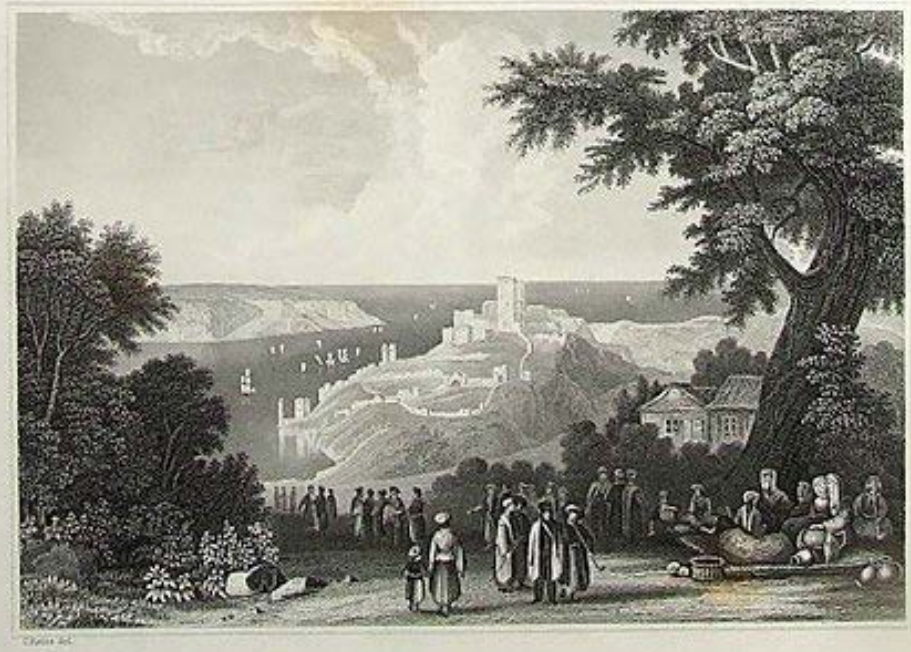


Sommerpallast von Beschiktasch

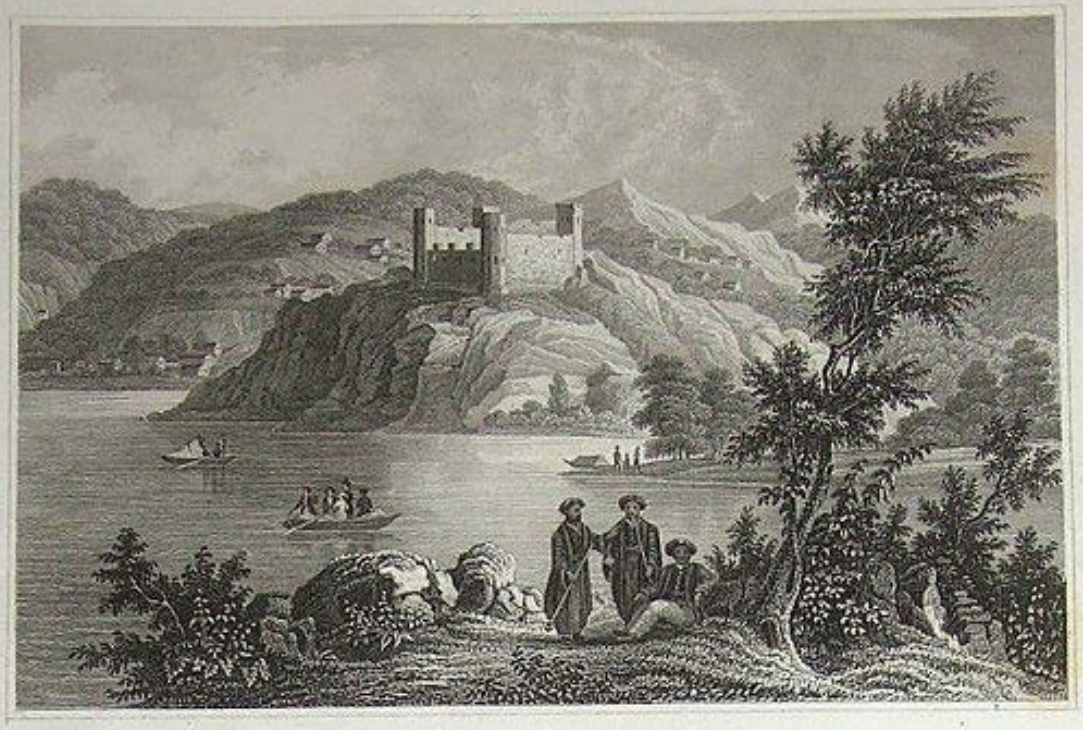
رسملی کتاب



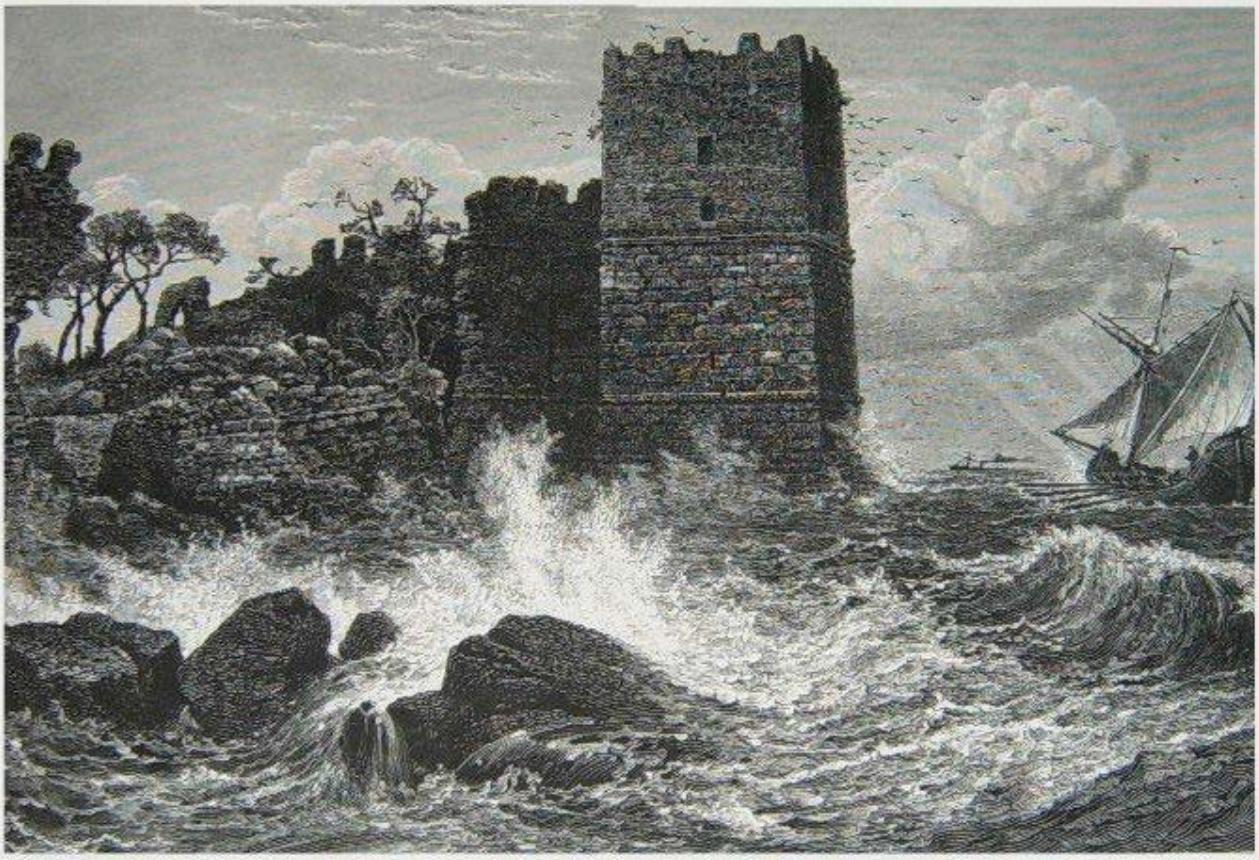
باربا روس خیر الدین پاشا
BARBEROUSSE KHAÏR-ED-DIN



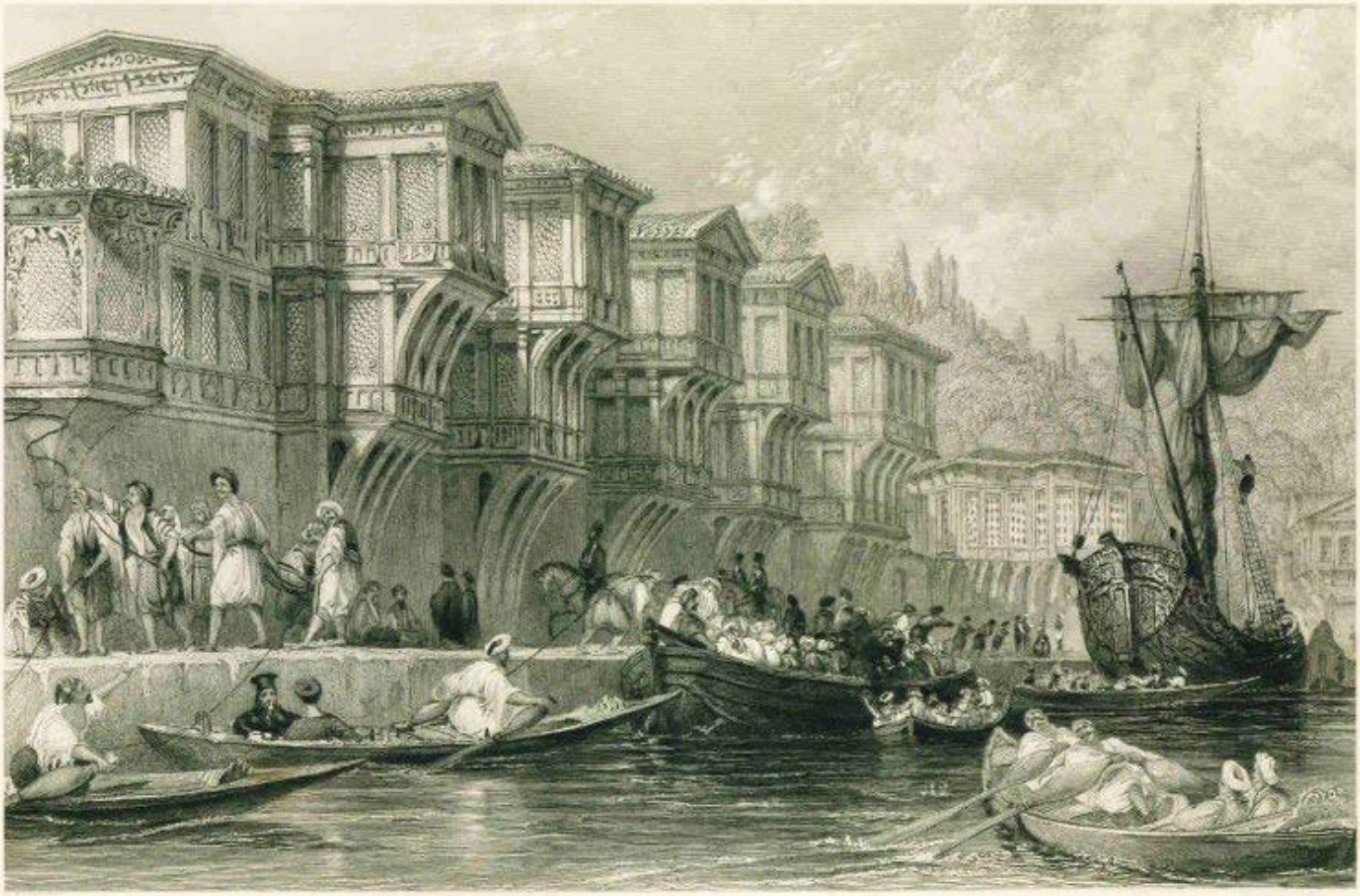
THE BOSPORUS FROM THE EUXINUS

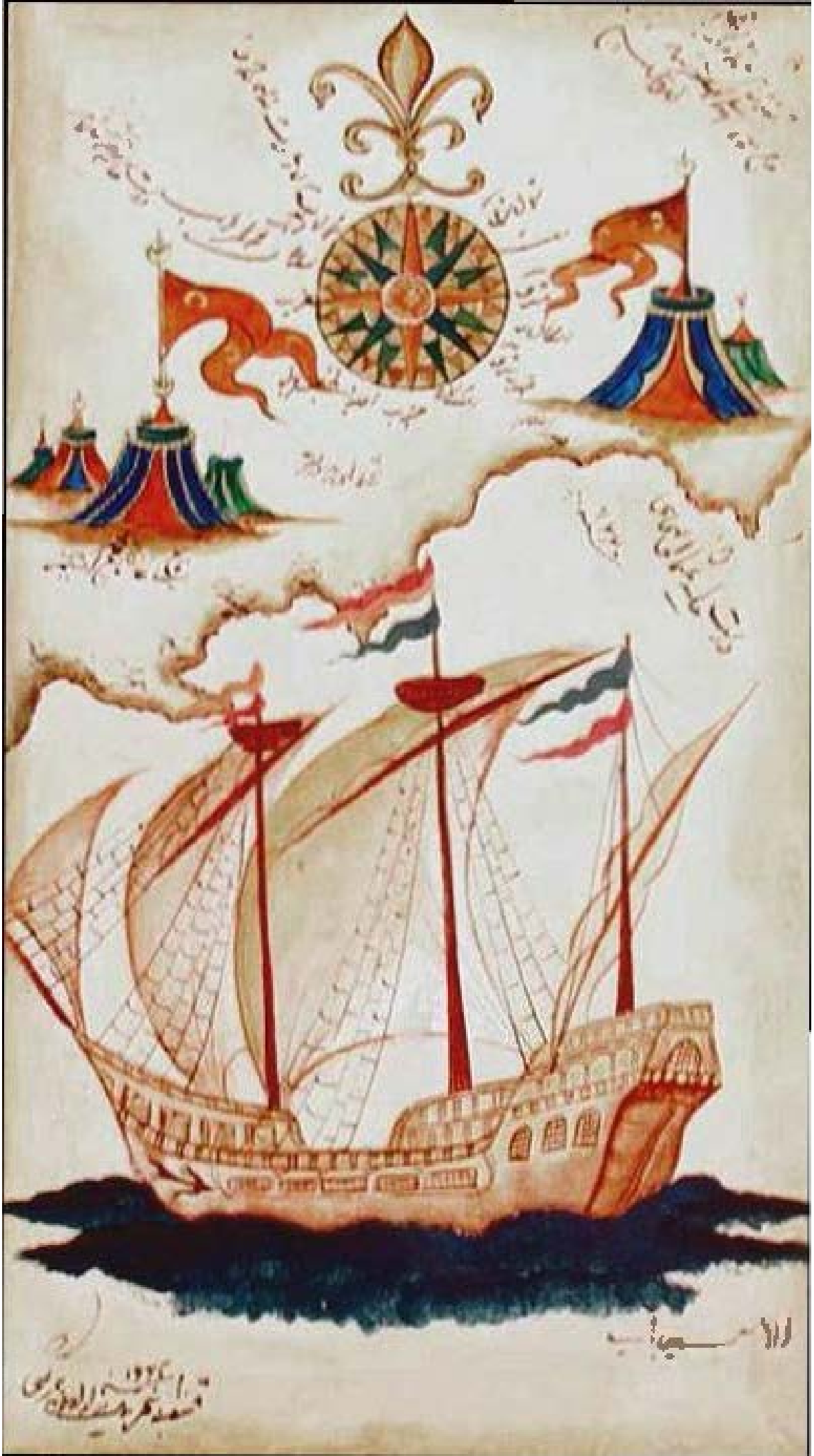


ROMA IN DER TÜRKEY



MERMER KALI, ON THE SEA OF MARMORA, CONSTANTINOPLE.

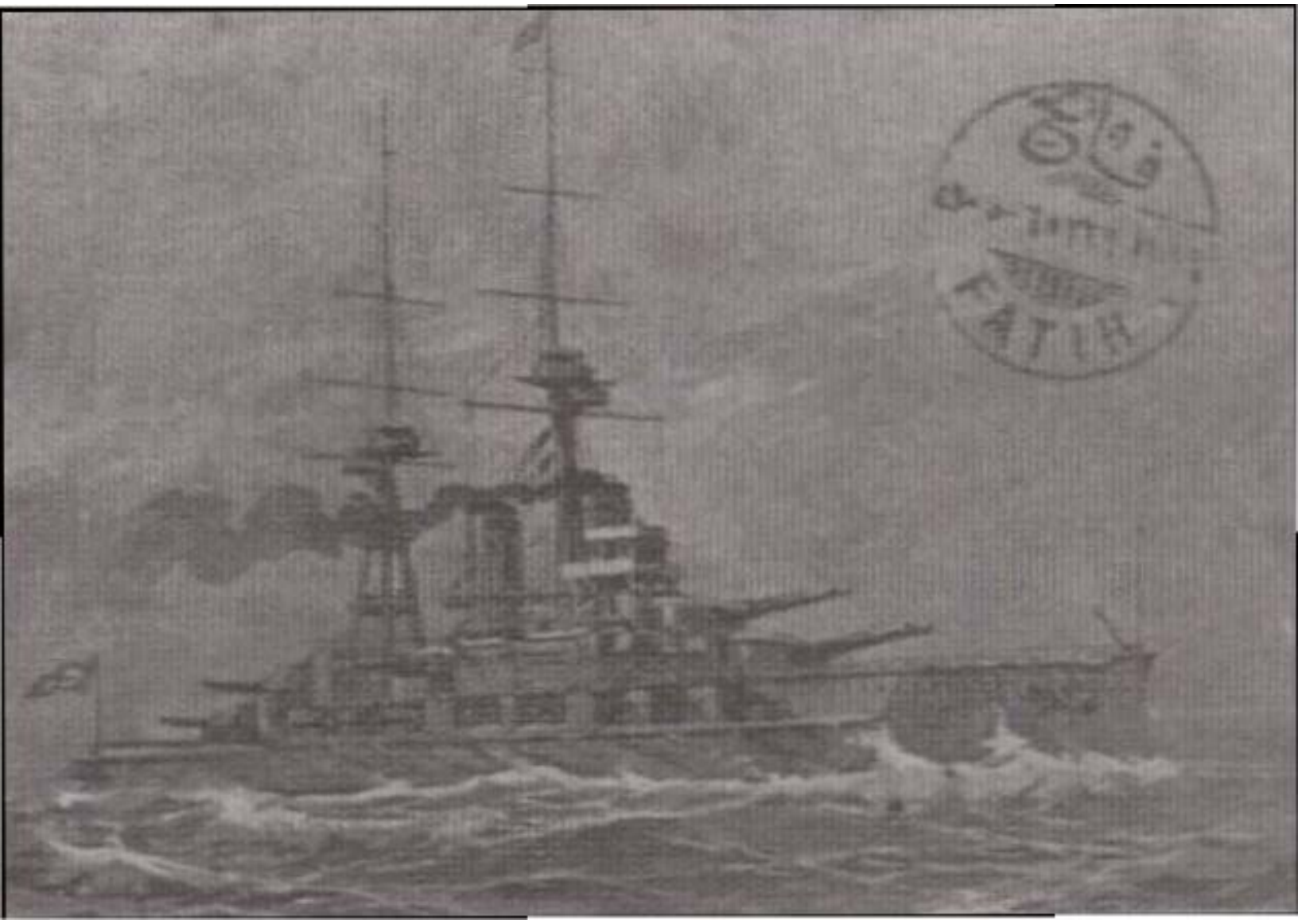






View of a TURKISH MOSQUE *on the river* PENEUS, *with a distant prospect of the City of* LARISSA.

Ronillah et Mouth-Jafer.



جهاد اکبر







شركت خيريه جديديه

Mahsulât-i Bahriyye-i Osmâniyye

SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME OTTOMANE PRIVILÉGIÉE DE NAVIGATION À VAPEUR

TITRE de UNE ACTION AU PORTEUR

N° 0002380

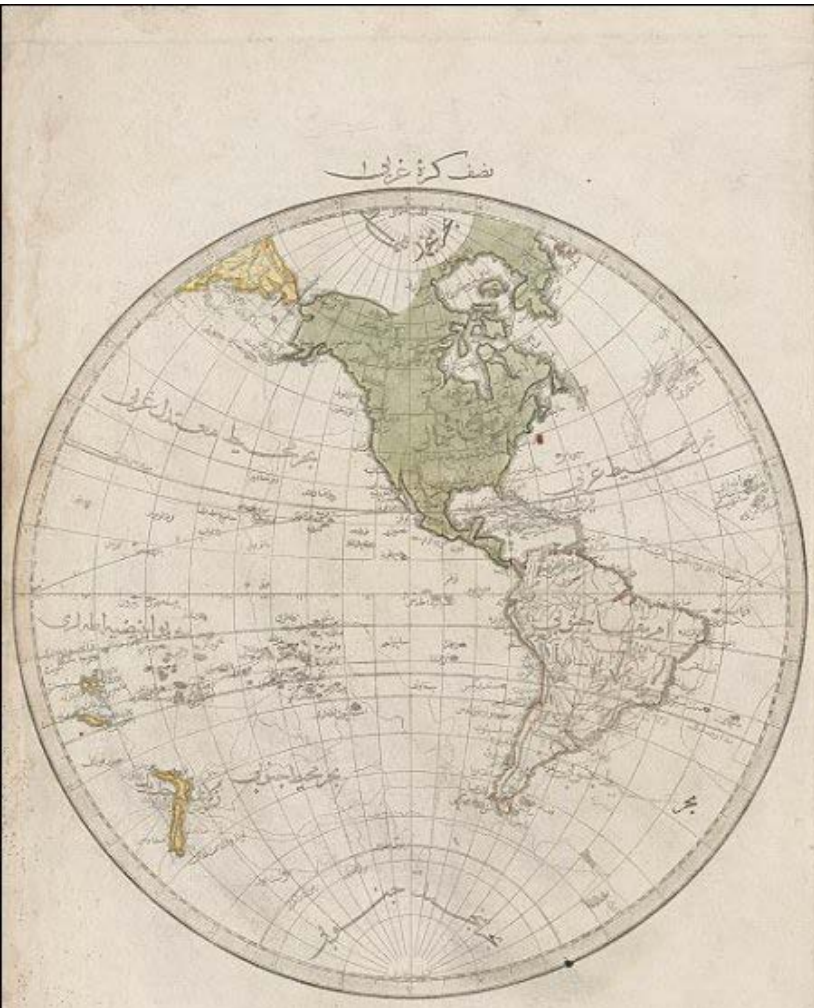

ماوراء النهر اسماوی
اولدوغی ملکلرك وقراءی
دراسبك رحمیدر

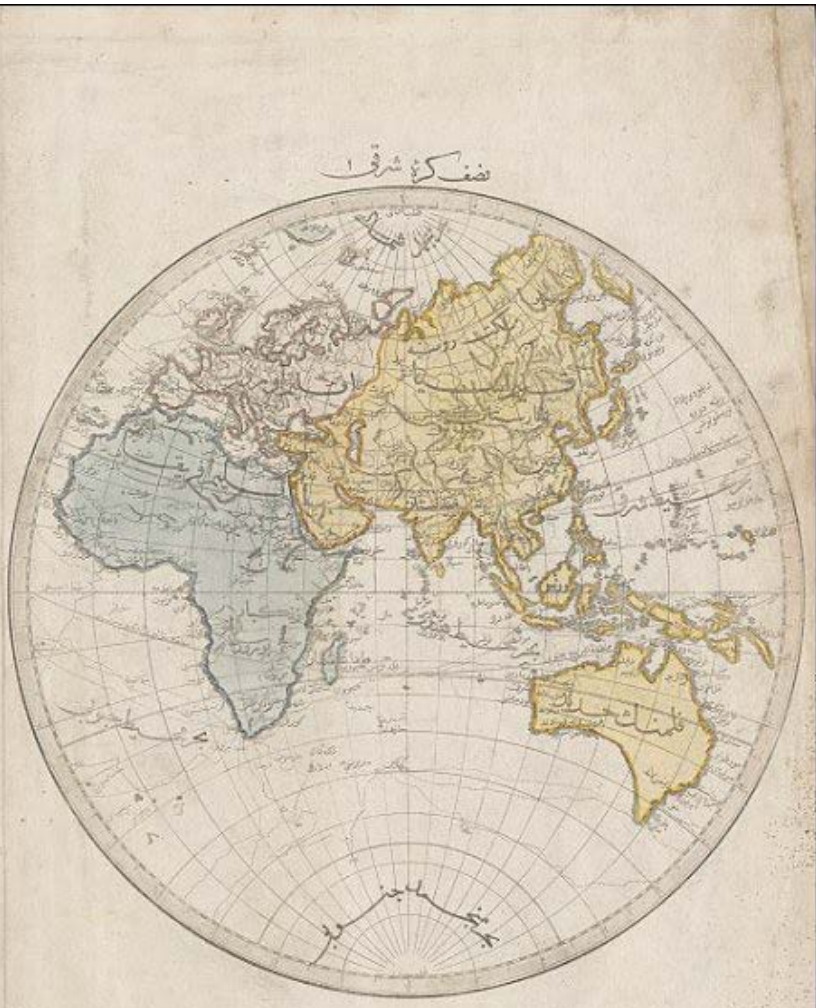


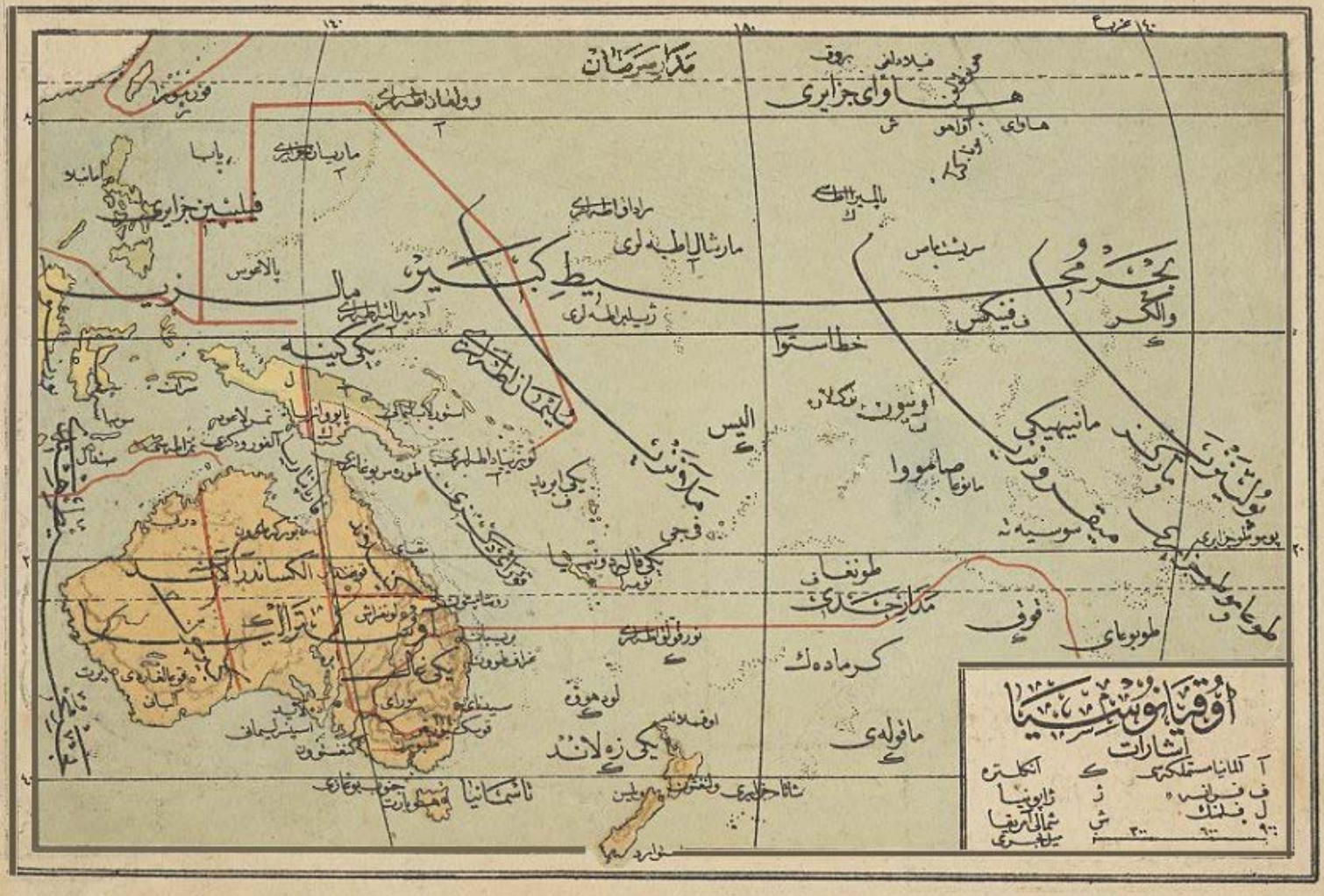



امریقا
بحر محیط شمالی معتدل
امریقا شمالی
بحر محیط غربی
بحر محیط عربی
خط استوا
امریقا جنوبی
برازیل
پرو
بحر محیط جنوبی
بحر منجمد


شمالی آمریکا
ملایزیا
سنغافورة زیا
بولینزیا
أوقیانوسیا
نیوزیلاندة
أوقیانوسیا


نصف كرة غربي


نصف كرة شرقي

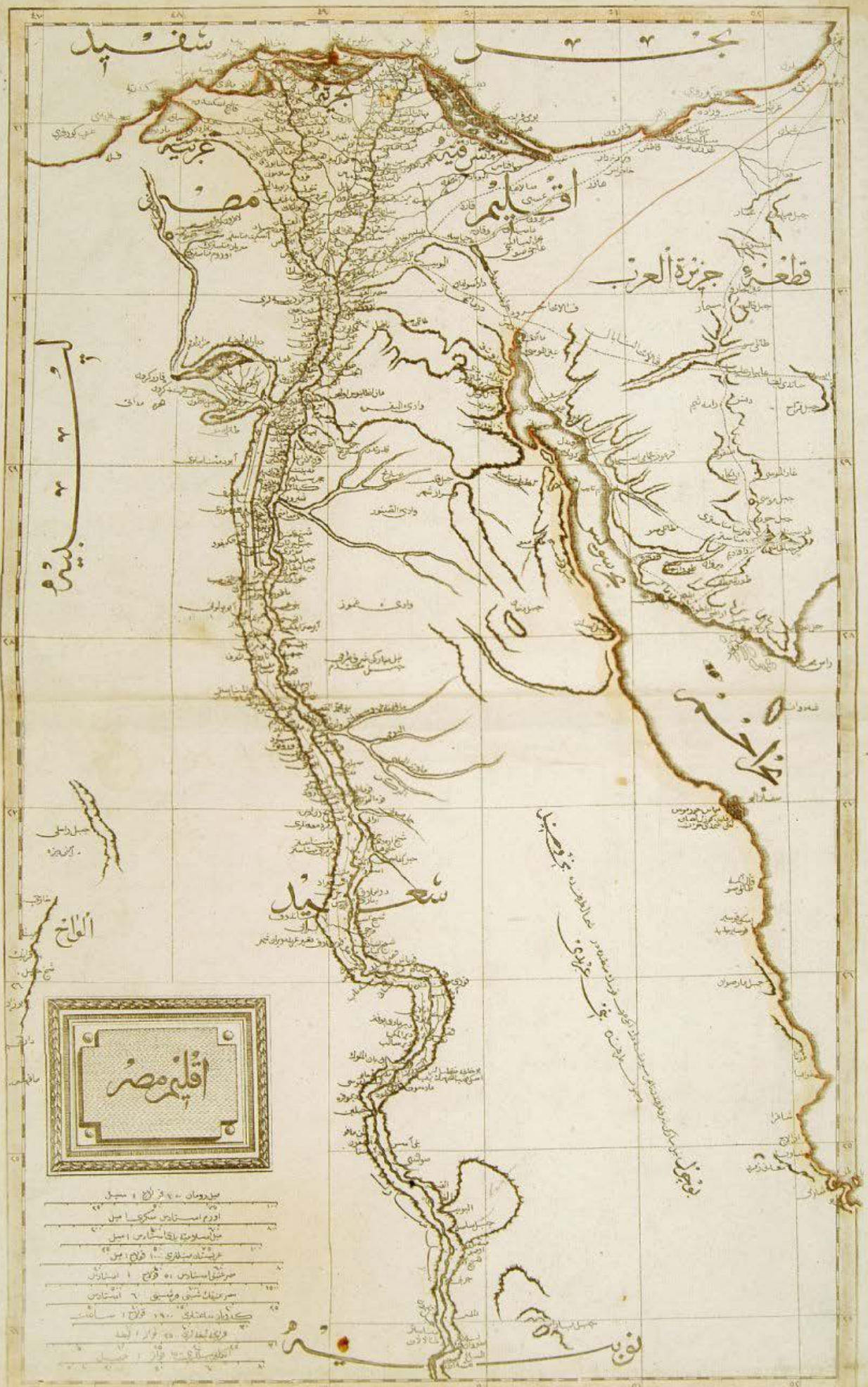

مدار سرطان
هاوای جزایری
فیلیپین جزایری
بحر محیط کبیر
بحر الکاهل
خط استوا
مدار جدی
اوقیانوسیه
اشارات
آ آلمانیا مستملکه‌سی
ف فرانسه
ل فلمنک
ک انکلتره
ژ ژاپونیا
ش شمالی امریقا
میل انجلیزی

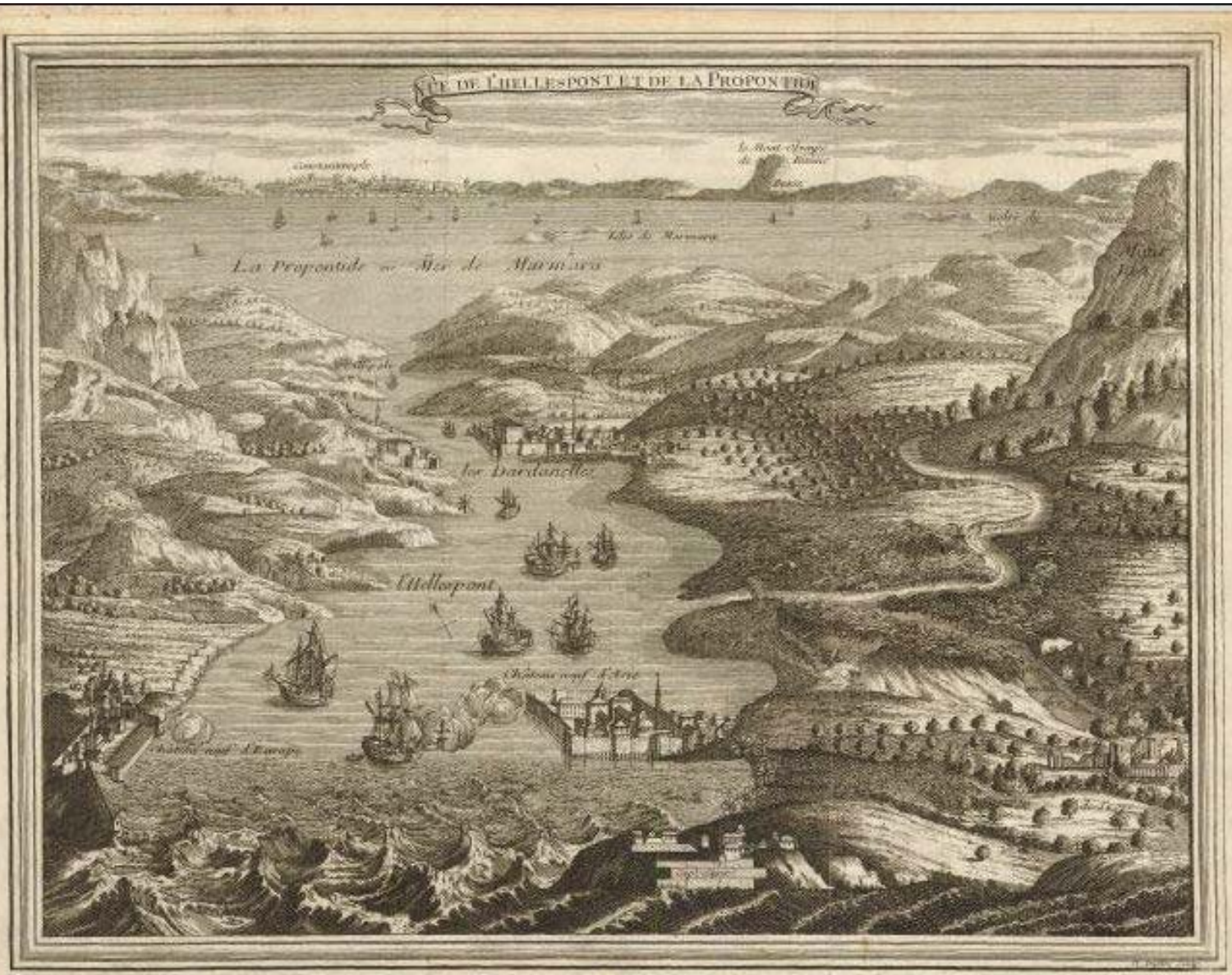

اوسترالیا
بحر محیط جنوبی

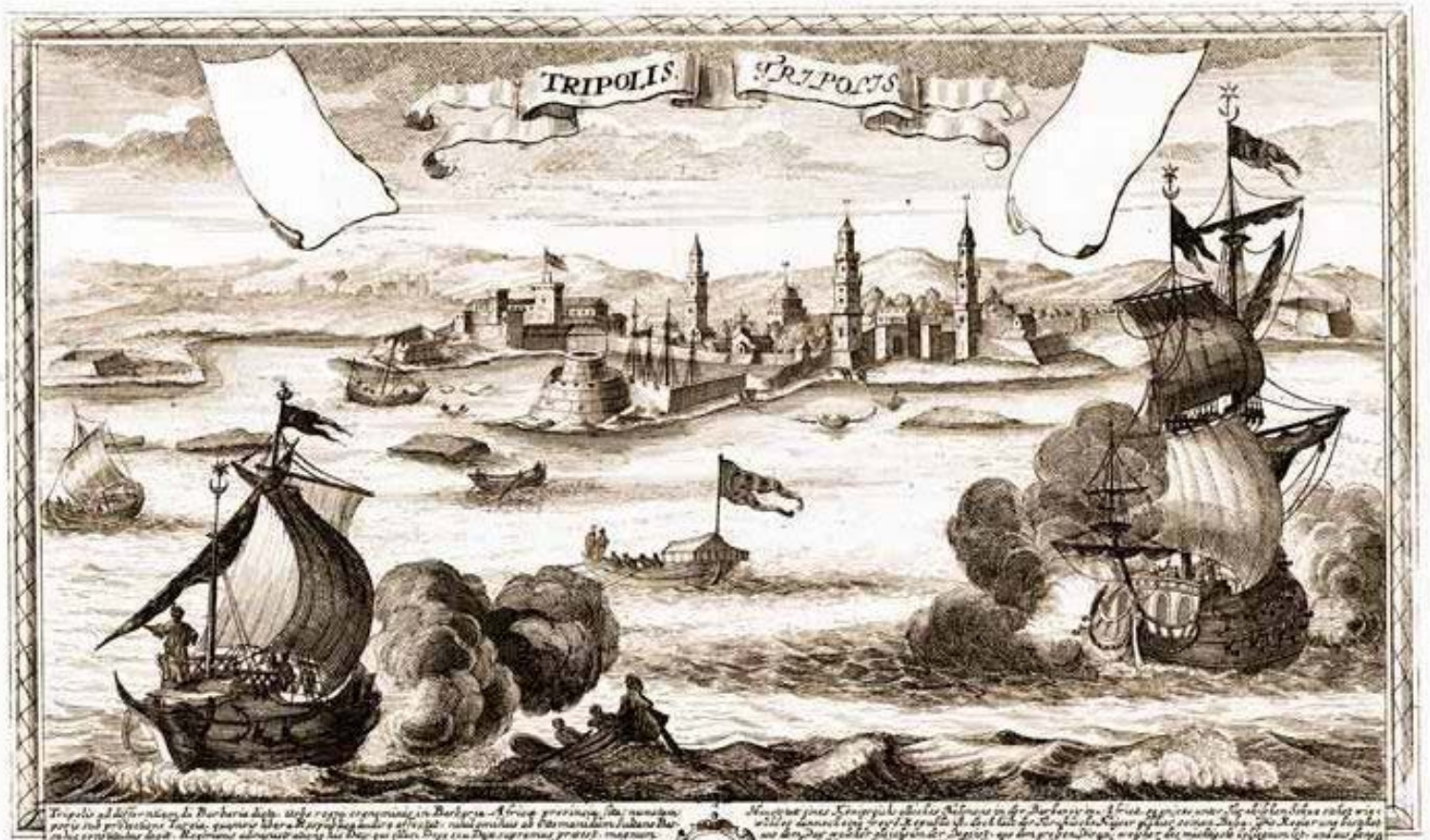

کرهٔ ارض و مابنای مسکونه و معاموره الان در حال بنا
خریطهٔ بسیط رسم شد
واو توز دشمنه دی بره بجند و قوه اده قوق بولدیغی آلهٔ لری واج دفعه سنه بالله
کتدوکی یولاری الوان نکلر ایله اشارت اولنمشدر
بحر منجمد
بحر محیط معتدل
بحر هندستان
فوجولانده
بحر محیط جنوبی


شمالی
اقلیم اوروپا
بحر شمال
بحر بالتیک
بحر سیاہ
بحر سفید
بحر ابیض
افریقہ


بحر شمالی
برابانت
فیلاندریه
حاینو
اوقسمپورغ
شامپانیه


بحر سفيد
جزيرة
عربية
مصر
اقليم
قطعة جزيرة العرب
بحر
الواحات
سعيد
اقليم مصر


DE L'HELLESPONT ET DE LA PROPONTIDE
La Propontide ou Mer de Marmara
les Dardanelles
l'Hellespont


TRIPOLIS.
TRIPOLIS

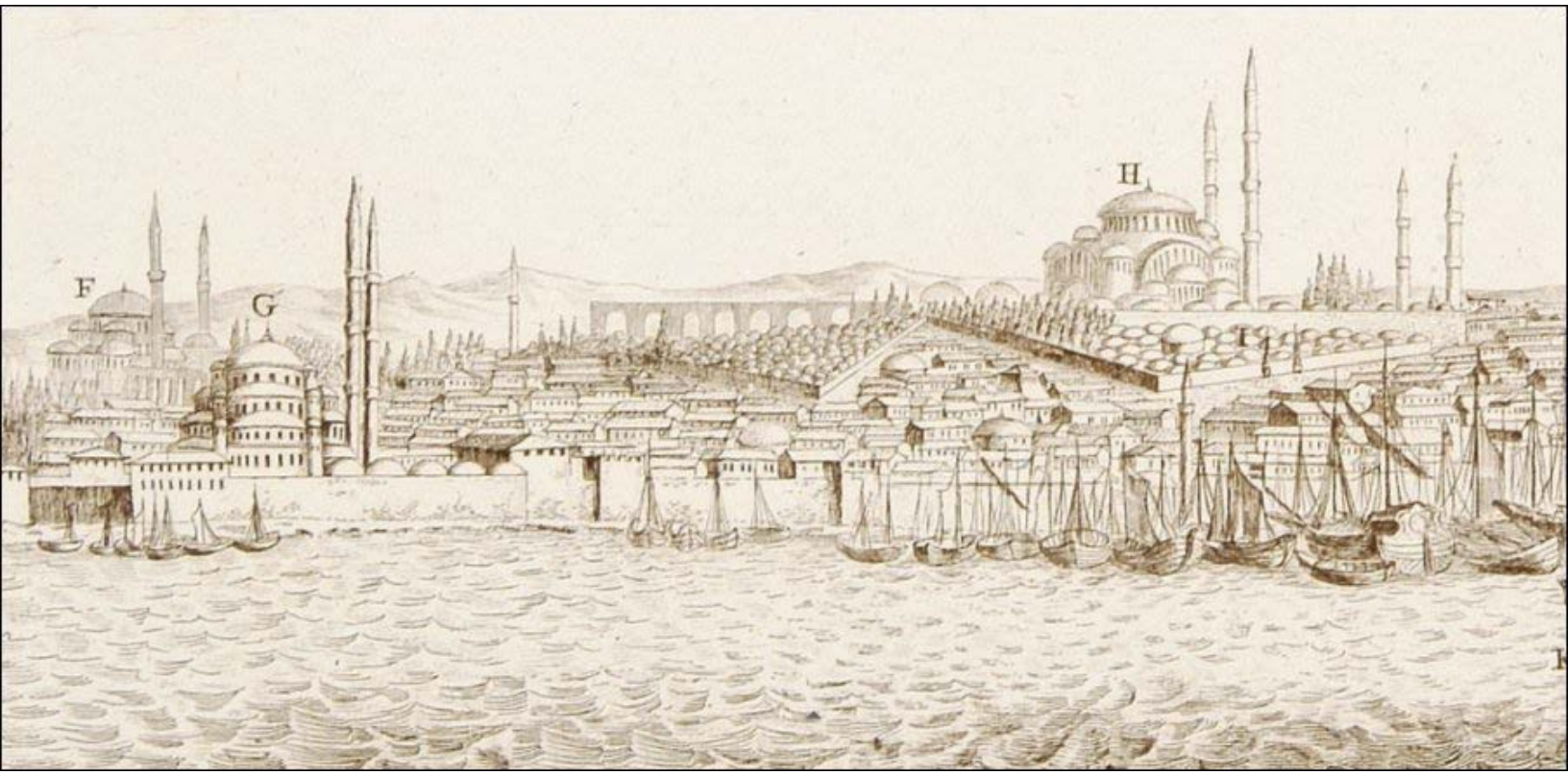


VIEWS IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

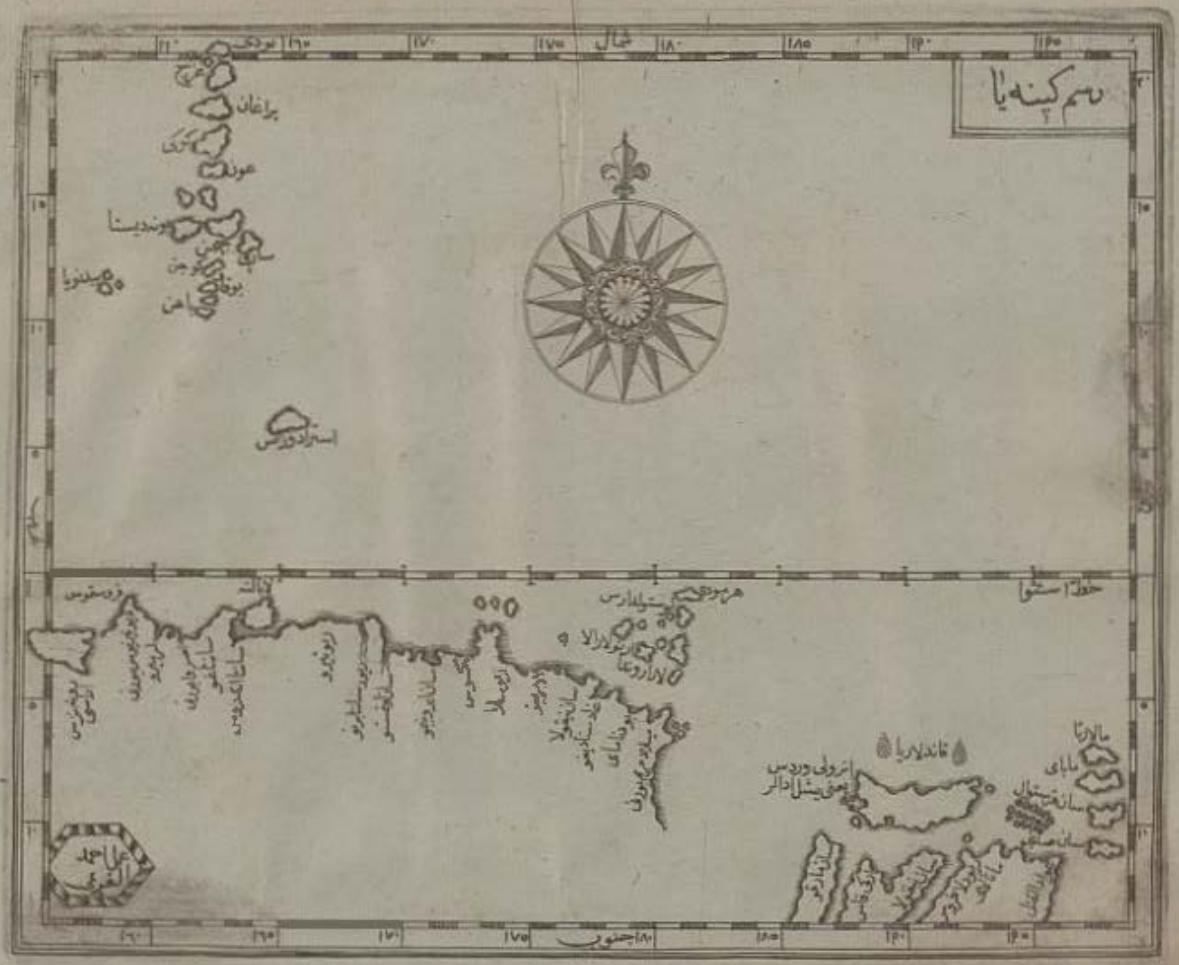
The Golden Horn—The Mosque of Sultan Ahmed—The Seven Towers—Leander's Tower.



VEDUTA DELLA CITTÀ DI COSTANTINOPOLI CON I SUOI SOBORGHI PRESA DA BULGARLÙ DAGHI SOPRA SCUTARI IN AS

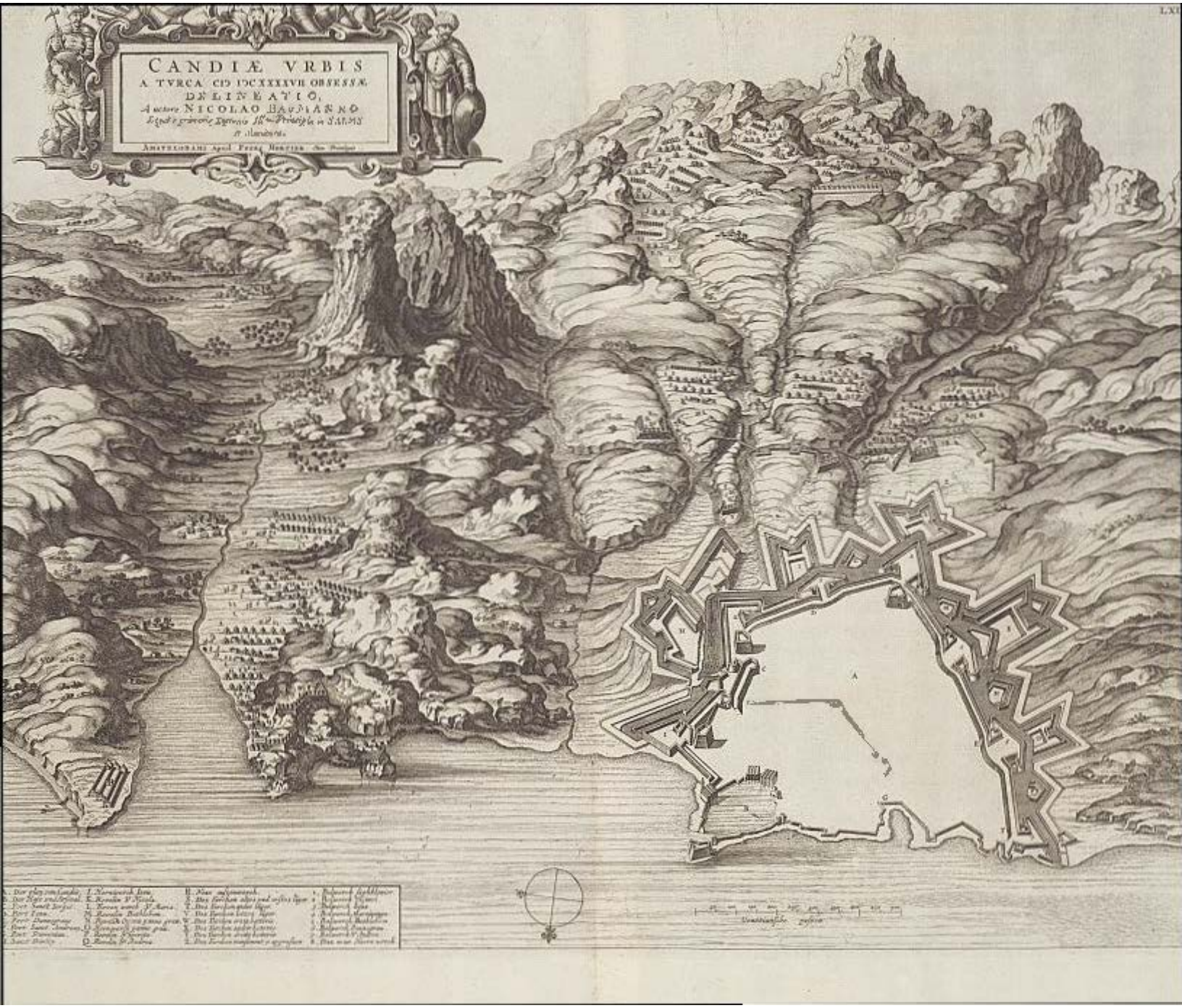

F
G
H
I


PARTIE
DE LA
MER NOIRE
PARTIE
DE LA
MER D'AZOF


بحر كبنه يا
شمال
جنوب
خط استوا
براغان
مونتسرات
مونديسنا
سنتوا
استرادوس
فرد ستوس
سانتا كاترينا
سانتا اغستينو
سانتا اندرو
سانتا لوقا
سان بطرس
سان ثوما
سان ميغل
سان خوان
سان فرنسسكو
سان ثوما
سان انطونيو
سان خوان
سان ميغل
سان فرنسسكو
سان انطونيو
سان ثوما


LA FORTEZZA DI CEISSA
MARE ADRIATICVM

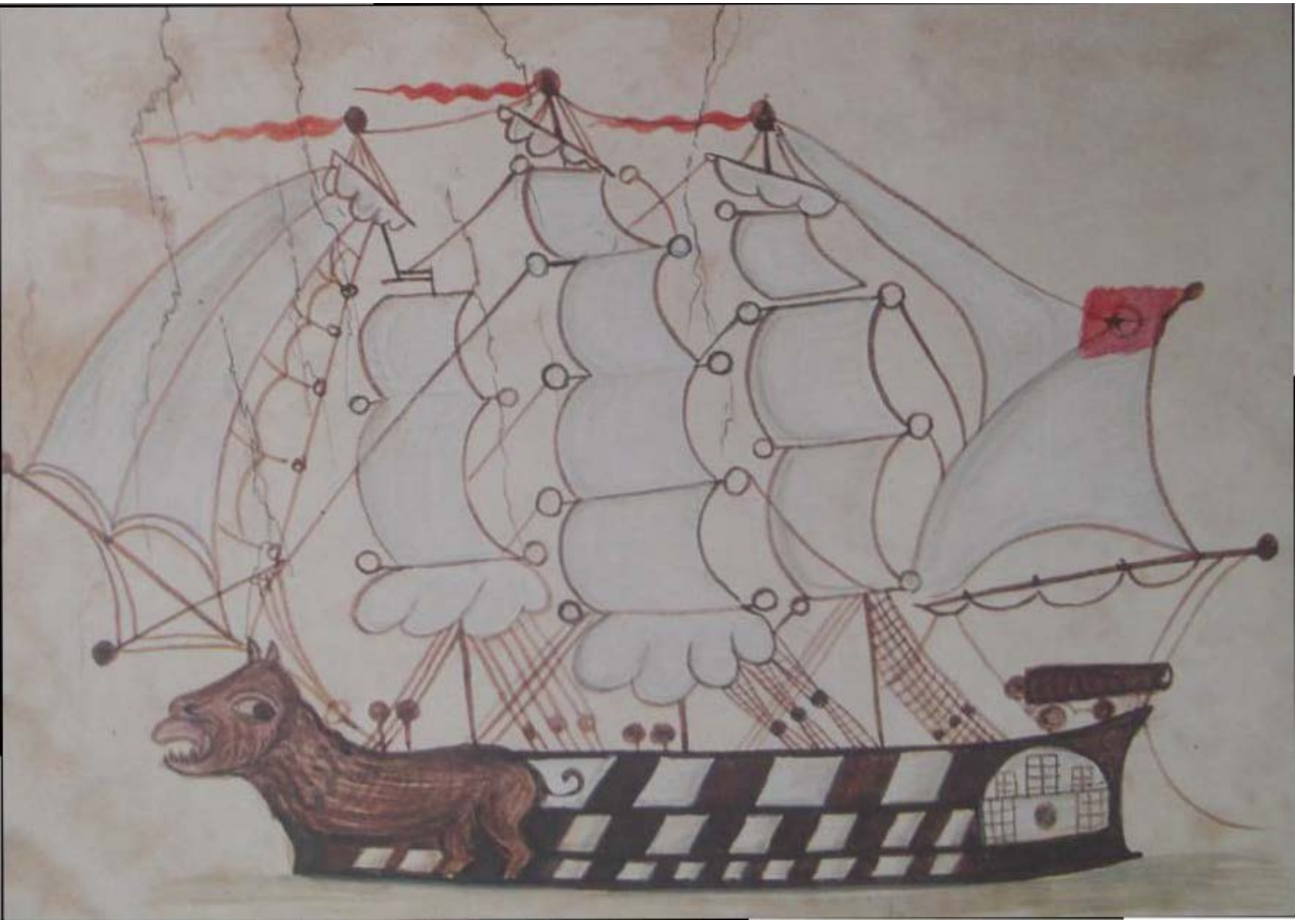



CANDIÆ VRBIS
A TVRCA CIↃ IↃCXXXXVII OBSESSÆ
DELINEATIO,
Auctore NICOLAO BAVDIANO
Equite græcoq; Equestris Sti Marci Principis in STATVS
& illustrato.
AMSTELODAMI Apud Petrū Montanū Anno M.DC.LXIX


NAVE TVRCESCHA




استحکام
قلعهٔ جلالیه
ان دکیزی



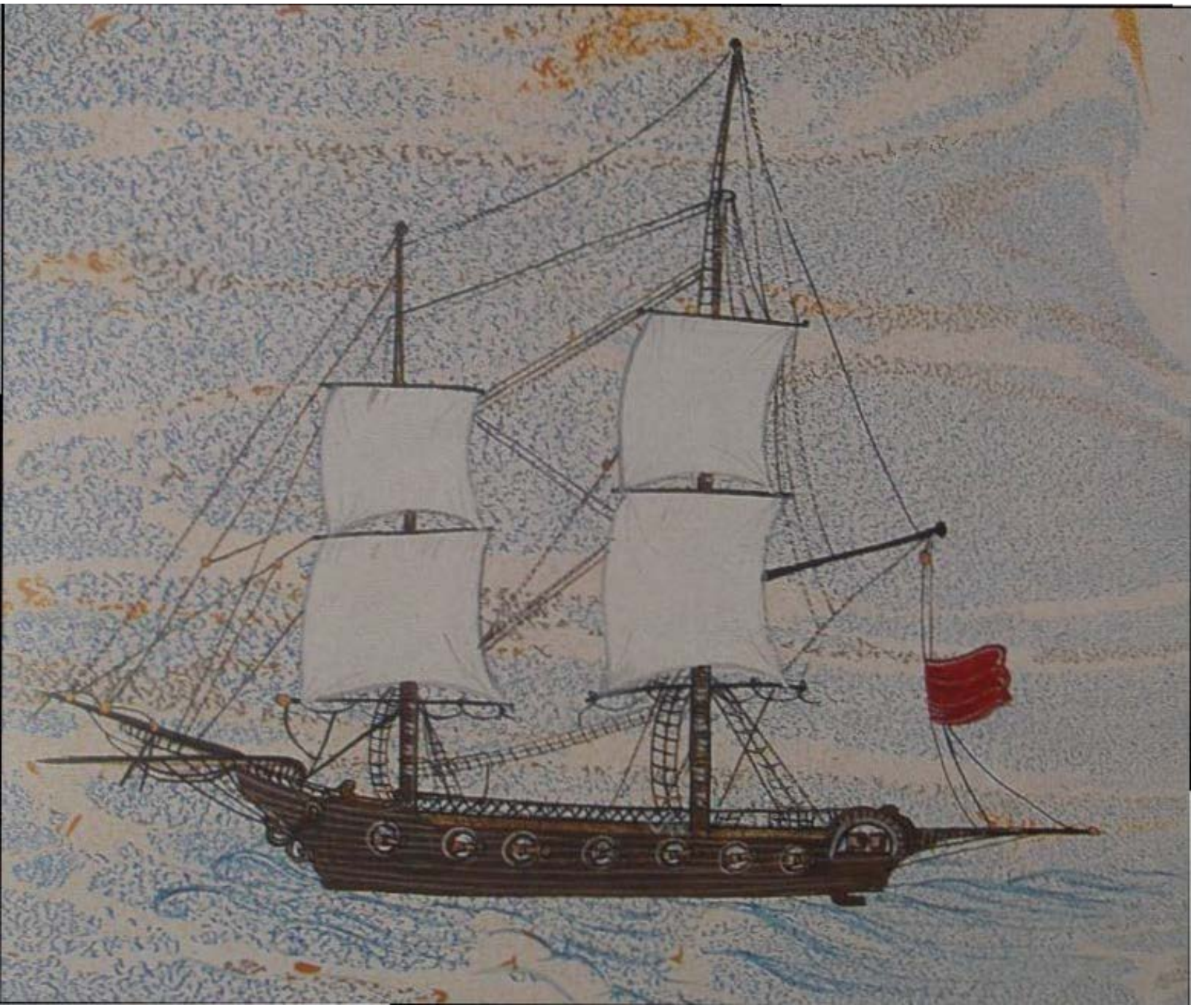


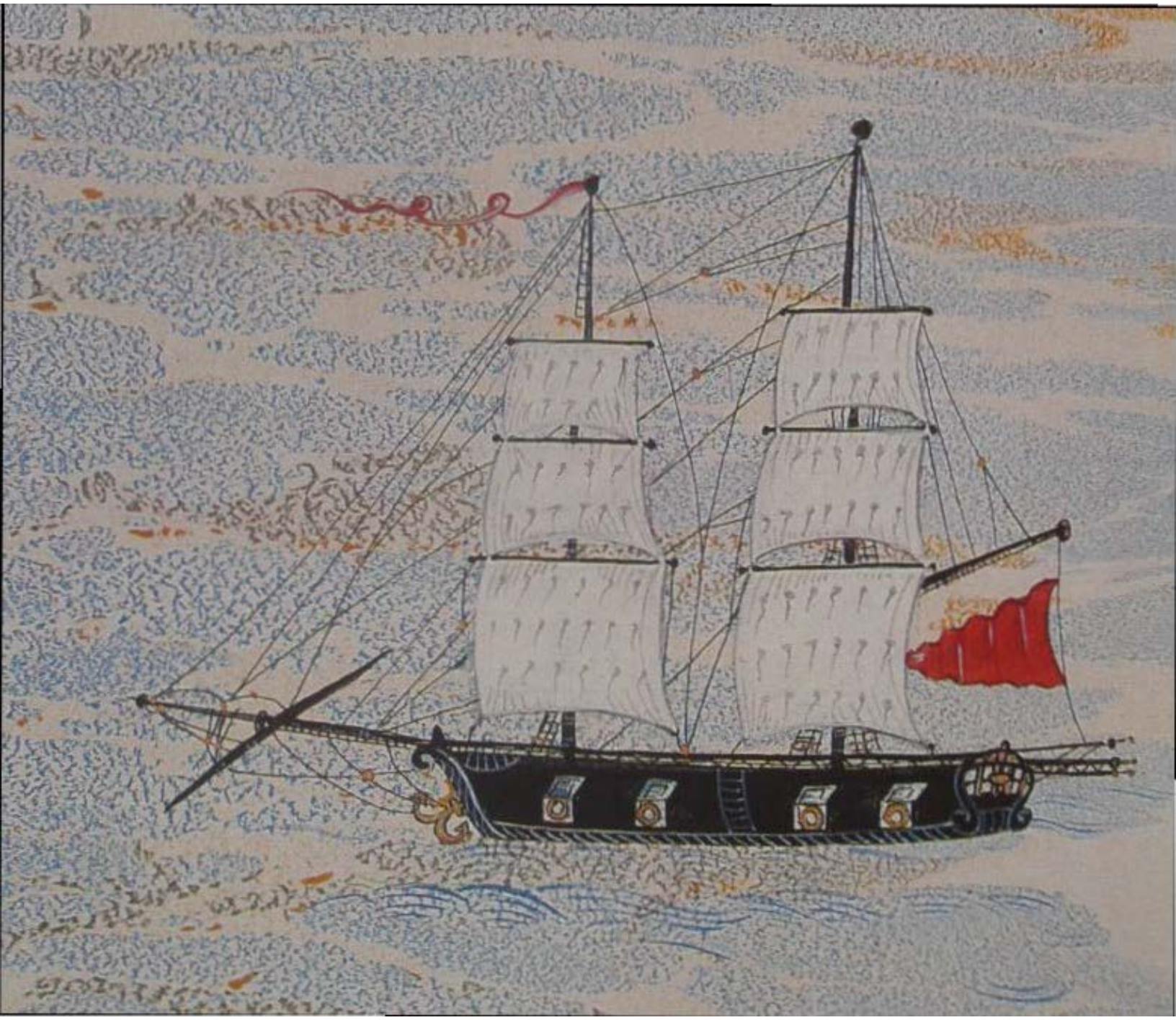

جدته واصل اولدیلر برکون
اهل اسلامك ولدكشوقی فرون



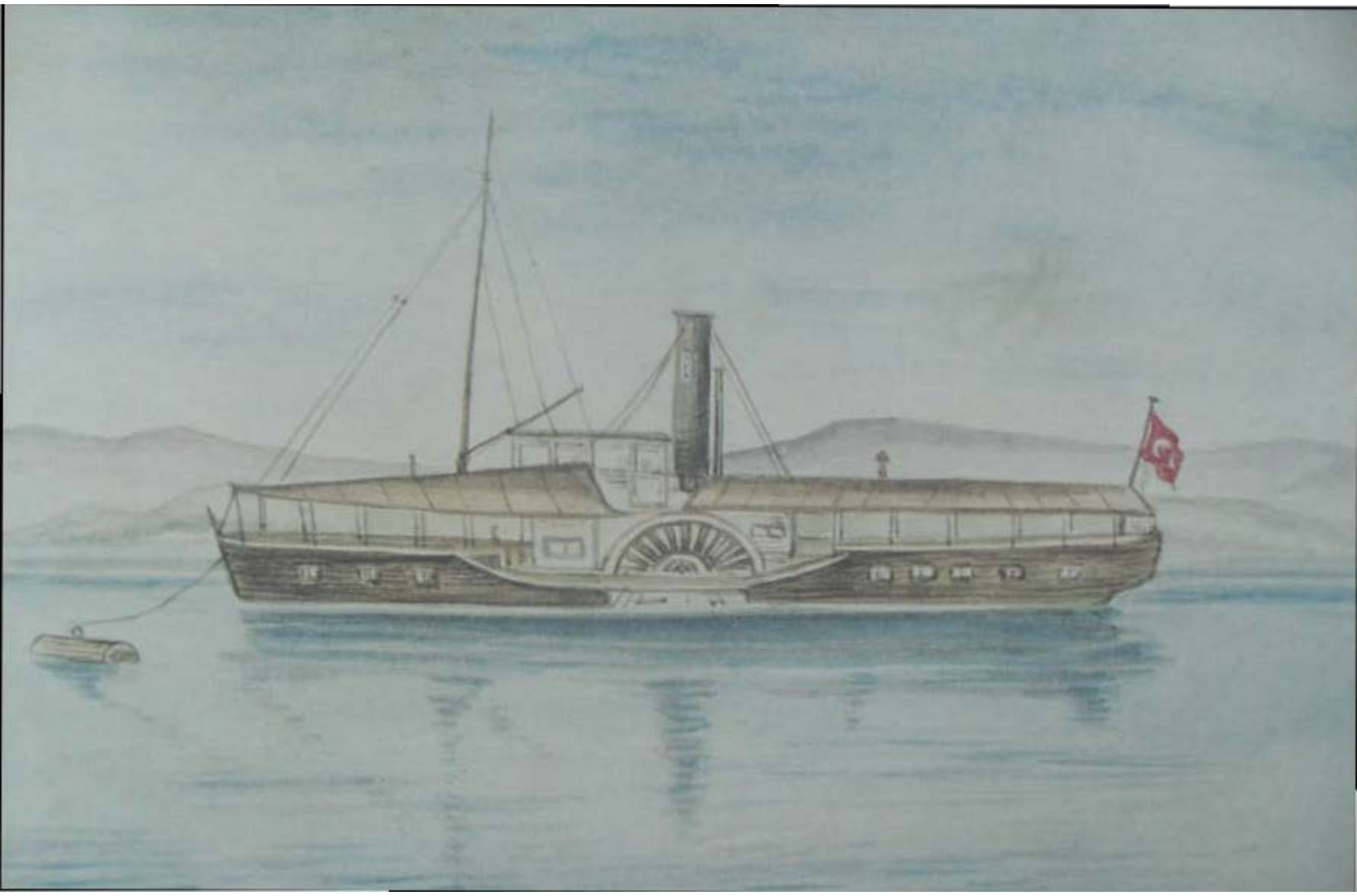






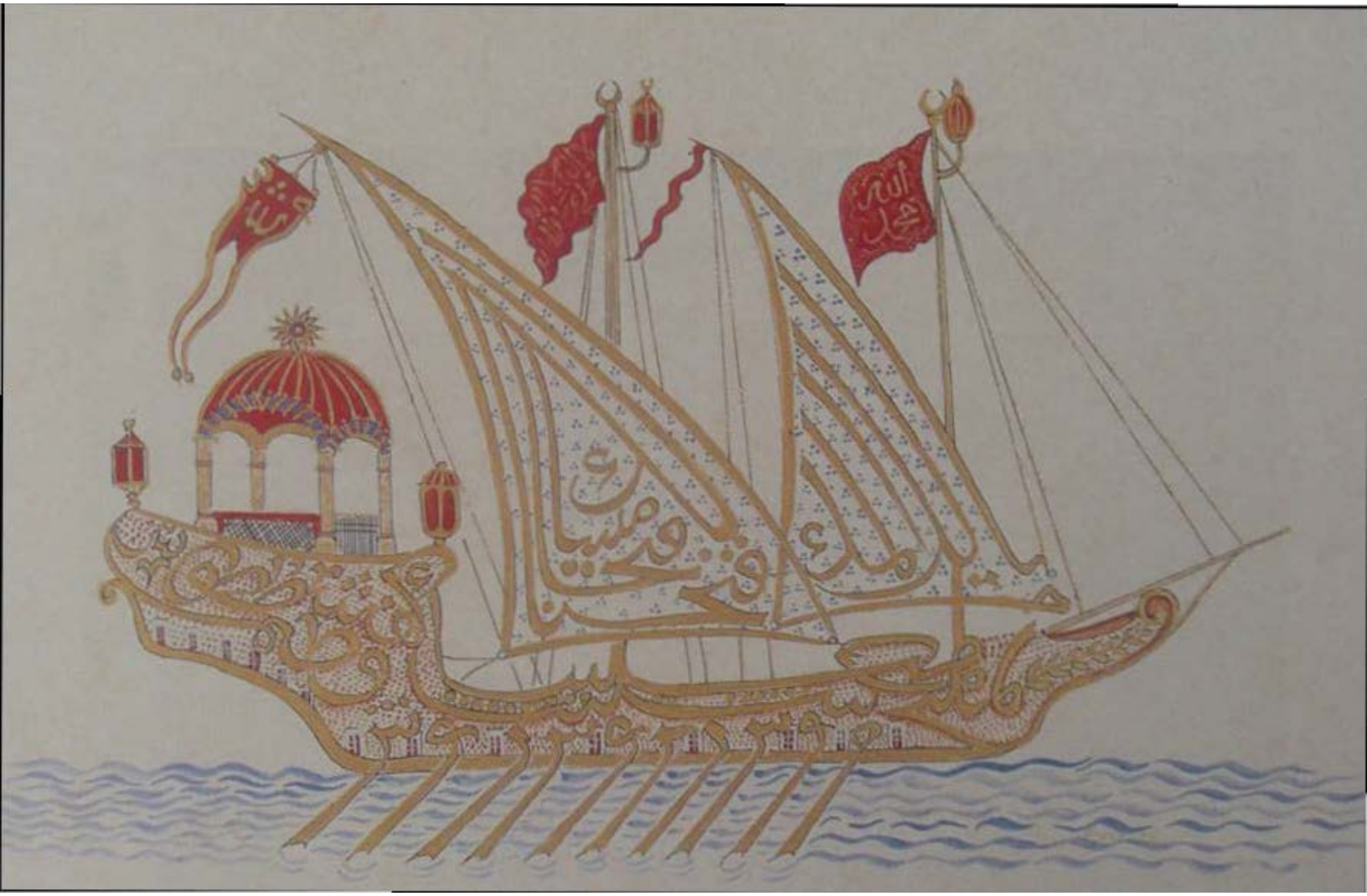







مسابقه نظری
پایه
۸۰ آدیه
۷۰ املا ابتدای
۶۰ اوسط ابتدای
۳۷۰ خوشنا
۳۱۰ قریب اونوم
۱۲۰ قواونوم
۷۰ افن
طوفنه



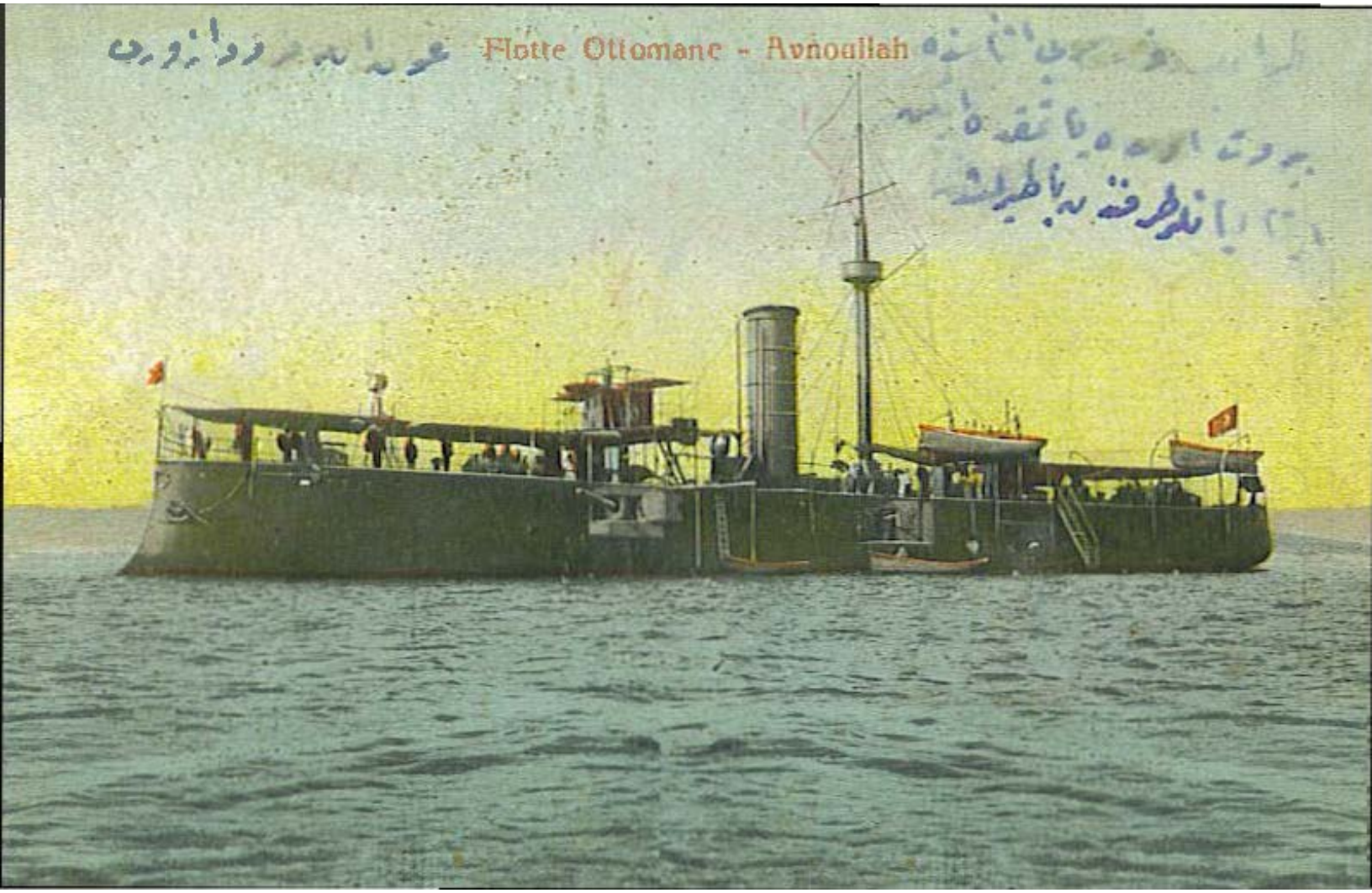

الله
محمد

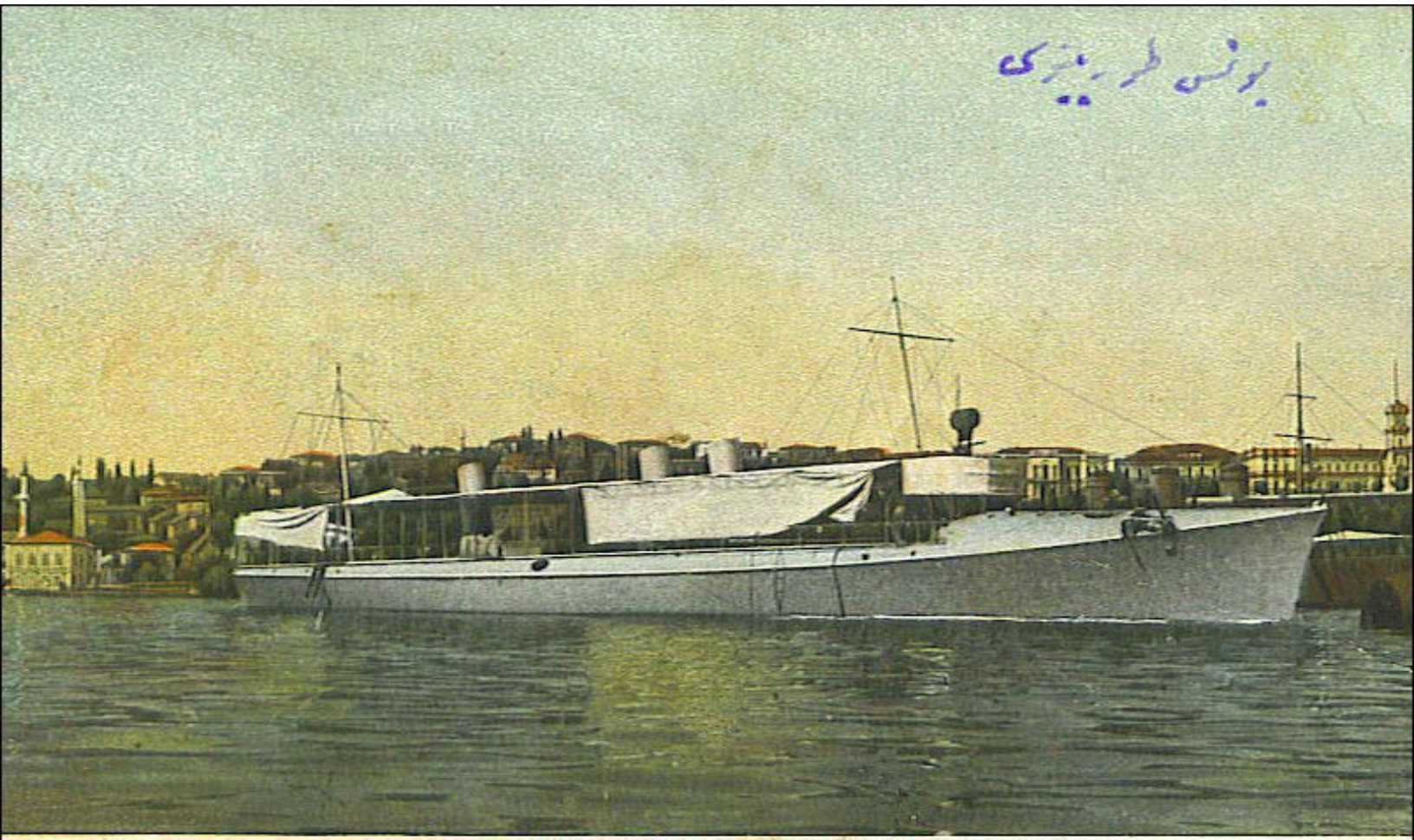


Hamidié. Croisseur de 1ère classe. حمیدیه زرهدار رزمناو یکم

یونان

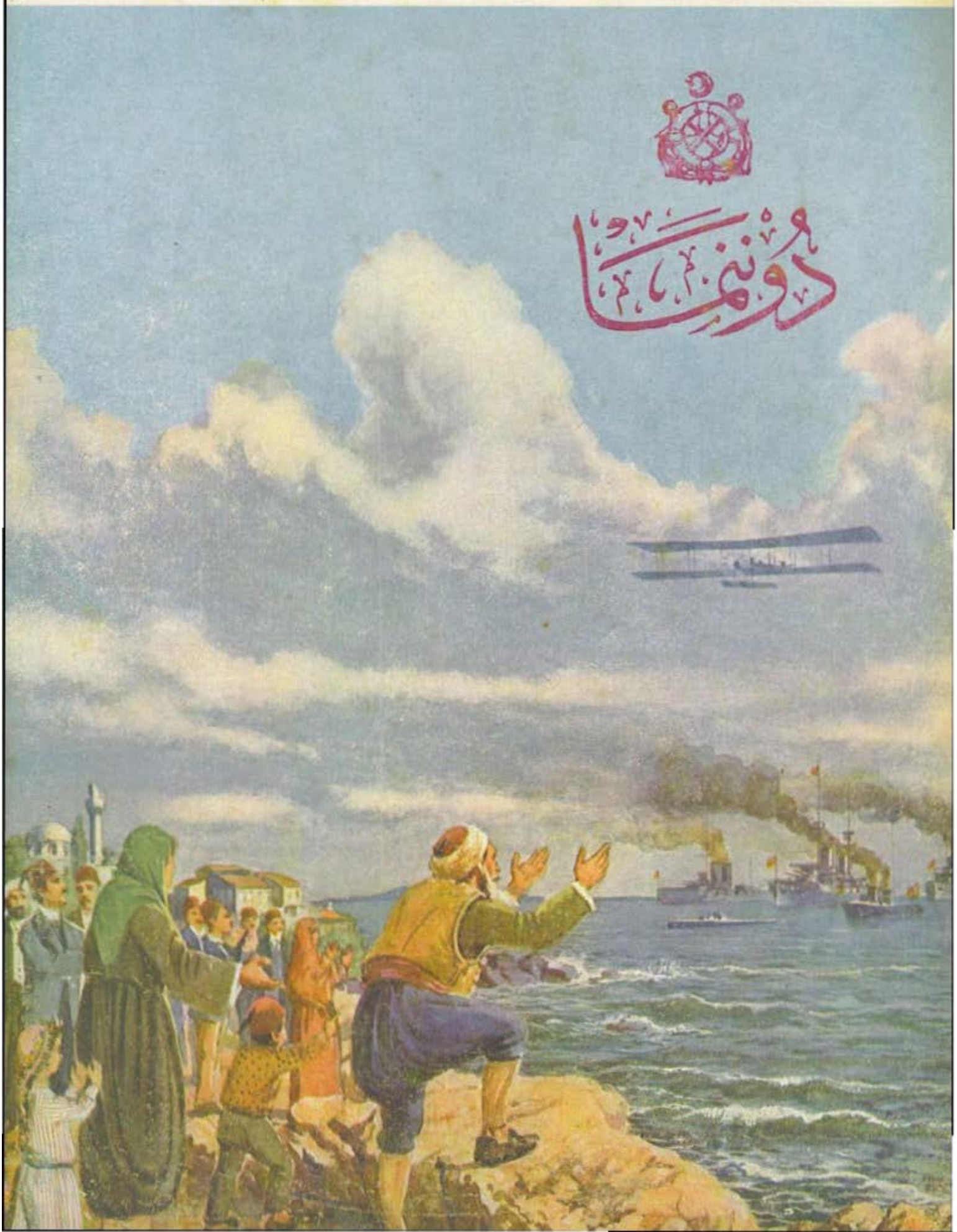

Flotte Ottomane - Assar-i-Tewfik


Flotte Ottomane - Avnoullah



Constantinople. Jounis. Torpilleur 1ère classe.


Île de Crète
Candia
L'EMPIRE OTTOMAN NE RENONCE PAS À SES ÉTOILES LES PLUS RESPLENDISSANTES


دونمه



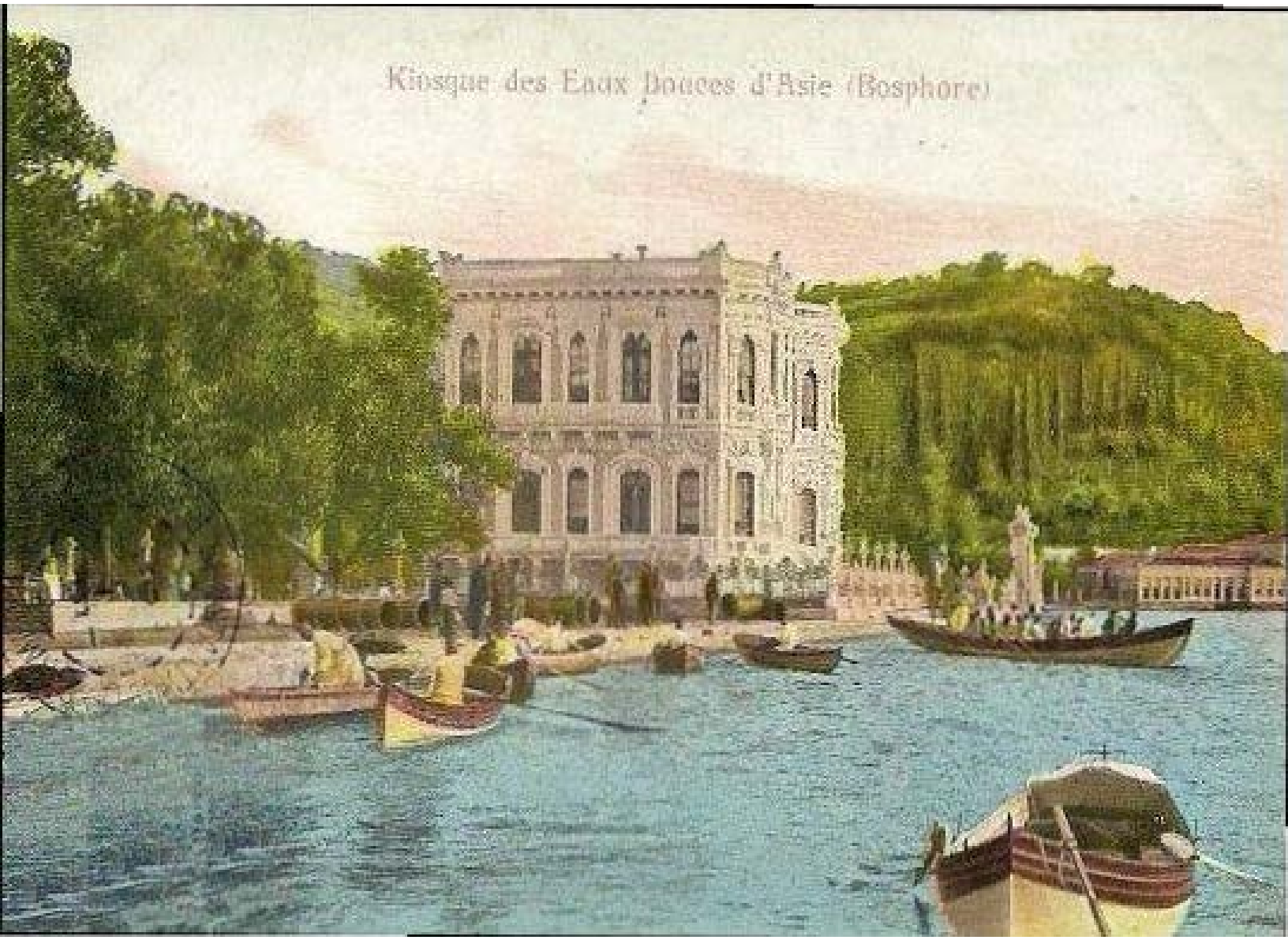





١٣٢٦
١٣٠٧




DE CORFV
DE LISLE
DE CORFV
Porto Vathi
Porto Pagania
Scoglio della Torcula
Monte
San
Salvador
Spartila
Omargo
Ipso
Codigali
Porto Gom
Sicyle
Miglie
Echelle de mille pas Venitiens ou trois Italiens


Kiosque des Eaux Douces d'Asie (Bosphore)



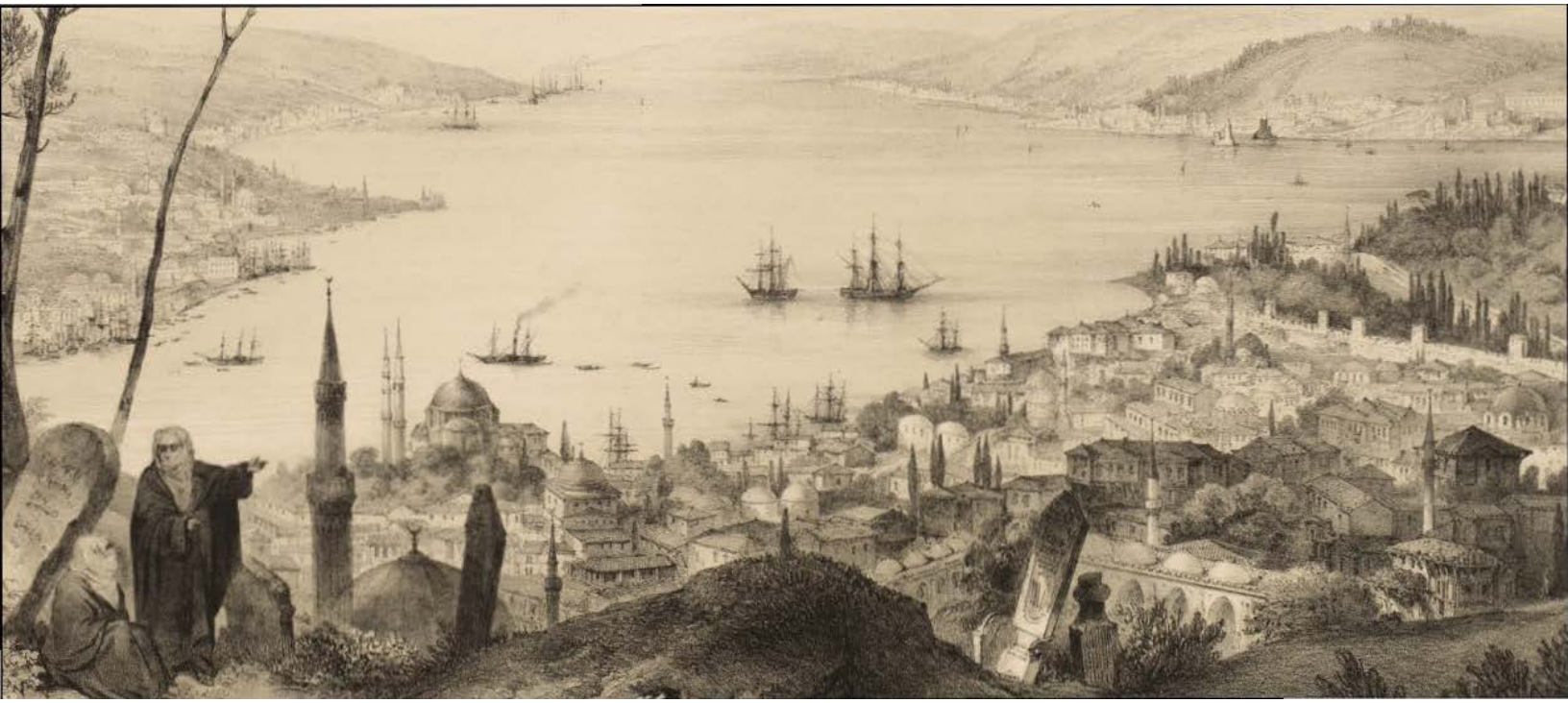
LONDON: WILLIAM DARTON 58, HOLBORN HILL. JANY 21. 1834.

9V102


HONGRIE
Echelle
MER NOIRE
MACEDOINE
ROMANIE
Mer Egée
Grand Duché
Rhodes
Mer de Candie
ISLE DE CHIPRE
TURQUIE
D'EUROPE


Partie de
TVROVIE
EN EVROPE.
P. N. sanson le fils, Geo.du Roy
A Paris chez Pierre Mariette
rue S.Iacques a l'Esperance
Avec privil. pour 10 ans
PARTIE
ALBA
TVROVIE
MAC
EN
DOL
NIE
THE
SALIE
LIE
PE
MOREE
PELO
PON
ACHA
ROMANIE
MER
DE
MARMARA
MER BLANCHE
ou ARCHIPEL autrefs
MER ÆGÉE.
MER
IONIENE
MER MEDITERRANEE.
G. DE VENISE.
ITALIE
D'ASIE
GOL. DE
CONESSA
GOL. DE
ENGIA
GOL. DE
COLOCHI
NA
GOL. DE
L'ARCADIE
C. Malio
C. Spada
C. de Salora
C. Salamone
C. de Palo
CANDIE







quondam primus mea condidit alta,
hic Princeps orbis, ut urbis erat.

Ie ben de dochter van de Groote Conſtantyn;

Ceſte grande cité des cités la merveille.





PANORAMA OF CONSTANTINOPLE, 1806.


Hof der Moschee Sultan Bajazed's.
J.K. Rauchfuss sc.
Ansicht über dem Hafen vom Begräbnissplatz zu Eyub



بعض بيت بعض بيت حرم سيجدر عارفطرت حق
تعالى للكي بيك الى يوز التمش التي درجه احسانيه
ايدر مرزبر درجه نلك بيوكلوكي تحت الثرى الى
سدرة المنتهى لعظمنده تجويد ي حروفنده مخارج
جي معنا سيندة فهمي اولورسه بو اجر نائل اولبور
مقتضاسنه عمل اولورسه عبادتك الاجر مضاعف
الغرض ابرار ك عبادتي جنت ايستمك جهنمدن
خوف ايتمك مقربين كه جي لر ولبلر بخت رجا وبخشم


COSTANTINOPOLI, Città principale del gran turcho
cum privilegio
Duca Zeni.
TANAIS FLUM.
LEVANTE
PERA
PONENTE
OSTRO

BOSPHORE DE THRACE.

VUE DE CONSTANTINOPLE DU CÔTÉ DU BOSPHORE.



ACCÈS DE CONSTANTINOPLE.



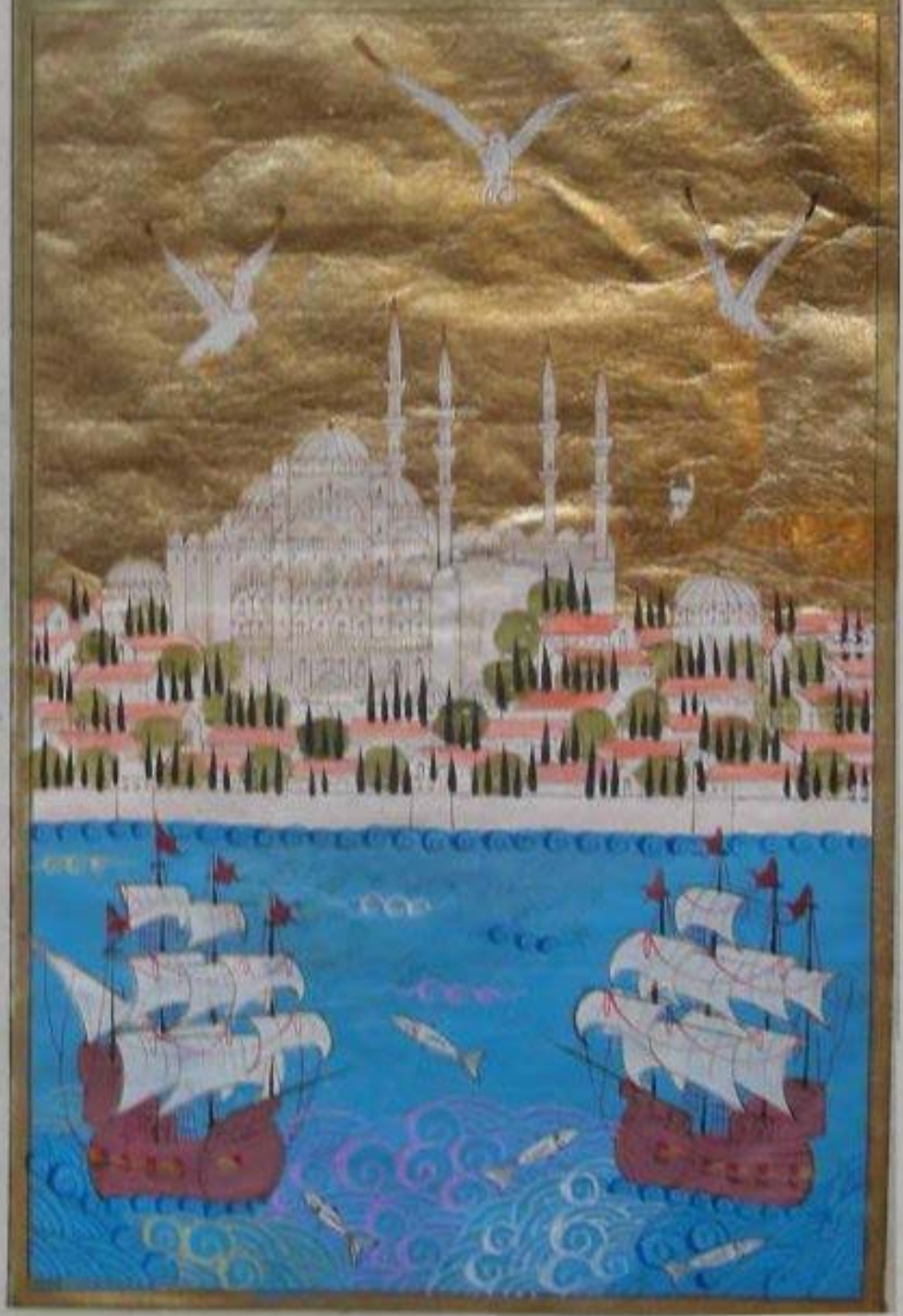
COLONNE DE PEMPÉE.




باربار وس خیر الدین پاشانك آندره دوریا ایله محاربه سی
Bataille Navale de Barbarousse
Hairedine - Pacha, contre Andrea Doria.

رضي الله عنه ستة اشهر بعد وفات علي رضي الله عنه

والمراد بالخلافة الكاملة وهي الخلافة الحقيقية





Port de Constantinople.

Salut de Constantinople.

Adressez-vous au „Postkartenhaus" Constantinople, pour des vues photographiques à reproduction, triple passe-et timbre-poste universelles.


No. 85 Editeur Max Fruchtermann, Constantinople
Mosquées du Sultan Ahmed et de Ste Sophie - Stamboul

SALUT de CONSTANTINOPLE.



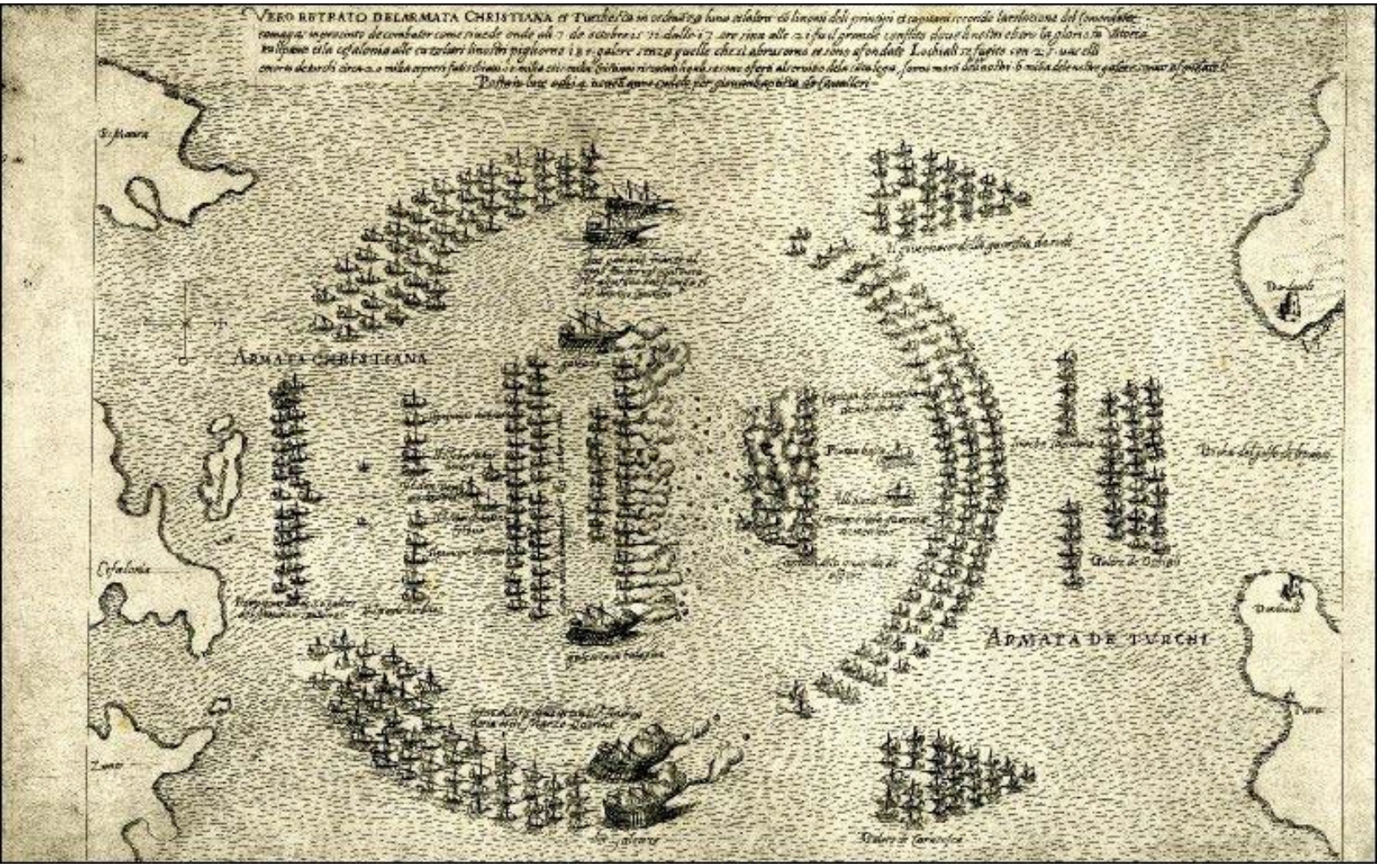


Editeur Max Fruchtermann, Constantinople. 202.


1535
A.V.
ARIADENVS BARBARVS SA CIRTHAE, TVNE
IQ. REX. AC OTOMANICAE CLASS15 PRAEF




NAVE LORDANA
LA NAVE TVRCESCHA
NAVE DELARMER
CHIMALI


Armata Christiana
Armata de Turchi
Cefalonia
Zante
Durazzo
Valona

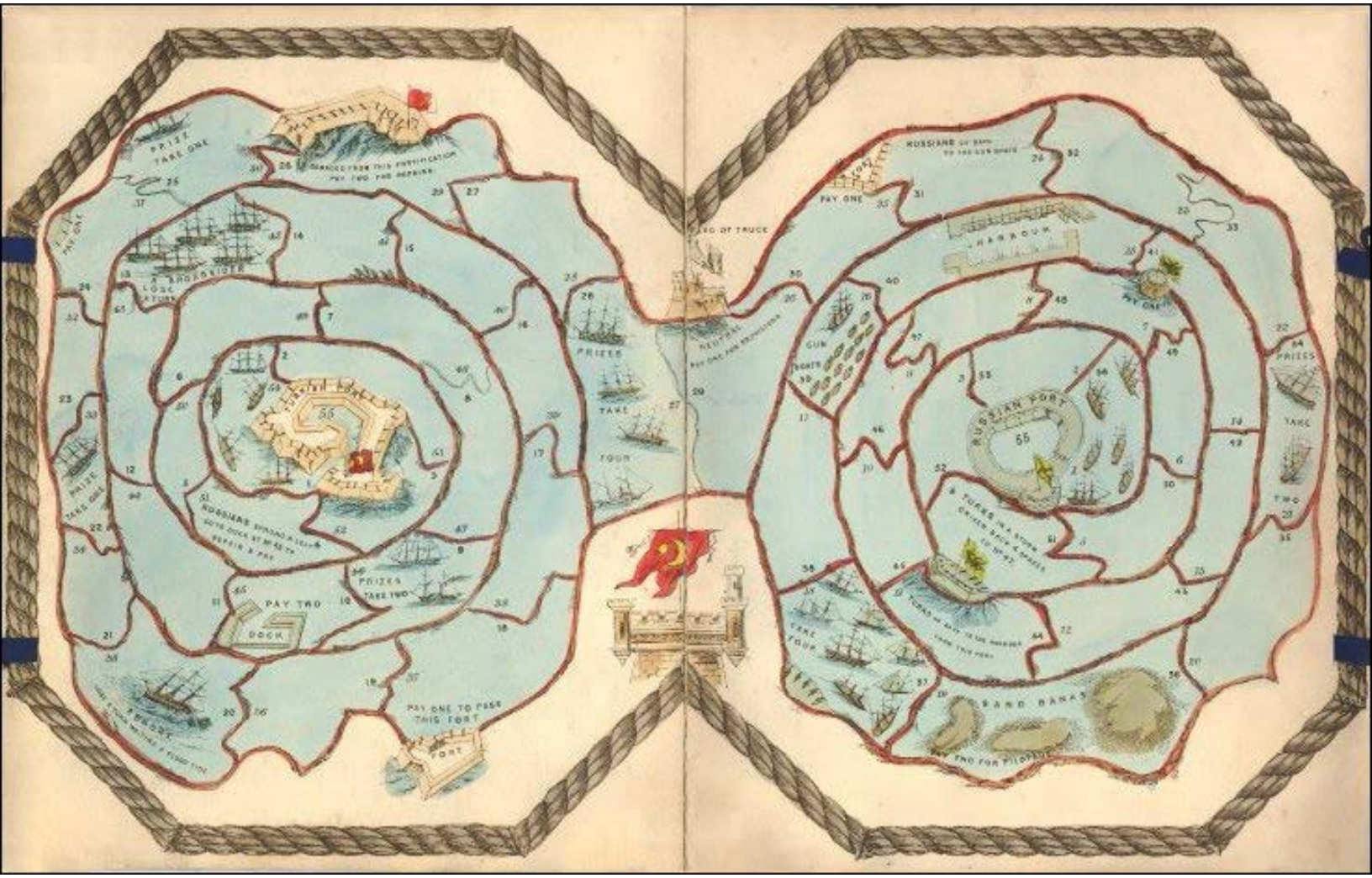


LE CAPTAN PACHA

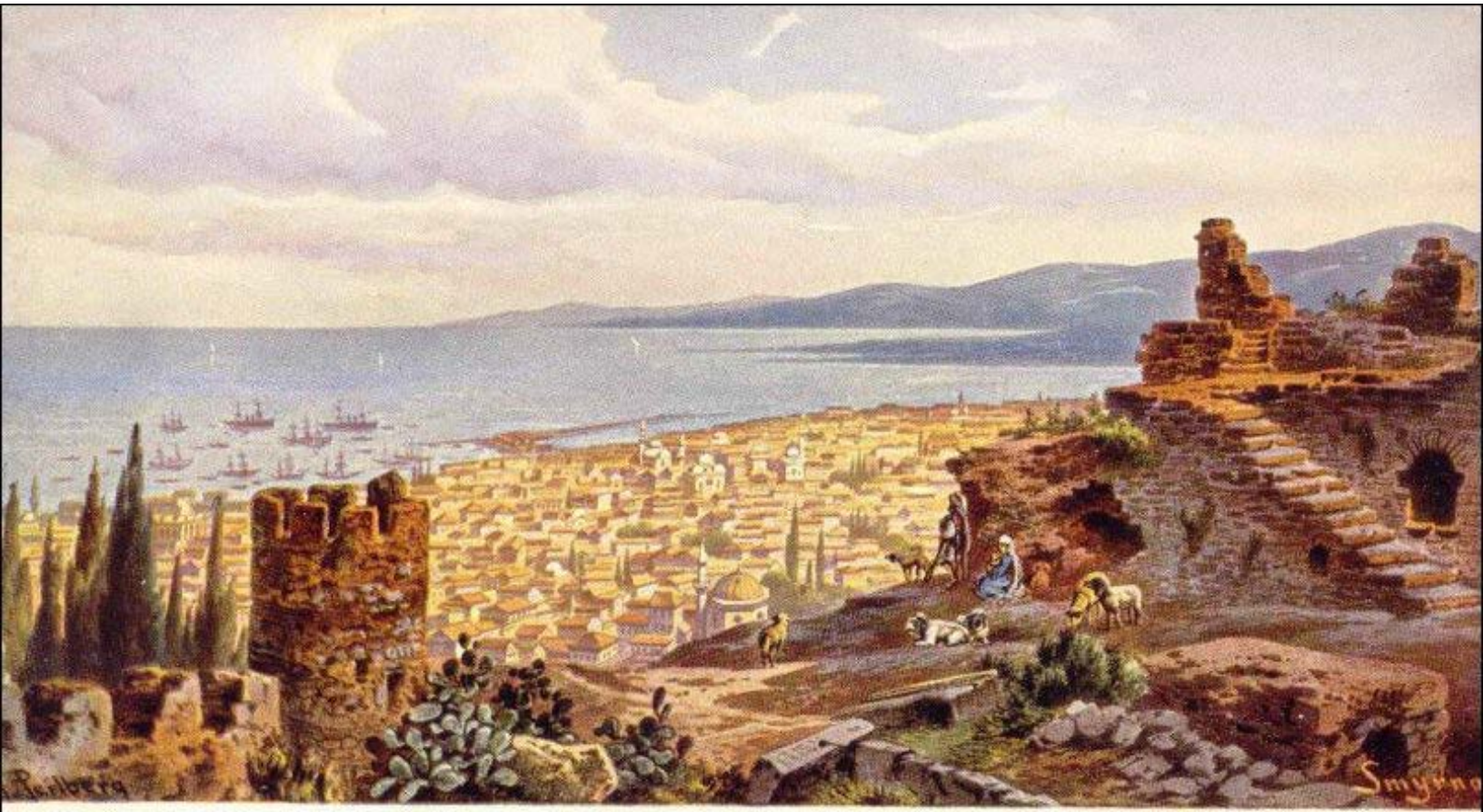
ou le Grand Amiral

Tiré du Journal d'un voyage au Levant


RECEPTION
BY THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON
OF
His Imperial Majesty
The Sultan Abd-ul-Azeez Khan
at The Guildhall.
ON THURSDAY THE 18TH JULY, 1867.
The Right Honourable Thomas Gabriel Lord Mayor.
Admit The Countess of Warwick
312
T. H. Fry Chairman

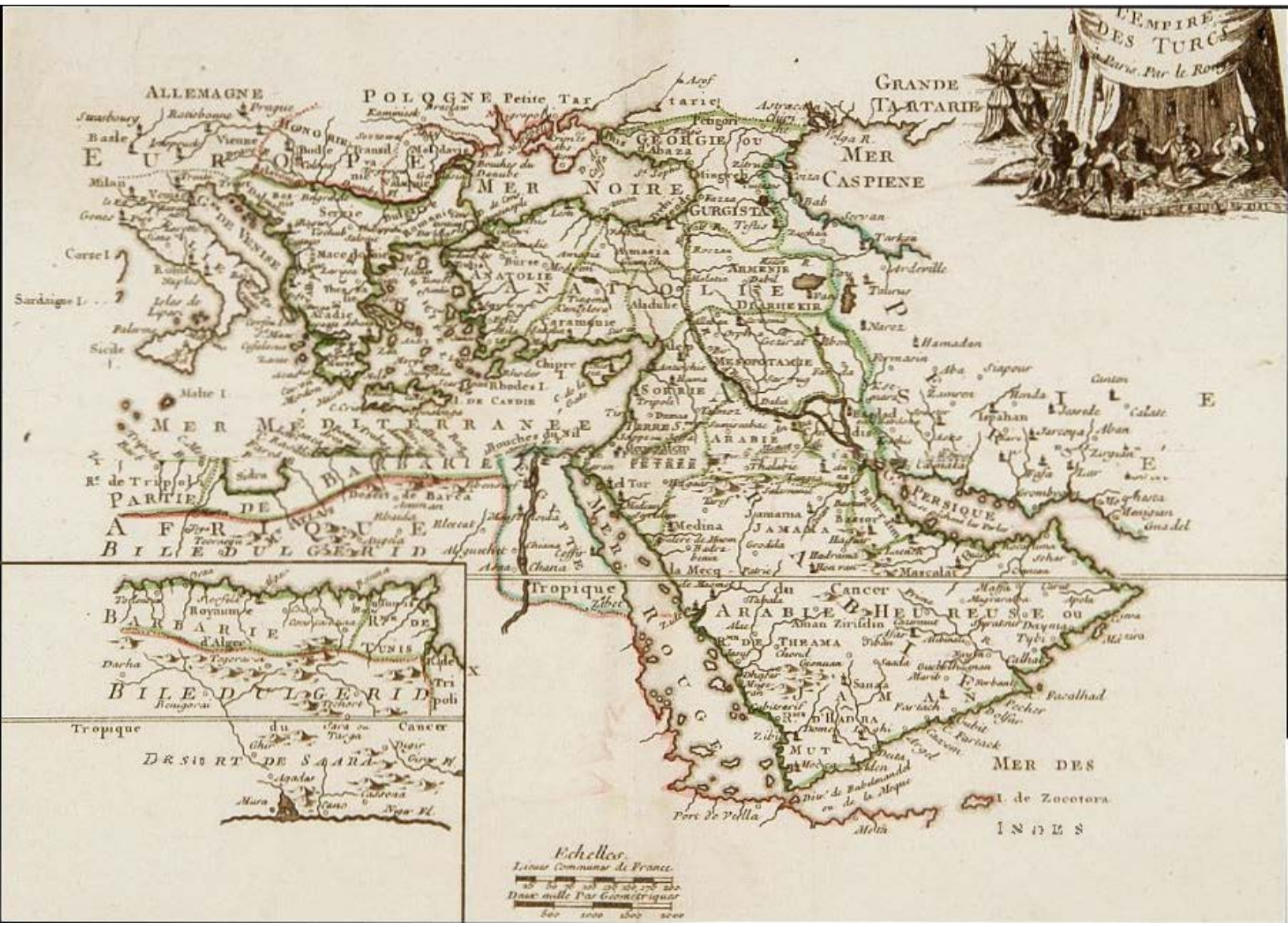

PRIZE TAKE ONE
PAY ONE
PRIZES TAKE FOUR
PRIZES TAKE TWO
PAY TWO
DOCK
PAY ONE TO PASS THIS FORT
FORT
FLAG OF TRUCE
NEUTRAL
PAY ONE FOR REVOLUTION
PRIZES TAKE TWO
PRIZES TAKE FOUR
HARBOUR
PAY ONE
GUN BOATS
RUSSIAN FORT
SAND BANKS





Smyrna. — Smyrne.


Les Quais.
Souvenir
de
SMYRNE
Smyrna
24-91-97


L'EMPIRE DES TURCS
Partie Par le Roy
ALLEMAGNE
POLOGNE
Petite Tartarie
GRANDE TARTARIE
EUROPE
MER NOIRE
MER CASPIENNE
GEORGIE ou Abaza
GURGISTAN
ANATOLIE
ARMENIE
DIARBEKIR
MESOPOTAMIE
SYRIE
ARABIE PETREE
ARABIE HEUREUSE ou
PERSIQUE
MER MEDITERRANE
BARBARIE
PARTIE DE AFRIQUE
BILEDULGERID
Tropique du Cancer
DESERT DE SAHARA
MER DES INDES
Sardaigne I.
Corse I.
Sicile I.
Malte I.
Rhodes I.
I. de Candie
Mecque
Medine
Jamama
Thrama
Mascate
Ormus
Bassora
Ispahan
Echelles
Lieues Communes de France
Deux mille Pas Geometriques


Bâtiments de guerre Ottomans





ALY BEY CAPTAIN PACHA.





Caspar Merian fecit

J. Paulus ex.


Die Türkei schlägt los



Débarcadère de Roumeli Hissar. Constantinople.

يوم ابلى حصار اسكلسى






CARTE
de
l'Empire Ottoman
en
EUROPE
dressée
par BOUROZ et
publiée par
ENGELMANN & COMP.ie
(à Paris)
Pachalik de Galipoli
Pachalik d'Anatolie
MER DE MARMARA
MER IONIENNE
MER ADRIATIQUE
Corfou
Paxo
Ste Maure
Cerigo
Lesbos
Metelino
Imbros
Stalimene ou Lemnos
Gallipoli
Dardanelles
Rodosto
Tekirmen
Kirkkilisse
Andrinople
Salonique
Golfe de Salonique
Janina
Prevesa
Arta
Larta
Volo
Negrepont
Thessalie
Bosnie
Servie
Valachie
Bucharest
Constantinople
Scutari
Smyrne
Gallipoli
Pachalik d'Arta
Pachalik de Janina
Pachalik de Salonique
Pachalik de Scutari
Pachalik de Widdin
Pachalik de Tekirmen
Pachalik de Kirkkilisse
Pachalik de Rodosto
Pachalik de Gallipoli
Pachalik de Negrepont
Pachalik de Thessalie
Pachalik de Bosnie
Pachalik de Servie
Pachalik de Valachie
Pachalik de Constantinople
Pachalik de Smyrne
Pachalik d'Anatolie


SANGIACATUS BELGRADENSIS



Turquie d'Europe,

Par M. Bonne, Ingénieur Hydrographe de la Marine.


POLAND
RUSSIA
HUNGARY
MOLDAVIA
WALACHIA
BULGARIA
ROMANIA
BLACK SEA
TURKEY IN ASIA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
TURKEY
in EUROPE
and HUNGARY.


Pag. 185.
POLAND
Little Tartary
Ratisbon
Moldavia
Pontus
Hungaria
Valachia
Dalmatia
GULF OF VENICE
PART OF ITALY
Servia
Bulgaria
Macedonia
GRECIA
PART OF NATOLIA
Morea
TURKY in EUROPE
by R. Morden




A NEW GAME
VERSUS
RUSSIA
TURKEY
No 4561


4
G. la Chapelle
Quaricij Romous
Dam.lle greeque parlant le deuil
Auec priuilege


3
J. la Chapelle
pinxit.
Mokere
hebræ
Femme
Iuifue.



G la Chapelle Vbir Cadajngi quam guider Wamoiselle turq marchãt par la vllẽ. pinxit Aug priuile

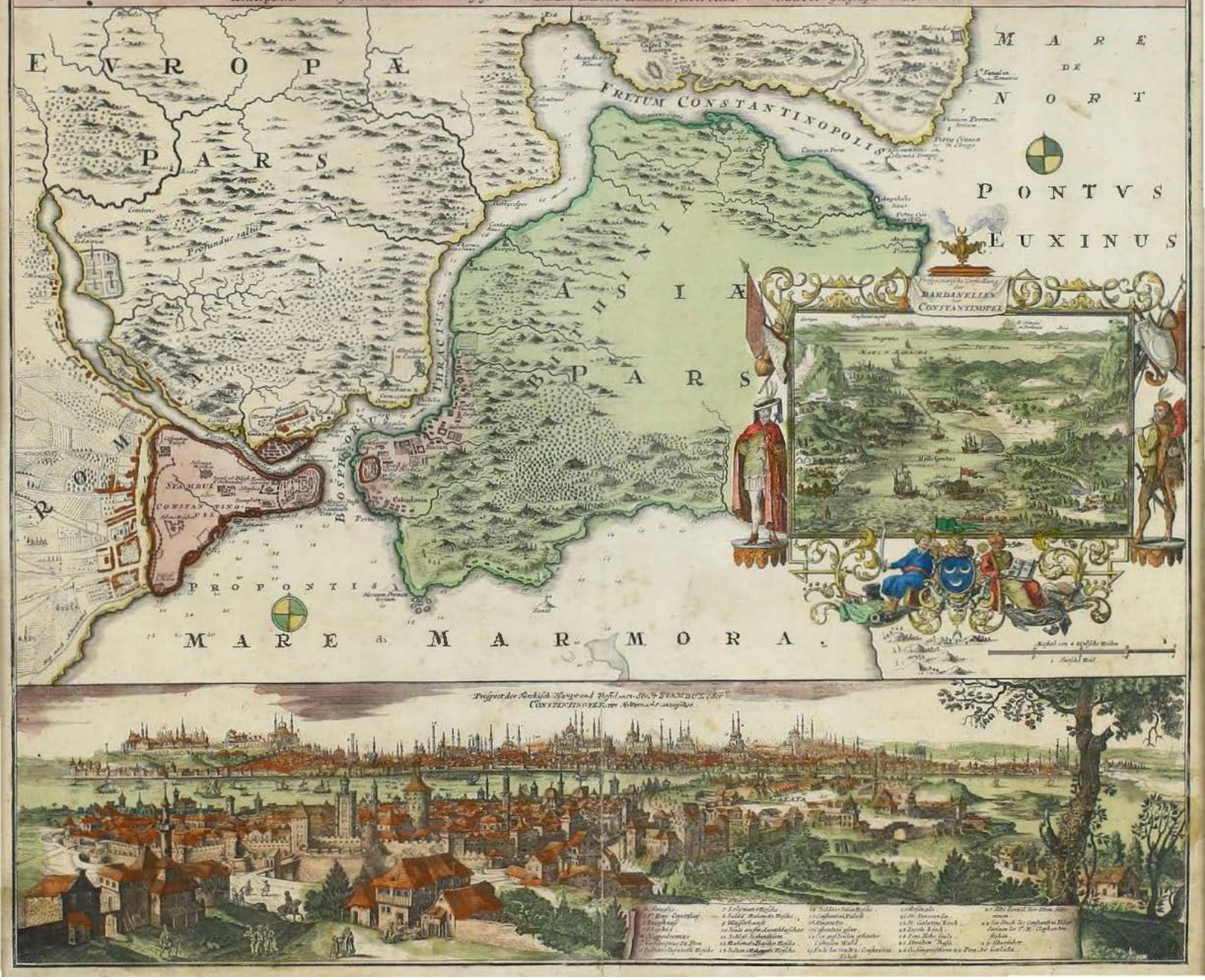
DESCRIPTION DE LA VILLE DE SMYRNE.

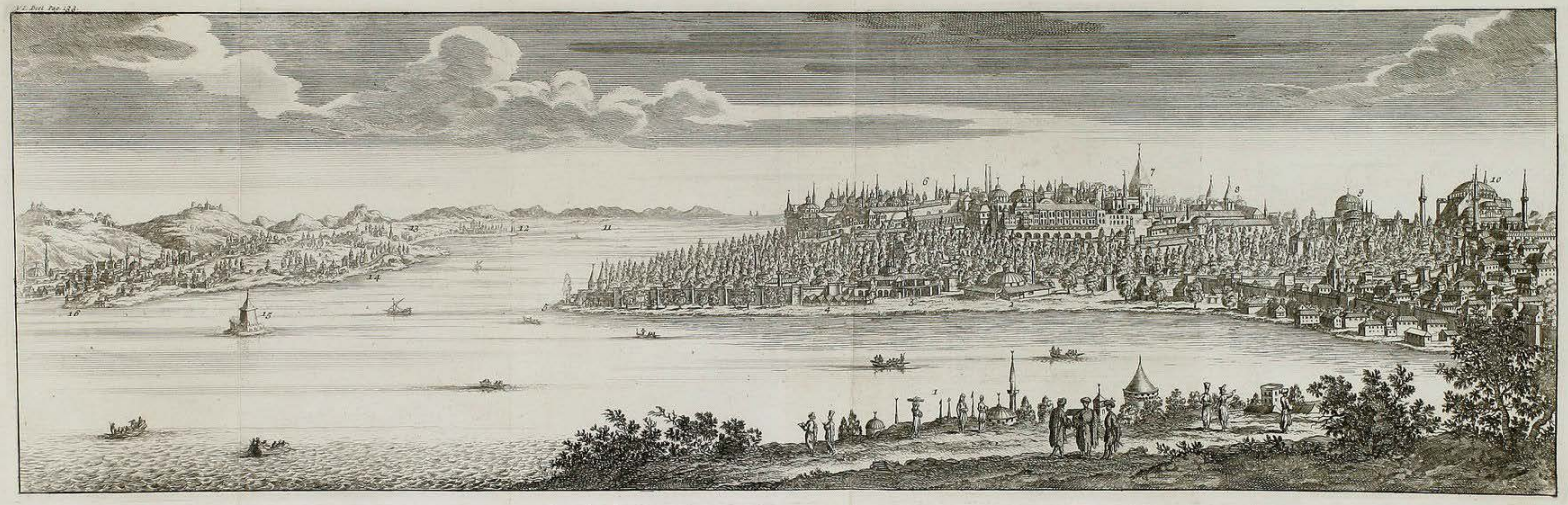




1. Palazzo e Seraglio del Gran Turco. Armerio.
2. Tempio di S. Sofia hoggi Moschea.
3. Vniuersità, Giuoco Academia.
4. Torre de Prigionieri.
5. Moschea di Sultan Bajazeth.
6. Castel Vecchio, ò Seraglio Vecchio.
7. Moschea di Solimano.
8. Moschea di Sultan Mahomet.
9. Seraglio delle Donne del Gran Tur.
10. Moschea di Sultan Mahomet.
11. Moschea di Mahomet Bassa.
12. Moschea di Sultan Selin.
13. Ammiralità.
14. Chiesa di S. Veneranda.
15. Chiesa di S. Palatino.
16. Chiesa di S. Giacomo.
17. Città di Galata detta Pera.

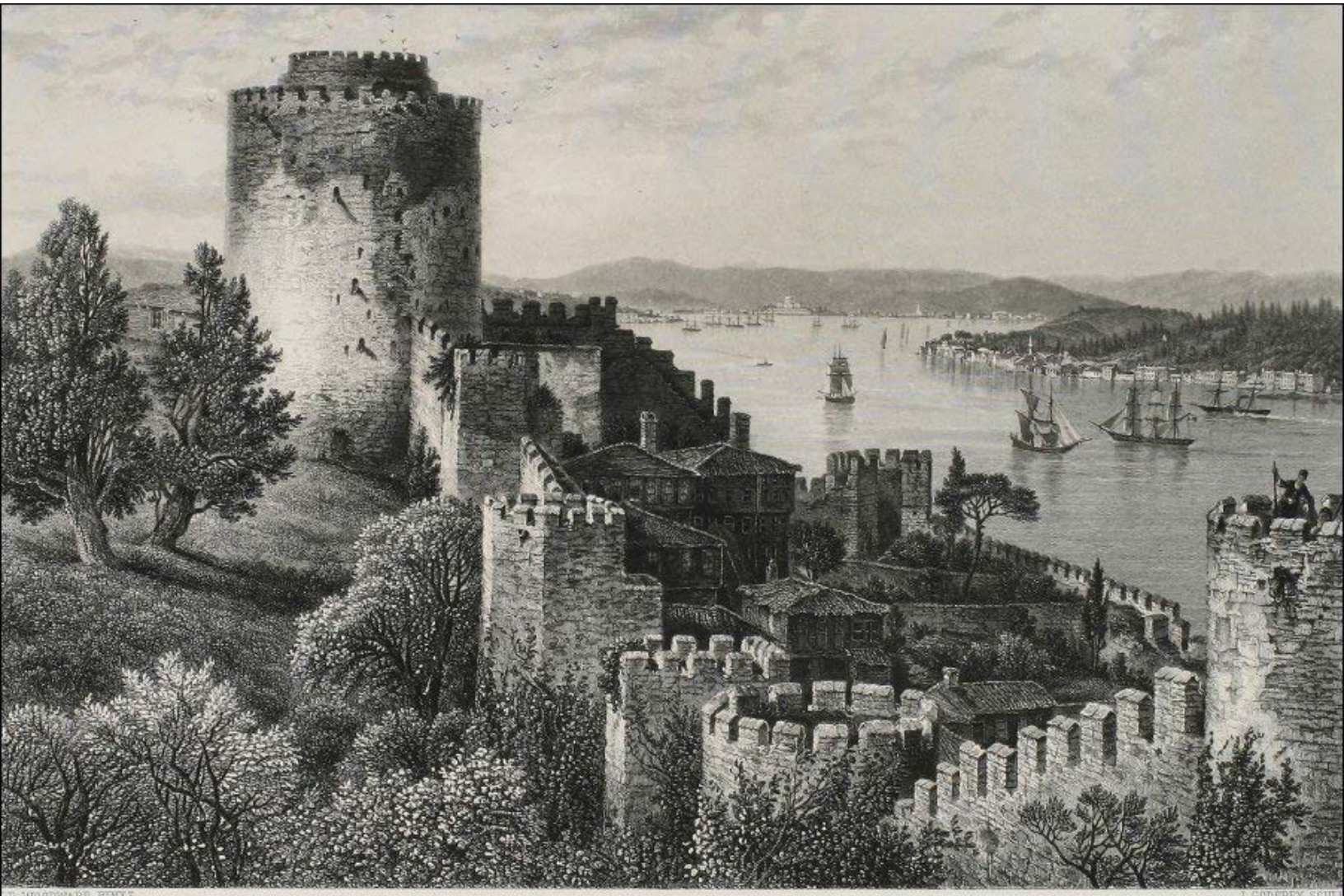
Accurate Vorstellung der Orientalisch-Kayserlichen Haupt- und Residenz-Stadt CONSTANTINOPEL, samt ihrer Gegend und zweyen berühmten Meer-Engen, Bosphoro Thracio und Hellespontо, oder dem freto der Dardanellen herausgegeben von JOHANN BAPTIST HOMANN, Der Röm. Kays. Majest. Geographo in Nürnberg.





GEZIGT VAN HET GROOT SERRAIL VAN KONSTANTINOPOLEN.

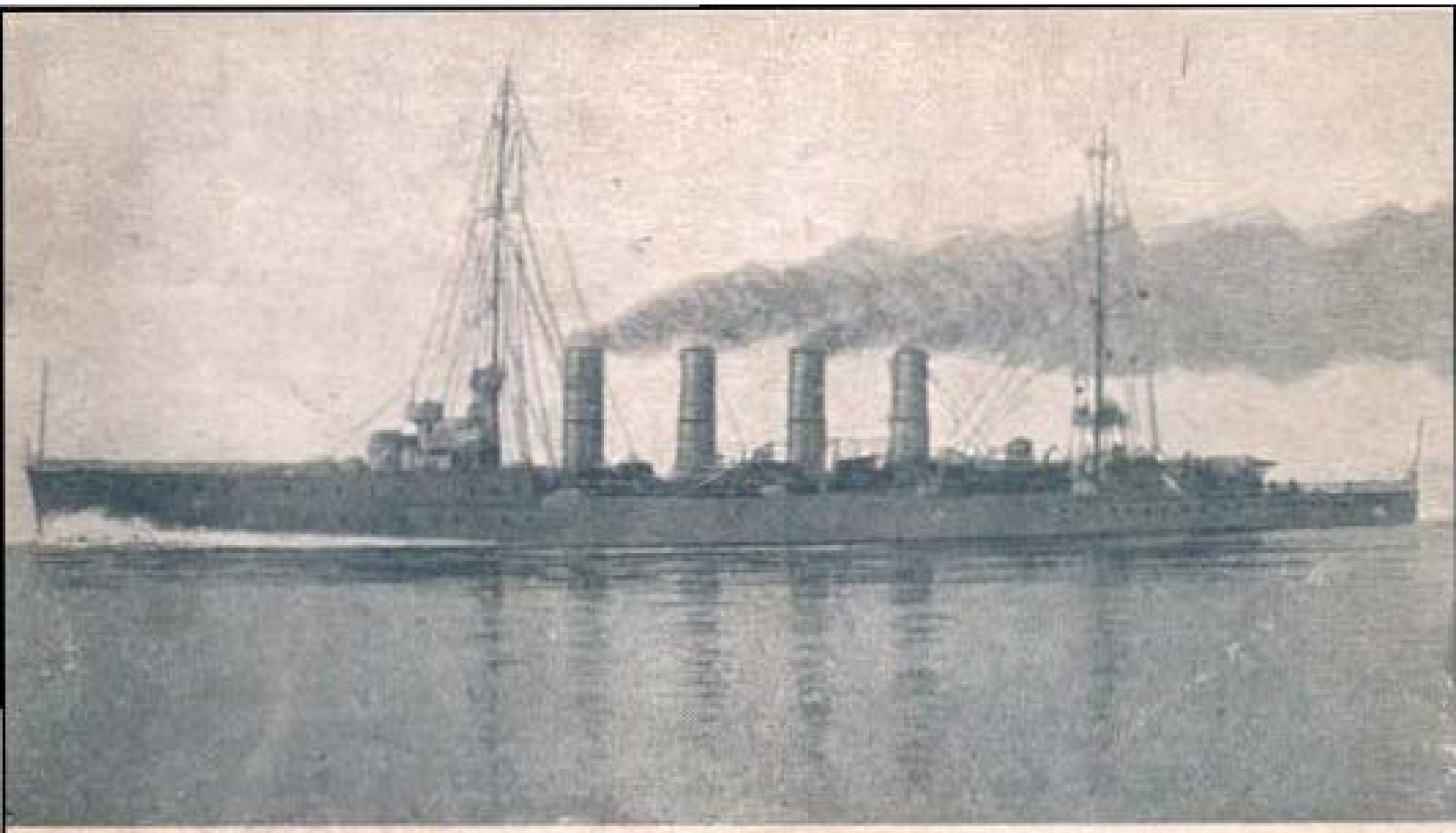
1. Een gedeelte van Galata.
2. Alai Kiosc.
3. Sinan Kiosc.
4. Caïckans, of de schuite Huizen van Zen G. H.
5. Acropolis, of de Punt van't Serrail.
6. Vertrekken voor de Vrouwen van den Gr. Heer.
7. Kamer van den Divan.
8. Vertrekken der Officiers.
9. Ingang van't Serrail.
10. Tempel van S.t Sophia.
11. Prinsen Eilanden.
12. Tunari Kiosc.
13. Calcedonie.
14. Serrail van Scutari.
15. Toren van Leander.
16. Scutari.



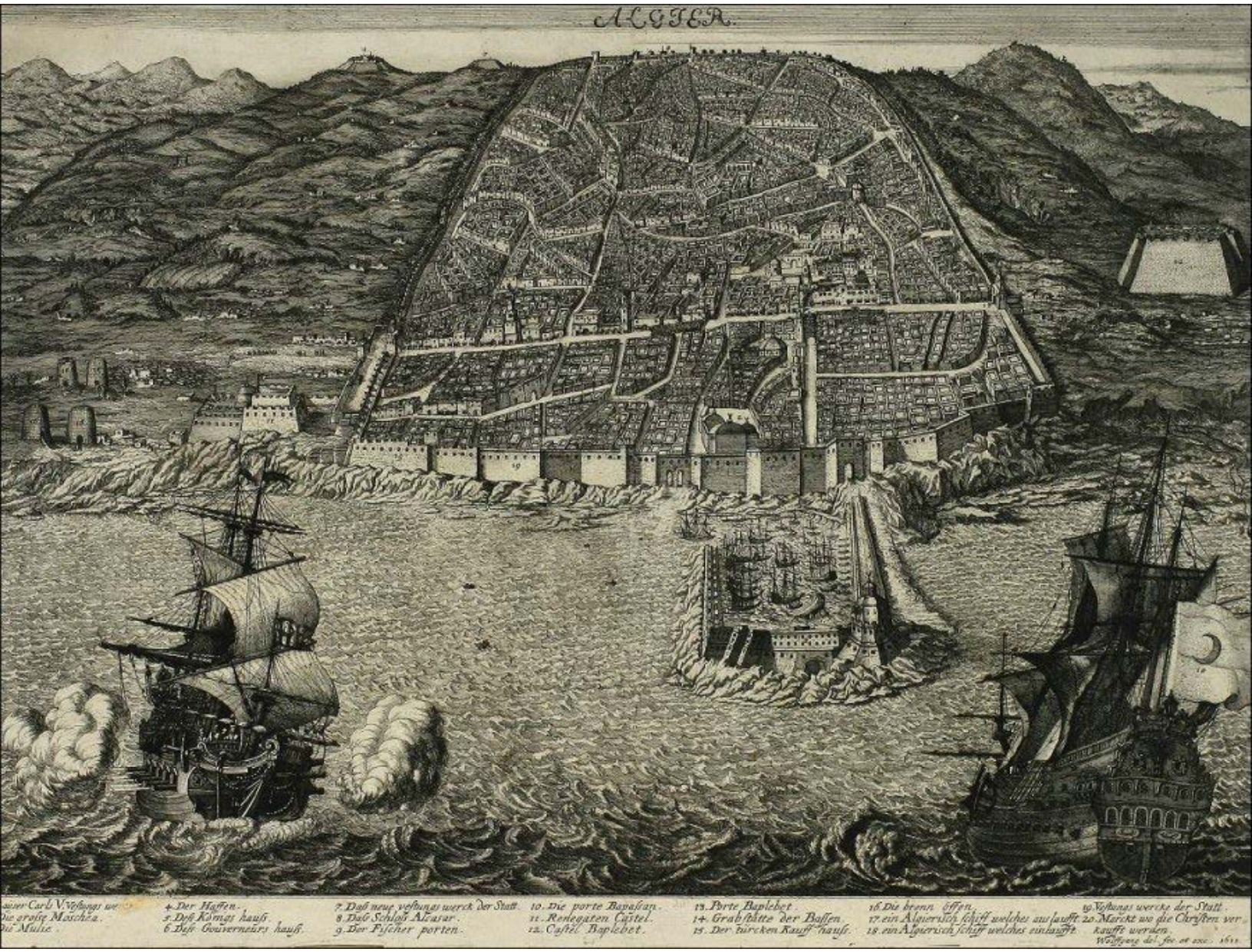
D. WOODWARD PINXT. J. GODFREY SCULT.

The Bosphorus, Constantinople.

Cassell Petter & Galpin



Турецко-германскій легкій крейсеръ Medilla—Бреслау 4.550 т. 1911 г. 27,7 узловъ.
Артиллерія: XII—4 дм.


ALGIER.
Keyser Carls V. Vestungs we
Die grosse Moschea.
Das Mulie.
4. Der Haffen.
5. Deß Königs hauß.
6. Deß Gouverneurs hauß.
7. Daß neue vestungs werck der Statt.
8. Daß Schloß Alcasar.
9. Der Fischer porten.
10. Die porte Bayaßan.
11. Renegaten Castel.
12. Castel Baplebet.
13. Porte Baplebet.
14. Grabstätte der Bassen
15. Der türcken Kauff hauß.
16. Die brenn öffen.
17. ein Algierisch schiff welches auslaufft.
18. ein Algierisch schiff welches einlaufft.
19. Vestungs wercke der Statt.
20. Marckt wo die Christen verkaufft werden.
Wolffgang del. fec. et exc. 1611.



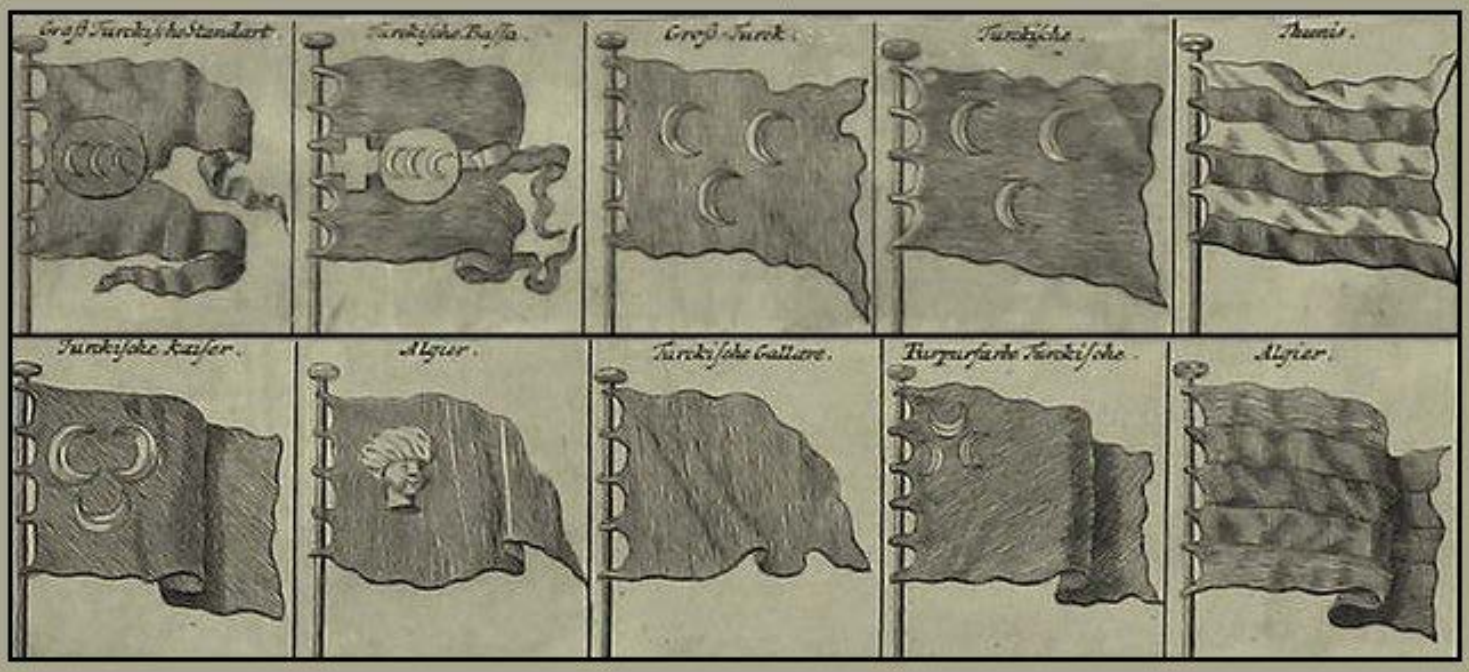
Explosion et Incendie du „Guadalquivir" des Messageries Maritimes en Rade de Salonique.
Catastrophe du 28 Avril 1903.

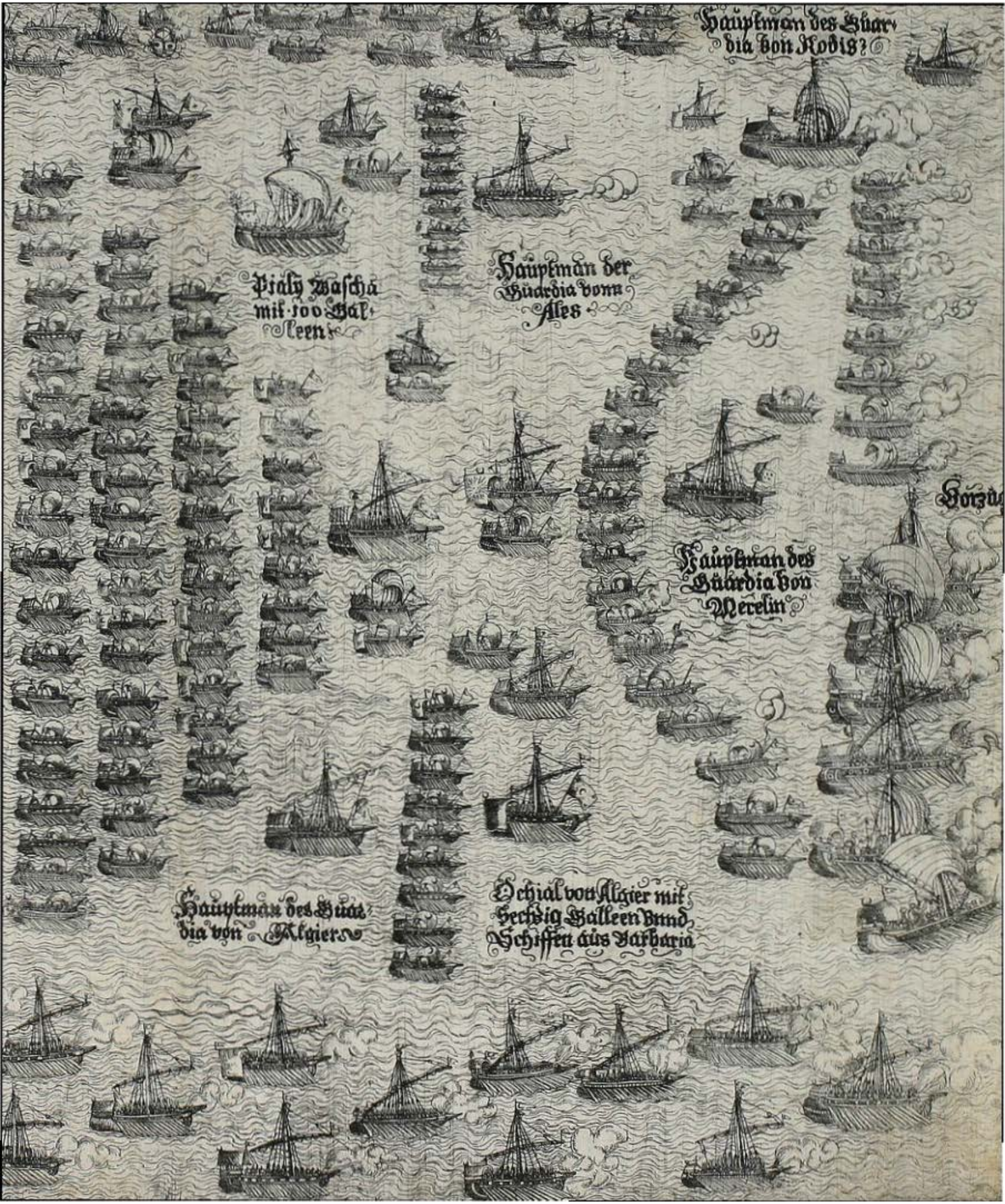
Cher Ami

J'ai pas reçu la lettre

Salonique 1 Bazz

271. Editeur G. Bader, Salonique.


Groß-Türckische Standart.
Türckische Bassa.
Groß-Türck.
Türckische.
Thunis.
Türckische Kayser.
Algier.
Türckische Galliare.
Purpurfarbe Türckische.
Algier.


Hauptman des Guar-
dia von Rodis?
Hauptman der
Guardia vonn
Ales
Pialy Wascha
mit 100 Gal-
leen
Hauptman des
Guardia von
Merelin
Hauptman des Guar-
dia von Algier
Dchial von Algier mit
sechtzig Galleen vnnd
Schiffen aus Barbaria


Nechagja
Monte fosena
Monte Cauallo
Monte ma
Monte lisigna - Diser fleck ist zmuor Turck
Sagradie
Süsane
Müle
Rotez Abacia
Tözemile
Casa de me.
S: Crose
S: Katauina
S: Veit
S Siluo
S Georg
Türkisch
Marchoenig
Das marchser haus des flecks Marchoenig
S Creng
S Maria
S: Nicolao
Case Crapsi
Casa Darmas
S Lorenz
Vesconda
Müle
Die grosa brucka
S: Pelegrin
MARE ADRIATICO
Warhafftige Contrafactur der Stat ANTIVARI
ligt am adrianischen mör im der prouintz Dal
matia vnd Albania gehört der Herrschaft Vene
dig zu. Ist aber itzt vom Türcken ein
genomen. Geschen im .1.5.7.5. iar
Diese Stat ANTIVARI ligt von der du
nemen, Stat vnd port am mer ZARA .300
meiln vnd von VENEDIG liegt .550
Meilen vnd von der gemaltigen vnuberwindlich
besitzung CORFV. liegt .200. meilen vnd
insel CANDIA liegt 700 meilen, etc

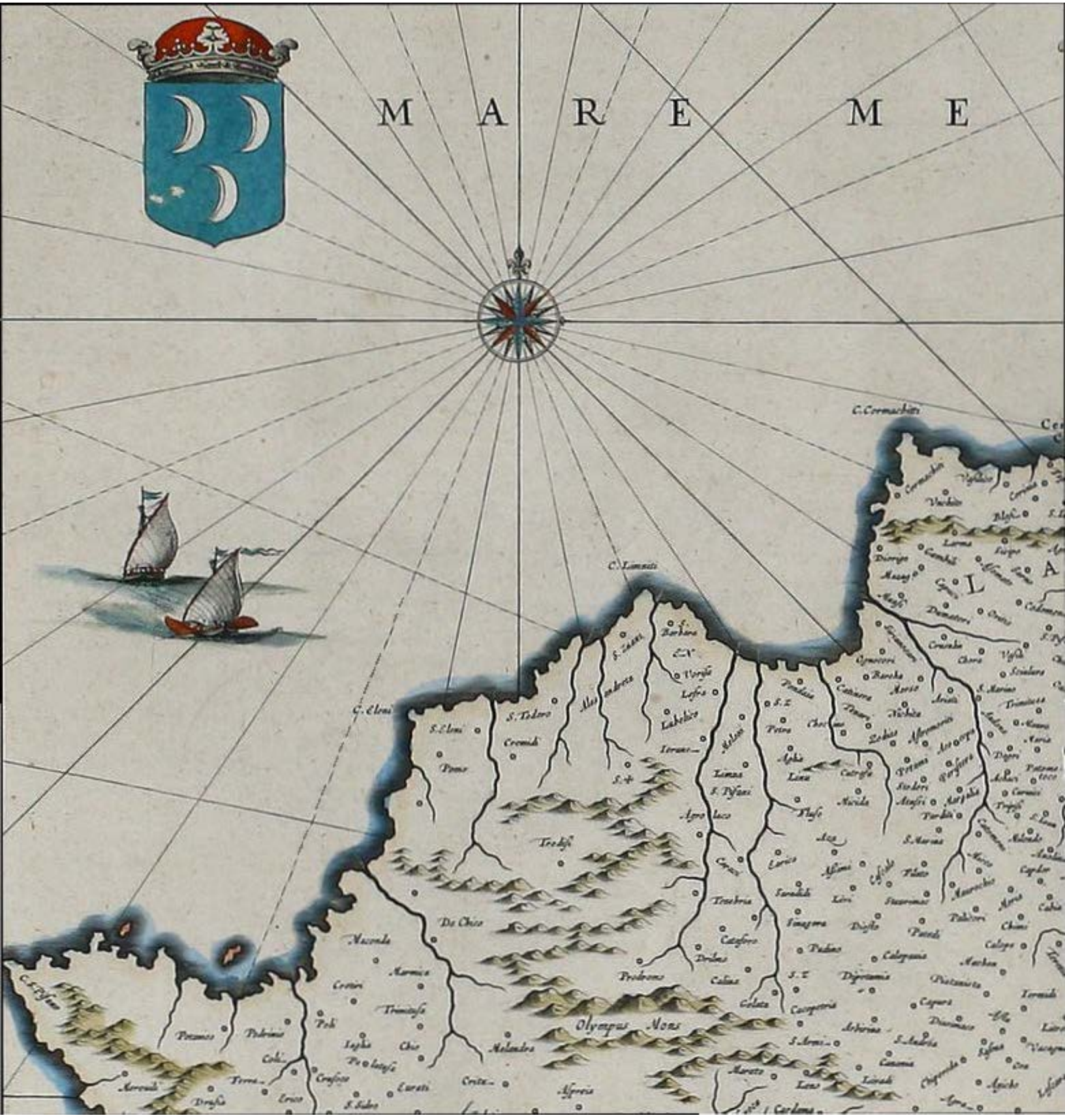


100. Korfu.


BVDA vulgo OFFEN
A
C
E
PEST
Danubius fluvius.


PONTUS EUXINUS
MARE DE SALA
CASPIUM
MARE
MEDITERRANEUM
PERSIA
ARABIA PETREA
ARABIA DESERTA
MESOPOTAMIA
TURCOMANIA
SYRIA
CHUSISTAN
FARS
KIRMAN
GEMENI
TEHAMA
ARABICUM
ACCURATISSIMA et MAXIMA
TURCICI IMPERII


IMPERIUM
TURCICUM
IN
EUROPA, ASIA ET AFRICA
REGIONES
PROPRIAS, TRIBUTARIAS, CLIENTELARES,
sicut et omnes earundem
PER IRREGATUS ET PRAEFECTURAS GENERALES
exhibens
IO BAPTISTA HOMANNI
MARE NIGRUM
PONTUS EUXINUS
MARE MEDITERRANEUM
ARABIA
DESERTA
MARE ARABICUM
MARE PERSICUM
REGNUM TRIPOLITANUM
NUBIA


M A R E M E
C. Cormachitis
C. Limnati
C. Elesi
Olympus Mons



The Attack of the Turkish Gun-boats on the Castle of Abondro




Les Estats de l'Empire du Grand Seigneur des Turcs en Europe, en Asie, et en Afrique, distingué suivant l'estendue de ses Beglerbeglicz ou Gouvernements, qui sont de la Romelie, de la Mer Blue, Temeswar, Bosnie, Candie et Capta en Europe, Anatolie, Caramanie, Cypre, Zulkadrie, Siuas, Tarabuzan, Icheldir, Carz, Erzerum, Wan, Alep, Tripoli, Sumau, Racca, Diarbeck, Mosul, Schehezul, Baguet, Barsora, Larsa, Gemen en Asie, Misir et Habeleth en Afrique, et les Estats qui sont hors la Protection ou qui lui sont Tributaires ... Les Principautés de la Petite Tartarie, Transylvanie, Moldavie, Valaquie et la Republique de Raguse en Europe. Les Estats du Chérif, la Mecque, et du Roy de Barbarie. Desertz en Asie. Les Royaumes d'Alger, Tunis, et Tripoli en Afrique.
Mer Noire
Cara Denitz
Mauro Thalassa
Euxino More
Pont Euxin
Mer de Ponant
Mer Mediterranée
Mer de Levant
Royaume d'Alger
Deserts de Barca
et de Libye
Le Zaara, ou Desert
Confins de la Grand de Tartarie
Royaume de Kaycar
Mer Caspienne
Mer de Hircanie
Mer de Bachu
Mer de Zabache
Mer de Mecque
Mer de Calecut
Mer d'Arabie
Ocean Oriental
et Indien
Estats de l'Empire du Grand Seigneur des Turcs en Europe, en Asie, et en Afrique divisé en tous ses Beglerbeglicz ou Gouvernements ... Presenté à Monseigneur le Dauphin
Mer Mediterranée


NOVA IMPERII TURCARUM TABULA, AD USUM SERENISSIMI BURGUNDIÆ DUCIS
MER NOIRE
CARA-DENIZI
CZORNO-MORE
MAURO THALASSA
PONT EUXIN
CONFINS DE LA GRAN DE TARTARIE
MAWARALNAHRA
MER MEDITERRANEE
MER DE LEVANT
DESERTS DE BARCA
ET DE LIBYE
LE SAARA ou DESERT
ESTATS DE L'EMPIRE DU GRAND SEIGNEUR DES TURCS
EN EUROPE, EN ASIE, ET EN AFRIQUE,
DIVISEZ EN TOUS LES BEGLERBEGLICZ, ou GOUVERNEMENTS.
A L'USAGE DE MONSEIGNEUR
LE DUC DE BOURGOGNE
FRONTIERES DE
L'EMPIRE DES ABISSINS
EMPIRE DES PERSES
OCEAN ORIENTAL ou INDIEN
MER MEDITERRANEE


L'EMPIRE DES TURCS
en EUROPE, en ASIE, et en AFRIQUE
avec quelques Villes plus belles Routes qu'y tiennent les Caravanes.
MER NOIRE autrement MER MAIOU et autrefois PONT EVXIN
MER CASPIENNE
MER MEDITERRANEE
MER DE LEVANT
CIRCASSIE
GEORGIE
ANATOLIE
ARMENIE
DIARBECH
MESOPOTAMIE
ARABIE DESERTE
ARABIE PETREE
ROYAVME DE PERSE
BARBARIE
PARTIE D'AFRIQVE
EGYPTE
ARABIE HEVREVSE
NVBIE
ETHIOPIE
MER D'ALGER
ROYAVME DE TVNIS
ROYAVME D'ALGER


CARTE
GENERALLE
DE L'EMPIRE DV
TVRC
1640
MER MEDITERRANÉE
MER NOIRE
MER MAIOVR ou PONT EVXIN
MER DE BACHV
MER CASPIE
ANATOLIE
ARABIE
DESERTE
HEVREVSE
ARABIQVE
INDIQVE
ABEN
ZIBIT
DAFILA
BARNAGASSO
GANFILA
BELLO
ROYAVME
PARTIE
ASTRACAN
GEORGIE
MEDIA
ASSYRIE
CHALDEE
ARABIE
DESERTE
ELCATIF
ou ARABIE
PERSE
INDIQVE

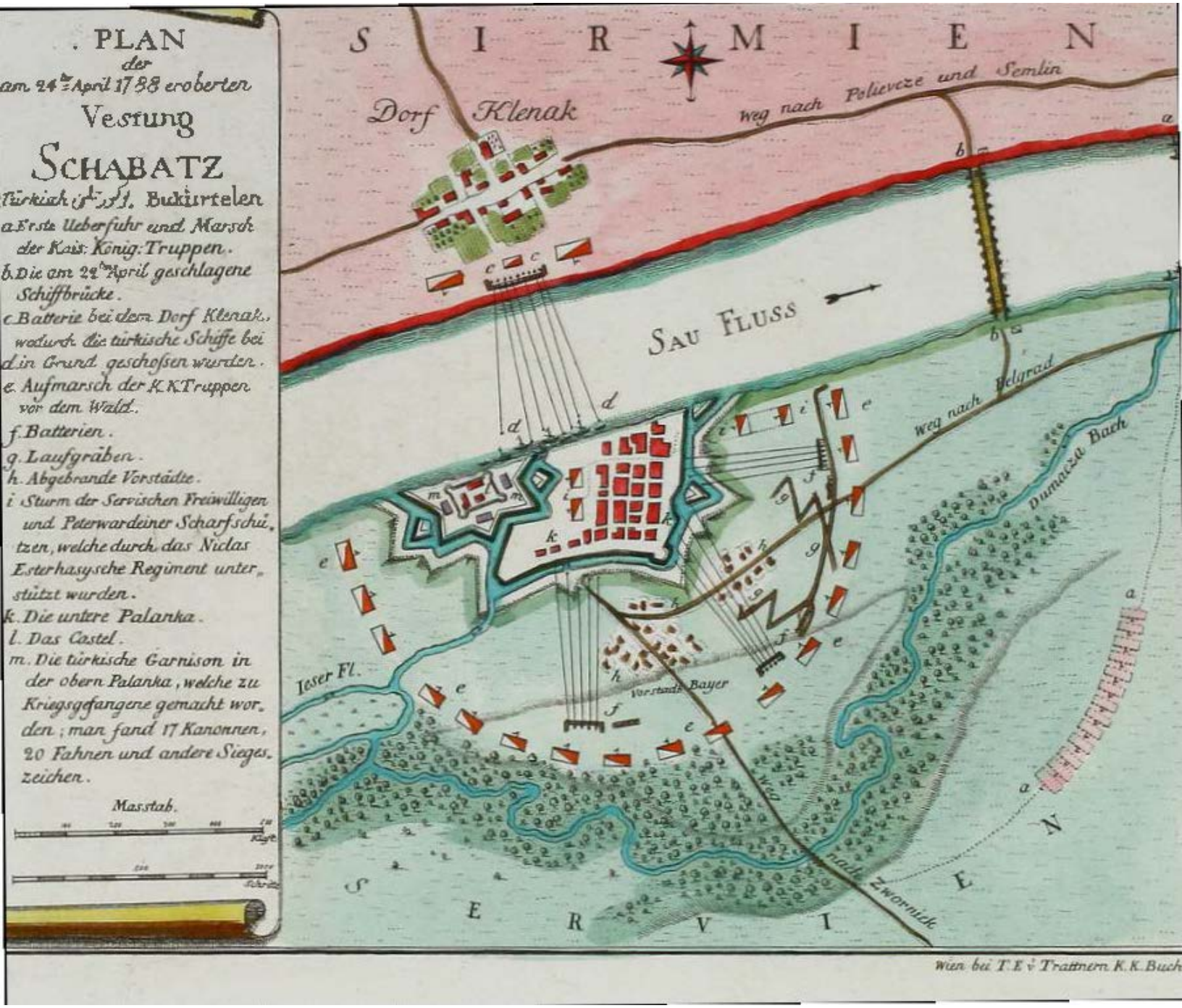

PLAN
der
am 24ten April 1788 eroberten
Vestung
SCHABATZ
Türkisch شاباتز Bukiurtelen
a. Erste Ueberfuhr und Marsch der Kais: König: Truppen.
b. Die am 22ten April geschlagene Schiffbrücke.
c. Batterie bei dem Dorf Klenak, wodurch die türkische Schiffe bei
d. in Grund geschossen wurden.
e. Aufmarsch der K.K. Truppen vor dem Wald.
f. Batterien.
g. Laufgräben.
h. Abgebrande Vorstädte.
i. Sturm der Servischen Freiwilligen und Peterwardeiner Scharfschützen, welche durch das Niclas Esterhasysche Regiment unterstützt wurden.
k. Die untere Palanka.
l. Das Castel.
m. Die türkische Garnison in der obern Palanka, welche zu Kriegsgefangene gemacht worden; man fand 17 Kanonnen, 20 Fahnen und andere Siegeszeichen.
Masstab.
S I R M I E N
Dorf Klenak
Weg nach Polievcze und Semlin
Sau Fluss
Weg nach Belgrad
Dumaiza Bach
Iser Fl.
Vorstadt Bayer
Weg nach Zwornick
S E R V I E N
Wien bei T.E.v. Trattnern K.K. Buch


Abbildung des harten treffens zwischen der käyserlich- und Türkischen Armee bey Kissa:
A. die Stad Kissa. B feindliche batterien C. 5 gefangene bürcke. D. eroberung des feindlichen Lagers, E. die flucht:


WALACHIA
SERVIA, BVLGA-
RIA, ROMANIA.
BESSARABIA
MOLDAVIÆ
PARS.
MARE
MAGNUM
Turcis
MAVROVLA
RASCIA
WALACHIA.
SERVIA
BVLGARIA
ROMANIA
Mar de Mar-
mora
NATOLIÆ PARS
MACEDONIÆ
EGEO PELAGO.


WALACHIA
SERVIA, BVLGA:
RIA, ROMANIA
Molda
WA
LA CHIA
BVL
ROMA
Syrfia
Sagora
Turcis
MARE
MAGIORE
MAVROTHA
EGEO PELAGO
Per Gerardum Mercatorem
Cum priuilegio


HUNGARY
MOLDAVIA
BUDZIAC
or
BESSARABIA
DZYKE POLE
TARTARY
THE
BLACK
SEA
DROBUGIA
ROMANIA
MACEDONIA
THESSALY
ADINZIC
or
AIDINA
NATOLIA
MINOR
CEPHALONIA
MORE A
or
THE
PELOPONNESUS
MENTESHA
MEDITERRANEAN
SEA
TURKY in EUROPE

CARTE DE L'EMPIRE DES TURCS EN ASIE & EN AFRIQUE, DIVISÉ DANS TOUTES SES PAPTIES,

Avec une Table de la Longitude & Latitude des principales Positions de cette Carte: le tout dressé sur les Mémoires Nouveaux.



L'EMPIRE DES TURCS, est un des plus grands et des plus considerables de l'Univers par les Etats qu'il Possede en Europe en Asie et en Afrique. Il est borné au Levant par la Perse au Midy par la Mer Rouge et le Golfe de Perse au Midy par la Mer Méditerranée et par le Nord au Septentrion par la Moscovie et la Mer Caspienne.

La Turquie en Europe comprend la Romanie, la Bulgarie, la Moldavie, l'Albanie, la Livadie, la Morée, les Isles qui en sont proche de la Dalmatie, de la Croatie, de l'Esclavonie, et de la Hongrie, les Isles de Negrepont et de Candie, grande partie des Isles de l'Archipel, et la Protection de la Pologne, de la Moldavie et de la Petite Tartarie.

La Turquie en Asie est composée de partie des Isles de l'Archipel, de l'Anatolie, de la Mer du Darbeck, de l'Isle de Chio de Cypre partie de l'Arabie, la Caldée, la Mesopotamie, la Georgie, et la Protection des trois Arabies.

La Turquie d'Afrique se comprend, par l'Egypte, le Royaume de Barca et quelques Places sur les Côtes de la Mer Rouge et la Protection des Royaumes de Fesse, Tunis et Alger.

Les Turcs diuisent grands Etats ordinairement en 24 Beglerbeglies ou grands Gouvernements, qui se subdiuisent en Sangiacats ou petits Gouvernements. Il y a dans de ces Gouvernements en Europe Seruie de Bosnie qui comprend la Bosnie, et partie de la Croatie et de l'Esclauonie en tout 9 Sangiacats. De Caffa ou Petite Tartarie dans 4 parts de Sangiacats. De la Mer ou de Cypre ou Chasse en tout 7 des Sangiacats portés en Europe portés en Asie vers les Côtes de l'Archipel et de la Grece.

De Romelie qui contient la Romanie, la Grece propre, la Macedoine, l'Albanie, la Bulgarie et la Dessordie en tout 19 Sangiacats.

De Temisuar qui contient la partie de la Hongrie Turque et qui est restée aux Turcs en tout 4 Sangiacats.

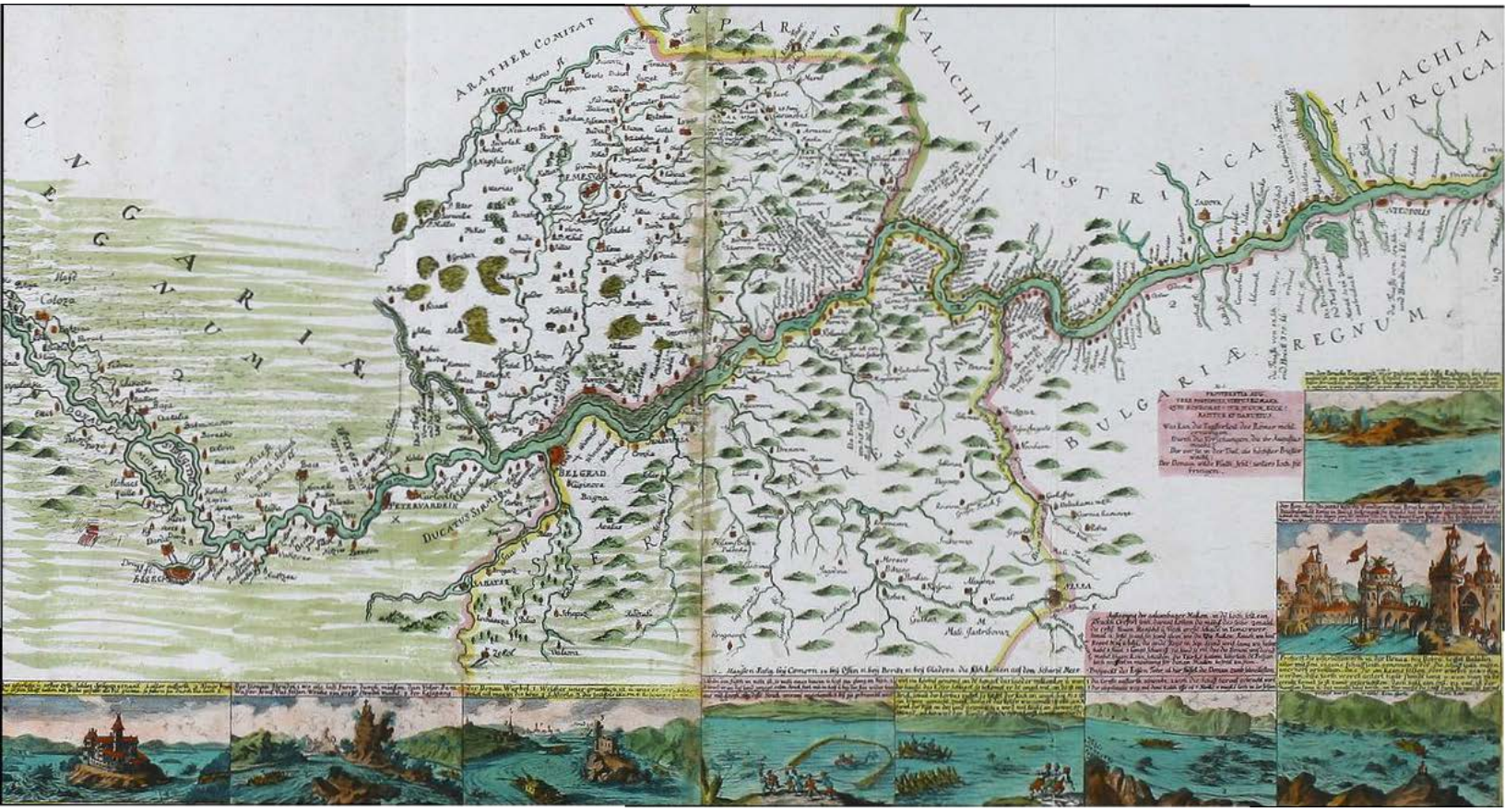
Asie qui est le Grands Gouvernements en Asie sauoir de Natolie qui en a 13 Sangiacats ou petits Gouvernements de Bagdad qui en a 10 Sangiacats De Caramanie ou de Cypre qui comprend la partie Meridionale de la Natolie en tout 7 Sangiacats De Carmanie ou de Barbaduel qui en a 9 Sangiacats De Diarbec ou de Mesopotamie de 8 Sangiacats De Cypre 7 Sangiacats De Barca en 3 Sangiacats. D'Erzerum en 8 Sangiacats De Sarouel ou Zulkadrie en 5 Sangiacats De Marasch Sangiacats. De Natolie dans la Paleste qui en a 14 Sangiacats De Selet vers l'Arabie heureuse Sangiacats De Schahrezol proche de Tocat en 10 Sangiacats De Sebaste en 6 Sangiacats De Tekarieni ou Carahissar compris 6 Sangiacats De Trapezonde de Cars en 5 Sangiacats De Rum ou de Iconie en 5 Sangiacats. Le Beglerbeglie de Cairo ou de Mesr, est le seul en Afrique. Il a 8 Sangiacats, et toute l'Egypte Durand en sa Conquête. La Protection des Royaumes de Tripoly, Tunis et Alger, sur les Côtes de Barbarie.

Latitude et Longitude des Principales Positions de cette Carte.

Noms des Positions	Latitude Degr.	Min.	Longitude Degr.	Min.	Noms des Positions	Latitude Degr.	Min.	Longitude Degr.	Min.	Noms des Positions	Latitude Degr.	Min.	Longitude Degr.	Min.
Alep	36	15	36	30	le Caire	34	54	45	10	Medine	24	30	61	45
Alger	36	0	24	30	le Cayre	30	2	50	30	Melde	25	30	62	30
Arzeroun	40	30	77	3	Conftantinople	40	10	52	10	Orma	27	30	78	45
Alexandrie	31	0	48	15	Corfou	39	37	39	0	Rayale	43	34	58	48
Adenen	33	40	44	45	Damiette	31	31			Rivette	37	24		
Balsora	30	50	68	30	Revvan	40	15			Rodes	36	12	58	54
Bagdet	36	30	58	30	Erzerum	39	50			Sebas	38	10	37	0
Candie	34	30	48	30	Mercofalou	33	10	60	10	Smirne	38	15	48	0
Cap Mesurat	35	0	43	30	Mesphan	38	40	63	30	Trebisonde	41	4	59	0
Cap Guardafui	12	15	73	10	Ile de Sokot	30	32	46	0	Zocotora	12	30	75	0
Carthage	35	10	30	57	la Meque	23	40	67						


TVRCICI IMPE-
RII DESCRIPTIO.
Concordia parvæ res crescunt.
Discordia maximæ dilabuntur.
SEPTENTRIO.
TARIAE PARS.
MARE MEDITERRANEUM
REGNI PERSIDIS
PARS. QVOD HODIE
A SOPHIS GUBER-
NATVR.
ARABIA DESER-
TA
ARABIA
FELIX
AFRICAE
PARS.
RVBRI PARS.
MERIDIES.


TARIAE PARS.
MARE MAGNO RE. N. PONTVS EXEINVS
MARE DE BACV. vel CASPIVM MARE ET HYRCANVM
REGNI PERSIAE PARS, QVOD HODIE A SOPHIS GVBERNATVR.
MARE MEDITERRANEVM
Libyæ deserta.
AFRICAE PARS.
ARABIA FELIX
DAFILA.
BARNAGASSO
TVRCICI IMPERII DESCRIPTIO.
Concordia parvæ res crescunt. Discordia maximæ dilabuntur.


ARATHER COMITAT
PARS
VALACHIA AUSTRIACA
VALACHIA TURCICA
REGNUM
BULGARIA
SERVIA
BELGRAD
Kapiseva
Bugna
TEMESVAR
PETERVARDEIN
DUCATUS SYRMIEN
ZABATZ
ZABDA
NICOPOLIS
ALTSA
Mali Jastrebovz
Coloza


Troia Vecchia
Archipelago




La Partie Septentrionale de la Turquie en Europe
Mer Noire
ou
Mer Maior
ou
Pont Euxin
Golphe de Venise
Partie de l'Italie
Partie de l'Asie
Pologne
Russie Noire
Podolie
Moldavie
Valachie
Transylvanie
Hongrie
Bosnie
Servie
Romanie
Macedoine
Bessarabie
Crimée
Partie Septentrionale de la Tartarie
Chersonesus Taurica
Nicropoli
Golphe de Venise
Golphe de Tarente
Golphe de Lepante
Mer de Marmora
Pont Euxin


NATOLIAM
MARE MAZOR
TARTARIAE PARS
MENGRELIA REG
GIORGIANI REG
TVRCOMANI REG
ARMENIA
CVRDI POPV
ALIDVLLI POPV
SORIA
CIPROY
ARCI PELAGO
MOREA
SICILIAE PARS
CANDIAY
Septentrio
Occidens
Oriens
Meridies
MARE MEDITERRANEY
SECHE DE BARBARIA
ARABIA DESERTA
TVRCIA


NIEUWE KAART
VAN
EUROPISCH
TURKYEN
na de allernieuwste ondekking
in't licht gebracht.
te AMSTERDAM
by ISAAK TIRION.
Duitsche Mylen 15 in een graad.
Engelsche Mylen 60 in een graad.
Fransche Mylen 25 in een graad.
DE ZWARTE ZEE
DE MIDDELLANDSCHE ZEE
HONGARYE
POOLEN
MOSCOVIE
TARTARIE
WALACHIE
BOSNIA
SERVIA
BULGARIA
ROMANIA
MACEDONIE
MOREA
NATOLIA
CARAMANIA
CIRKASSIA
PALUS MEOTUS
KRIMS TARTARYE
EILAND KANDIA
ARMENIA
Azof
Constantinopolen
Adrianopolen
Smirna
Athene
Rhodus
Candia
Nikosia
Cogne
Ankera
Trebisonde
Erzeron
Amasia
Caesar
Satalia
Scanderoen
Bender
Budziak
Bachcheras
Kaffa
Tana
Azow
Cutaige
Bourse
Negroponte
Cerigo
Cerigotto
Scarpanto
Cipre
Salomon
Cap S. Andries


TURQUIE
en
EUROPE,
Suivant les
Nouvelles Observations
de
Mess.rs de l'Academie
Royale des Sciences, etc.
Augmentées de Nouveau.
A LEIDE.
Chez PIERRE VANDER Aa
Avec Privilege.
ESCLAVONIE
VALAQUIE
BUDZIAC
MER
NOIRE
BOSNIE
SERVIE
BULGARIE
ROMANIE
MACEDOINE
GOLFE DE VENISE
PROPONTIS
ARCHIPEL
NATOLIE
MOREE
CARAMANIE
I. DE CANDIE
Rhodes
RHODES I.
Golfe de Tarente
Cephalonie I.
Salonique
Constantinople

TABULA NOVA IMPERII TURCARUM IN EUROPA AD USUM SERENISSIMI BURGUNDIÆ DUCIS.



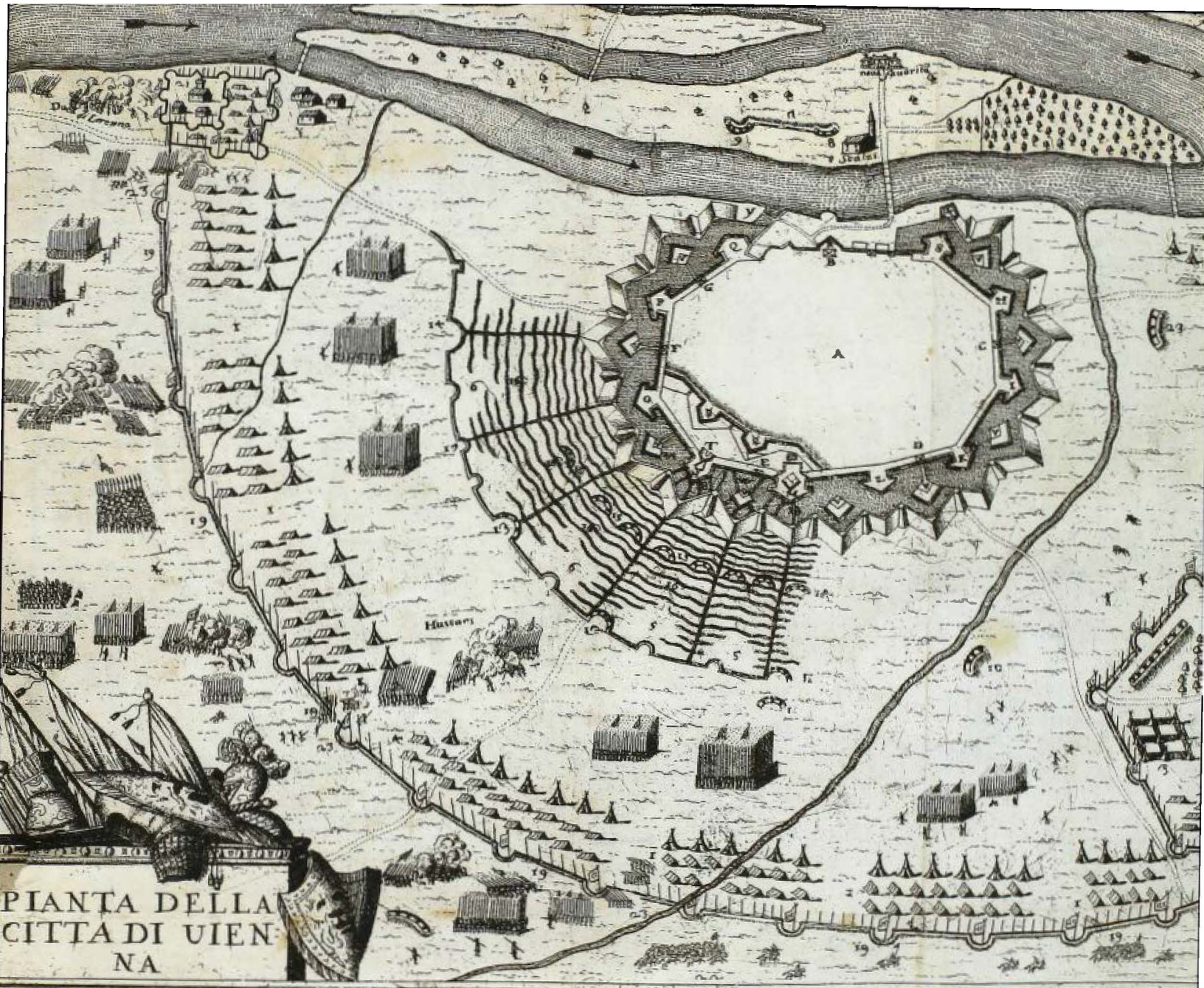

ESTATS de L'EMPIRE des TURQS en EUROPE ou sont les BEGLERBEGLICZ ou GOUVERNEMENTS de ROMELIE de la MER de BUDE de TEMESWAR et de BOSNIE qui Comprennent les PROVINCES de BOSNIE
MER NOIRE autrefois PONT EUXIN
ESTATS DE L'EMPIRE DES TURQS EN EUROPE
BEGLERBEGLICZ ou GOUVERNEMENTS
ARCHIPEL
MER BLANCHE
MER ÆGEE
MER DE TOSCANE
MER TYRRHENE
MER IONIENNE
MER DE SICILE
MER MEDITERRANEE
MER DE PONANT
MER DE LEVANT
GOLFE DE VENISE
MER ADRIATIQUE
PARTIE DES ESTATS DES TURQS EN ASIE MINEURE
PARTIE DES ESTATS DES TURQS EN ASIE


MER NOIRE et MER MAIEVRE
autrement
PONT EVXIN
ESTATS,
de L'EMPIRE des
TVRQS
en EVROPE,
et Pays circonvoisins;
entre lesquels sont
HONGRIE, TRANSILVANIE,
VALAQVIE, MOLDAVIE,
PETITE TARARIE. &c.
Soiets, ou tributaires des Turqs.
Par N. SANSON d'Abbeville Geogr.
pte ordinaire du Roy.
Avec privilege pour 20 ans.
ANATOLIE
ASIE
MER
MINEVRE
MER DE
LEVANT
MER
MEDI
TER
RA
NEE
Eschelle
PARIS
chez Pierre Mariette rue S.t Jacques a l'esperance


ESTATS DE L'EMPIRE
DV GRAND SEIGNEVR
des TVRQS ou SVLTAN des
OTTOMANS EN ASIE, en
AFRIQVE, et en EVROPE.
Par Nicolas Sanson d'Abbeville
Geograhe ordinaire du Roy
Avec Privilege pour vingt ans 1674
MER MEDITERRANEE
MER D'ARABIE
PARTIE DE L'OCEAN ORIEN
TAL OV INDIEN
ABISSINIE
PERSES
MER NOIRE
PONT EVXIN
ROYAVME DE FEZ
ROYAVME DE TVNIS
BILEDVLGERID


CANDIA
Fortezza di Turchi
LARMATA TVRCA


REGNUM POLONIÆ
MOLDAVIA
WALACHIA
BULGARIA
RASCIA
BUDZIAC.
MARE
NIGRUM
DANUBII FLUMINIS PARS INFIMA IN QUA TRANSYLVANIA WALACHIA MOLDAVIA BULGARIA SERVIA THRACIA et BESSARABIA accurate distincta
PROPONTIS
Hodie
MARE DE MARMORA
ARCHIPELAGI PARS
HERMANSTATT
CLAUSENBURG
SEGEDIN
SOPHIA
SMENDRIA



DESCRITTIONE DELL' ASSEDIO DELLA CITTA' DI VIENNA. M.DC.LXXXIII.



Als man zelltt 1594 iarr,
Der Turck, mit groſter macht auff war.
Fur Raab ſich legertt, im Vngerlantt.
An der er noch (durch widerſtandtt
Der vnſern) nicht vil gewonnen haltt.
Welch ihr leger ienſeitt der ſtadtt,
Vber waſſer han zu der friſt.
Wie hie oben zu ſehen iſt.
An den er offtt verſuchtt ſein heil:
Bekommet doch allmal ſeinen theil.
Drumb laſt ons gott bitten allzampt,
Das er ons weitters thu beſtanndt.

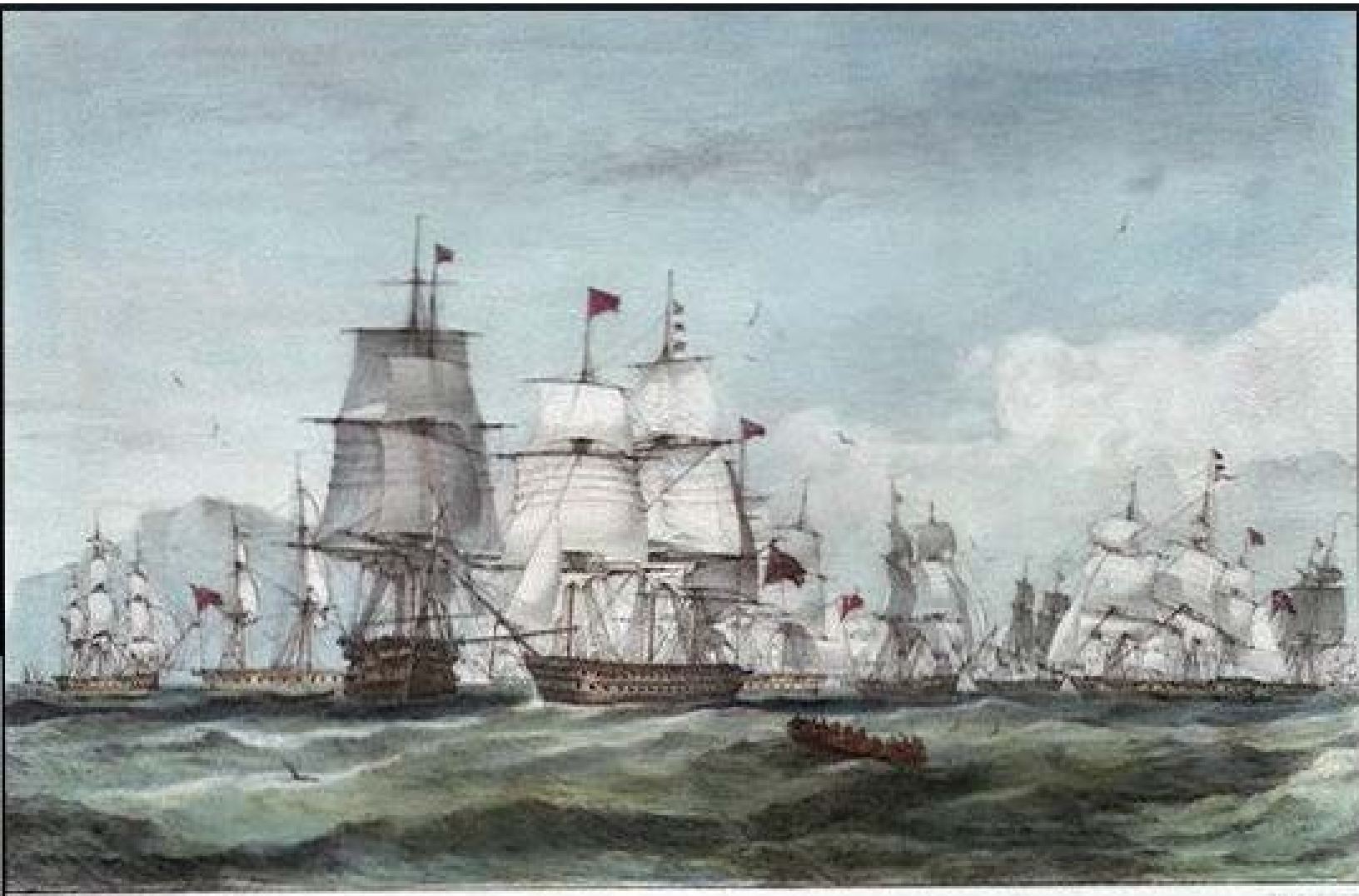
balteſer Caimax excudit

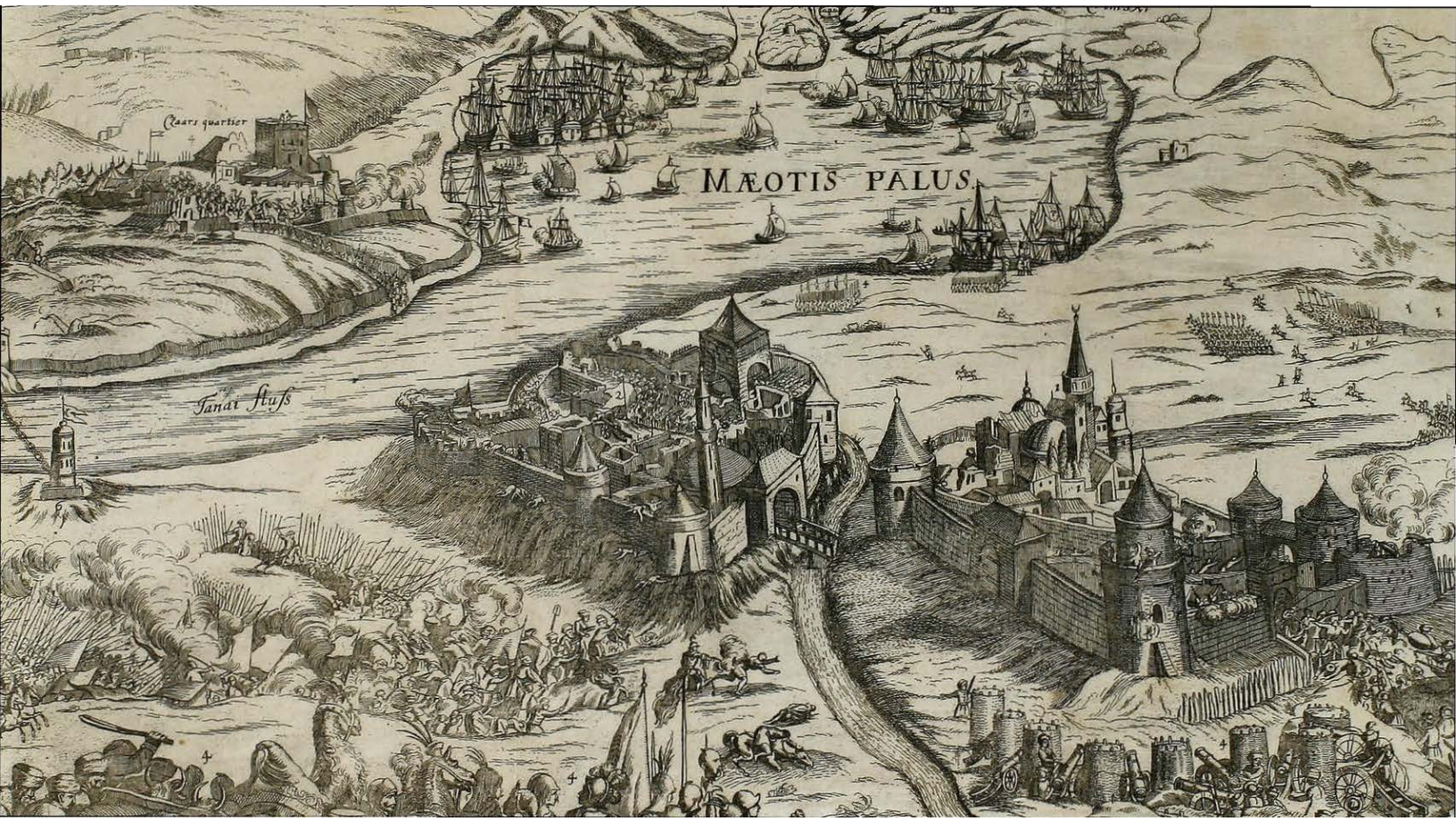

POLEN
UNGARN
RUSSLAND
DAS SCHWARTZE MEER
ASIA MINOR
MITTELLÆNDISCHE SEE
AFRICA
PERSIEN
TURCKEY
Neu-eröfnetes
Kriegs-Theatrum
in
Ungarn Ruszland
und der
Turckey,
worinnen alle Provintzien, wie sie
an das Türckische Reich angräntzen, zu ersehen
sind.


MODON
C
P
H
N
N


MODON.
H
N.
N






Czaars quartier
MÆOTIS PALUS.
Tanai stuys

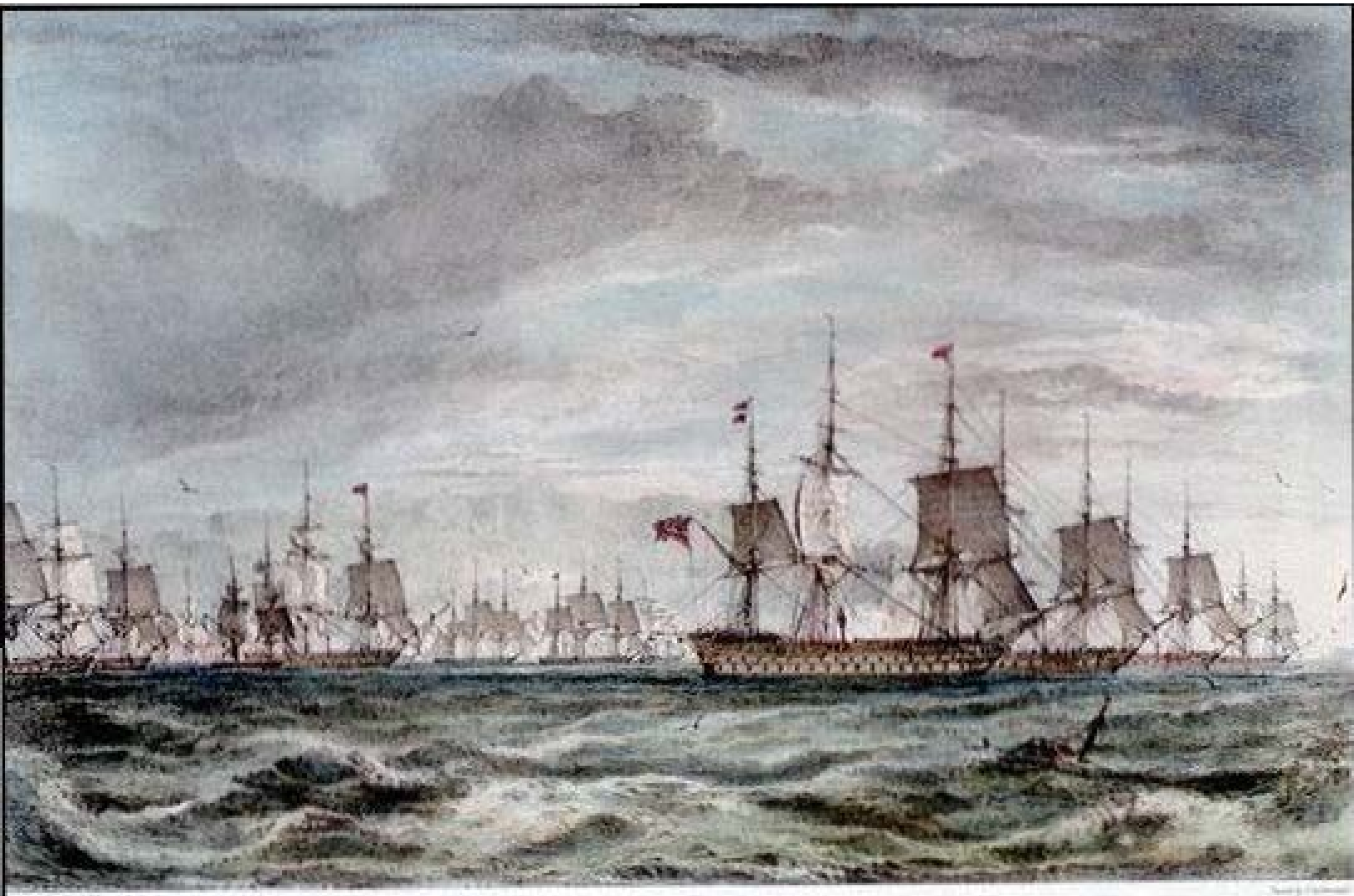


C. Weigel.

37.

Bey

Ein Capitain der Galere.

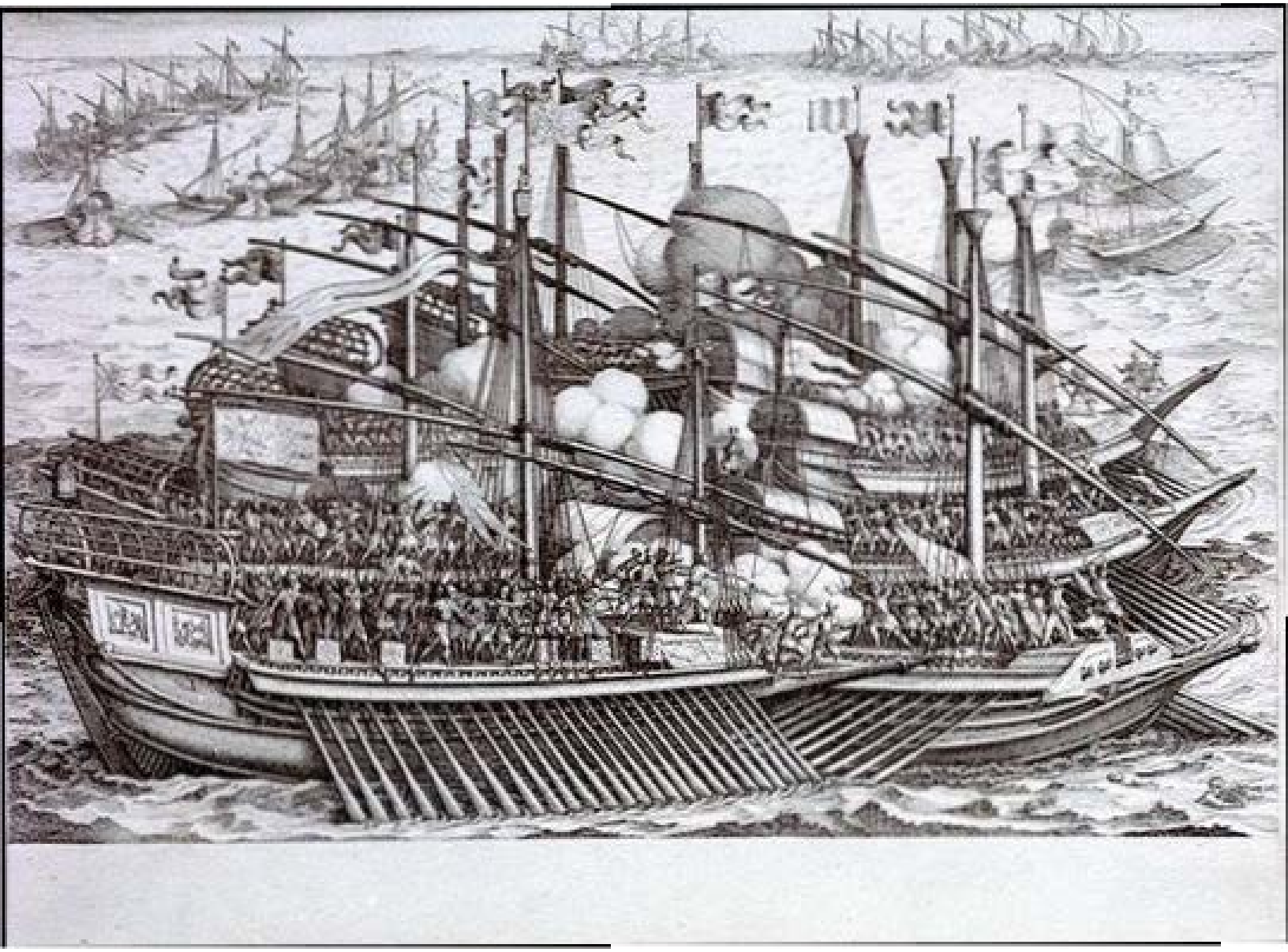


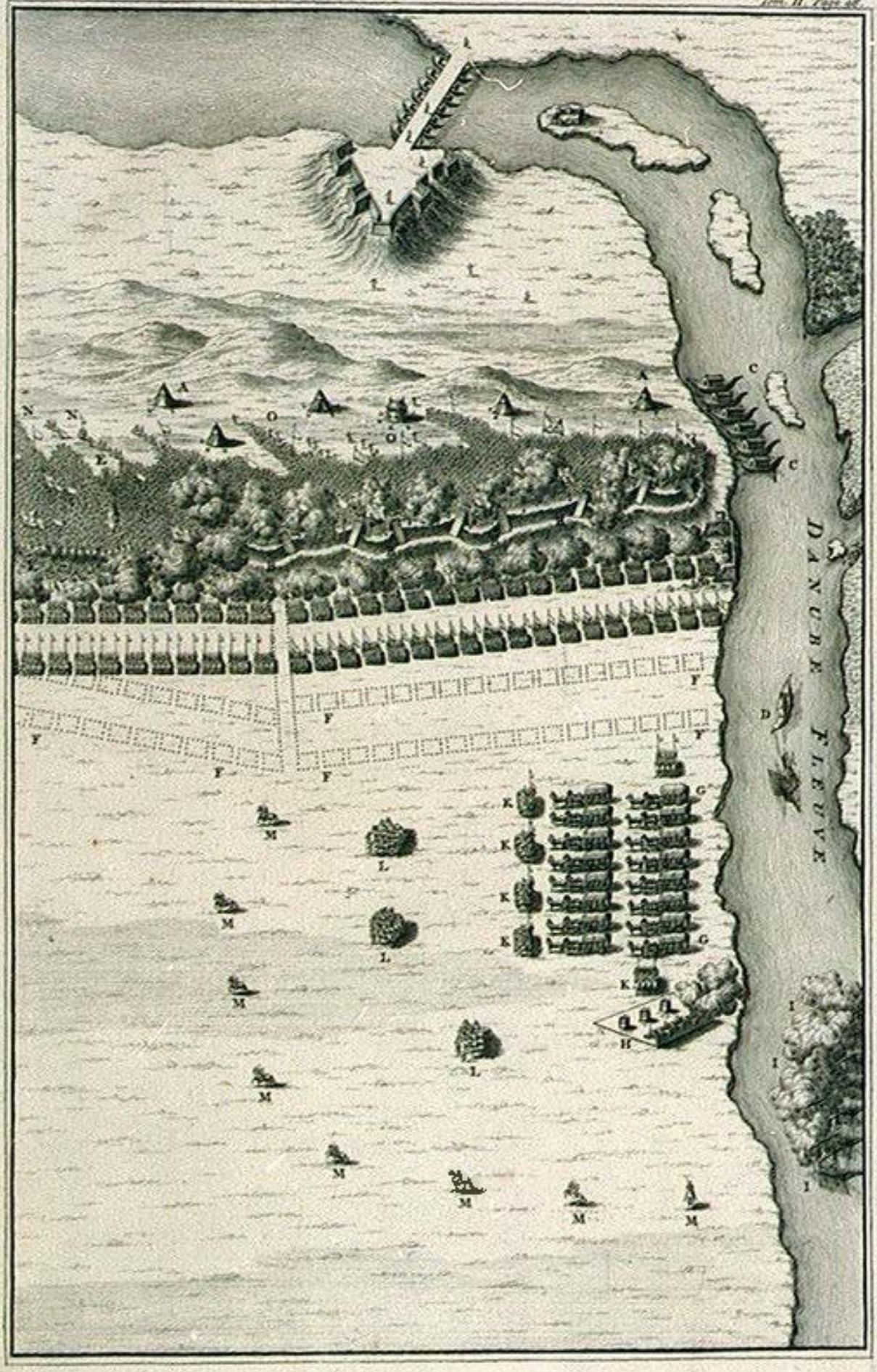
Turkish Fleet
Turkish Vice Admiral
Turkish & Egyptian Fleet
Turkish Rear Admiral
The Asia 84
Vice Adm.l Sir R. Calthorpe
Capt. Pownoby
The Dartmouth 50 Capt.n Lord A. Fitzclarence
The Talbot 28 The Beat 18 Capt.n Symonds
The Zebra 16 Capt. Hotham



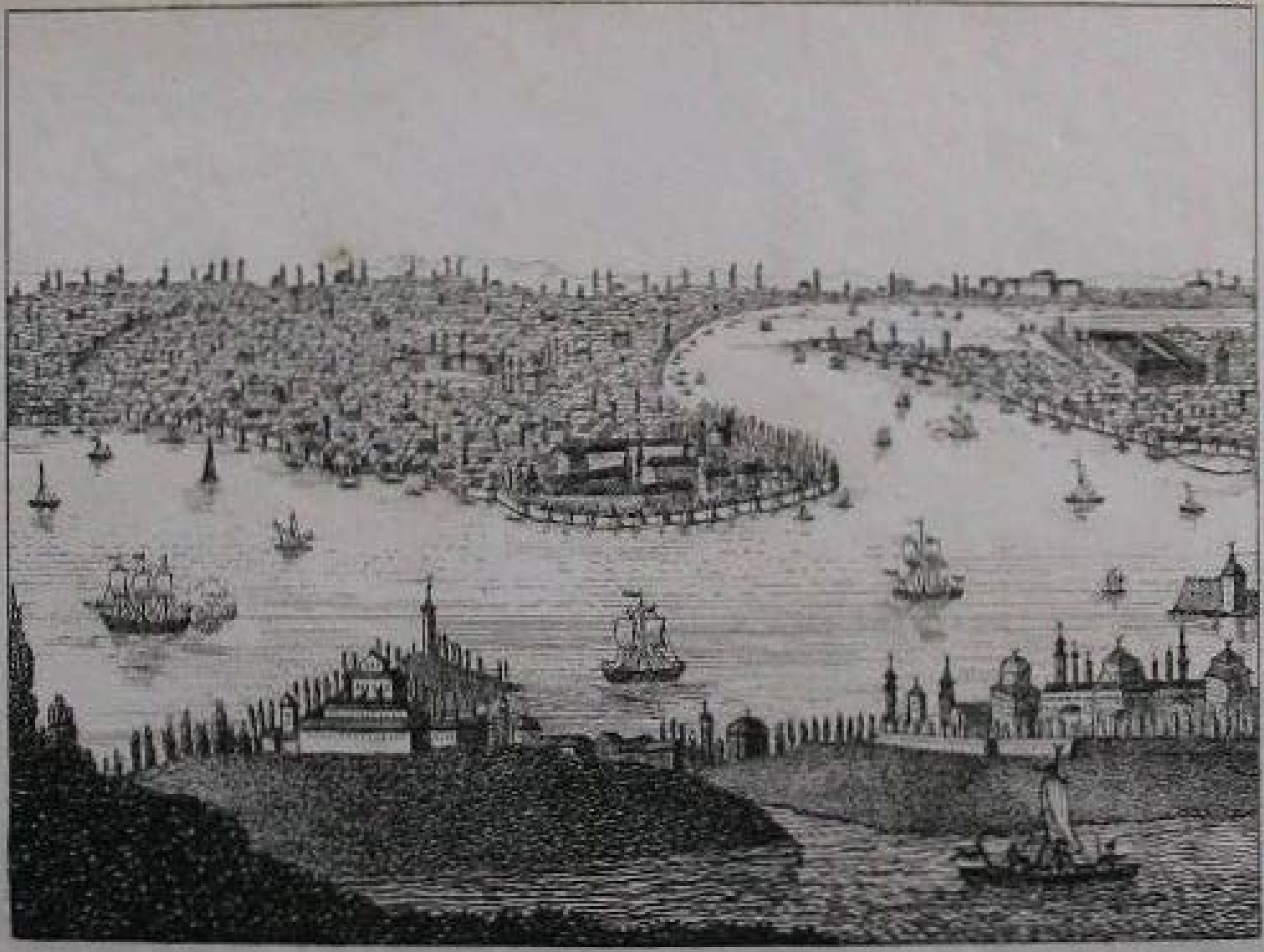
Capetana – Bey.

Vice – Amiral.





c. Pontonen Brücke. H. a. Bulkan, zugeschüttet.
d. Galley. Turkische galeyen. I.
1692 [?] Stankemen



59. Constantinopel



39 Constantinopel.



BUTEKOUERE

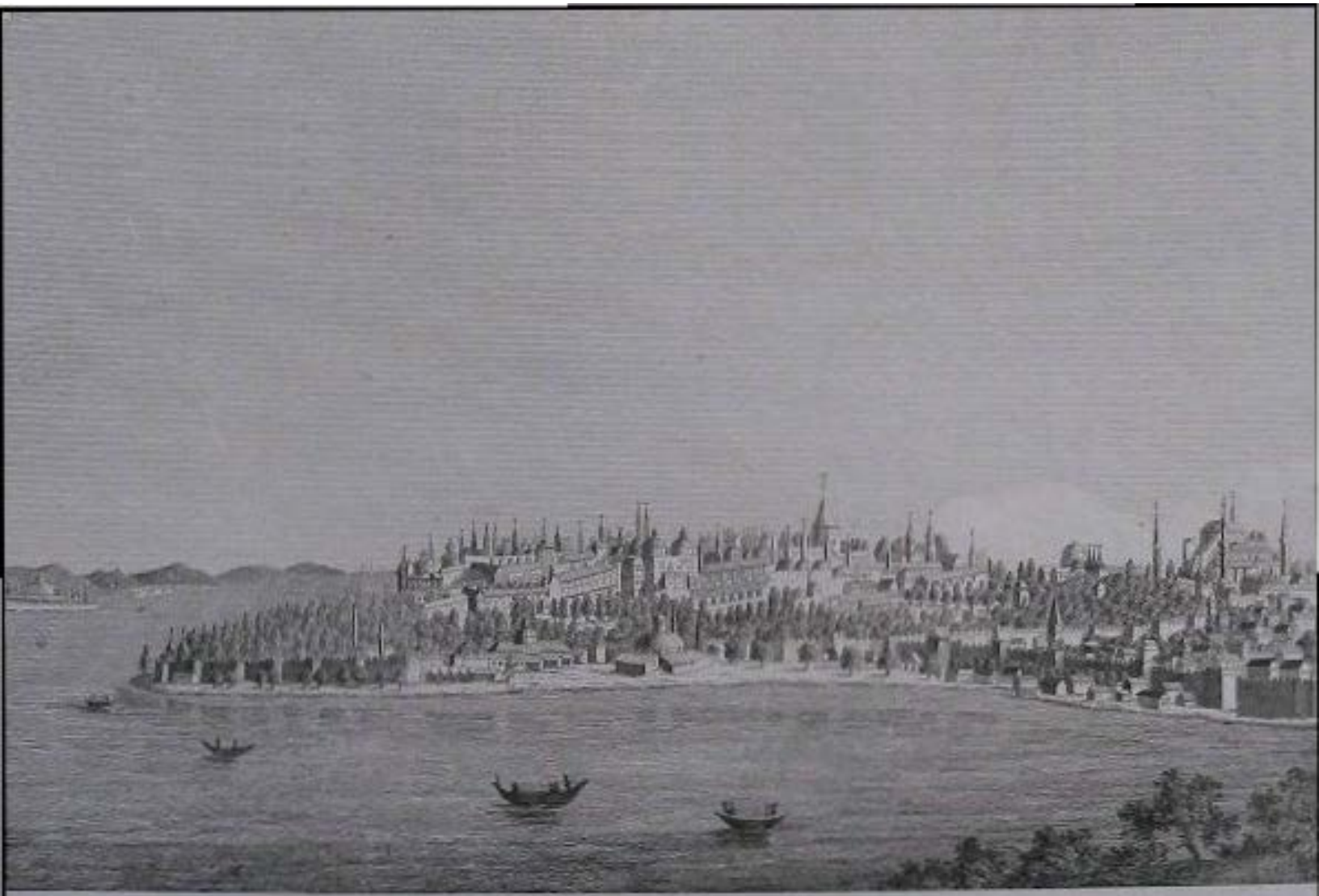
Feuuerauffahrt der Franken aus Cartheuiuspel.



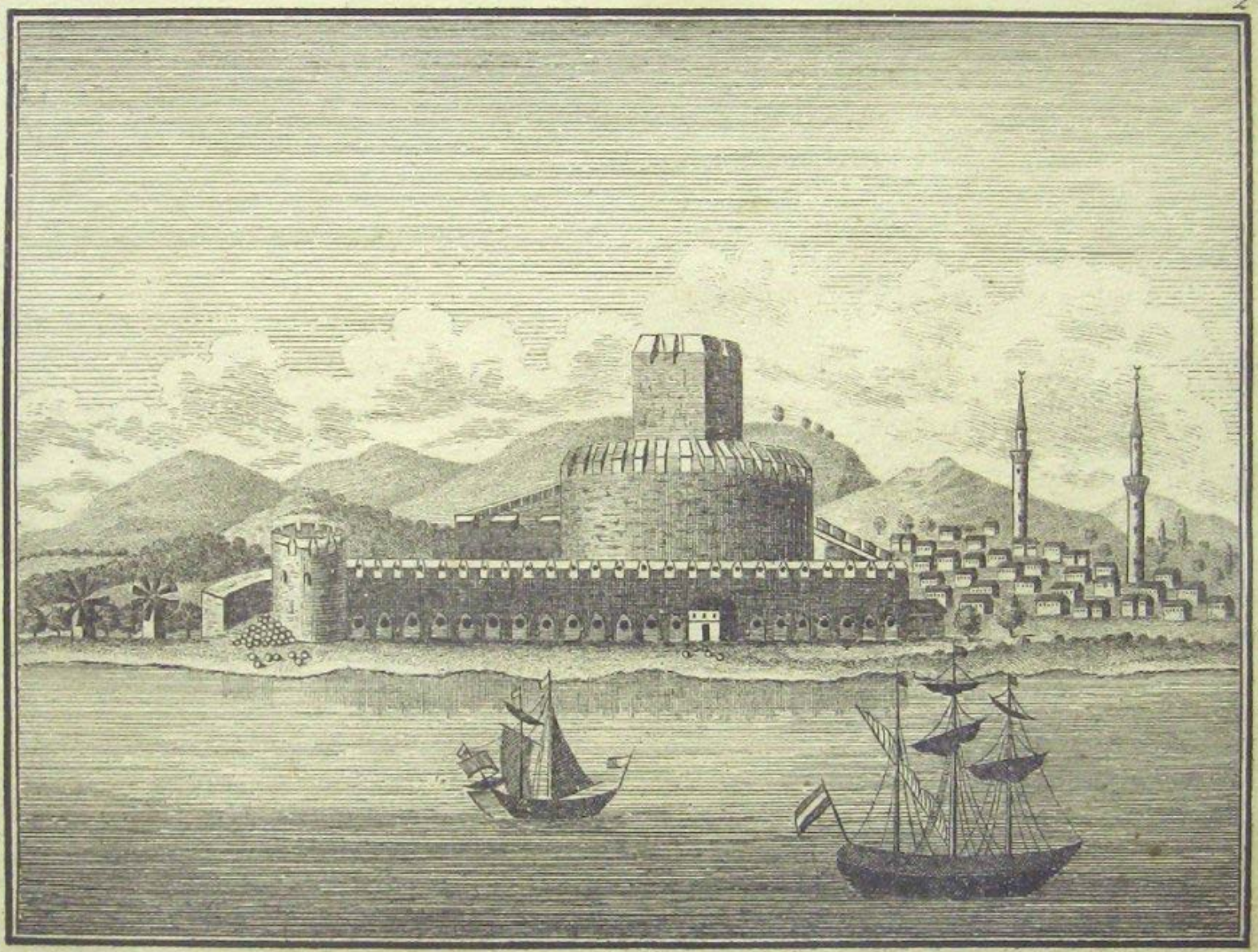
EIN THEIL DES HAFENS VON CONSTANTINOPEL



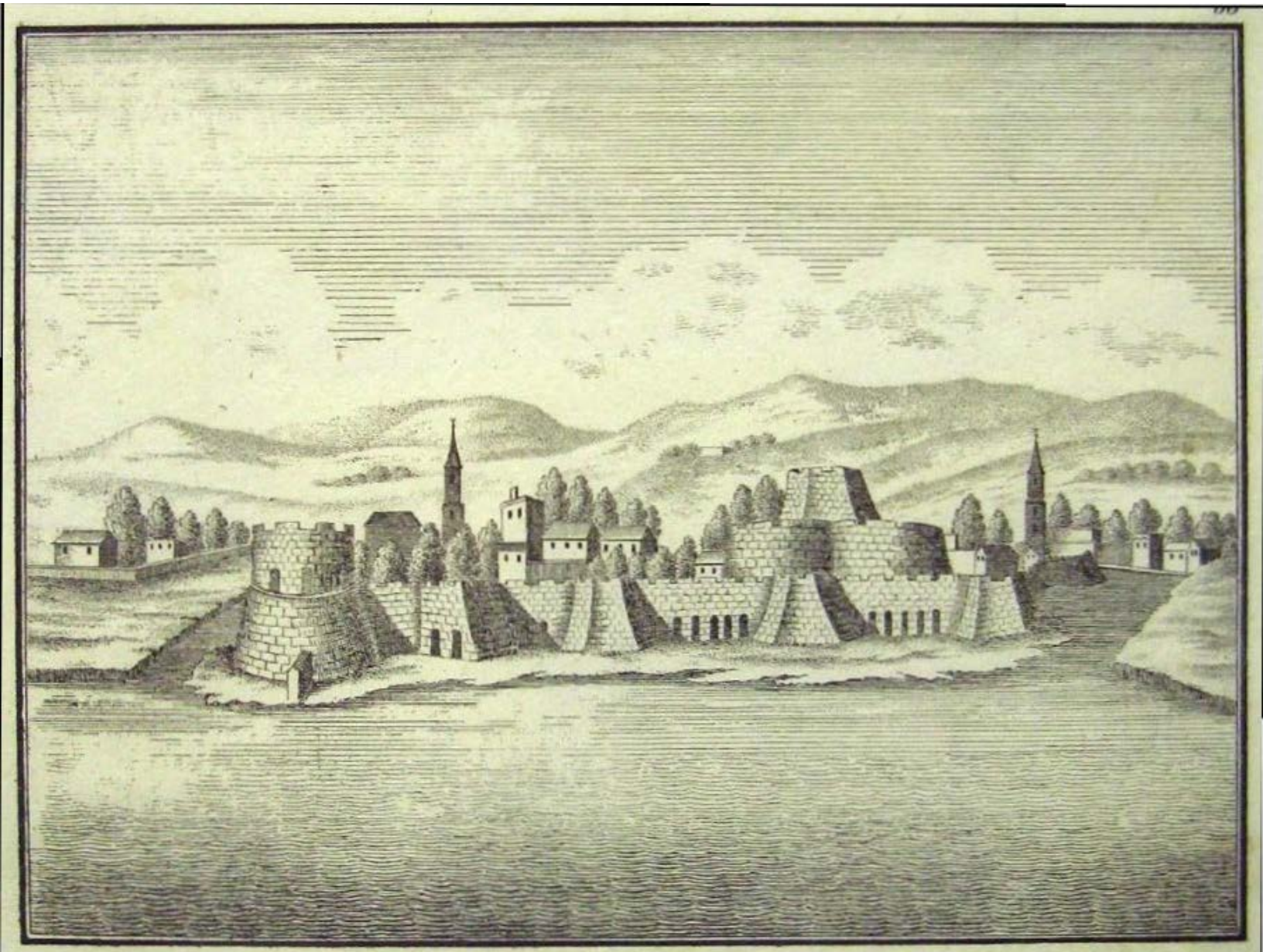
Die Dardanellen.



DAS SERAIL DES GROSSULTAN



98. Das europäische neue Dardanellenſchloſs Sedbahwri.



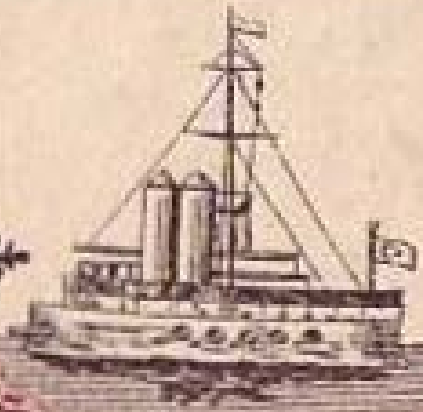
162. Altes europäisches Dardanellenschloſs.



Avedis Zildjian

CYMBAL SMITH





الوعي العثماني معارف نظارتي

اسكدار لوا بشعبه سي

	عدد	پاره
آلتون	عثماني	٢٦
	انكليز	
	فرانسز	
	قرابچ	
	قروش	١٥
	مصريه	١
	يكون	٤٢

بدايه وكيله صاحبي خانم عبد [illegible] خانم

اعطا اولنان ٢٢ قروسه آلتون پاره تحويل شد ١٧ كرطاسيه

مطبعه سي



Turquie d'Europe,

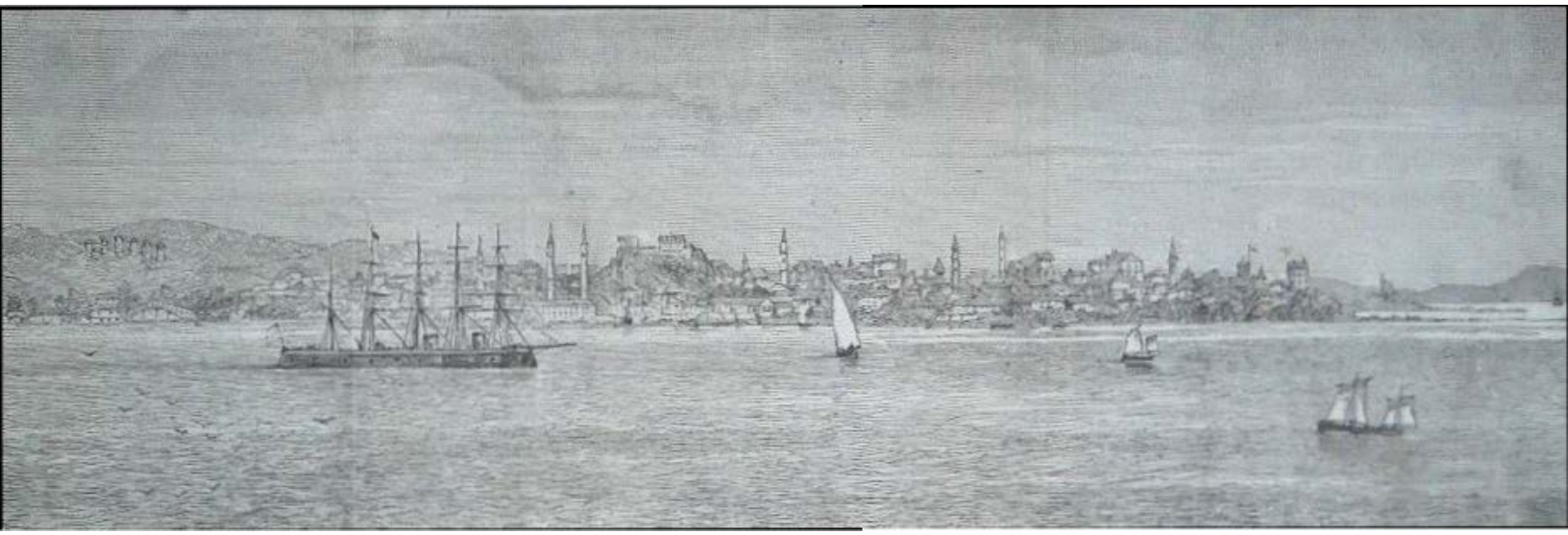
Par M. Bonne, Ingénieur Hydrographe de la Marine.


POLAND
RUSSIA
HUNGARY
MOLDAVIA
WALACHIA
BULGARIA
BLACK SEA
TURKEY IN ASIA
NATOLIA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
TURKEY
in EUROPE
and HUNGARY.

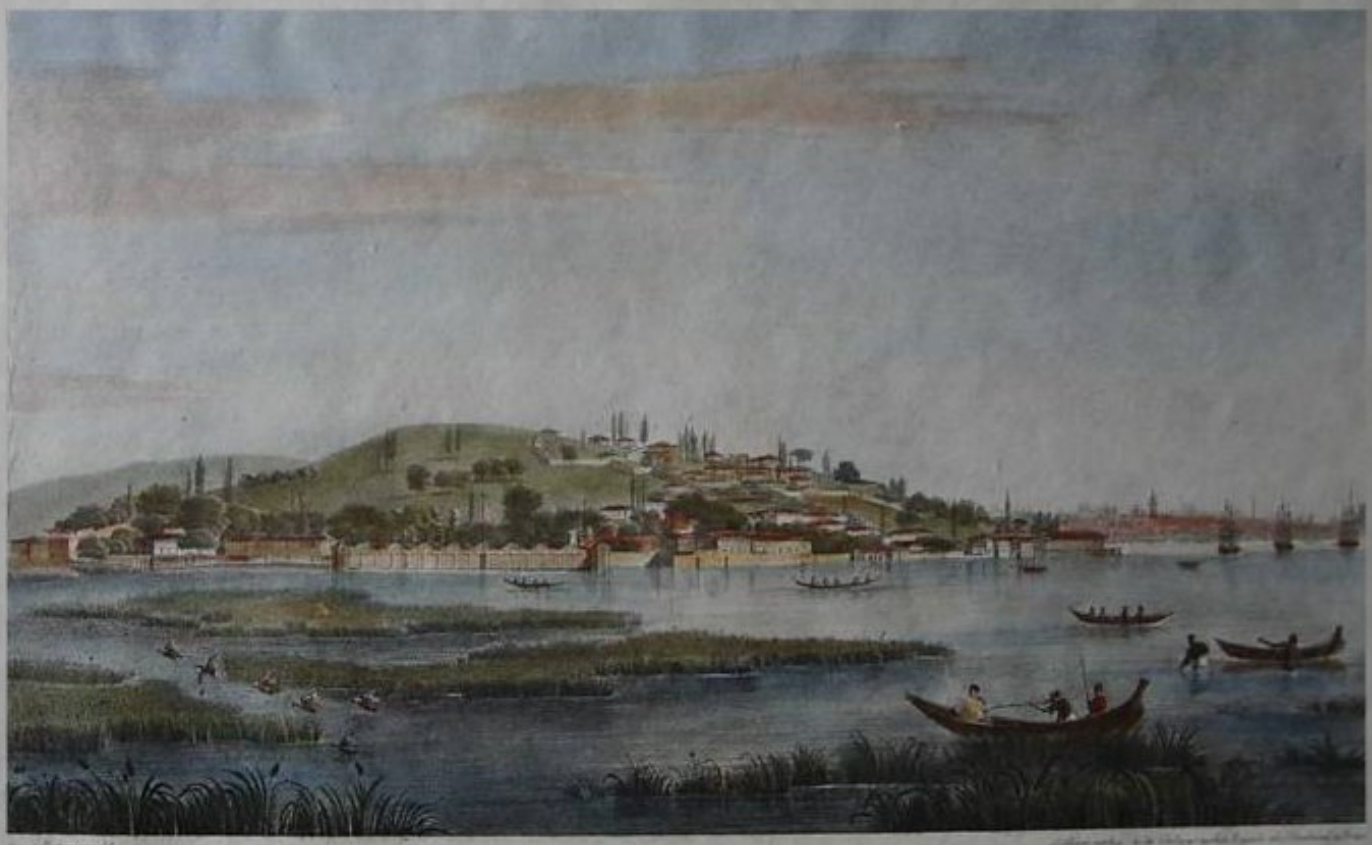

SALUT DE CONSTANTINOPLE.
CHATEAUX D'ASIE.



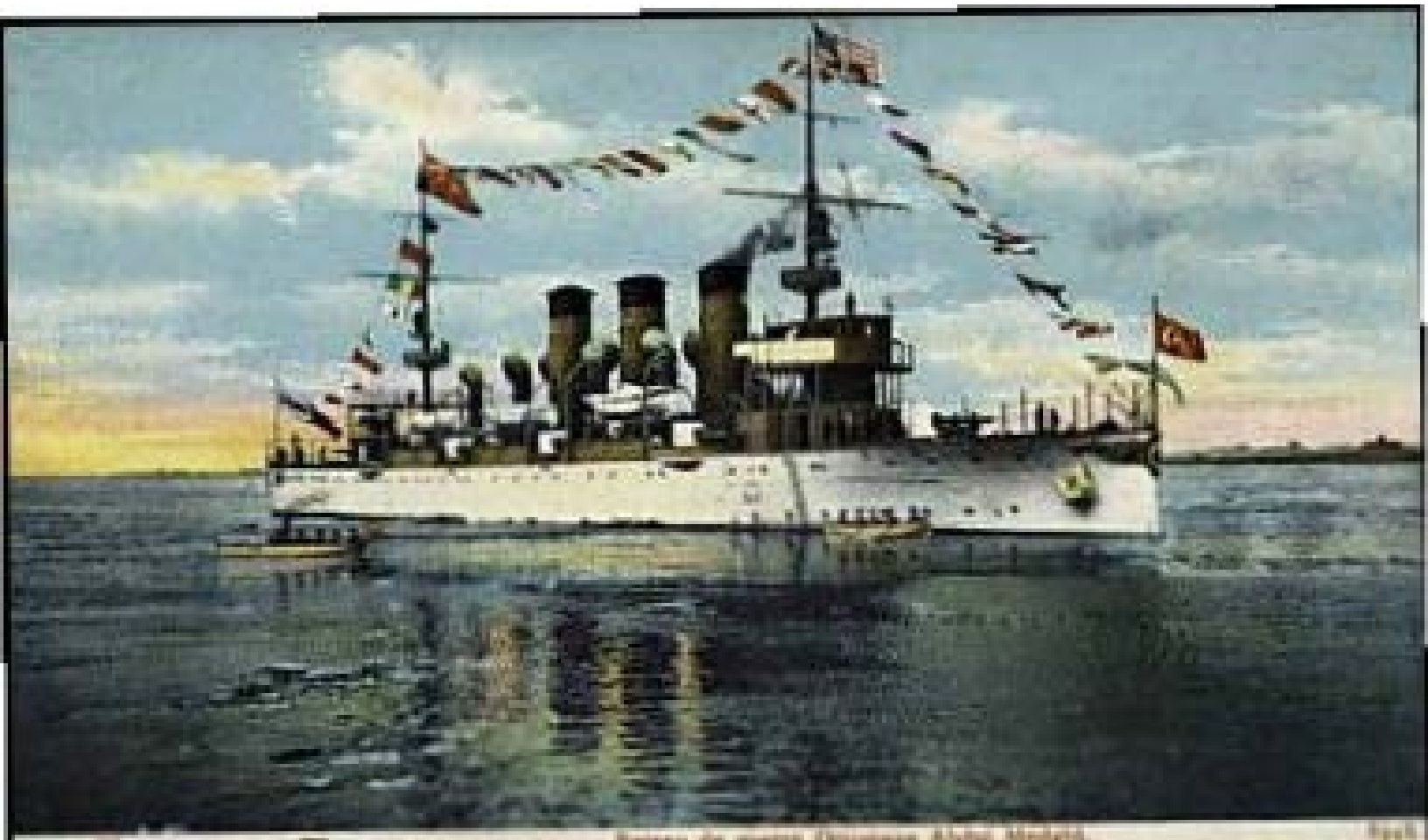








Vue de KARA AGHATCH, *au fond du port*



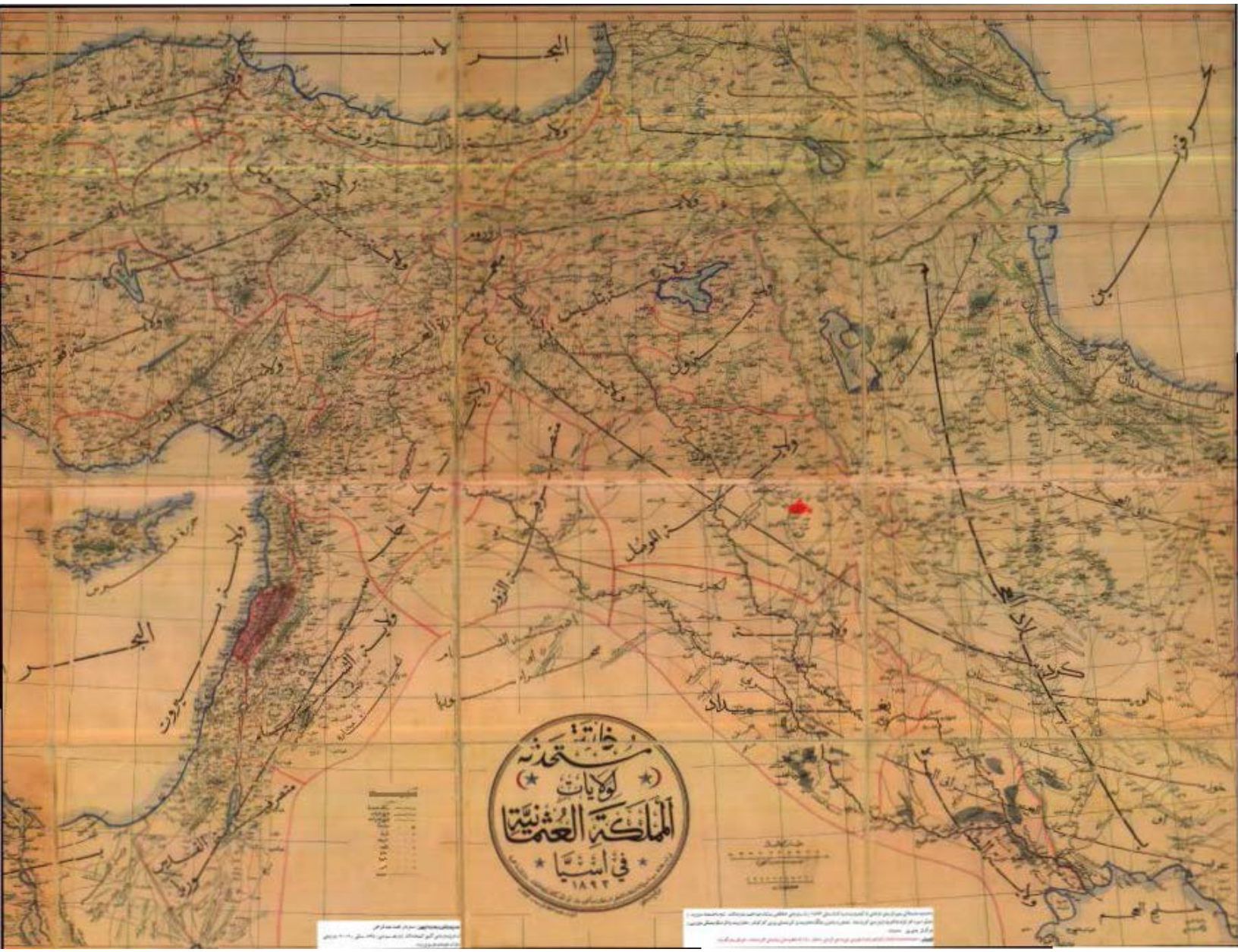
Salut de Constantinople.

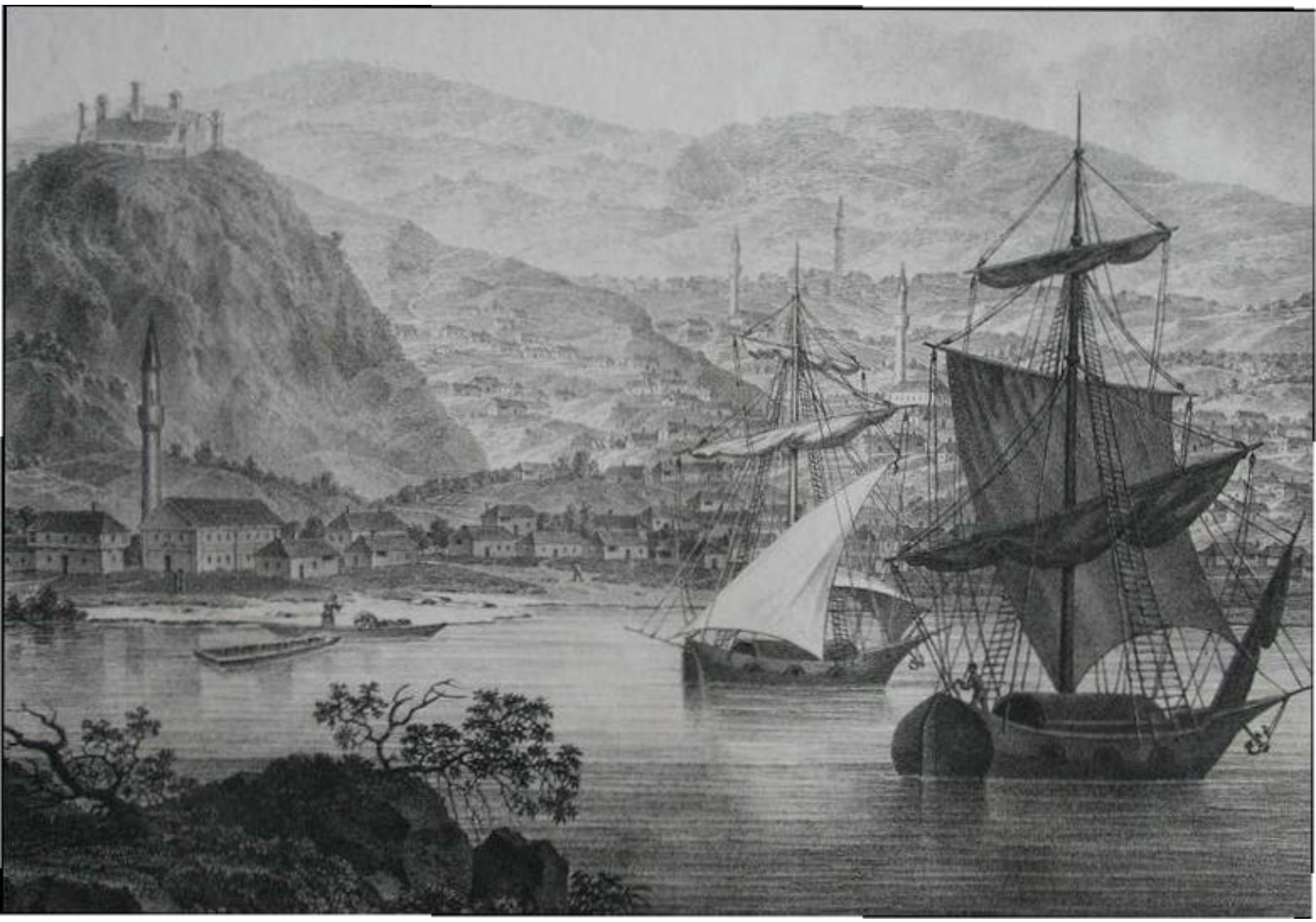
Navire de guerre Ottoman Abdul Medjid.



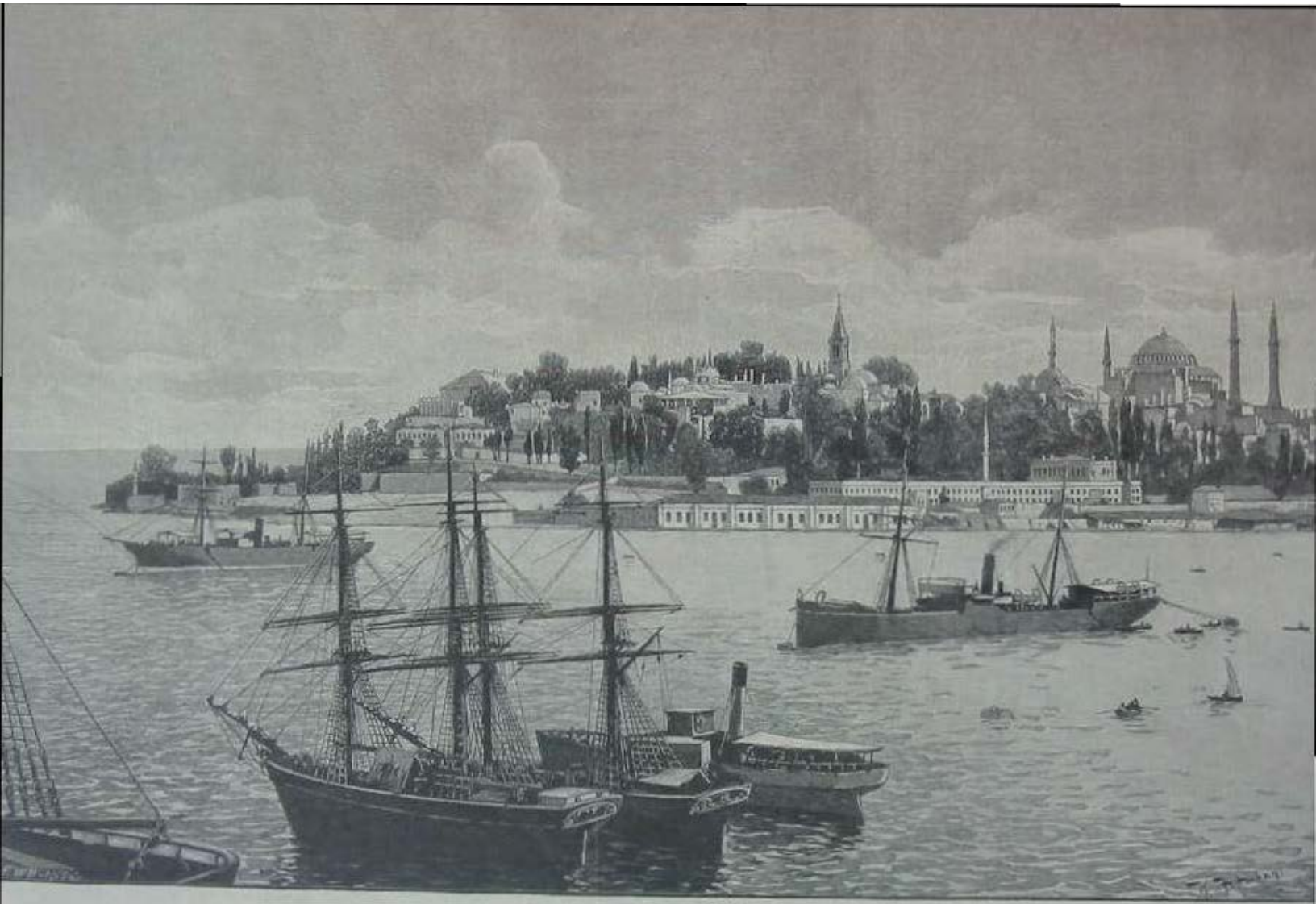

Stadt SMIRNA


TURCICI IMPERII IMAGO
MARE
MEDITERRANEUM
PONTUS EUXINUS
MARE DE BACHU olim CASPIUM MARE ET HIRCANU
TARTARIA E PARS.
PERSICI REGNI PARS
AFRICAE PARS
ARABIA FELIX
ARABIA DESERTA
AYAMAN
Olim Desertum Thamis
Sinus Arabicus
Mare Rubrum olim Sinus Arabicus
MARIS RUBRI PARS
NATOLIA
ARMENIA
MAGNA WALACHIA
Sicilia
Creta
Cypr
Candia
Morea
Malta
Desertum de Rugiseri situr
Meridies
Septentrio.
Occidens.
Oriens.


البحر
البحر
خارطة مستحدثة
لولايات
المملكة العثمانية
في آسيا
١٨٩٢







Das alte Serail in Konstantinopel.
Nach einer Photographie gezeichnet von W. Hoffmann.



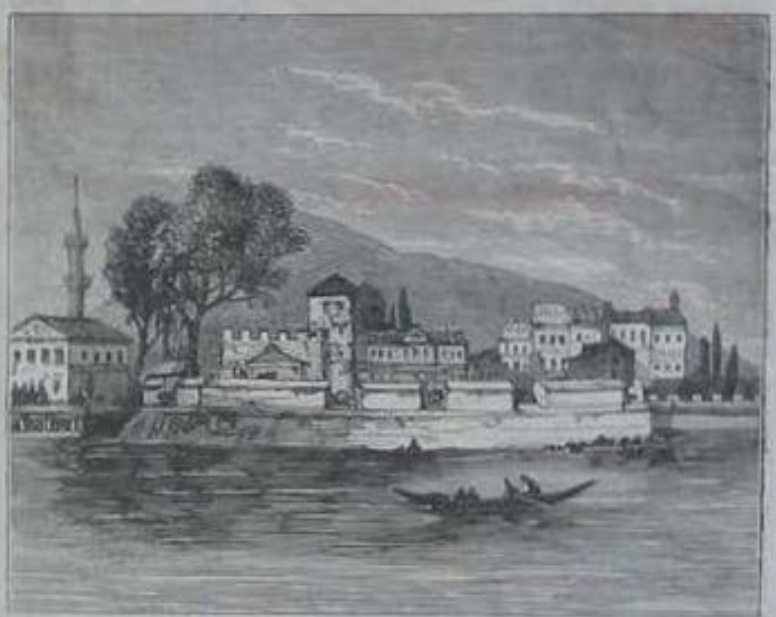
FANAL DU BOSPHORE SUR LA CÔTE D'ASIE.



BUYUK LEMAN (CÔTE D'EUROPE).



KARIBJEN (CÔTE D'EUROPE).



RUMELI KAVAK (CÔTE D'EUROPE).


VUË DE CONSTANTINOPLE

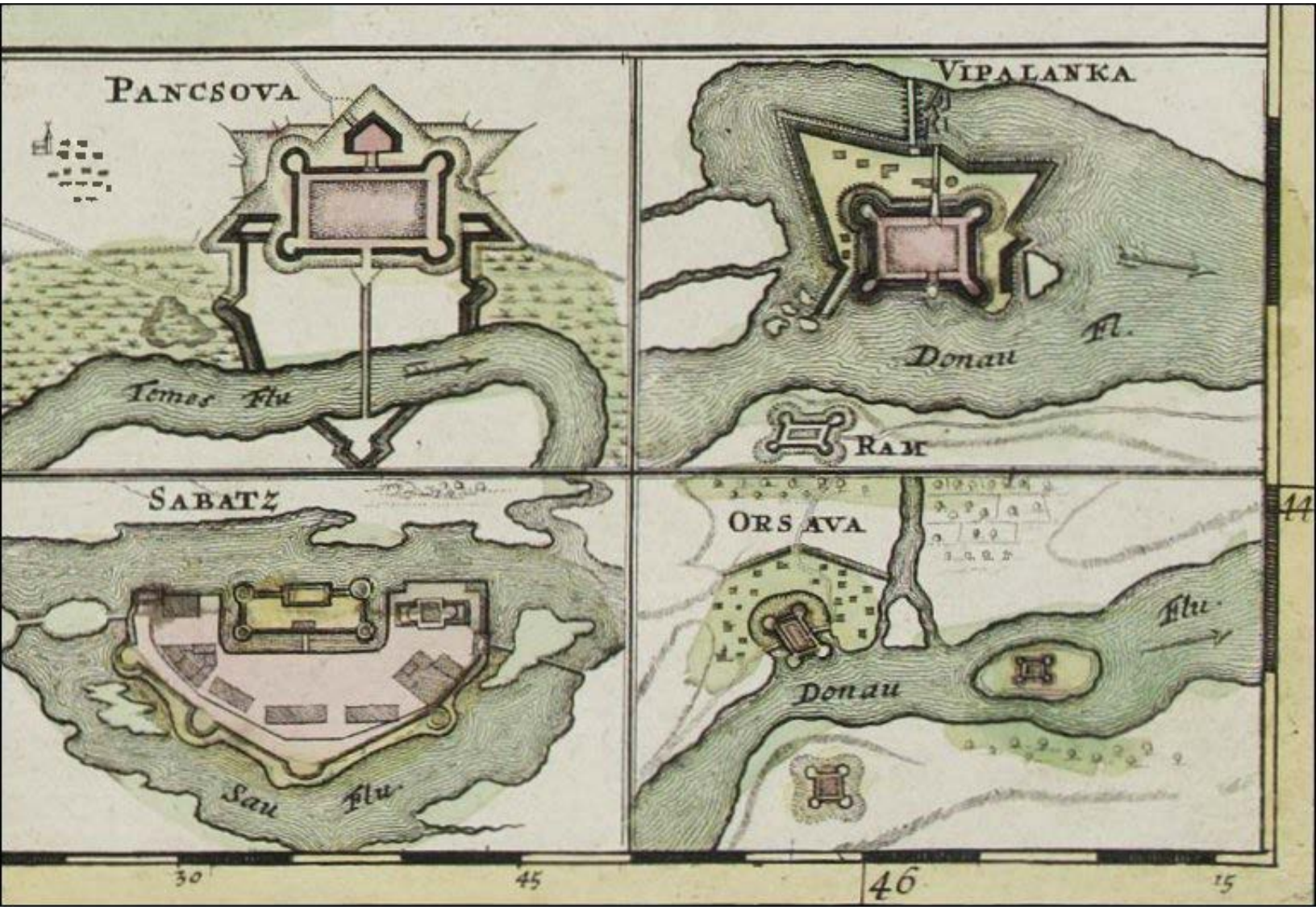


BELGRADE, que les Turcs nomment BIOGRAD, Ville Capitale de la Rascie, dans la Servie, au confluent de la Riviere de Save dans le Danube, et proche de la Hongrie au Midi vers l'Orient. Cette place a eté aux Despotes ou Princes de Servie et ensuite aux Rois de Hongrie; les Empereurs Turcs Amurath 2.me et Mahomet 2.me son fils l'ont Assiegée en vain; mais le Sultan Soliman 2.me profitant des troubles de Hongrie l'emporta en 152 Assiegée par l'Armée de l'Empereur, Commendé par le Prince Eugene le 18. Juin 1717.
A. la Citadelle. B. la Ville. C. le Fauxbourg. D. Tour de Mael. E. le Danube Fleuve. F. la Riviere de Save à Paris chez Chor


Grosse
Palanka
TEMESWAR
Kleine
Palanka
Schloß
Temeswar wurde belagert von
den Kayserl den 28. July 1717.
den 1. Oct. die Palanka mit Sturm.
und den 12 Oct. die Stadt mit accord.


BELGRAD
Donau Fluß
45
44
15
Merid


SEMENDRIA
30
45
45
15


PANCSOVA
Temes Flu
VIPALANKA
Donau Fl.
RAM
SABATZ
Sau Flu.
ORSAVA
Donau
Flu.


TURCICI IM=
PERII IMAGO
MARE
MEDITERRANEUM
AFRICAE PARS
PONTUS EUXINUS
NATOLIA
ARMENIA
TARTARIAE PARS
PERSICI
REGNI
PARS
ARABIA DESERTA
ARABIA
FELIX
AYAMAN
Sinus Arabicus
MARIS
RUBRI PARS
Morea
Candia
Sicilia
Malta
Cefalonia
Cyprus
Rhodus
Mare Rubrum
Desertum
Occidens
Oriens





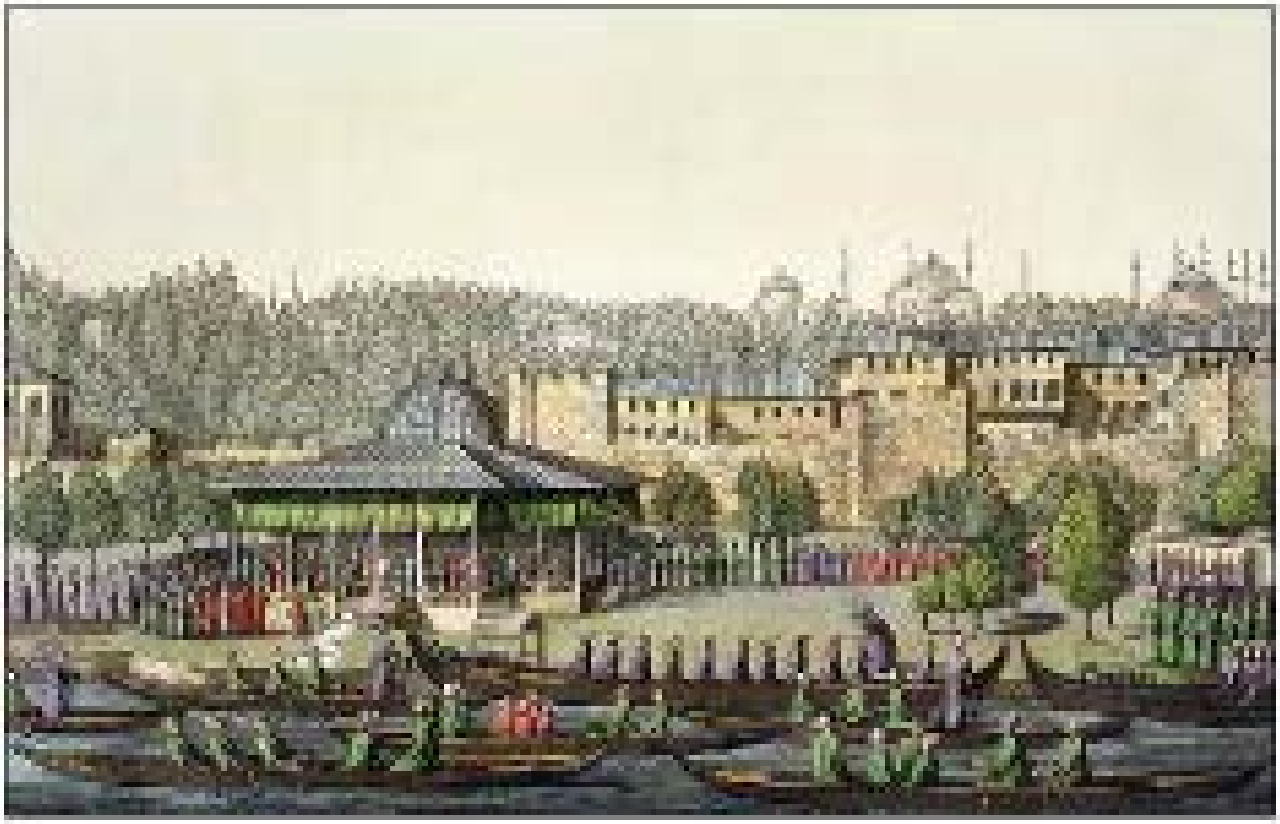


CONSTANTINOPLE

CONSTANTINOPLA





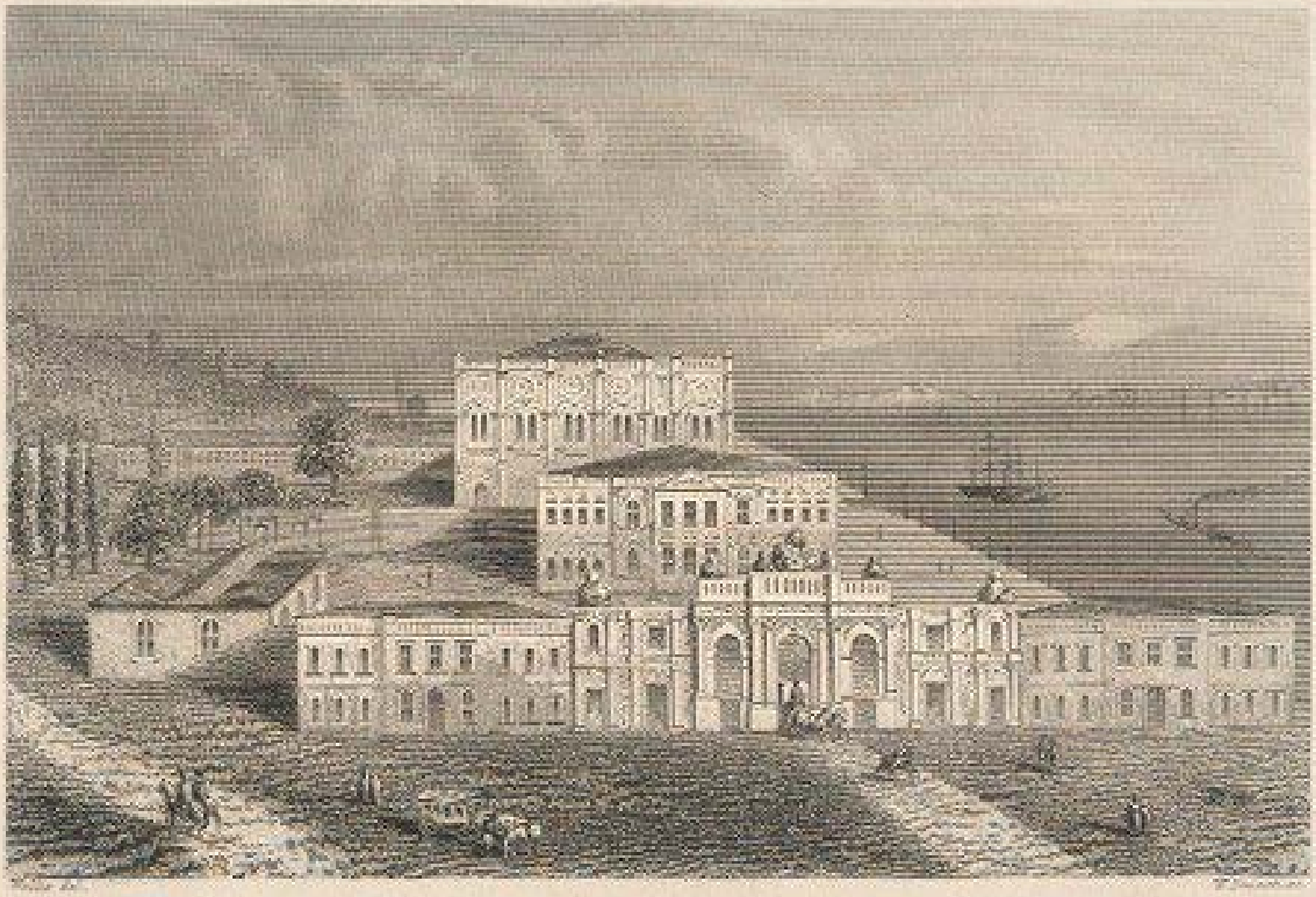



BVDA
CITERIORIS HVNGARIÆ CAPVT
Regni olim sedes, vulgo OFEN.
A
B
C
D
PEST
Danubius fluvius





SCUTARI, POINTE DU BOSPHORE, CONSTANTINOPLE & GALATA.



Palast zu Dolmabagdsche





Buda ville capitale de la Hongrie sur le Danube, et Sejour ordre des Anciens Rois d'Hongrie. Elle est très agreable par sa situation et par la beauté de ses bastimens cette ville fut prise par Soliman 2 empereur des Turcs en 1543 et enfin reprise par les Imperiaux le 2 Sept: 1686 de la pars dans aujourd'huy.

A. ville de Buda B. ville de Pest C. pont de bateaux D. Fleuve du danube.

fait par Averne C. P. R.


NOVA IMPERII TURCARUM TABULA, AD USUM SERENISSIMI BURGUNDIÆ DUCIS.
MER NOIRE
CARA-DENISI
MAURO THALASSA
CZORNO-MORE
PONT EUXIN
CONFINS DES ESTATS DU CZAR
CONFINS DE LA GRAN DE TARTARIE
MER MEDITERRANÉE
MER DE PONANT
MER DE LEVANT
DESERTS DE BARCA
DESERTS DE LIBYE
LE SAARA ou DESERT
EMPIRE DES PERSES
MER ROUGE
MER DES MECQUE
MER DE CALECUT
OCEAN ORIENTAL, ou INDIEN
MER D'ABASIE
EMPIRE DES ABISSINS
ESTATS DE L'EMPIRE DU GRAND SEIGNEUR DES TURCS,
EN EUROPE, EN ASIE, ET EN AFRIQUE.
MER MEDITERRANEE

Konſtantinopel, mit der Anſicht von Galata aus.

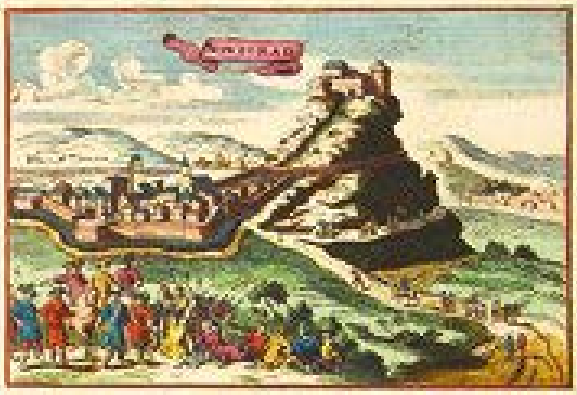


Pour la Carte de la Hongrie.



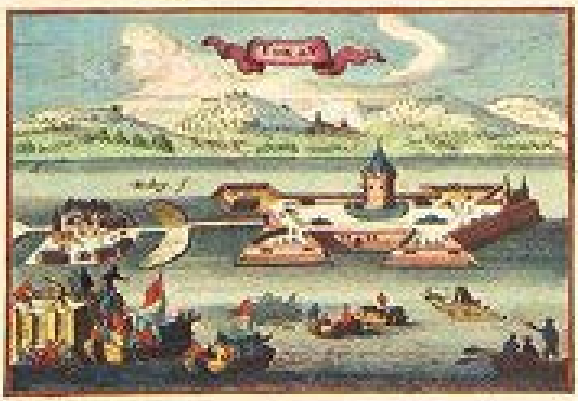




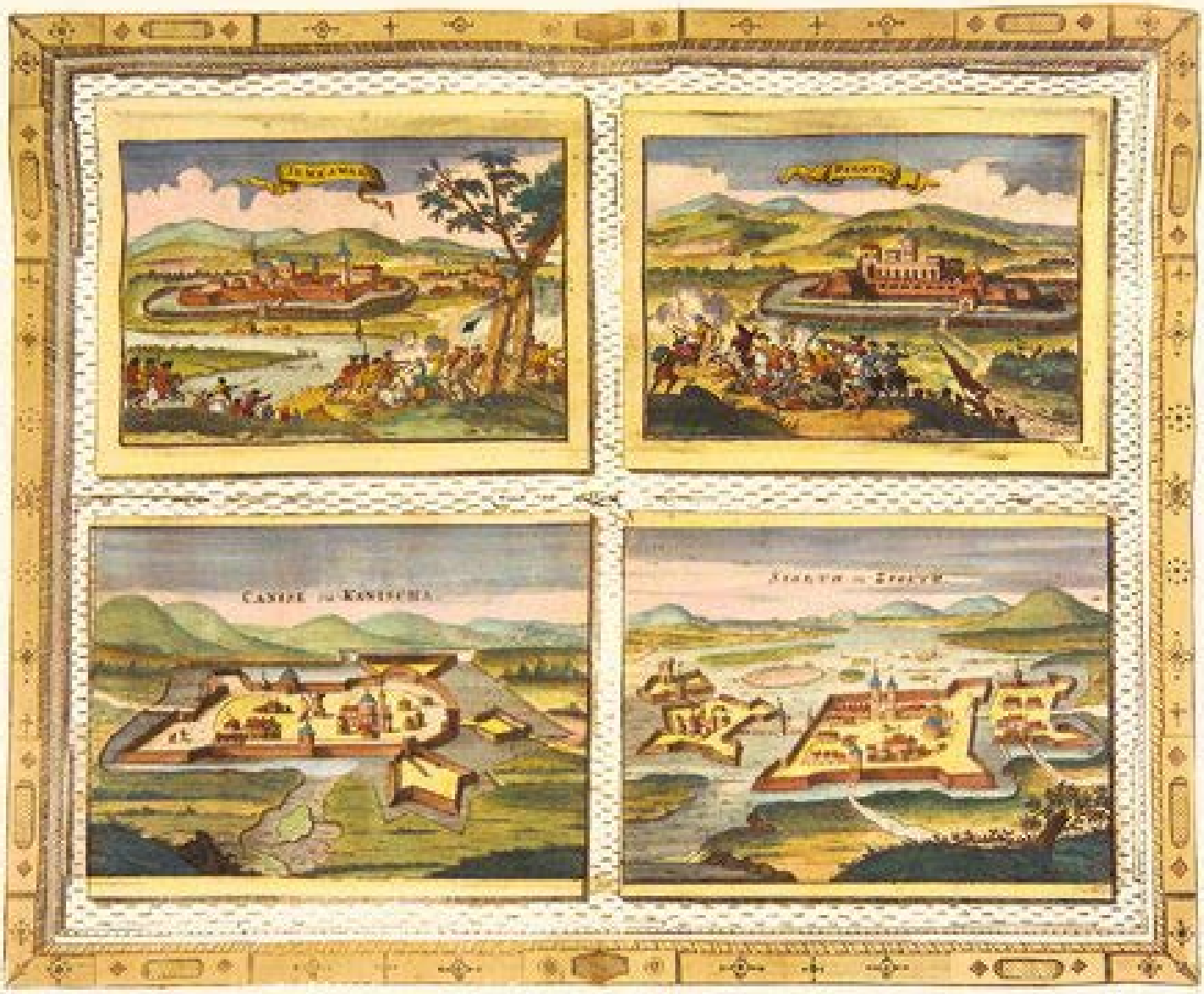


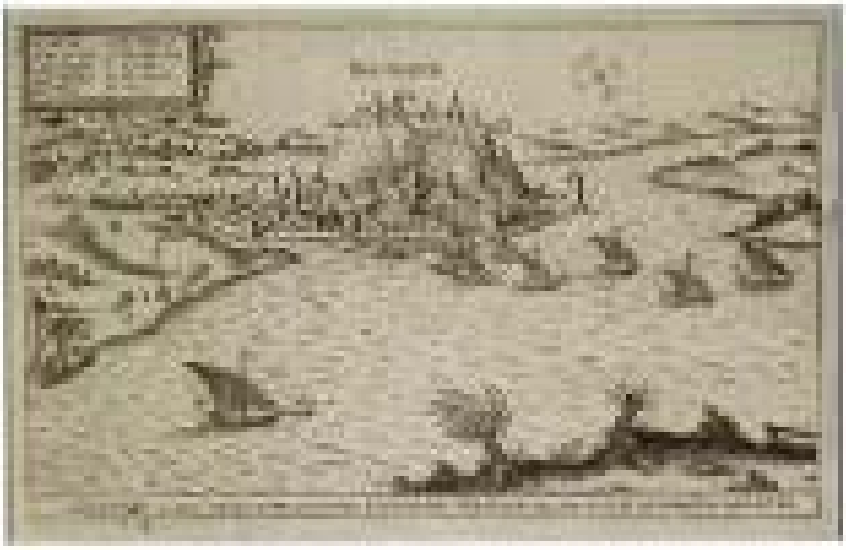




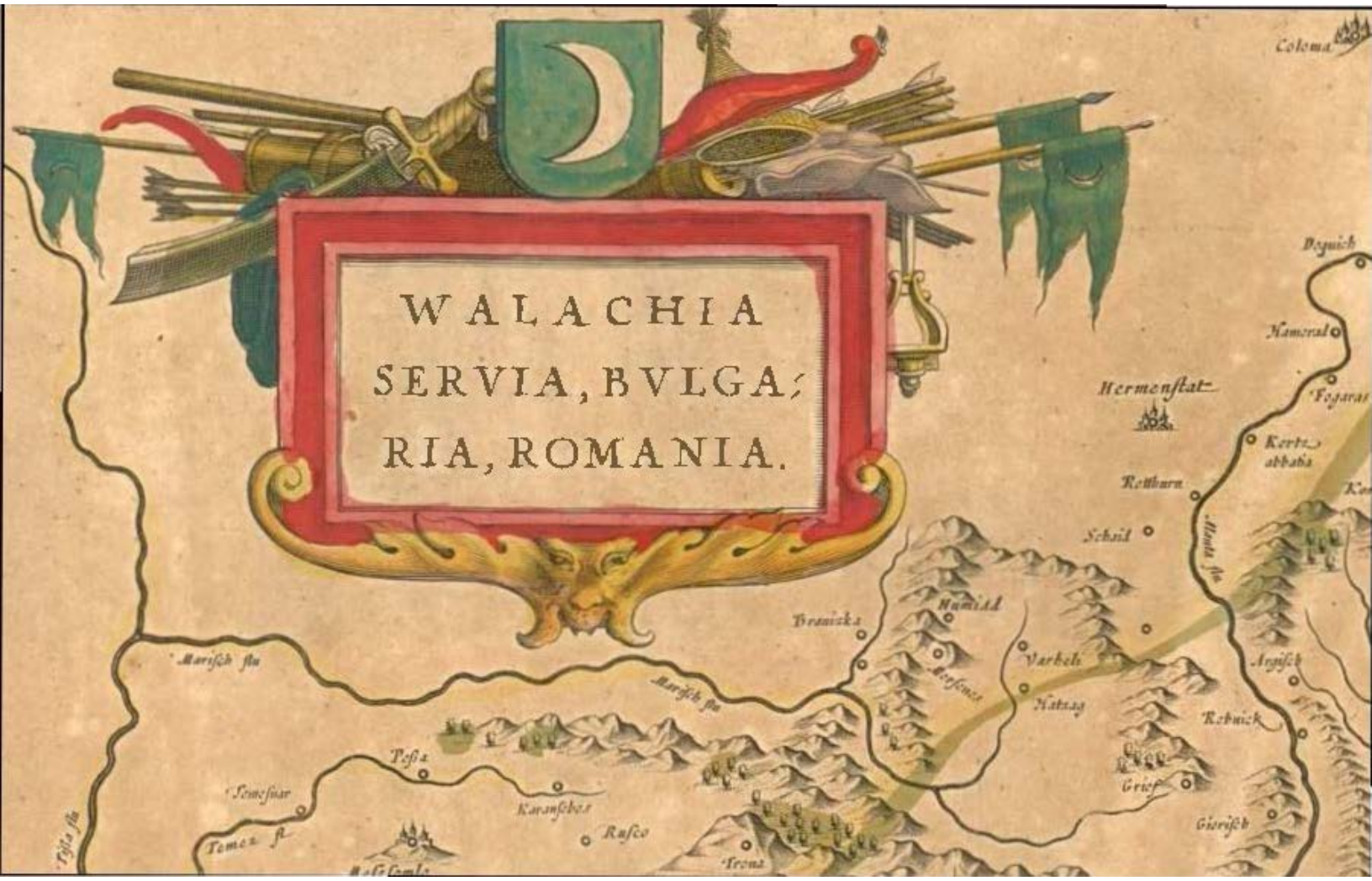





CANDE
KANDY



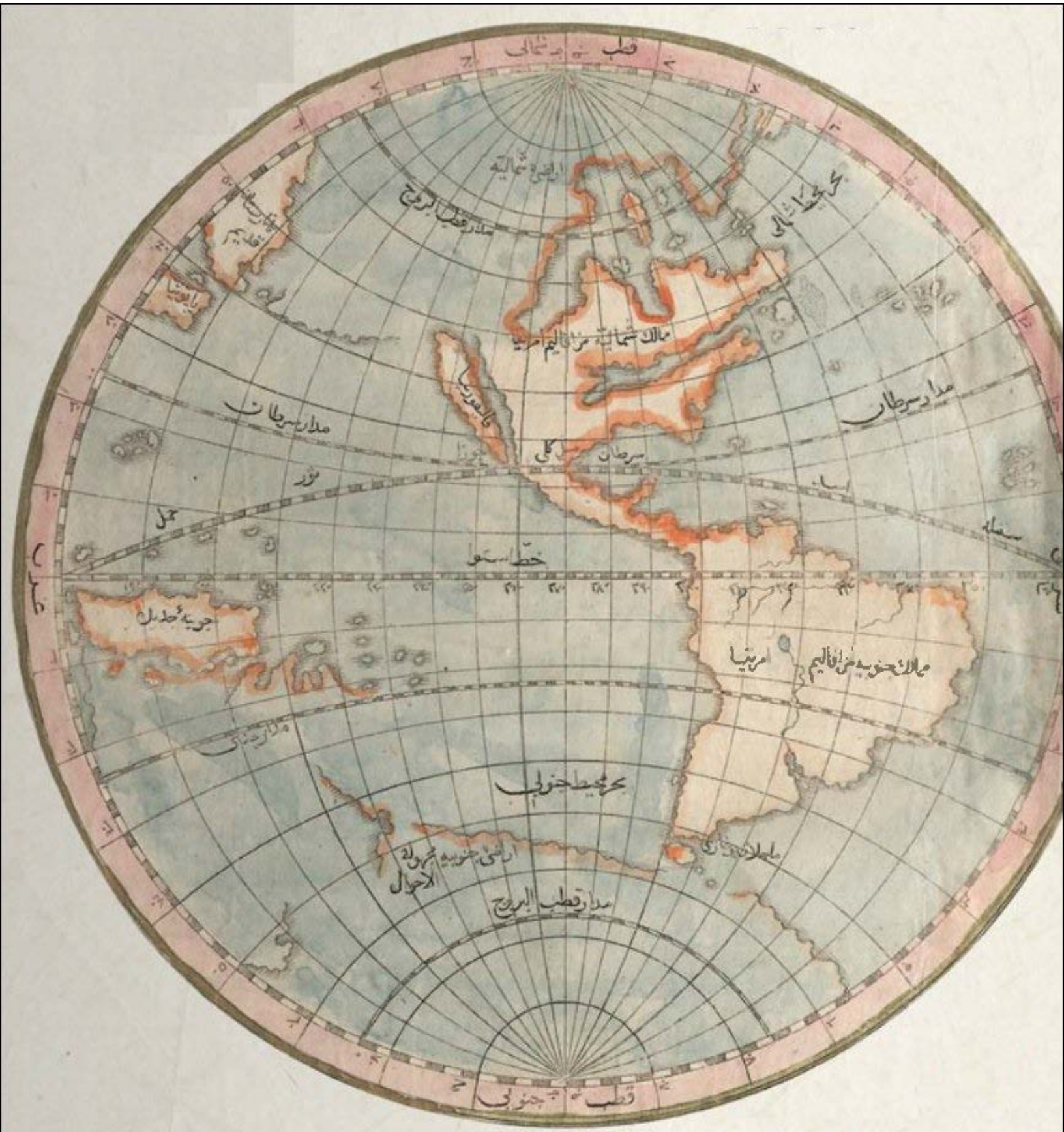

WALACHIA
SERVIA, BVLGA-
RIA, ROMANIA.
BESSARABIA
MOLDAVIÆ
PARS.
MARE
MAGIORE
Turcis
MAVROVM.
TASSA
WALACHIA
RASCIA
SERVIA
BVLGARIA
ROMANIA
Mar de Mar
mora
NATOLIÆ PARS
MACEDONIÆ PARS
EGEO PELAGO.
Per Gerardum Mercatorem.
Guilielmus Blaeu excudebat


WALACHIA
SERVIA, BVLGA;
RIA, ROMANIA.
Coloma
Hermenſtat
Schild
Bromicka
Marisch flu
Teſſa
Temes fl
Karanſebes
Ruſco
Varbek
Natzag
Rebnick
Griefs
Giuriſch
Angiſch

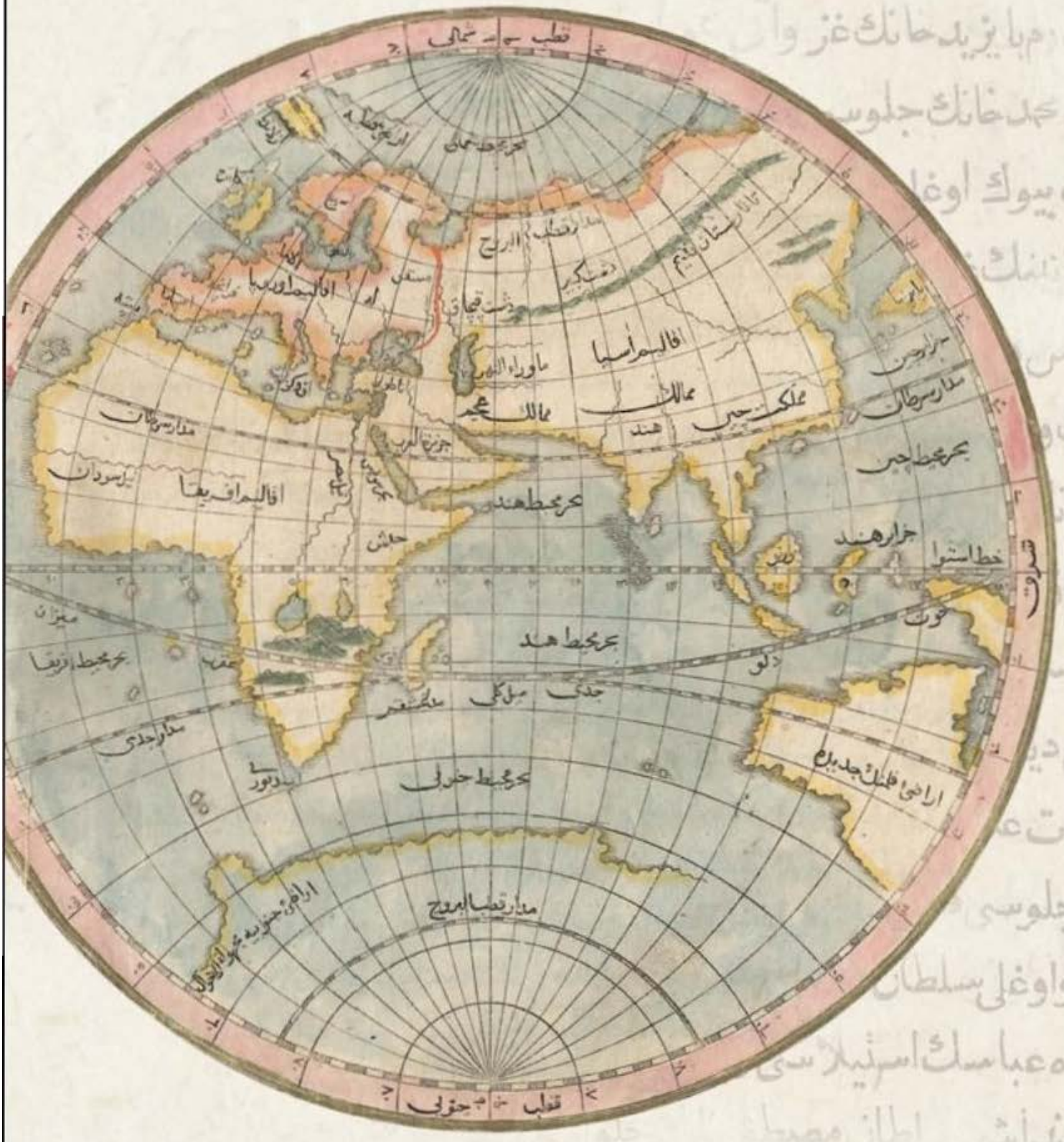


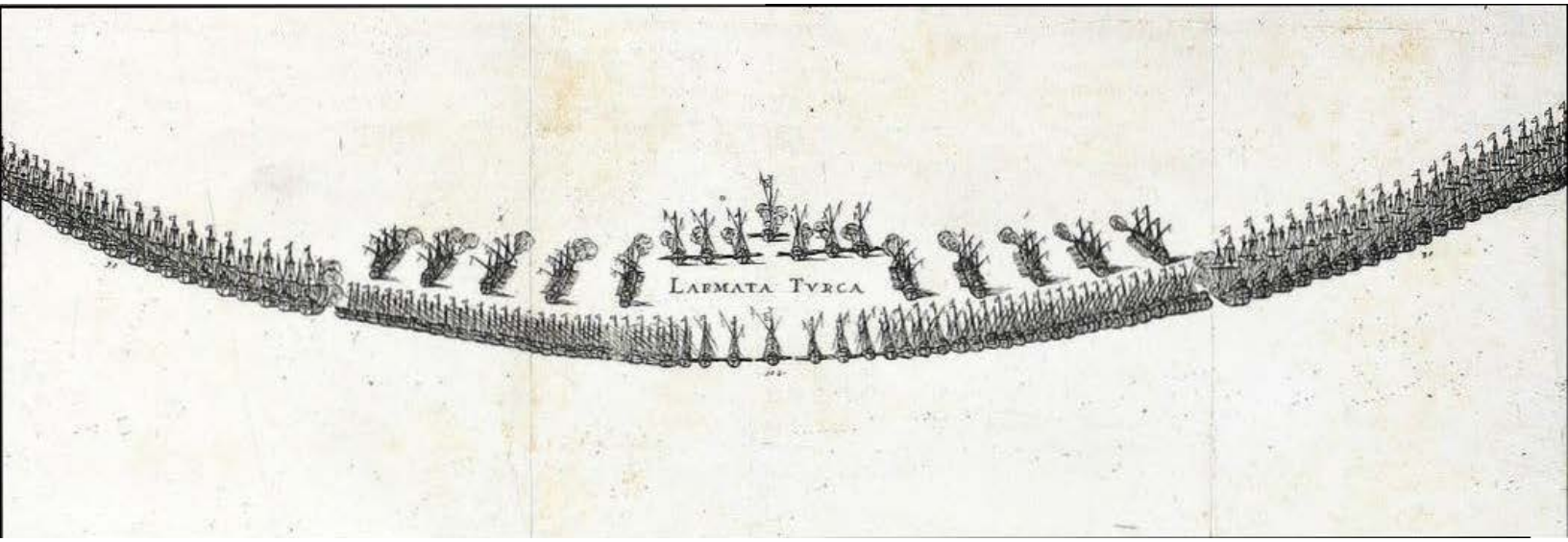
Freti Dardanellorum prospectus.
Veüe du Détroit des Dardanelles.

Vista dello Stretto di Dardanelle.
Prospect der Meer-Enge bey den Dardanellen.

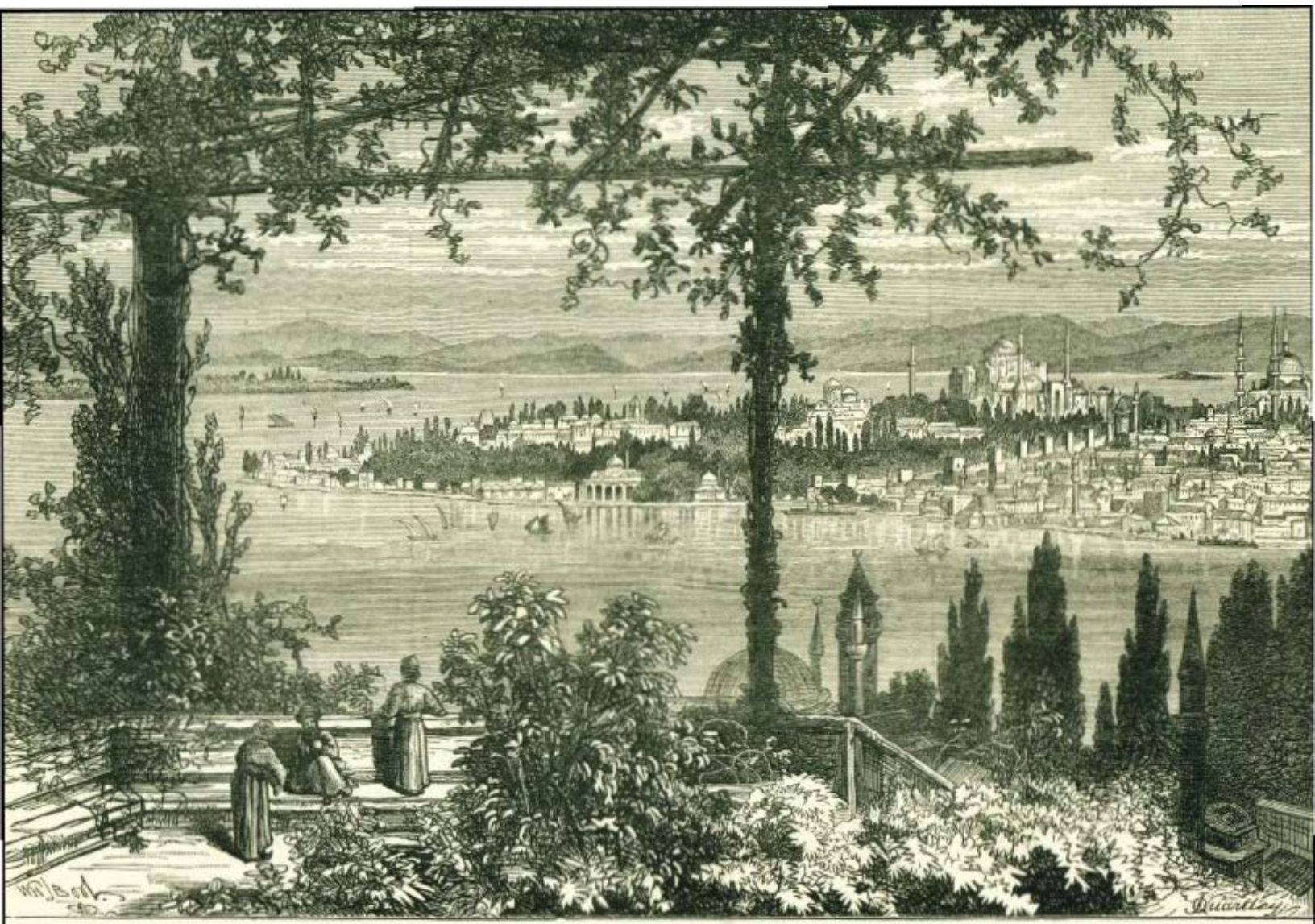

قطب شمالی
اراضی شمالیه
مدار قطب البروج
بحر محیط شمالی
مدار سرطان
مدار استوا
خط استوا
بحر محیط جنوبی
مدار قطب البروج
قطب جنوبی




قطب شمالی
بحر محیط شمالی
اقالیم اسیا
ماوراء النهر
ممالک صین
ممالک هند
بحر محیط صین
بحر محیط هند
جزایر هند
خط استوا
اقالیم افریقا
بحر محیط افریقا
بحر محیط هند
بحر محیط جنوبی
مدار رأس السرطان
مدار رأس الجدی
قطب جنوبی


LAEMATA TVRCA


NAVE LORDANA
LA NAVE TVRCESCHA
NAVE DELARMER
CHIALI
LAPANDORA



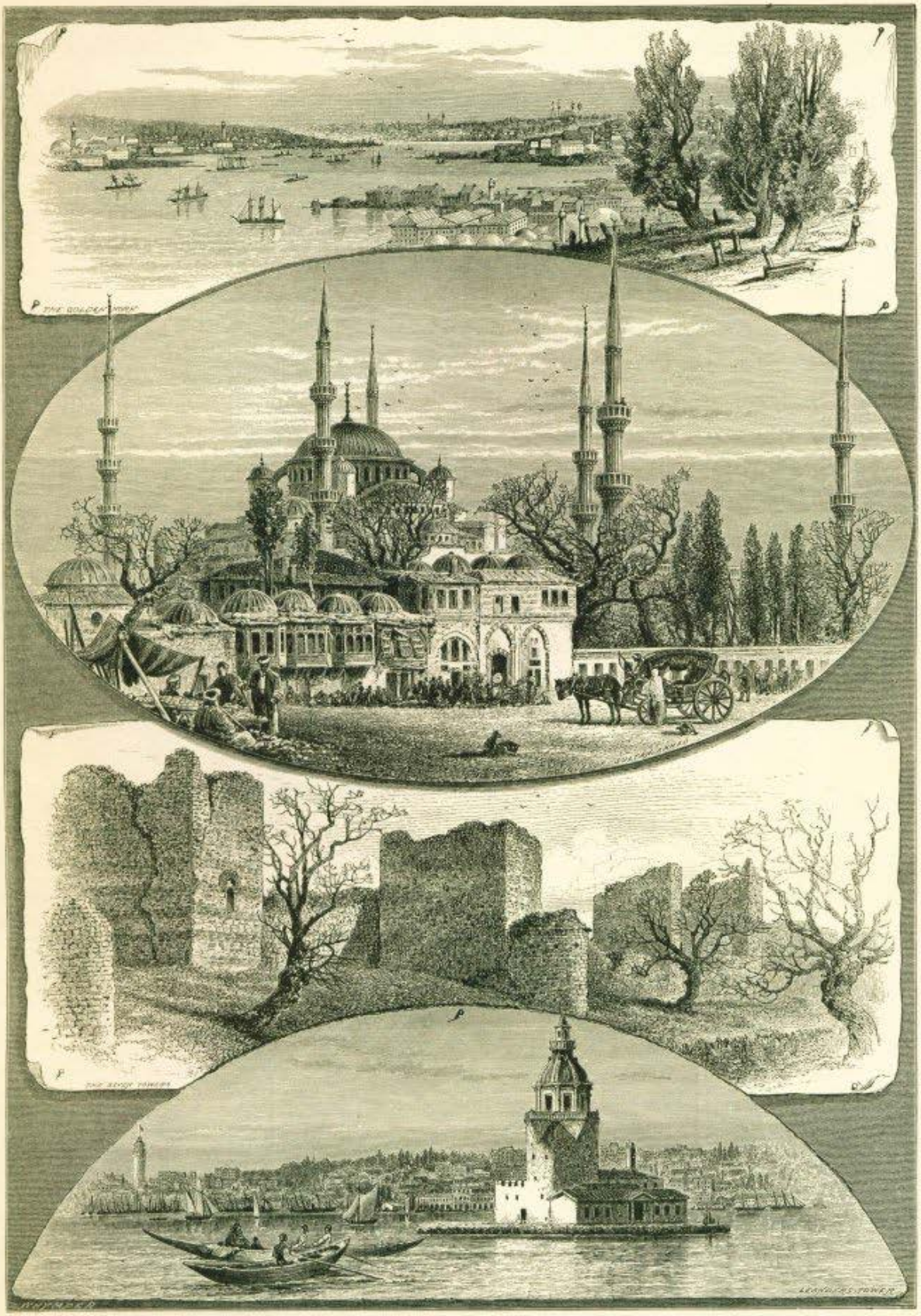
CONSTANTINOPLE, WITH THE SEA OF MARMORA.





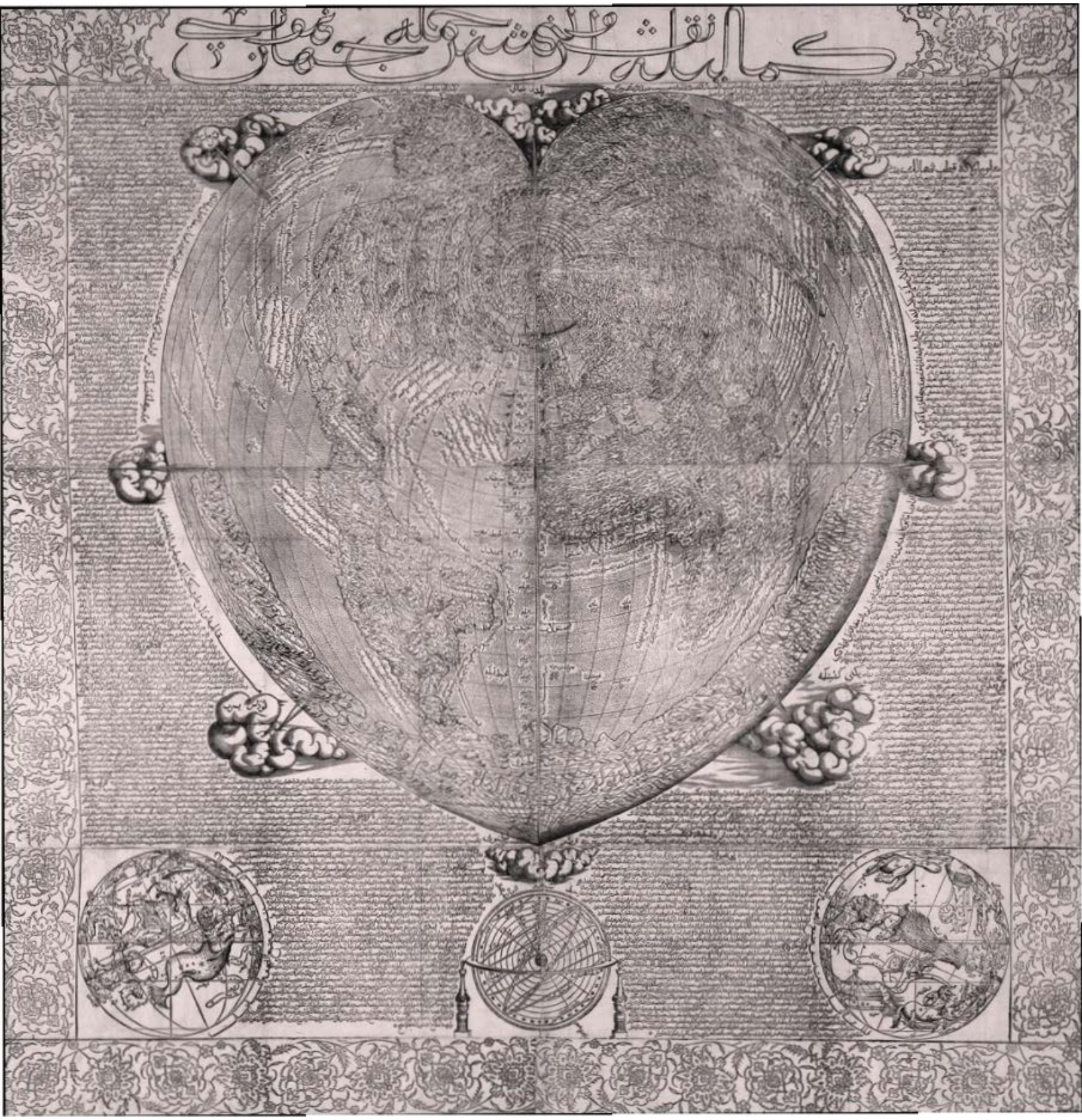
DESEMBARCO DE CORSARIOS MORISCOS RECHAZADOS Y DERROTADOS POR LOS ESPAÑOLES.

Primer ensayo litográfico en el R.º Museo de Madrid.



VIEWS IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

(The Golden Horn—The Mosque of Sultan Ahmed—The Seven Towers—Leander's Tower.)





SCUTARI
am Bosporus



DIE DARDANELLEN-MEERFAHRT
VOM AEGAISCHEN MEER AUS



CONSTANTINOPEL UND DIE SOPHIENKIRCHE
vom Bosphorus aus.


The Sultan at Home





Gallipoli



VIEW OF CONSTANTINOPLE.


TURKEY
IN EUROPE.
TRANSYLVANIA
HUNGARY
BESSARABIA
OTCHAKOV
BANNAT
CROATIA
SCLAVONIA
DALMATIA
BOSNIA
SERVIA
WALACHIA
DOBRUDZIA
BULGARIA
ROUMELIA
MACEDONIA
ROMANIA
NATOLIA
ASIA MINOR
ADRIATIC
OR GULF OF VENICE
GULF OF TARENTO
IONIAN SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
BLACK SEA
SEA OF MARMORA
CONSTANTINOPLE
CEPHALONIA
CANDIA
British Statute Miles
Longitude East from Greenwich


TURKEY
IN ASIA
RUSSIA
TURKEY
IN
EUROPE
BLACK SEA
RUMELIA
CONSTANTINOPLE
CYPRUS
MEDITERRANEAN
ARABIA PETRÆA
ARABIA DESERTA
PERSIA


TURKEY in EUROPE.
Longitude East from Washington
Longitude E from Greenwich
MOLDAVIA
WALLACHIA
SERVIA
BOSNIA
ROMELIA
ALBANIA
GREECE
MACEDONIA
THESSALY
ROUMELIA
ASIA
MINOR
CRETE
Candia
BLACK SEA
SEA OF MARMORA
IONIAN SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
Constantinople
Adrianople
Gallipoli
Smyrna
Salonica
Scutari
Janina
Belgrade
Bucharest
Jassy
Ackerman
Varna
Widin
Sophia
Philippopoli
Rodosto
Brussa
Ismid
Angora
Trebizond
Sinope
Kaffa
Perekop
Crimea
Danube R.
Dniester R.
Pruth R.
Black Sea
Sea of Azof
Russia
Published by A.Finley Philad.a



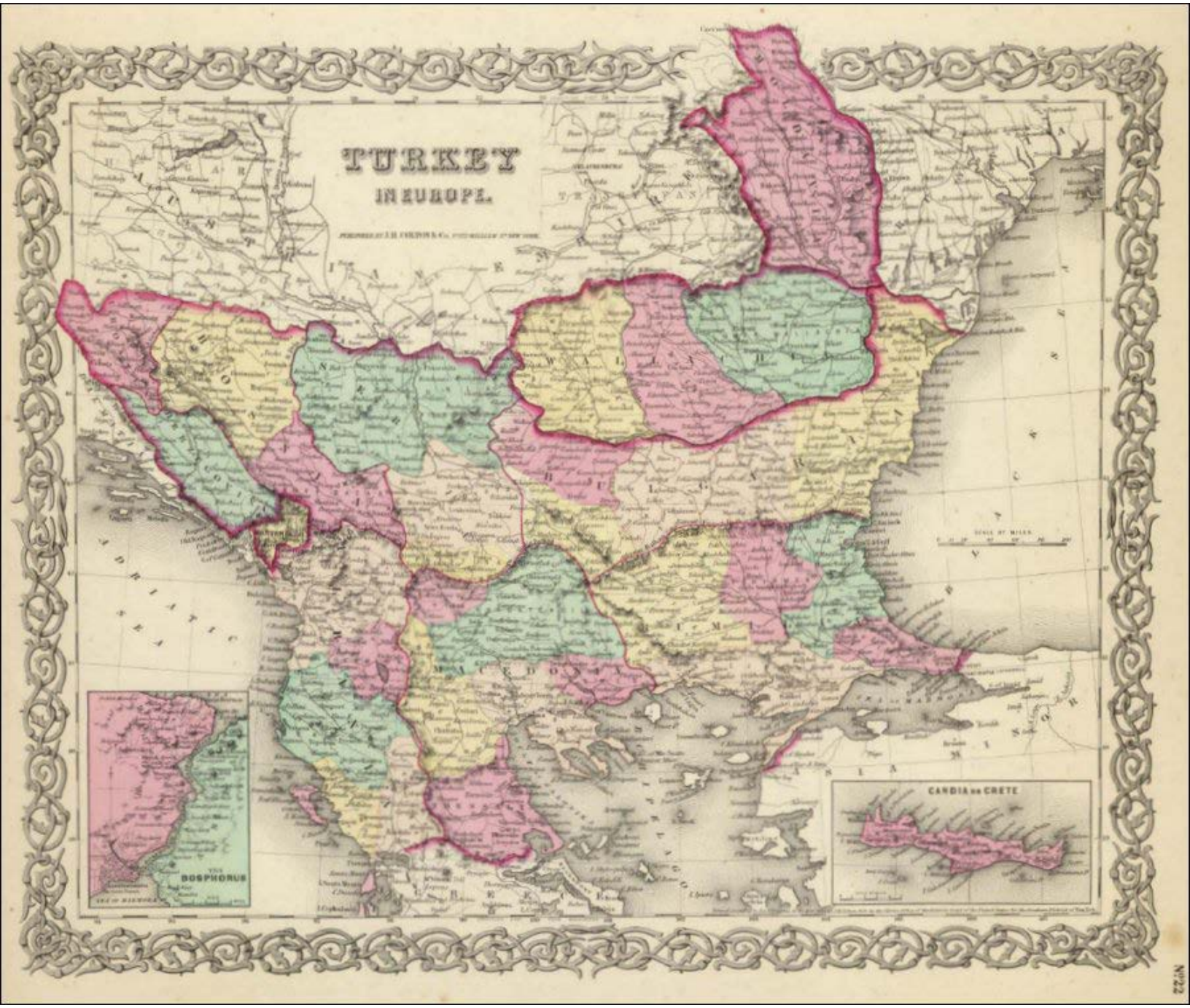
Published by J. Finley Philad.a

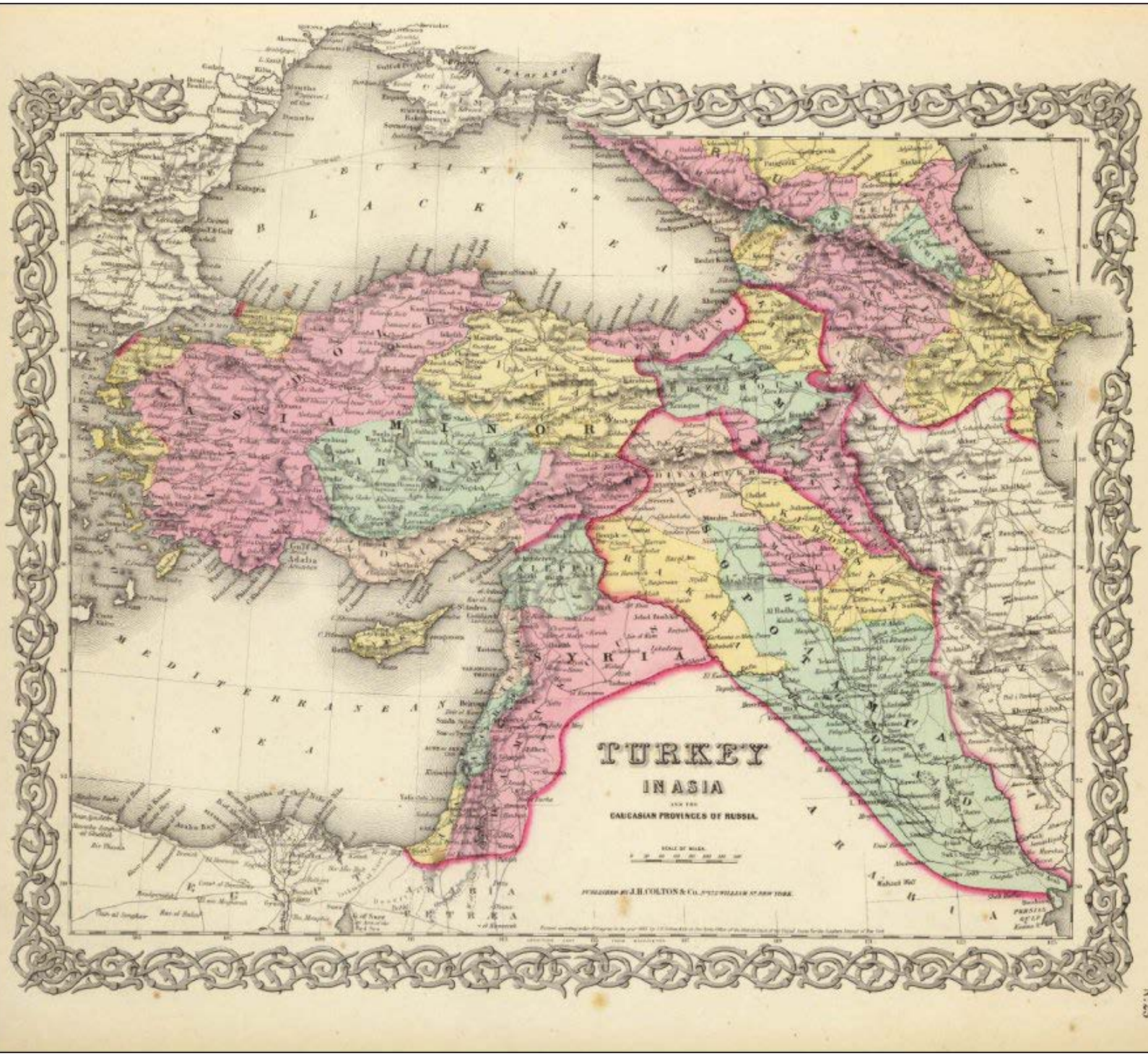


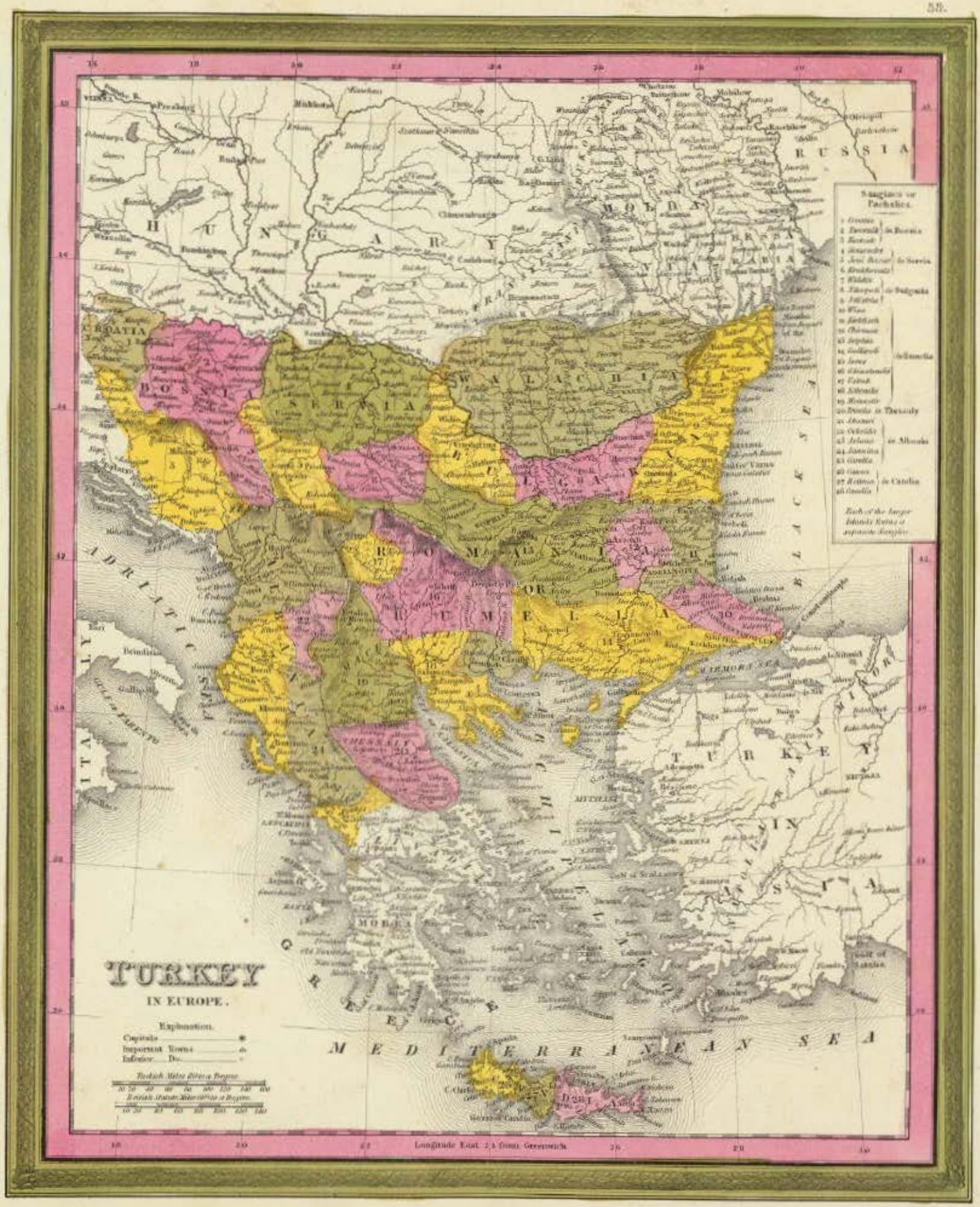
Philadelphia, Published by H. S. Tanner

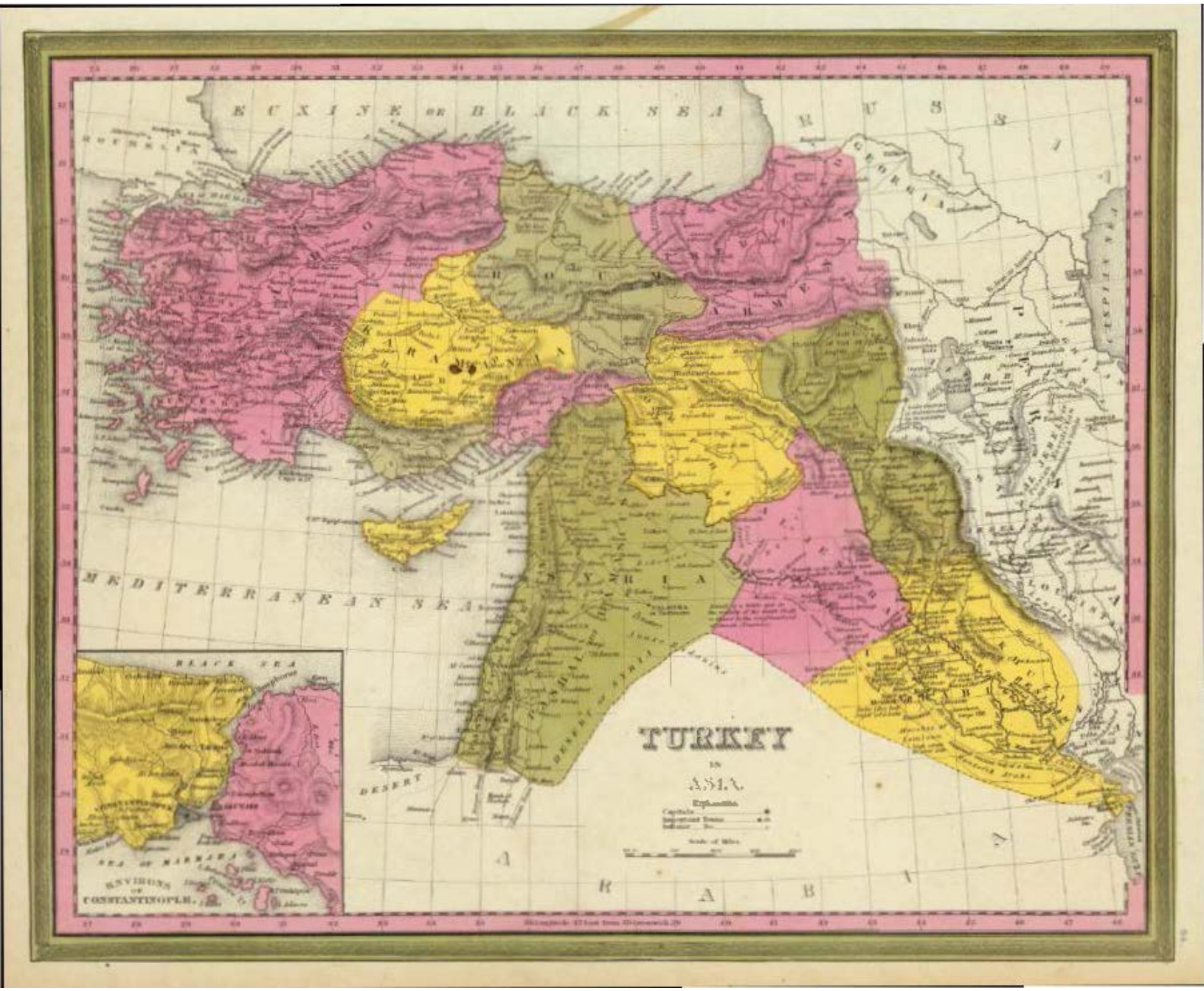

POLAND
RUSSIA
HUNGARY
TRANSYLVANIA
MOLDAVIA
BUDZIAC TARTARY
LITTLE TARTARY
BOSNIA
WALACHIA
SERVIA
BULGARIA
ROMANIA
BLACK SEA
ASIA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
TURKEY
in Europe and
HUNGARY
from the best
AUTHORITIES.

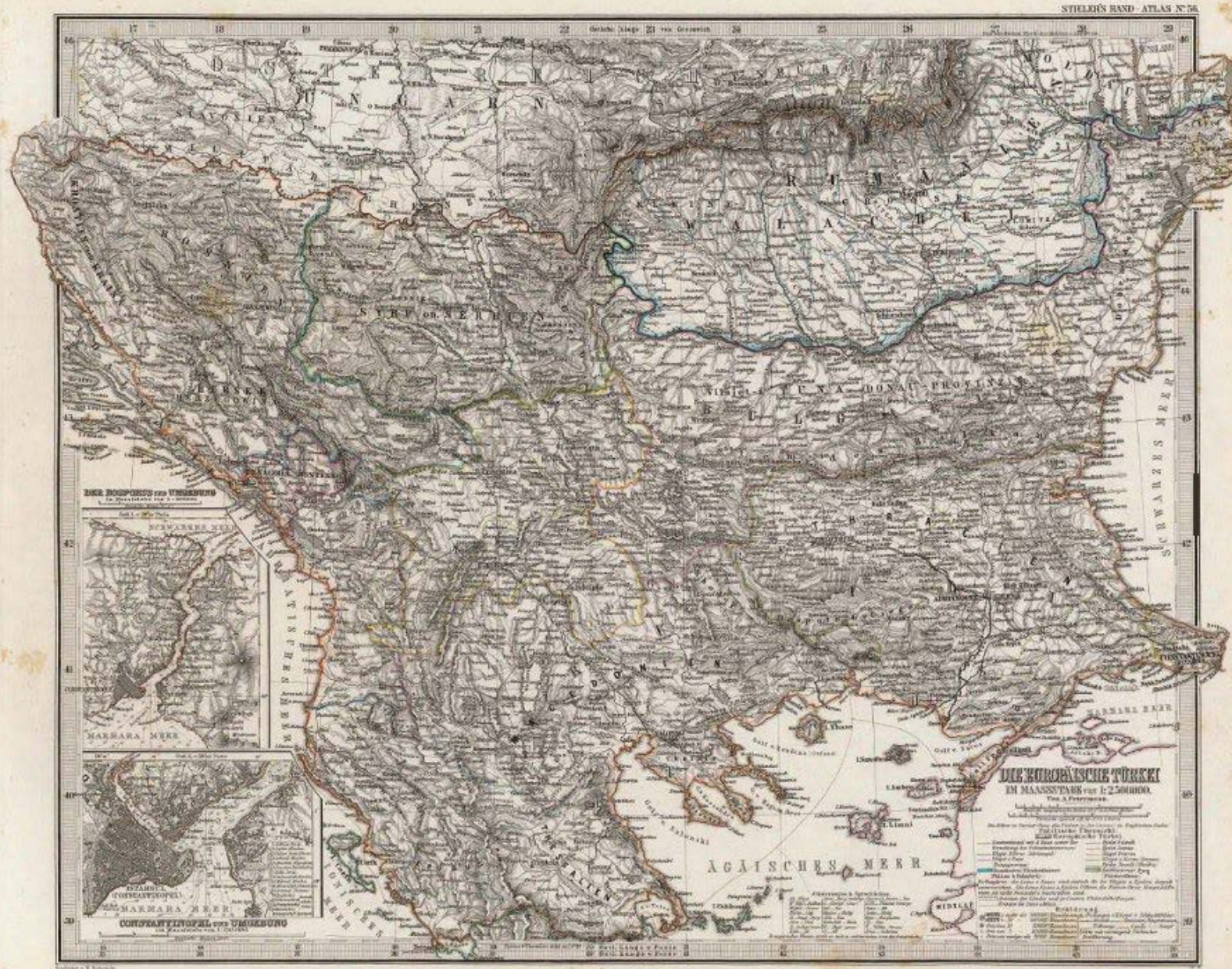

TURKEY
IN
ASIA
BLACK
SEA
MEDITERRANEAN
SEA
ARABIA
PETRÆA
PERSIAN
GULF
SCALE
JERUSALEM

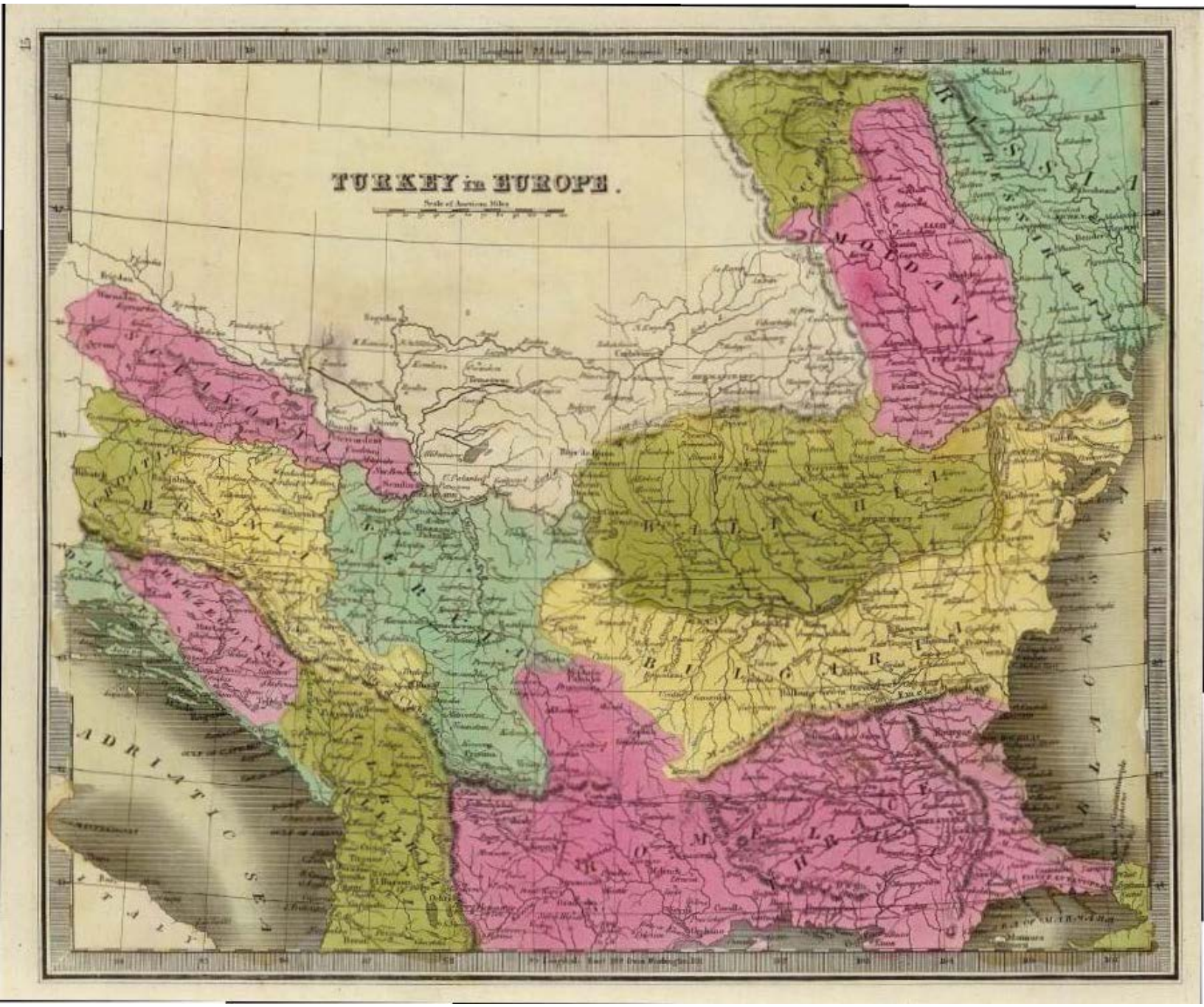

TURKEY
IN EUROPE.
THE BOSPHORUS
CANDIA or CRETE


TURKEY
IN ASIA
AND THE
CAUCASIAN PROVINCES OF RUSSIA.
BLACK SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
ASIA MINOR
ARMENIA
SYRIA
ARABIA
PERSIA


TURKEY
IN EUROPE.
Explanation.
Capitals
Important Towns
Inferior Do.
Longitude East 24 from Greenwich
RUSSIA
HUNGARY
MOLDAVIA
WALACHIA
BOSNIA
SERVIA
CROATIA
ROMANIA
ROUMELIA
ALBANIA
THESSALY
MORAEA
TURKEY
IN ASIA
BLACK SEA
ADRIATIC SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
Sanjacks or Pachalics.
Each of the larger Islands forms a separate Sanjack.


EUXINE or BLACK SEA
RUSSIA
GEORGIA
CASPIAN SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
SYRIA
ARABIA
DESERT
TURKEY
IN
ASIA
BLACK SEA
SEA OF MARMORA
ENVIRONS OF CONSTANTINOPLE.


DIE EUROPÄISCHE TÜRKEI
IM MAASSSTABE von 1:2 500 000.
Von A. Petermann.
DIE DONAUFÜRSTENTHÜMER
DIE DONAU-PROVINZEN
SERBIEN
BOSNIEN
HERZEGOWINA
ALBANIEN
MONTENEGRO
RUMELIEN
BULGARIEN
THESSALIEN
ÄGÄISCHES MEER
SCHWARZES MEER
MARMARA MEER
CONSTANTINOPEL und UMGEBUNG
Gotha: Justus Perthes
1874.


TURKEY in EUROPE.
Scale of American Miles
MOLDAVIA
WALLACHIA
BULGARIA
ROUMELIA
ALBANIA
BOSNIA
CROATIA
DALMATIA
SERVIA
ADRIATIC SEA
ITALY
GREECE


HUNGARY
AUSTRIA
RUSSIA
TRANSYLVANIA
SCLAVONIA
BANAT
WALLACHIA
BULGARIA
ROUMELIA
MACEDONIA
ALBANIA
SEA OF MARMORA
CANDIA
TURKEY IN EUROPE.
BY J. ARROWSMITH


TURKEY in ASIA.
BY J. ARROWSMITH.
BLACK SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
ASIA MINOR
SYRIA
ARABIA
EGYPT
AFRICA
EUROPE
Syrian Desert
Desert of Arabia
Desert of Egypt
ARABIA PETRAEA



Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1831 by Thomas Hinton in the clerk's office of the District Court for the Southern District of New York.


TURKISH EMPIRE
AUSTRIA
BLACK SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
ARABIA
DARDANELLES
UPPER EGYPT

TURKEY;

CENTRAL MEDITERRANEAN REGIONS.







2.
THE GRECIAN
ARCHIPELAGO
according to the
ENGLISH ADMIRALTY CHARTS
Improved Dimensions 1843.
Engraved by G.F. Swanston.











2.
CONSTANTINOPLE
According to the Survey of 1837 & 1838 and Admiralty Charts.

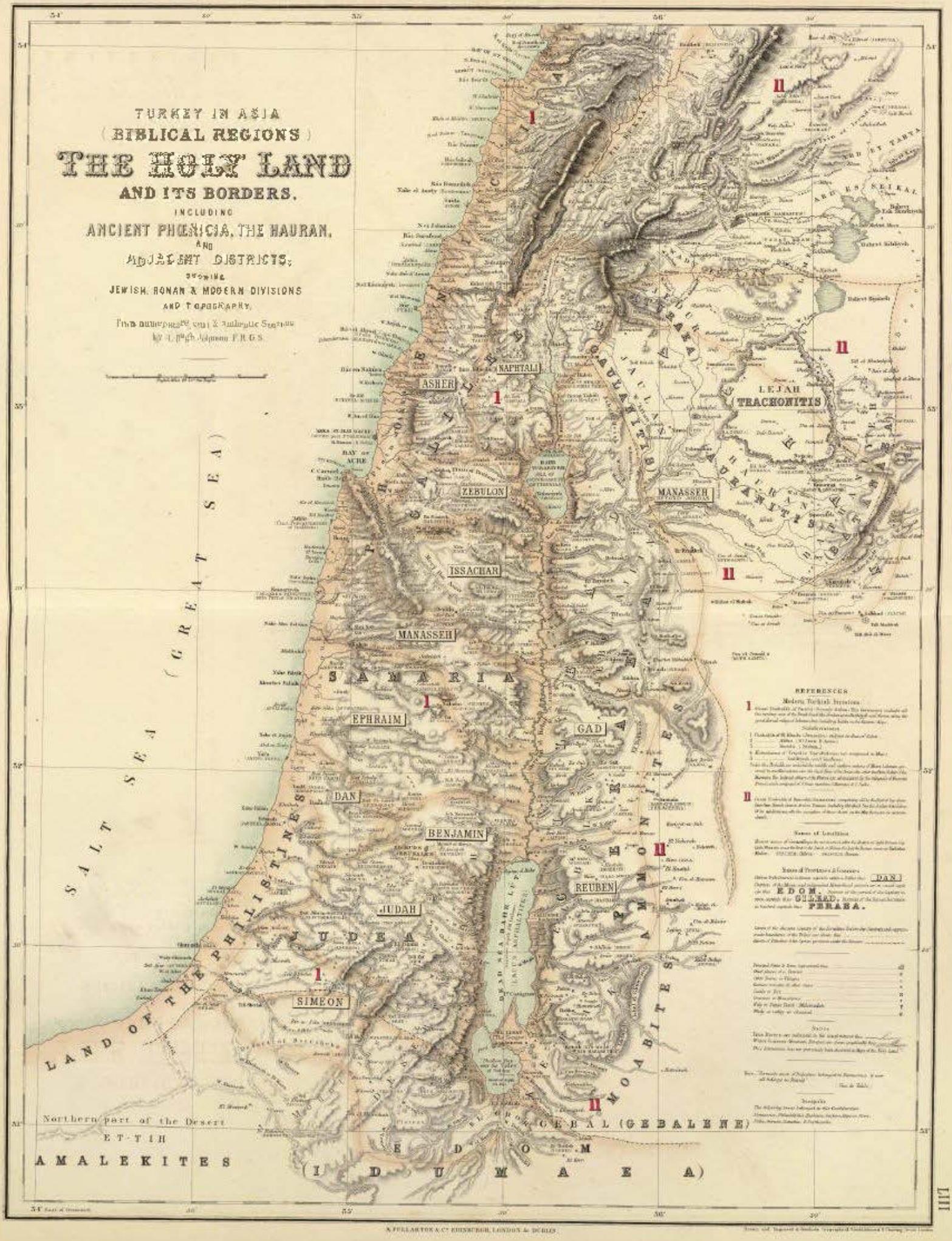









A General MAP of TURKY in EUROPE, HUNGARY &c.
By H. Moll Geographer.
PART of POLAND
VOLINIA
PODOLIA
UKRAIN COS SACRS
LITTLE TARTARY
Allies to y Turk
BUDZIACK TARTARY
MEOTIS
CRIM
BLACK SEA
Danube River
HUNGARY
TRANSILVANIA
MOLDAVIA Tributary to the Turk
WALACHIA Aust. Turkish
SERVIA
BOSNA
CROATIA
SCLAVONIA
CARNIOLA
GERMANY
VENICE
GULF OF VENICE
DOMINIONS of the Pope
POPE
ITALY
NAPLES to the Emperor
SICILY to the Emperor
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
BULGARIA
TURKY in EUROPE
ROMANIA
MACEDONIA
ACHAIA
MORIA
Constantinople
Sophia
Adrianople
Bursa
TURKY in ASIA
ARCHIPELAGO
Cephalonia to Venice
Zant to Venice
Corfu to Venice
Rhodes
CANDIA
Malta I. subject to a Grand Master and the Knights Hospitallers, who are always at war with the Turks.
BELGRADE
TEMESWAR
Temes R.
Miles of Great Britain 60 in a Deg.
Degrees East from London

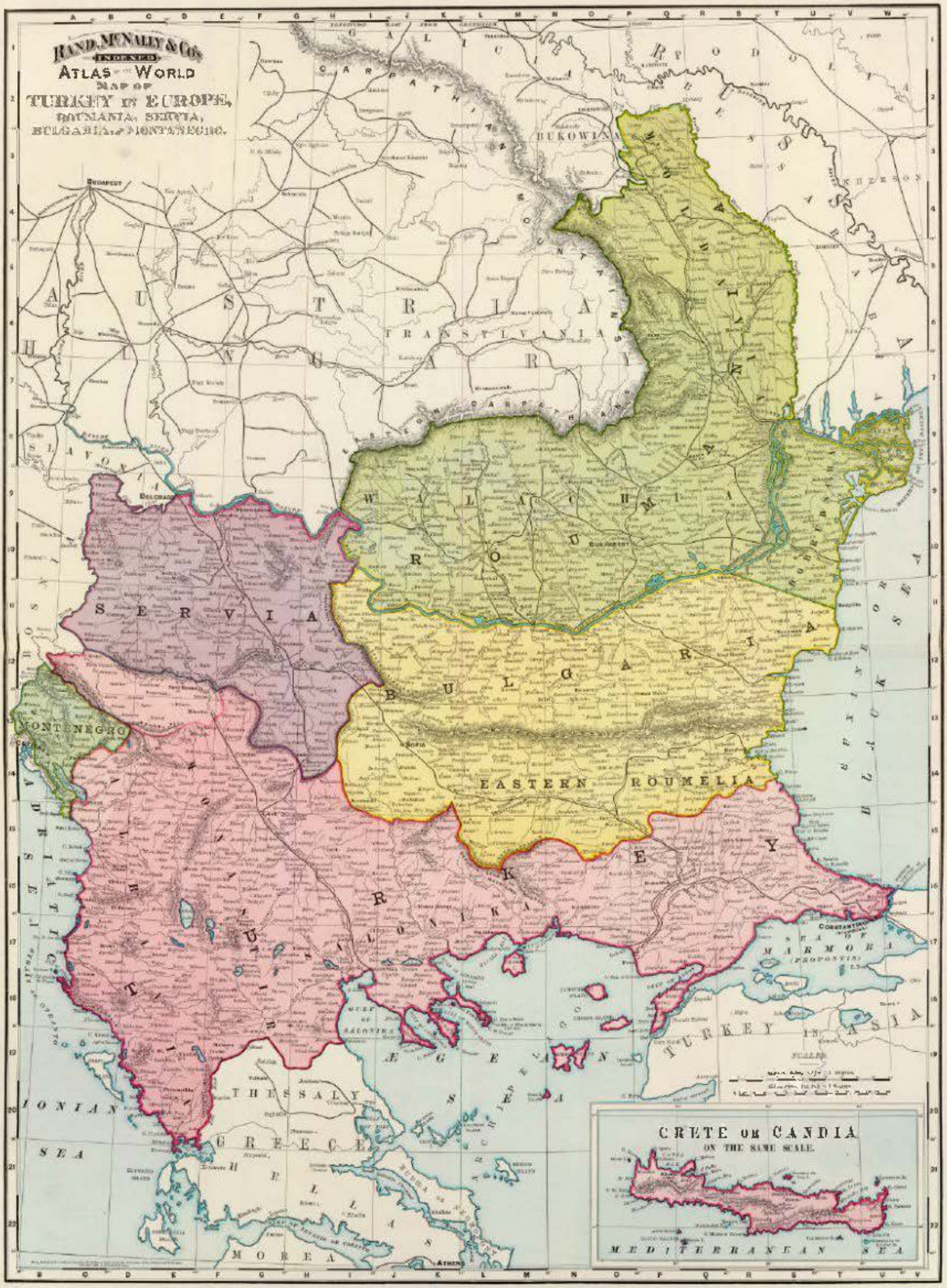

TURKEY IN ASIA
(BIBLICAL REGIONS)
THE HOLY LAND
AND ITS BORDERS.
INCLUDING
ANCIENT PHŒNICIA, THE HAURAN,
AND
ADJACENT DISTRICTS;
SHEWING
JEWISH, ROMAN & MODERN DIVISIONS
AND TOPOGRAPHY.
From authentic and original Sources
by J. Hugh Johnson F.R.G.S.
ASHER
NAPHTALI
ZEBULON
ISSACHAR
MANASSEH
EPHRAIM
DAN
BENJAMIN
JUDAH
SIMEON
REUBEN
GAD
MANASSEH
LEJAH
TRACHONITIS
SALT SEA (GREAT SEA)
LAND OF THE PHILISTINES
SAMARIA
JUDEA
EDOM
(IDUMAEA)
AMALEKITES
Northern part of the Desert
ET-TIH
REFERENCES
PERAEA.
EDOM.
GILEAD.

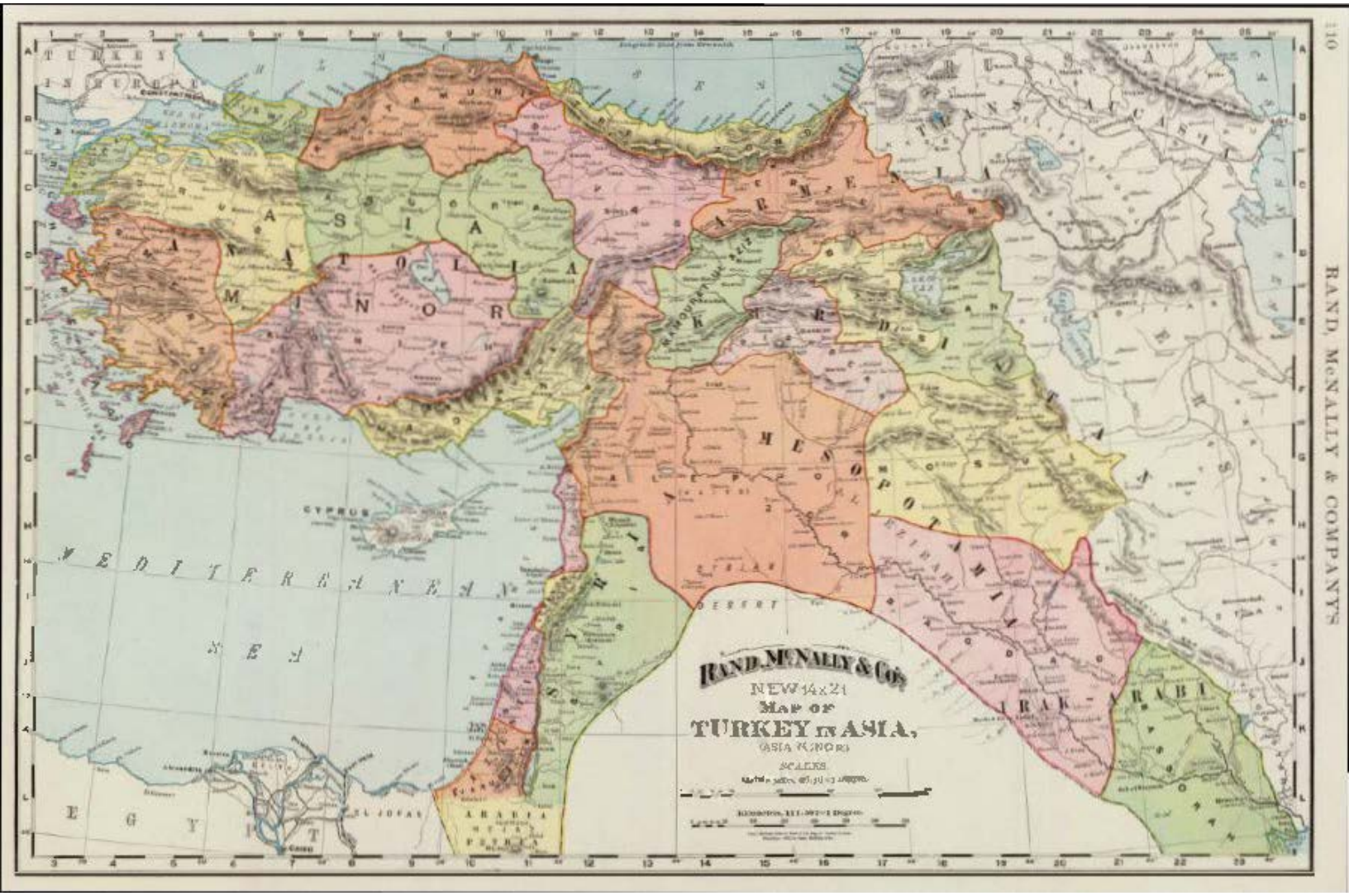

POLAND
RUSSIA
HUNGARY
WALLACHIA
MOLDAVIA
BLACK SEA
ALBANIA
PART OF
TURKEY
IN ASIA
IONIAN SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
TURKEY in EUROPE


BLACK SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
TURKEY IN ASIA
Desert of Syria
ARABIA
AFRICA


TURQUIE
D'EUROPE
ET PARTIE DE CELLE D'ASIE
divisée
EN SES GRANDES PROVINCES ET GOUVERNEMENTS
Dressée sur les Observations Astronomiques
Par le S.r Anville Géographe.
A PARIS
Echelle
MER NOIRE
MER EGEE
MEDITERRANEE
ISLE DE CHIPRE
Golfe de Satalie
Grande Phrygie
Cappadoce
Galatie
Paphlagonie
Bithynie
ROMANIE
BULGARIE
SERVIE
THESSALIE
MACEDOINE
Mer Noire


CARTE
DE LA TURQUIE D'ASIE
Publiée en 1787
Contenant l'Anatolie, la Georgie, l'Armenie, le Curdistan, l'Algezira, l'Irak Arabi, la Syrie &c.
Dressée et assujettie aux observations Celeste
Par M. Bonne, Hydrographe du roi.
Avec des Soins Sur Pat. du Roi.
MER NOIRE
MER MEDITERRANÉE
ARCHIPEL
ISLE DE CANDIE
LES CYPRE
SYRIE
Desert de Syrie
ARABIE DESERTE
ARABIE PETRÉE
EGYPTE
Bouches du Nil
PARTIE D'AFRIQUE
GOLFE PERSIQUE


RAND, McNALLY & Co's
INDEXED
ATLAS OF THE WORLD
MAP OF
TURKEY IN EUROPE,
ROUMANIA, SERVIA,
BULGARIA & MONTENEGRO.
AUSTRIA
HUNGARY
TRANSYLVANIA
BUKOWINA
RUSSIA
WALLACHIA
MOLDAVIA
SERVIA
BULGARIA
EASTERN ROUMELIA
MONTENEGRO
ROUMELIA
TURKEY
GREECE
THESSALY
MOREA
TURKEY IN ASIA
SEA OF MARMORA
AEGEAN SEA
IONIAN SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
CRETE OR CANDIA
ON THE SAME SCALE.
BUDAPEST
BELGRADE
BUCHAREST
SOFIA
CONSTANTINOPLE
ATHENS


RAND, McNALLY & Co's
NEW 14x21
Map of
TURKEY in ASIA,
(ASIA MINOR)
SCALES
ASIA MINOR
ARMENIA
MESOPOTAMIA
ARABIA
PERSIA
IRAK
CYPRUS
MEDITERRANEAN
SEA
DESERT
EGYPT
TURKEY IN EUROPE
TRANSCAUCASIA
KURDISTAN
RAND, McNALLY & COMPANY'S


TURKEY
I.
Containing the Northern Provinces
HUNGARY
EMPIRE
TRANSYLVANIA
SERVIA
BOSNIA
CROATIA
SCLAVONIA
DALMATIA
ADRIATIC SEA
SEA OF MARMORA
ITALY


TURKEY IN EUROPE
THE BOSPORUS & CONSTANTINOPLE
CRETE OR CANDIA
BLACK SEA
ARCHIPELAGO
IONIAN SEA


BLACK SEA
CASPIAN SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
TURKEY IN ASIA
ASIA MINOR
AND TRANSCAUCASIA.


A
NEW MAP
OF
TURKEY in EUROPE.
DIVIDED INTO ITS PROVINCES,
FROM THE BEST AUTHORITIES.
By JOHN CARY Engraver.
1801.
POLAND
RUSSIA
HUNGARY
GERMANY
BLACK SEA
ADRIATIC SEA
PART OF ITALY
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
TURKEY in ASIA
CYPRUS
CRIMEA
SEA OF AZOF

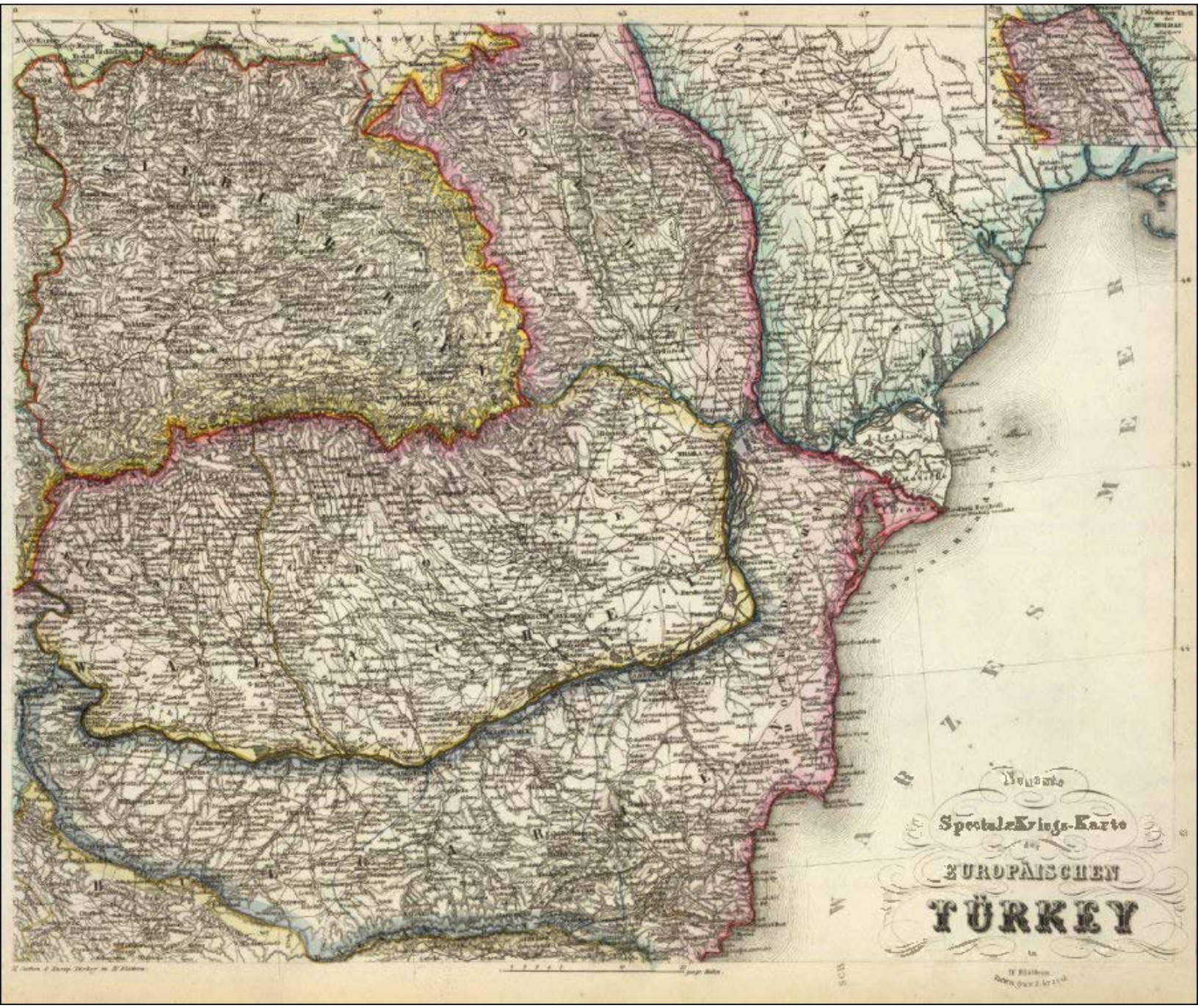

TURKEY
IN
EUROPE
RUMELIA
BLACK SEA
RUSSIA
CASPIAN SEA
CRIMEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
EGYPT
ARABIA DESERTA
ARABIA PETRAEA
PERSIA
A
NEW MAP
OF
TURKEY in ASIA,
DIVIDED INTO ITS PROVINCES.
FROM THE BEST AUTHORITIES.
By JOHN C. ORY Engraver
1801.


HUNGARY
AUSTRIA
TRANSYLVANIA
MOLDAVIA
WALLACHIA
SERVIA
BOSNIA
ALBANIA
ADRIATIC SEA
BLACK SEA
SEA OF CANDIA
ISLE OF CANDIA
TURKEY IN EUROPE.


BLACK SEA
TURKEY
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
SYRIA
ARABIA
EGYPT
AFRICA
TURKEY IN ASIA


GENERAL KARTE
DER
OSMANISCHEN REICHE
Nach den besten Quellen entwerf.
und gezeichnet von
HAUPTM. RADEFELD.
1845.
MAASSTAEBE:
DAS SCHWARZE MEER
MITTELLAENDISCHE MEER
KLEIN ASIEN
DIE LYBISCHE WÜSTE
FEZAN
TRIPOLIS
ALGIER
ARABIEN
PERSIEN
RUSSLAND
ASIEN
Tibbo v. Tebo
Tyrrhenischen Meer
Adriatischen Meer
Ionischen Meer
Archipelagus
Rothen Meer
Persischen Meerbusen
Caspisches Meer
Aralsee
Frankfurt
Dresden
Prag
Wien
Triest
Venedig
Mailand
Turin
Corsica
Sardinien
Malta
Candia
Cypern
Rhodus
Smyrna
Constantinopel
Jerusalem
Damascus
Aleppo
Bagdad
Mecca
Medina
Kairo
Alexandria
Tripolis
Tunis
Algier
Fez
Mexico
Teheran
Schiras
Ispahan
Basra
Mosul
Erzerum
Trapezunt
Sinope
Kaffa
Azow
Taganrog
Astrachan
Kasan
Moskau
Petersburg
Archangel
Stockholm
Kopenhagen
Berlin
Hamburg
Amsterdam
Paris
Lyon
Marseille
Genua
Florenz
Rom
Neapel
Madrid
Lissabon
Gibraltar
Barcelona
Valencia
Sevilla
Granada
Cadix
Oran
Constantine
Bona
Tripolis
Bengasi
Derna
Alexandrien
Rosetta
Damiette
Suez
Akaba
Jaffa
Acre
Tyrus
Sidon
Beirut
Tripolis
Antiochia
Adana
Tarsus
Konia
Brussa
Nicomedien
Nicäa
Adrianopel
Philippopel
Sofia
Widdin
Belgrad
Semlin
Peterwardein
Essek
Agram
Karlstadt
Fiume
Zara
Ragusa
Cattaro
Scutari
Durazzo
Valona
Prevesa
Patras
Corinth
Athen
Negroponte
Salonichi
Kavalla
Gallipoli
Rodosto
Silistria
Rustschuk
Giurgewo
Bukarest
Jassy
Kischenew
Odessa
Nikolajew
Cherson
Perekop
Simferopol
Sebastopol
Theodosia
Kertsch
Taman
Anapa
Poti
Redut Kale
Kutais
Tiflis
Erivan
Nachitschewan
Ararat
Tauris
Kasbin
Teheran
Ispahan
Schiras
Bushir
Basra
Bagdad
Mosul
Diarbekir
Orfa
Mardin
Nisibin
Mossul
Ninive
Babylon
Palmyra
Damascus
Aleppo
Antiochia
Alexandrien
Kairo
Suez
Mecca
Medina
Akaba
Jaffa
Jerusalem
Acre
Tyrus
Sidon
Beirut
Tripolis


EUROPÄISCHE
TÜRKEY
1845.
MAASSTABE:
SCHWARZES MEER
ADRIATISCHES MEER
ÄGÄISCHES MEER
KLEIN ASIEN
BULGARIEN
RUMELIEN
MAKEDONIEN
ALBANIEN
SERBIEN
BOSNIEN
CROATIEN
SLAVONIEN
UNGARN
BESSARABIEN
MOLDAU
WALLACHEI
BUKAREST
MITYLINO


Neueste
Special-Kriegs-Karte
von
EUROPÄISCHEN
TÜRKEY
SCHWARZES MEER


EMPIRE D'AUTRICHE
RUSSIE D'EUROPE
TURQUIE D'EUROPE
MER ADRIATIQUE
MER IONIENNE
MER DE MARMARA
MER MÉDITERRANÉE
ATLAS SPHÉROÏDAL ET UNIVERSEL DE GÉOGRAPHIE
TURQUIE D'EUROPE
GRÈCE
DRESSÉ PAR A. GUERNIER GRANDPRÉ
1860

TURCHIA EUROPEA CON I PRINCIPATI DI SERVIA, VALACHIA E MOLDAVIA.

TURCHIA EUROPEA.

Divisione amministrativa. [illegible]

Capitale. [illegible]

Governo. [illegible]

Forza armata. [illegible]

Rendite. [illegible]

Industria e Commercio. [illegible]

PRINCIPATI DI SERVIA, VALACHIA E MOLDAVIA.

[illegible]

La Valachia e la Moldavia [illegible]

TURCHIA EUROPEA

Possessioni immediate dell'Impero Ottomano in Europa.

	Popolazione
Romelia e Romania. Pascialik di Scutari (Albania)	1,200,000
Pascialik di Janina (Epiro)	300,000
Pascialik di Salonicco (Macedonia)	1,000,000
Bulgaria. Pascialik di Silistria (Bulgaria)	1,000,000
Albania. Pascialik di Berat (Albania antica)	500,000
Grecia. Pascialik di Negroponte (Eubea)	300,000
Pascialik di Morea (Morea)	800,000
Isole	
Isole Ionie (Cefalonia, Zante, Santa Maura, Itaca, Cerigo)	200,000
Arcipelago (Candia)	200,000
Arcipelago (Rodi)	60,000
Arcipelago (Scio)	80,000
Arcipelago (Mitilene, Samo, Nicaria, Stampalia, Patmos, Lero, Calchi, Simi)	250,000
Totale delle possessioni immediate in Europa	4,890,000

Stati tributarii dell'Impero Ottomano

Principato di Servia	Pascialik di Belgrado	1,000	350,000
id. di Valachia	Pascialik di Silistria	1,000	2,000,000
id. di Moldavia	Pascialik di Silistria	1,000	1,000,000
Totale degli Stati tributarii			3,350,000

Totale dell'Impero (senza gli Stati tributarii) [illegible]

Ripartizione etnografica

[illegible]

Costituzione [illegible]

Astronomia [illegible]

Officina geografica di G. Marzolla. Napoli 1856.

Longit. 9 gradi Orientali del Meri.° di Parigi.

Notizia fisica. [illegible]

Prodotti naturali. [illegible]

Abitanti, Costumi e Religioni. [illegible]

[illegible]


POLAND
RUSSIA
HUNGARY
MOLDAVIA
WALACHIA
BUDZIAC TARTARY
LITTLE TARTARY
CRIM
BOSNIA
SERVIA
BULGARIA
ROMANIA
BLACK SEA
ASIA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
TURKEY
in Europe and
HUNGARY;
from the best
AUTHORITIES.


Das
OSMANISCHE EUROPA
oder die
EUROPAEISCHE TÜRKEY
nebst dem
KÖNIGREICHE GRIECHENLAND
und den Jonischen Inseln
entworfen und gezeichnet
von
C. F. Weiland.
(nach Vigoureux, Leake, Boue, Griechenland Kurorary)
BRUNSWIG
Erklärung
OSMANISCHES REICH
GRIECHISCHE LÄNDER
Königreich HELLAS
Republik der 7 Jonischen Inseln
RUSSLAND
DAS ADRIATISCHE MEER
DAS SCHWARZE MEER
IONISCHES MEER
MEER VON KANDIA
MITTELLÄNDISCHEN MEER
DAS SCHWARZE MEER
Deutsche Meilen
Zeichen Erklärung


GERMANY
RUSSIA
BLACK SEA
GULF OF VENICE
IONIAN SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
EUROPEAN DOMINIONS of the OTTOMANS, or TURKEY IN EUROPE.


A NEW MAP
OF
TURKEY IN ASIA
BLACK SEA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
CYPRUS
ARABIA DESERTA
ARABIA PETRAEA
AFRICA
EGYPT
SCALE


TURQUIE
d'Europe
et partie de celle d'Asie
Divisée
par Gds Gouvernemts
ECHELLE.
TABLE
L'Empire de Turquie en Europe jadis de Constantinople et d'Orient, soumis l'an 1453.
Turquie Septentrionale
Turquie Meridionale ou Grece.
Isles
Terre Ferme.
Bulgarie Sophie
Romanie jadis Roy.
Bosnie Bagnalouk
Croatie Bihacz
Dalmatie Mostar
Macedoine ou Comno
Albanie Scutari
Epire
Thessalie
Larisse Capitale.
Livadie, jadis Achaie.
Athènes Capitale.
Morée ou Peloponese
Corinthe Capitale.
Les Sporades.
Les Cyclades.
Candie jadis Crete.
Cerigo jadis Cythere.
Ithaque.
Cephalonie.
Corfou.
MER NOIRE
MÉDITERRANÉE
ASIE MINEURE
RUSSIE
POLOGNE
PET. TARTARIE
ROMANIE
MOLDAVIE
VALAQUIE
HONGRIE
SERVIE
BOSNIE
DALMATIE
MACEDOINE
ROMELIE
ARCHIPEL
Golfe de Venise
Constantinople
Andrinople
Salonique
Cephalonie
Candie
Rhodes
Chipre
Akerman ou Belogorod
Bender
Belgrade
Widin
Sophia
Nissa
Ragusa
Trebigne
Durazzo
Valona
Larisse
Smyrne
Magnesia
Burse
Ismid
Konie
Karahisar
Tarsa
Adana
Alexandrette
Tripoli
Latikie
Seyde
Barut
Jerusalem
Gaza
Le Caire
Rosette
Alexandrie
Damiette
Tunis
Bizerte
Bone
Constantine
Bougie
Alger
Oran
Tlemsen
Fez
Maroc
Mequinez
Tanger
Ceuta
Gibraltar
Malaga
Carthagene
Alicante
Valence
Barcelone
Tortose
Tarragone
Perpignan
Narbonne
Toulouse
Bayonne
Bordeaux
Rochelle
Nantes
Brest
Rennes
Caen
Dieppe
Calais
Boulogne
Dunkerque
Ostende
Anvers
Amsterdam
Utrecht
Arnheim
Nimegue
Cologne
Bonn
Coblentz
Mayence
Francfort
Wurtzbourg
Nuremberg
Ratisbonne
Passau
Vienne
Presbourg
Gran
Comorre
Javarin
Raab
Buda
Essek
Peterwardin
Belgrade
Semendria
Nissa
Sophia
Philippopoli
Andrinople
Constantinople
Gallipoli
Lepante
Patras
Corinthe
Athènes
Negrepont
Candie
Rhodes
Chipre
Tripoli
Alep
Damas
Jerusalem
Gaza
Le Caire
Alexandrie
Tunis
Alger
Oran
Fez
Maroc
Gibraltar
Malaga
Carthagene
Alicante
Valence
Barcelone
Perpignan


TURKISH
DOMINIONS IN
EUROPE.
POLAND
HUNGARY
MOLDAVIA
WALLACHIA
SERVIA
BOSNIA
CROATIA
ADRIATIC
SEA
ITALY
TURKEY
MEDITERRANEAN SEA


B L A C K S E A
RUSSIA
TURKEY
IN
EUROPE
ROUM
ARMENIA
CYPRUS
MEDITERRANEAN
TURKEY
IN
ASIA.


DE LA TURQUIE D'EUROPE
DE LA TURQUIE MERIDIONALE
Des Isles
Echelle
POLOGNE
RUSSIE
MOLDAVIE
TRANSILVANIE
HONGRIE
PETITE TARTARIE
VALAQUIE
CROATIE
Belgrade
BOSNIE
SERVIE
BULGARIE
MER NOIRE
ROMANIE
MACEDOINE
Salonique
Thessalie
MORE'E
TURQUIE D'ASIE
Angora
Smirne
Ephese
Rhodes
CANDIE
CHYPRE
MER MEDITERRANE
63

TURQUIE D'ASIE.



DE LA PERSE.


DES
OSMANISCHEN
REICHS
europaeischer Theil,
Kgr. GRIECHENLAND
und die
Jonischen Inseln.
0 10 20 30 Geogr. Meilen 15 = 1°
0 50 100 Türkische Berry 66 67 = 1°
Siebenbürg.
MOLDAU
UNGARN
Slavonien
Transsilvanische Alpen
W A L A C H E Y
SERBIEN
BULGARIEN
Kroat.
BOSNIEN
Herzegovina
ADRIATISCHES MEER
Macedonien
Thessal.
Epirus
Pelopones
GRIECHEN
Kandia
JONISCHES MEER
Jonische Inseln
ITALIEN
SCHWARZES MEER
Marmara Meer
Constantinopel
Adrianopel
Philippopel
Sophia
Salonik
Belgrad
Bukarest
Rustschuk
Varna
Burgas
Taranto
Brindisi
Bari
Otranto
Durazzo
Avlona
Prevesa
Corfu
Zante
Cephalonia
Candia
Rhodus
Smyrna
Chios
Samos
Naxos
Paros
Hydra
Athen
Lemnos
Thasos
Imbro
Metelin
Skyros
Euboea
Andros
Tenos
Mykone
Keos
Milo
Thera
Amorgos
Siphnos
Melos
Cerigo
Cerigotto
Gozzo
Skarpanto
Rhodus


RUSSIA
AUSTRIA
CAUCASUS
CIRCASSIA
GEORGIA
PERSIA
ARABIA
AFRICA
CYPRUS
OTTOMAN EMPIRE

MAP OF TURKEY IN EUROPE.



ILLUSTRATING THE BERLIN CONGRESS TREATY, JULY 1878.

TABULA NOVA IMPERII TURCARUM, ARABUM ET PERSARUM




TURKEY
IN EUROPE
RUSSIA
HUNGARY
BLACK SEA
TURKEY IN ASIA
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
CRIMEA
TAURIDA
SEA OF AZOF
ADRIATIC SEA
CYPRUS